DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IX. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING FEBRUARY 4, 1876. NO. 62.

F. A. MITCHELL. DAVID JAMES.

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RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public that they continue to occupy their new premises on

WEST TEMPLE STREET,

Opposite City Meat Market,

Where they hope, by strict attention to business and small profits, to merit the continued patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon them.

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FURNACE WORK AND ROOFING

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE,

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COARSE SALT

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We beg to inform our numerous Patrons and friends that we have Removed our entire stock of Merchandise, from the Constitution Building to the

DAFT BUILDING,

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Where we shall open an extensive stock of

NEW GOODS, JUST ARRIVED.

RAISINS, MUSCATELS;

RAISINS, LAYERS;

RAISINS, VALENCIA;

RAISINS, SULTANA;

CHOICE NEW CURRANTS.

All Cleaned ready for Use.

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Candied Peels, Nuts, Figs and Candies for the HOLIDAYS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

NEW DRESS GOODS

AT ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.

Hardware, Crockery and Glassware in Great Variety.

☞ Flour, Feed and Grain constantly in stock.

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Grand Medal of Merit.

VIENNA WORLD'S FAIR, 1873,

AWARDED TO THE

TRADE MARK.

FOR COAL AND WOOD

The best Bituminous Coal Cooking Stove in the World!

THE MONITOR has gained a far-famed reputation. No higher encomium can be bestowed upon a Cooking Stove than to say that every house-wife who uses it speaks in its praise and recommends it to her neighbors and friends, for economy, cleanliness, and reliability in all its operations.

47,864 MONITORS NOW IN USE.

All our Stoves are kept for Sale by Z. C. M. I. and all its Branch Stores; also by all the Co-operative Stores in the Territory

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Clean Cotton Rags and Gunny Sacks

TAKEN ON

SUBSCRIPTION

AT THE

DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

☞ None but Clean Cotton Rags Taken. ☜ People from the City will please bring them on Wednesday and Thursday.

DAVID O. CALDER.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

Carl C. Asmussen
Sells watches, clocks, and jewelry.

F. Auerbach & Bro.
Sell dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps, notions, etc.

Joe. Barker
Sharpens saws, repairs stoves, and does all cutlery, lock and gunsmith work.

Calder & Carelius
Sell Mason & Hamlin and other organs, pianos, fancy goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.

Dr. A. W. Calder
Practises in dentistry.

G. F. Culmer & Co.
Sell family groceries, window glass, and home-made sashes.

Davis, Rowe & Co.
Do all kinds of milling and mining machinery work, wrought and cast iron work, and iron and brass work of all descriptions.

George W. Davis
Sells choice teas, coffees, family groceries and provisions, and buys dried fruits and grain of all kinds.

Day & Co.
Sell, wholesale and retail, hats, boots, shoes, dry goods, groceries, hardware, glass and queensware, and pay cash for eggs, butter and grain.

Daynes & Son
Sell New American sewing machines, Estey and several other kinds of organs, pianos and all sorts of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second handorgans in exchange.

Deseret National Bank
Does various banking business and receives savings on interest.

Dinwoodey
Sells the very best live geese feathers, walnut lumber and baby wagons.

O. L. Eliason
Is a practical clock and watchmaker.

Dr. W. H. Groves
Does all sorts of Dentist work.

A. Hopper
Does wagon and carriage making and repairing, blacksmithing, etc.

Ireland & Watson
Sell china, crockery, glass and bar ware, lamps, lamp trimmings, chimneys, coal oil, petroleum, fluids, etc., wholesale or retail.

Wm. Jennings, Gold & Silver
Sell, wholesale and retail, staple and fancy dry goods, ladies' underwear, men's furnishing goods, ladies', misses' and children's shoes, notions and dry goods, groceries and merchandise generally.

