THREE DEATHS IN THREE DAYS.

Record Just Attained by a Denver Suicide Club.

VERY STRANGE INFLUENCES

Triple Tragedy the Result of a Most Remarkable Series of Séances and Readings.

Three deaths in the present record of a suicide club that has held sessions almost hourly for the past three months and daily for a much longer period. Henry P. Rhodes was the first. He died yesterday morning. Alexander Lawrence was the second and Miss Olga P. Lawrence was the last. The second was really a murder, for Mrs. Lawrence took the life of her son before she blew her own brains out.

The tragedy occurred last night on the eve of the third anniversary of her husband's death.

The triple tragedy is the result of a most remarkable series of séances and readings. At first the thing was general and highly people would congregate in a room to listen to Mr. Rhodes or Mrs. Lawrence read the most gruesome tales of nihilism, death and suicide. The séances became so absorbed that many felt the serious influence and the meetings gradually dwindled down to three or four persons and finally to Mrs. Lawrence and Mr. Rhodes.

UNDER STRANGE INFLUENCES.

But surrounding the latter there is a deep veil of mystery. For three months he lived as if in a trance. He could not control his movements as far as the pretty widow was concerned. He was completely in her power and was not himself. So marked was this influence that Mr. Henry V. Johnson, his partner as well as Mr. John Mosby, Mr. Rhodes' roommate, noticed the change very plainly and openly commented upon it. The strange was the influence that held the young lawyer that he could not mention the woman's name to his friends. In fact, he was alone in the world, apparently, except for her.

And the most mysterious thing about the whole case was that when Rhodes left the room of Mrs. Lawrence Tuesday evening and went to his own chamber to prepare for death Mrs. Lawrence sat at the piano and sang and played with unusual brilliancy. What happened in that room, nobody will ever know. The next chapter was the finding of the body and the excitement in the house. Following that was the mutilation of Mrs. Lawrence of the not that Rhodes had committed. Then came the reply that told of the suicide club and its foul import.

NOT A TRACE OF EMOTION.

Mrs. Lawrence did not display the slightest emotion when she was told by John Mosby and William Griffith. There was no sign of hysterics. On the contrary a strange flash appeared in her eyes and then a look of disappointment.

"That was selfish of him," she began. "If was very selfish of Mr. Rhodes to kill himself alone when he knows I would not go off and hang myself, for I have my little boy with me here."

In a few minutes she was at the side of her affianced husband for the two were engaged. "Why did you do it?" she asked.

Rhodes probably told the literal truth when he replied, "I don't know. I could not help myself."

The horrible suspicion has arisen that Rhodes was completely at the mercy of the woman who openly avowed her enmity to the existing government of Russia and thirsted for the blood of the ruler. He gradually entangled himself in the mental or psychological net from which he could not disentangle himself, and that Tuesday evening when he went to her room Mrs. Lawrence made a trial to find his strength. She probably dared him to cut his life. And he did it.

A HOME FOR SETTLERS.

Abundance of Land, Water, Timber and Coal.

Northeastern Utah Offers Grand Opportunities for the Industrious Homeseeker.

Lucerne Valley, Uintah Co., Utah, Feb. 7, 1899.

To the Editor:

There are a great many people throughout Utah who are unacquainted with the resources of this remote corner of the State. There is a vague idea in the minds of many that northeastern Utah is still the home of the tought and outlaws and Indians, which would make life a burden to those who are peacefully inclined. This condition is a thing of the past, however. Today it is different from what it was twenty years ago. A few years ago nothing could be told of the dating deeds done in this part of our State, by the early settlers.

On the south of us are the Uintah mountains, which are covered with timber and game. This mountain range lies between this and the Ashley valley, being about forty miles from here to Vernal, according to the map. The nearest railroad shipping point that we have here is Green River, Utah, a distance of about forty miles, where we have a good market for all our products. The Rio Grande Western and Lucerne valley is about 1 by 10 miles in size. There is an abundance of cedar wood on the hillsides, that one can easily haul two loads a day. House logs and poles are plentiful about fifty miles distant, and the roads are good.

We are making a canal here from Henry's Fork, which will cover over two thousand acres of land in the east end of the valley. It is intended to have the canal completed by the first of June. The soil is rich and very productive and the climate good. We have raised crops here and know what the land will produce. Stock winters out well here, and feeds well early. Stock does not be long in the valley as a rule. There is plenty of land here yet to be taken up. It requires no grubbing, as it is covered with sage and other small brush. Water can be brought on each farm from the Lucerne Land & Water company.