B. W. E. Jennens
Is resident agent for Franklin MacVeagh & Co., wholesale grocers, Chicago; Chicago White Lead and Oil Co.; and Liverpool & London & Globe Fire Insurance Co.

David F. Kimball
Runs the Kimball flouring mills.

Geo. H. Knowlden
Sells flour, grain, feed, provisions, general produce, etc.

Lettser, Taylor & Co.
Sells lumber, shingles, sash, doors, mouldings, frames, and everything in the building line.

Liddell & Brown
Sell turkeys, geese, Saan haddies, Yarmouth bloaters, family groceries, etc.

Jessie Holmes
Sells all kinds of Scottish woolen tuffs, home-made cloth, and buys wool.

A. Miner
Does business as attorney and counsellor-at-law.

Mitchell & James
Do anything in the tin, sheet iron and copper-smith line, also in the gasfitting line.

Morris & Evans
Deal in mantels and grates and fine stonework.

Morton & Tufts
Sell wines and liquors, wholesale and retail.

Dr. Samuel E. Newton
Cures the sick on the botanical system.

Thomas Oakey
Does all kinds of planing and sawing, makes doors, sash-frames and packing boxes, also does wood-turning, etc.

O'Neil & Co.
Do all kinds of wagon and carriage work-blacksmithing, carriage painting and trimming, horseshoing, etc.

Mr. E. L. Plant
Sells medicines for destroying and expelling all kinds of worms, cleansing the body, blood, etc.

Provo Co-operative Company
Taylor & Cutler, agents for this city) make and sell business and other suits of Provo cloth.

Redlich & Darling
(Utah Steam Cracker Factory) Make and sell a first-class article of crackers.

E. Ridges
Sells and repairs watches and clocks.

S. N. Russell
Sells fine and coarse salt, dairy salt, table salt, milling salt, and salts of all kinds.

Howard Schyler
Sells Main Wagon, Weed Mower and Reaper, Buckeye Sulky Rake, Concord buggies and carriages, plows, harrows, cultivators, wagon timber, etc.

S. P. Teasdel
Sells family groceries, parasols, summer prints, dress goods, gents' clothing, boots and shoes, ladies shoes, children's shoes, and dry goods and merchandise generally.

Thomas Tennant
Keeps the Tennant House.

Walker Brothers
Sell dry goods, clothing, hats, dress goods, ribbons, hosiery, carpets and general merchandise of all descriptions.

Washington House.
J. M. Wheeler, lessee, is a select boarding and lodging house, providing meals, beds and rooms, singly or by the week.

The Warm Spring Baths.
Private and plunge, for ladies and gentlemen, are open at all seasons.

Zion's Savings Bank and Trust Company
Does a general banking business, and receives deposits in sums as low as one dollar.

O. L. ELIASON,

Practical Watch & Clock Maker,

JEWELER, ETC.,

BEGS to inform his friends that he has REMOVED to

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EAST TEMPLE STREET.

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A GOOD COMPETENT BOILER MAKER. Steady employment guaranteed if satisfaction is given.

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PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 3.—Strike from off the Senate afternoon report the paragraph beginning "At the expiration of the morning hour," and add—

Bogy spoke in favor of the bill and said the act was passed originally to enable the colored people of the South to obtain homesteads. If every colored man in the South had a homestead of 160 acres of land, there would still be millions of acres left, and that the law now in existence was perfectly ruinous to those states.

The Chair laid before the Senate the unfinished business, being the House resolution directing the commissioners of the District of Columbia to pay interest on bonds issued in pursuance of the act of Congress approved June 20, 1874, out of any funds in the United States treasury subject to the requisition of said commissioners.

Withers, from the committee on pensions, reported a substitute for the Senate bill to amend the act of February 14th, 1871, granting pensions to certain soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812, and widows of deceased soldiers, and to restore to the pension rolls those persons whose names were stricken therefrom in consequence of disloyalty.

The Senate resumed consideration of the bill to pay interest on 3-65 D. C. bonds, the pending question being on the amendment of Kernan, that any further issue of 3-65 bonds under or by virtue of said act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1874, is hereby prohibited. Agreed to.

The debate was continued by Hamilton, Morrill (Me.), Sargent, Saulsbury, and Bogy. Question being on the amendment of Hamilton to discontinue paving and grading streets, &c. Amendment rejected, yeas 31, nays 31.

The joint resolution was then reported to the Senate, and the question being first on the amendment proposed by the committee on appropriations to strike out of the resolution, as it came from the House, the proviso that any further issue of 3-65 bonds is hereby prohibited, and provided that nothing in this resolution contained shall involve the government of the U. S. in any obligation to pay principal or interest of any such bonds which have been issued contrary to or not in pursuance of law. Concurred in.

After further debate, the question then being on concurring in the amendment made in committee of the whole, they were concurred in.

The joint resolution as amended was passed, and is as follows:

"That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby directed to transfer to the Treasurer of the U. S., for payment of interest, due Feb. 1st, 1876, on bonds of said district issued under the provisions of the act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1874, entitled "An act for the government of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," the sum necessary to pay the same from any unexpended appropriations heretofore made by Congress, or from any revenues derived by taxation on the property of said District of Columbia, subject to the requisition of said commissioners, excluding funds raised for the support of public schools, provided that any further issue of 3-65 bonds under or by virtue of said act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1874, is hereby prohibited, and provided that certificates heretofore issued by the board of audit, including those converted in 3 65-100 per centum bonds, and those which have not been so converted, and certificates hereafter to be issued by the board of audit or their successors in office, shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of fifteen million dollars.

"Sec. 2. That there shall be no increase of the present amount of total indebtedness of the District of Columbia, and any officer or person who shall knowingly increase or abet in increasing such total indebtedness, be deemed guilty of high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be punished by imprisonment not exceeding ten years, and by fine not exceeding $10,000, and, provided further, that this resolution shall not in any way or manner recognize the liability of the United States to pay either the principal or interest of any such bonds as may have been issued on or since the 27th day of January, 1876."

The Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President in answer to the Senate resolution of January 19, enclosing the report of the Director of the Mint in regard to the Capitol of the university of Columbus, O., which building it is proposed to donate to the government for mint purposes. Ordered printed, with accompanying papers, and lie on the table.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 3. — Singleton, who had charge of the bill as a member of the committee on appropriations advocated the principles of economy on which the bill was formed, and argued that the general depression of business throughout the country rendered this economy an imperative duty. He said that officials' salaries had grown out of all proportion to what they had been in better days, when Edward Everett was minister to England, General Cass to France, and Wheaton to Prussia, the salary then paid these men was quite satisfactory, and what was it? He had never heard of the ministers of those days writing essays on poker or dealing in stocks of Emma mines, in order to add to their means. They were gentlemen of a higher order of respectability.

Kasson suggested that the expense of living abroad had been very largely increased since 1855, when a democratic Congress increased the diplomatic and consular salaries.

Singleton, in the course of his remarks, referred to what Hale (Me.) said last week in reference to claims of Southern citizens, and said he was tired of these reflections on Southern men. He was himself a Southern man, from the top of his head to the sole of his foot, but he had not come for the purpose of getting up discord. He had come for the purpose of peace, and he wanted to see Southern republicans treated like gentlemen. He accused republican politicians in the House with an effort to create discord, and thereby make political capital, but he knew that the people saw though this disguise. The South, he said, had three schemes to accomplish in this Congress, one was to improve and protect the levees of the Mississippi and to reclaim the alluvial soil of the delta, which would be of more value than all the Black Hills in the country, as seven million bales of cotton could be raised on this reclaimed land.

Hale asked him to state what the other schemes were.

Singleton replied, another was the Southern Pacific R. R.

Hale—"Is not the refunding of the cotton tax another?"