We have a small town started here and a school opened for our children. The school population of this district is about fifty.

There is plenty of coal near, and also timber in abundance cropping out here and there from the sides of the mountains which will eventually be used by the settlers of this region. Brown River starts the east end of the valley; Sheep creek runs down to Green River on the south of the valley. From this stream the Lucerne Land & Water Co. made their canal to this valley. On the northeast is Henry's Fork; this is also a large stream. This place is destined to be the garden spot of Uintah county.

JAMES REID.

"There's a time for everything"

Now is the time to begin using (if you do not think it already) Japan's best package tea—the famous

Pride of Japan (Tree) Tea

Pick up that "Pride" at grocers

TRADE MARK

GRAND ARMY MEETING.

The following order has been issued from the headquarters of the local G. A. R. organization:

General orders No. 1—Series 1899.

At the meeting of the council of administration, held in Uphall, December 29, 1898, it was unanimously voted to hold the seventeenth department encampment in the city of Salt Lake, the date in February, 1899, to be fixed by the assistant adjutant-general.

In pursuance thereof, the date for holding this encampment is arranged for Thursday, February 23, 1899.

The council of administration will meet at 9:30 a. m., and the encampment will convene at 10:30 on that day in the G. A. R. hall. All officers will have their reports ready and in the hands of the assistant adjutant-general, on the morning of the first day of February, 1899.

By prompt reports from post adjutants, the reports of the department were made out and forwarded to headquarters, and we have been again, for the fifth time, acknowledged the first received at that office. By order of NORMAN IVES, Department Commander.

C. O. PARKENWORTH, Assistant Adjutant-General.

FIREMEN WIN THEIR SUIT.

Important Ruling by Judge Cherry in Moreton Salary Case.

Law of 1896 Held to be Still in Force and Firemen Stand on Same Footing as Policemen.

Judge Cherry has made an important ruling in the mandamus suit of Ames Moreton, one of the members of the Salt Lake City fire department, vs. Auditor George Swan, holding that the firemen let out last May by the City Council are entitled to their positions and salaries, and that the law of 1896 is still in force as to the firemen, as well as to the policemen. Moreton brought suit in mandamus to compel the auditor to issue a warrant in payment of his salary from May 9th to October 31, 1898. Three other firemen assigned their claims to him, amounting in all to $1,800.

The matter came up before Judge Cherry Saturday on a motion for judgment on the pleadings. His honor sustained the motion holding that law of 1896 was still in force and that the firemen stand on an equal footing with the policemen.

The city attorney was given five days in which to answer, and should it countermand, will be taken up before the Supreme Court.

Attorney N. W. Smoot-Sheder appeared for the firemen and Attorney Hall for the city.

WORKING FOR HIS SICK MEN

Travel Pay for Torrey Rough Riders Sent Home Being Sought.

Cheyenne, Wyo., special to the Denver News says: Torrey, who has been here since his regiment was mustered out, trying to secure what he considers to be the claims of his men for pay for travel home, said today: "During the time my men were in service, a number were sent home on the sick list. The department order for their return on sick list and the cost of transportation would not be charged against them. When we were mustered out of service we were paid transportation. The men who were at home on sick leave were paid minus their travel transportation. The matter was referred to the auditor of the war department, who decided that such men as had been sent home on sick leave were not entitled to travel pay. The amount due my men footed up to $25,000. I am making an effort to have the subject ruling of the auditor reversed."

Malt-Nutrine

is nourishing to the weak and sick and equally beneficial to the well. The fact that the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n prepares it is a guarantee of its merit.

SALT LAKE BUSINESS COLLEGE.

70 West Second South Street.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, English branches. Day and Evening School. Experienced teachers.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. F. C. Schramm, McCornick Building, corner Main street, First South.

Pains of digestion cause disorders of the liver, and the whole system becomes deranged. HEGBINE perfects the process of digestion and assimilation, and thus makes pure blood. Price 50 cents. E. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Frequently accidents occur in the household, which cause burns, cuts, sprains and bruises. For use in such cases BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT has for many years been the most favorite family remedy. Price, 25 cents and 50 cents. E. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. De Witt's Little Early Risers are unequaled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. F. C. Schramm, McCornick building, corner Main street, First South.

LORD CHARLES BERESFORD.

Doughty British Admiral Crossing America East from San Francisco.

Has Been on an Official Mission to China—Some of His Campaigns Exploits.

Lord Charles Beresford, the idol of the average Englishman's heart, will probably pass through this city en route for the East tomorrow or Wednesday next. The gallant admiral has been on an official mission for the British government in the far East. In his journey eastward he made a tour of several Japanese cities and delivered public speeches in favor of a closer union between Japan, Great Britain, Germany and the United States.

Lord Charles is one of the most interesting characters in his country has produced of late years. He is an Irishman by birth, the spot of his nativity being a little village near Dublin. He was born in 1846 and entered the British navy as a "midshipmite" in 1859. At the present day and for years past every British tar has "sworn" by the admiral, and at the queen's Jubilee Lord Beresford received probably the biggest ovation from the assembled millions that was accorded to any man in that memorable and glorious year.

At an early age his pluck asserted itself, and today he is the proud possessor of two gold medals presented by the Royal Humane society of England for acts of bravery. Once, while dressed in heavy sailing clothes, he jumped overboard with cutlasses, he jumped overboard and rescued a drowning marine, on two other occasions he saved his shipmates himself by plunging into the sea from a boat, and on another occasion he risked his own danger, and saving most from a watery grave.

In 1882 during the bombardment of Alexandria, in the campaign against Arabi Pasha, that Lord Beresford gained his "sobriquet" of "Fighting Fitz," or "Fighting Charlie," as the case may be. There he commanded the gunboat Condor, and distinguished himself by a feat of bravery. Once, while dressed in heavy sailing clothes, he jumped overboard with cutlasses, he jumped overboard and rescued a drowning marine, on two other occasions he saved his shipmates himself by plunging into the sea from a boat, and on another occasion he risked his own danger, and saving most from a watery grave.

In 1884 he was placed at the head of the naval force that formed part of the Nile expedition, which was dispatched to rescue Chinese Gordon. Although the force failed to reach Khartoum, Beresford added to his fame as a resourceful and plucky leader. Later he went into parliament, but soon became tired of the humdrum existence at Westminster, and once more returned to a life on the ocean wave, in command of a squadron of British war vessels.

The British sailor is an enthusiastic advocate of imperialism. He was associated the banquet of the city of San Francisco last Friday and Saturday, and undoubtedly the guest with such a reputation and such a record will receive attention in whatever city of the United States he may desire to tarry.

OLD MANUSCRIPT INK.

A Recipe from Which an Excellent Quality Can Be Made.

While examining a large number of old manuscripts of an old scribe, some twenty-five years ago," said a well-known New York librarian recently to a Washington Star representative, "I was struck with the clearness and legibility of the writing, owing in great measure, to the permanent quality of the ink, which had not faded in the least, although many of the manuscripts were nearly 200 years old. It was remarked, too, that the writer must have been exceedingly careful in his calligraphy, for I met with a letter or two from his correspondents in which there was a request for the recipe of the ink he used. I found his recipe, which I copied, and from one of them, dated in 1664, I have during the last eighteen years made all the ink I have used.

"The recipe reads as follows: Rainwater, one gallon; galls, bruised, one pound; green copperas, one-half pound; gum arabic, two ounces; Bi-chromate, one ounce. Not requiring so large a quantity at a time, I reduced the proportions to one-eighth and the recipe stands thus:

"Rainwater, one pint; galls, bruised, one and one-half ounces; green copperas, six drams; gum arabic, ten drams, Bi-chromate, one dram. The galls must be coarsely powdered and put into a bottle with the other ingredients and water added. The bottle, when securely stoppered, should be placed in the light (sun if possible) and its contents occasionally stirred until the gum and copperas are dissolved, after which it is enough to shake the bottle daily, and in the course of a month or six weeks the ink will be fit to use. I have ventured to add ten drops of carbolic acid to the contents of the bottle, as it effectually prevents the formation and growth of mold without any detriment to the quality of the ink so far as I know."

OBITUARY.

DR. HARRY A. YOUNG.

Dr. Harry A. Young died Feb. 24, 1865, was a son of Lorenzo D. and Annie L. Young. He was a mother's boy, and his death anniversary was fittingly by the willing hand and loving encouragement of a fond mother. He applied himself diligently in his studies, hoping to enter the University and be graduated, and when he was not able to grasp the burden of the undertaking, ventured to build "castles" of a college course, and when disappointed, he became a surgeon, and though he struggled against odds, perseverance won the day.