Singleton—"I do not propose to discuss that question now."

Willis—"The democratic party doesn't propose to hold the south by building a Southern Pacific Railroad. We will leave it to our republican friends to do so."

Douglas asked Hale by what authority he spoke of the gentleman from Mississippi (Singleton) as a representative of the Southern democracy.

Hale replied his authority was the position that that gentleman occupied as a Southern man because he spoke distinctly for the Southern democracy and also because he (Singleton) had been selected of the Southern republicans on money and of the House on the appropriation committee.

Holman declared the democratic party in the House neither for the Southern Pacific Railroad nor for refunding the cotton tax.

Douglas denied the right of Hale or any other republican member to designate from Mississippi or from any other state as a representative man of the Southern democracy. He represented part of the southern constituency, and was not prepared to inform the gentleman from Maine what might be or what might not be the ultimate action of the southern democrats on this floor on these measures. He was not a member of the southern democracy, but was a member of that democracy which had come to reform the abuses of government.

Hale—"My friend from Massachusetts is more frank than the gentleman from Virginia, and has given us the monition of what we may expect from that section. I did not expect by simple question to stir up such a hornets' nest. My friend from Indiana (Holman) who opposes the Southern Pacific R. R., wants this discussion to stop, and I have no wonder at it. But he must not hold me responsible for it. He must settle with his colleague from Mississippi."

Holman—"I understood the gentleman from Mississippi merely expressed his opinion in favor of the Southern Pacific R. R. (several democratic members—"That is all.") and in favor of the reimbursement of the cotton tax now. Is not that all?"

Hale—"No, sir."

Holman—"Excuse me; and also that the government spend money in the rebuilding of the Mississippi levees. Does not the gentleman from Maine know the gentleman from Mississippi was simply expressing his own opinion on a subject, and that time and again the democratic party in the House has opposed all of these measures, and will continue to do so?"

Hale—"If the gentleman wants me to answer that question, I will say I expect he will be outvoted by his own party."

Monroe criticised the economical features of the bill in the reduction of salaries and in the suppression of the missions to Greece, Hayti, and South American republics. He expressed his belief that one of the noblest and grandest fields of commerce in the future would be the States of South America, and he thought that the American people ought to be possessors of that field. He knew that the existing commerce there was small, but he asked whether the United States were prepared to accept the low and poor condition of its commerce as an unchangeable thing. Did Congress mean to proclaim to the world that the United States did not mean to be a great commercial power, but meant to have its name erased from the list of commercial nations? He could not believe that was the opinion of this House.

The Speaker laid before the House a message from the President returning without approval an act transferring the custody of certain Indian trust funds from the Secretary of the Interior to the Treasurer of the United States, with a communication from the Secretary of the Interior setting out that the act was not sufficiently definite to accomplish the end desired.

The message and accompanying documents having been read, Randall stated that the bill had come from the committee on appropriations, that the Secretary of the Interior had suggested an amendment to it, that that amendment was incorporated in the bill, and that it was a very strange thing that it should now be objected to by the department at whose instance it had been prepared. The message was referred to the committee on appropriations.

EASTERN.

Officers' Salaries.

WASHINGTON, 3.—Rep. Banning to-day, reported from the committee on military affairs, an amended bill to regulate the pay of allowances of army officers, which was ordered printed, and referred back to the committee. The alterations are as follows—

"General of army $10,000 instead of $13,000; lieutenant general $8,000 instead of $11,000; major general to receive the present pay; pay of brigadier general reduced to $5,000, instead of $5,500; a chaplain's pay is reduced from $1,500 to $1,000 a year. Salaries of all other officers remain as now established by law.

Hawaiian Reciprocity.

Representative Luttrell presented to the committee of ways and means, to-day, a mass of statistics in support of his bill for carrying into effect the Hawaiian treaty.