When Stanton he was called on a mission to the Northwestern States, which he fulfilled well. One year after for his return he entered the University and was graduated in the normal class of '85, he taught school for some time and the next year went to the University of Michigan, registering for medicine and surgery, and being called home by better opportunities would be obtained in the Columbia College, he secured on his second year in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York, where he was one of the five who stood the competitive examination against five of the leading colleges in America, for the United States Marine hospital at Providence, R. I.

During his two years in the hospital, he won the reputation of being a most skilled surgeon, and by dint of perseverance and to use his own favorite expression, "stick-to-it-ness," he accomplished to his own satisfaction what he had long wished for. A permanent position in the hospital was tendered him, but he preferred to come back to Utah, to parents, home and friends.

When the war broke out with Spain his military spirit, which he inherited through his father, made itself manifest, and he joined as a private in Battery A, but was soon made quartermaster sergeant. As he well knew the Utah battery was called to Manila. It is interesting to note that his grandfather, John Young, fought in the Revolutionary War and Harry served under a Gen. Greene in the Philippines. He never knew what fear is and when the Spaniards attacked the American lines on the night of July 31st, Harry was the first man to volunteer his services as a surgeon to assist his wounded comrades, how he and his companions escaped death that night remains a mystery. During the lull in hostilities he was kept busy as sanitary inspector of the city of Manila. In the late battle with the insurgents it is supposed that he entered upon similar duties, as before and met his untimely death through the savage mode of warfare carried on by the Filipinos. For his efficient services during the capture of Manila, Major Baxter, surgeon general, at Manila recommended him to Washington for a commission, which he received through Governor Wells on the 16th of January.

Dr. Young was a loving son, an affectionate brother, a true friend, and a Latter-day Saint. He lived and died pure and unspotted by the sins of this world.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Shepard, Publisher Agricultural Journal, Sedalia, Missouri, Mo., says: "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. F. C. Schramm, McCormick Building, corner Main street, First South.

YOUR BEST INTERESTS

Will be served by a timely use of health. It will be a loss of time and money to be stricken with serious illness. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, in this way all germs of disease will be expelled, sickness and suffering will be avoided, health will be preserved. Isn't this a wise course?

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Price 25 cents.

TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is so painless, but is recommended for Bleeding, Itching and Blind Piles. Price 25 cents in bottles; Tubes, 75 cents. E. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Are you restless at night, and harassed by a bad cough? Use BALLARD'S HORHOUND SYRUP, it will secure you sound sleep, and effect a prompt and radical cure. Price, 25 and 50 cents. E. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, allays coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children, perfectly harmless. F. C. Schramm, McCormick Building, corner Main street, First South.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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WILLIAMSBURGH, of Brooklyn.
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THE HOME FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF UTAH

F. Auerbach & Bro.

GREAT LINEN EVENT OF 1899,

Is now on. The Greatest and by Far the Most Important Linen Sale Ever Attempted. Includes Entire Stock.

The most Stupendous and Decisive Sacrifice of

FINE TABLE DAMASKS

Ever Recorded.—Prices have been literally Cut to Pieces.

Bleach fast colored Turkey red table damask, regular 50c, to sell at 35c; sale price, per yard 14c

58-inch Turkey red and white imported table damask, last year's price 65c, go in this sale, per yard 18c

Heavy all linen Cream Loom damask, 58 inches wide, instead of 75c, in this sale, per yard 23c

66-inch Scotch red and green mixed table damask, regular price 65c, go in this sale, per yard 24c

Heavy cream linen damask, loom size pattern, particularly adapted for hotel use, 64 inches wide, worth 45c, on sale, per yard 30c

Full bleached 64-inch Irish linen, table damask, floral designs, excellent lin quality, on sale, per yard 36c

Extra heavy satin finish, 68 inches wide, half bleached Belfast damask, made to sell at 65c, in this sale at, per yard 42½c

Soft and solid wearing half-bleached German satin damask, 64 inches wide, no trouble to sell at any time for 75c, on sale, per yard 47c

64-inch extra heavy rude fair round thread silver bleached Scotch table damask, cheap at 85c; on sale per yard 59c

Full 2 yards wide—a lot of that never-wear-out quality of half-bleached American table damask, worth at least 85c; in this sale, per yard 68c

An extra fine and cream satin damask—aards wide, patterns selected expressly for this sale—a splendid hotel linen, value $1.15; will be sold, per yard 99c

Regular $1.40 fine and elegant bleached table damask, 2 yards wide, in this sale per yard 99c

¾ size dinner napkins, to match, worth $4.00; on sale per dozen $2.80

Every piece of linen in the house at special sale price.

Amazing Offerings in

NAPKINS.