N. R. C. C. Organized.

The National Republican Congressional Committee met to-night for the purpose of completing the organization for the campaign. The committee was called to order by Senator Cragin. On motion of Senator Logan, Senator Cameron (Pa.) was unanimously elected Chairman. Senator West, in Senator Cameron's absence, accepted the position for the latter in a few remarks. Hon. J. M. Edmunds was unanimously re-elected Secretary, E. P. Brooks withdrawing his candidacy for that office, and Jacob Tome was elected Treasurer. The committee proceeded to ballot for an Executive Committee and resident members of the District of Columbia. The following is the Executive Committee—Senators Cameron (Pa.), Cragin, West, Logan, and Dorsey, and Representatives Rust, Hubbell, Sinnockson, and Pratt.

The Fortification Bill.

Estimates for the armament of the fortifications, $1,250,000; manufacture of arms, $5,000,000, and $150,000 for torpedos; and materials and engineer department called for about $1,700,000 for fortifications. The latter amount, however, is not recommended by the Secretary of War. The commissioners on appropriation reduced the appropriation to $340,000.

Five Hundred Times Richer Strike.

LARAMIE CITY, Wy., 3.—News from the Centennial mine has just been received. The spur of the Centennial lode, which yielded the ore running over twenty-five hundred ounces of gold to the ton, continues to yield ten thousand dollar rock, bearing five hundred times richer than ore first milled. The drift is within a few feet of the six-foot vein, which is supposed to be equally rich at the same level.

Coal Companies Suspend Operations.

NEW YORK, 3.—All the leading coal companies agreed to suspend operations from the 7th of February to the 11th of March.

WESTERN

Track Cleared.

TOANO, Nev., 3.—The west-bound overland passenger train, which arrived here last Monday morning, left for the west at 4 p. m. to-day, the track having at last been cleared at a great expense and sacrifice of machinery. The Central Pacific Railroad Company furnished subsistence for the passengers detained here for the past two days. It will probably be some time before freight trains run regularly.

Verdict for Defendant.

SAN FRANCISCO, 3.—The trial of the suit brought by the United States against the brig *Timandra*, for conveying unstamped liquors to Alaska, was concluded in the U. S. district court to-day. Verdict in favor of the defendant.

$30,000 Race.

The Pacific Jockey Club held a meeting to-day. The owners of Rutherford, Chance, Golden Gate, Katie Pease, Revenue, Jr., Grinstead Foster, Hock and Hocking were present and paid the entrance money and settled all arragements for the thirty thousand dollar race which will come off on the 22nd inst., if a good day and track, failing that, on the next good day. The meeting was harmonious and satisfactory. Wild Idle is off the turf, Springbok and Fannie Hall won't go.

Gone East.

J. Nicholson Elbert and Samson Rosenblatt went east to-day, in custody, the former in charge of the U. S. deputy marshal, for forging U. S. bonds, the latter in custody of a New York detective, on a requisition from Governor Tilden.

Instructing M. C's.

PORTLAND, Ogn., 3.—The board of trade at a special meeting last evening passed a resolution urging our senators and representatives in Congress to secure an appropriation of $25,000 to build a military telegraph line from Portland to Astoria, also a resolution favoring the attaching of Alaska to Washington Territory as a county, to free Alaska from military jurisdiction.

Communication on the Columbia *via* the Dalles has been resumed.

No Further Obstruction.

WELLS, Nev., 3.—The delayed west bound passenger train arrived this evening and left here at 6.30 p.m. There is no further obstruction ahead of them. This is the first train since Sunday. The East bound trains will go through to-night. The railroad company brought a large snow plow from the Sierra Nevada for service between here and Toano. Weather is favorable and no great trouble is anticipated from snow. The greatest trouble has been ice, covering up the rails, upon which the snow plow has no effect. This difficulty is now obviated by there being a force of 250 laborers with picks and shovels stationed at different points, who will keep the track clear. The company rigged up an apparatus for the purpose of flanging their track, but broke it on the trial trip to-day.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Cambridge Declines.

LONDON, 3.—The Cambridge University boat club, to-day, decided to decline the challenge of the rowing association of American colleges in consideration of the invitation from Philadelphia to take part in the centennial regatta, postponed till after the Oxford and Cambridge race, when an effort will be made to get six oarsmen to visit the United States, but on their own responsibility, not as representatives of the University.

SPAIN.

The Elections.

MADRID, 3.—Official returns represent that the senatorial elections resulted very favorably to the government. Among the successful candidates are two bishops, the Marquis of Molens, and eleven generals, including Espartero, Quesada, Letona and Prince Dedriva.

GERMANY.

Incorporated with Prussia.

BERLIN, 3.—Negotiations between Prussia and Lauenburg for the incorporation of the latter with Prussia are completed.

HUNGARY.

Imposing Funeral of M. Deak.

PESTH, 3.—The funeral of M. Deak took place to-day, and was the occasion of the most imposing demonstration. The Archduke Joseph, the Archduchess Clotilde and an aid-de-camp of the Imperial Staff, sent to represent the empire, assisted at the ceremonies. Delegations were present from all parts of Hungary. Herr Shiegy, President of the Hungarian Diet delivered the funeral oration.

DALMATIA.

Buying the Prince of Montenegro.

RAGUSA, 3.—It is said that Ali Pasha has offered to cede to the Prince of Montenegro the districts of Suterina Zubzi and Bagagni, in Herzegovina, and the Albanian part of Spitza, if the Montenegrins will withdraw aid from the insurgents and military operations are suspended.

DR. WM. H. GROVES,

DENTIST,

Office.—Second South Street, Salt Lake City, east of Elephant Store. Office hours: a.m. to 5 p.m.

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Orders left at Tea Pot Store.

WILLIAM CALTON,

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OFFICE AT RESIDENCE, SECOND SOUTH STREET,

Between Third and Fourth East.

THE CELEBRATED DOUBLE ELASTIC

Spencerian STEEL PENS.

Are for sale by all dealers in Stationery.

For the convenience of those who may wish to try them, Sample Cards, containing one each of the 15 numbers, will be sent by mail on receipt of 25 cents.

Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co.

138 & 140 Grand St., New York.

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IRELAND & WATSON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

...IN....

China, Crockery,

GLASS

..AND..

Barware.

LAMPS AND LAMP FIXTURES.

COAL OILS, FLUIDS, etc.

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CASS' IMPROVED MEAT HOLDERS!

☞ Orders from the COUNTRY promptly filled.

☞ FREE Delivery to all parts of the City.

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FLOUR,

GRAIN,

BRAN & SHORTS,

Meal,

AND ALL KINDS OF

CHOPPED FEED,

AT

KNOWLDEN'S,

Opposite

DINWOODEY'S

FURNITURE STORE,

FIRST SOUTH ST.

N.B.—All kinds of

GRASS SEEDS.

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A Book of 408 Pages, Entitled

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JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at the Deseret News Office, Peoples' Book Store, and at the office of Professor Thomas, East Temple Gate, at the following prices:

Morocco Gilt, Embossed,	$3.00
Morocco, Embossed,	2.50
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WARM, SPRING BATHS.

Private and Plunge.

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CHICAGO, ILL.

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A VERY APPROPRIATE

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Well selected Assortment of

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JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS, OPERA GLASSES, SPECTACLES.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

A Great Variety just Opened. Will be Sold Cheap for Cash, by

CARL C. ASMUSSEN,

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JOE BARKER,

CUTLER, LOCK AND GUNSMITH,

SAWS SHARPENED, STOVES REPAIRED, GUNS REPAIRED, KEYS STOCKED, Etc.,

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AND

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PARDINI & BONALDI,

MERCHANT STREET,

bet. Washington and Clay,

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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on the Pacific Coast.

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