265 dozen Checked linen glass Doylies or plain Linen Glass Doylies, with colored borders, size 12 x13, limit 12 to a customer, the 5c

152 dozen Fringed Linen Doylies, with colored borders, size 18x17, each, 4c

800 Loom Dice Napkins on sale per dozen, 66c

Half Bleached Satin Damask Doylies, figured designs, with or without borders, full size, worth $1.25, on sale per dozen, 83c

Silver Bleached Satin Damask Doylies, figured, size 17x17, usually sold at $1.50, on sale per dozen, 96c

All Linen bleached Napkins, ¾ size, every day $1.60 kind, on sale per dozen, $1.18

¾ size Hotel Napkins, German make, cream tint, Loom Dice patterns, worth $1.75, 100% white Satin Damask Doylies, worth $1.35, all go in this sale per dozen, $1.23

Extra heavy make of full ¾ size cream hotel napkins, Loom Dice patterns, worth $1.75, cheap at $2, sale price, nothing better, at $2, on sale per dozen, $1.38

22x22 full bleached, soft finished Dinner Napkins, a quality that usually sells at $2.00, on sale at per dozen, $1.38

A big lot of Round Thread Satin Damask Breakfast or Dinner Napkins, usual price $2.25, go at per dozen, $1.56

Our $2.50 Silver Bleached Damask Napkins, made from the purest combed flax, on sale at per dozen $1.80

High Bleached ¾ size soft finish Satin Damask Napkins, new designs, value $3.00, sale price per dozen, $1.97

Double Satin Damask Napkins, Silver bleached, size 22x22 worth at least $3.25, on sale per dozen, $2.10

Every napkin in the department reduced for this sale.

Oregon Short Line Railway.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JAN. 4, 1899.

ARRIVE.

From Ogden, Colorado, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City and Denver ..... 9:30 a. m.
From Ogden, Portland, Spokane, Butte and San Francisco ..... 9:30 a. m.
From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Denver ..... 5:10 p. m.
From Ogden, Cache Valley, Montpelier and San Francisco ..... 7:40 p. m.
From Tooele, Marion, Lehi, Mercur, Eureka, intermediate points ..... 6:00 p. m.
*From Tooele and Intermediate ..... 9:00 a. m.

DEPART.

For Ogden, Park City, Omaha, Chicago, Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis ..... 7:00 a. m.
For Ogden, Cache Valley, points east, Butte, Montpelier and intermediate points ..... 8:30 p. m.
For Ogden, Denver, St. Louis, Chicago, San Francisco ..... 8:00 p. m.
For Ogden, Portland, San Francisco, Cache Valley ..... 8:45 a. m.
For Tooele, Marion, Lehi, Eureka, Milford, intermediate points ..... 6:00 p. m.
*For Tooele and Intermediate ..... 7:45 a. m.
*Trains south of Provo do not run Sundays.
*Daily except Sunday.

CITY TICKET OFFICE under Masonic Hall, Second South street.

E. L. LOMAX, Gen. Traffic Manager. E. E. BERRIER, Gen. Pass. and T. A.

S. H. HOUGH, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.

CURRENT TIME TABLE

LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY:

No. 2—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points east ..... 7:30 a. m.
No. 4—For Provo, Grand Junction, Green River, Rock Springs, points east ..... 7:00 p. m.
No. 6—For Brighton Lake, Brighton, Mount Dickson and intermediate points ..... 6:00 a. m.
No. 8—For Eureka, Payson, Provo, Springville, Spanish Fork and intermediate points ..... 5:00 p. m.
No. 3—For Ogden and the West ..... 10:40 a. m.
No. 1—For Ogden and the West ..... 9:40 a. m.
No. 5—For Ogden and intermediate points and West ..... 12:30 p. m.
No. 49—For Park City and intermediate points ..... 4:35 p. m.

ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY:

No. 1—From Ogden, Brighton, Provo, Grand Junction and the East ..... 9:35 a. m.
No. 3—From Provo, Grand Junction and the East ..... 10:40 p. m.
No. 5—From Provo, Brighton, Eureka, Helena, Mount Dickson and intermediate points ..... 2:35 p. m.
No. 7—From Eureka, Payson, Provo, Springville, Spanish Fork and intermediate points ..... 10:00 a. m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the West ..... 3:25 p. m.
No. 4—From Ogden and the West ..... 7:35 p. m.
No. 10—From Ogden and intermediate points ..... 3:15 p. m.
No. 48—From Park City and intermediate points ..... 9:30 a. m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, No. 201 Main street. Telephone No. 564.

H. M. CLAY, General Agent.

SALT LAKE AND OGDEN RAILWAY.

Daily Time Table in effect Sept. 19, 1898.

Leave Salt Lake	Arrive Farmington	Leave Ogden	Arrive Salt Lake
7:00 a. m.	7:50 a. m.	7:00 a. m.	8:50 a. m.
8:30 a. m.	9:20 a. m.	9:30 a. m.	11:20 a. m.
3:30 p. m.	4:20 p. m.	3:00 p. m.	4:50 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:20 p. m.	4:30 p. m.	6:20 p. m.
7:30 p. m.	8:20 p. m.	6:30 p. m.	8:20 p. m.

Additional Trains Sundays and Holidays.

Leave Salt Lake	Arrive Ogden	Leave Ogden	Arrive Salt Lake
10:00 a. m.	11:50 a. m.	1:00 p. m.	2:50 p. m.
6:00 p. m.	7:50 p. m.	8:00 p. m.	9:50 p. m.

Round trip to Becks', including bath, 35c.

H. W. EARLY, Passenger Agent.
SIMON BAMBERGER, Gen'l Mgr.

DIRECT LINE TO THE EAST VIA OMAHA OR KANSAS CITY AND CHICAGO

For Passengers or Freight

L. L. DOWNING, COMMERCIAL AGENT, 341 Lake City, Utah.

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THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Through Car Route

From the Pacific Coast

IDAHO NEVADA UTAH
WYOMING COLORADO
NEBRASKA

TO

CHICAGO.

Double Drawing Room Sleeping Car; Buffet Smoking and Library Cars; Superb Dining Cars; Upholstered Tourist Sleeping Cars; Free Reclining Chair Cars.

G. A. WALKER, G. A.
257 Main Street. SALT LAKE CITY.

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Burlington Route

A well-known New Yorker

pays his tribute to the Burlington dining-car service:

"The dining-car service of the Burlington Route is about the best there is. On every table in the dining-car is a fresh bunch of American beauty roses, one of which the waiter offers to your seat when you have finished your meal. The cloth is changed with each guest, no matter how little soiled. The menu though not long, is wonderfully well-selected and admirably served."

Go East on the Chicago Special which leaves Denver at 1.40 p. m., or on the Vestibuled Flyer which leaves at 8.30 p. m., and you can see for yourself how good, how clean, how reasonable in price, our dining-car service is.

Ticket Office, 214 S. W. Temple St.

I. A. BENTON, Ticket Agent, R. G. W. Ry., Dooly Block.
R. P. NEELEN, Traveling Pass. and Freight Agent.
W. F. M'MILLAN, Gen. Agt., 214 S. W. Temple St., Salt Lake City.

OMAHA

Great Rock Island Route

Best Dining Car Service.
ELEGANT EQUIPMENT.
Chair Cars Free.
TWO FAST TRAINS DAILY.

UNION PACIFIC

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE.

LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY:

"The Overland Limited" for Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver ..... 6 00 p m
"The Fast Mail" for Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City and Denver ..... 6 40 p m

ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY:

"The Overland Limited" from Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver ..... 9 15 p m
"The Fast Mail" from Chicago, St. Paul, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City and Denver ..... 1 30 a m

CITY TICKET OFFICE, No. 201 Main street. Telephone No. 564.

H. M. CLAY, General Agent.

YOU MIGHT NOT

Get a $5 in any of these broken lots of Trousers we are now selling, but if you can you get a snap—300 odd suit Pants—coats and vests are sold—pants must go now at $1.50; 300 odd suit Pants, culled from suits that's sold for $15, $18, $20, must go at $2.25 and $2.75.

A few trousers are left of our High Art Clothing—are worth $7 and $8 each—but to close them out will sell them at $4. There are a number of sizes that we are completely out of in these broken lots (that's what makes them broken lots), but if you can't get a fit try the regular stock. The prices are lower than other dealers will ask you for the same grade.

ALWAYS AS ADVERTISED.

Siegel Clothing Co.

Saponifier.

Pennsylvania Saponifier is the original and reliable concentrated Lye for family soap making, and is a valuable household article. The success of this article has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. None genuine unless bearing Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co. Philadelphia, on wrapper on the can. Ask your grocer for it.

GUNPOWDER.

Let him now shoot who never shot before, And he who always shot now shoot the more.

HAZARD'S "Kentucky Rifle,"
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