

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

CHEYENNE WELLS, Col., April 16.—Saturday, while N. B. McConnell and John Morrison, two young men from Iowa, were passing the house of Frederick Baker, five miles north, the latter commanded the men to stop. They paying no attention to the order, Baker fired upon them with a shotgun loaded with slugs. The driver was uninjured, but both McConnell and Morrison were riddled with shot and died in five minutes. Baker was arrested and to-night about 50 armed men went to the jail and demanded that the deputy sheriff turn the prisoner over to them. The officer refused to do so, but the men say they are determined and will take Baker out and hang him before morning, if they have to tear the jail down to get at him.

WINONA, Minn., April 16.—The Mississippi has never been known to be so high in April. The rise of yesterday and to-day is unprecedented. The water is creeping over the railroad tracks at the ferry landing. At the West End everything is afloat. All the houses on West Third street between these limits are in the midst of a broad sea, stretching from Fourth street to the Wisconsin shore. On the north side of Fourth street the water is driving the people out. The lake is rising and the water is running over Huff street and backing up into the rear yards of Mark street. The water is still rising, and a few inches more will prove disastrous.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The brewery lockout has begun and more than 5000 brewers, brewery wagon drivers, maltsters, helpers, wagon makers, coopers, painters and apprentices in this city, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Newark, Paterson and Staten Island are out of work. The financial week of the workmen ended at noon today. According to instructions of the unions, every brewer in every one of the above named cities returned to work as usual this morning. There were few outward indications that the greatest lockout that has ever occurred in this section of the country would occur in a few hours. Just before noon the proprietors of each brewery met the men and informed them that their services were no longer wanted, that they had unanimously decided to be their own bosses, and would not submit to anything dictatorial from their men. However, if the men sought re-employment as individuals, and disconnect themselves from the unions, they would get work. The men passed quietly to the cashier's desk, after they had heard what the proprietors had to say, received their weekly pay and departed. At noon time, according to agreement, every brewery door closed and business for the time is suspended.

BUCHARST, April 16.—The peasant uprising is extending. Several village magyars have been killed. Large bands are assembling with the avowed object of attacking Bucharest. The telegraph wires have been cut at several railway stations. Special trains are bringing troops from Moldavia to protect the capital.

FAIRBAULT, Minn., April 16.—The lodges, dormitories and private rooms of the Shattuck school were entered by burglars last night, the inmates chloroformed and \$3000 worth of jewelry and money taken.

PITTSBURG, April 16.—The case of Ensign Ryan and J. H. Meade, charged with the abduction of Minnie Rose Parsons, was called by Alderman Cassidy this afternoon, and the defendants waived a hearing. Miss Parsons will probably leave for New York tomorrow to fill her theatrical engagement.

THE LAST STAGE.

LONDON, April 17.—A dispatch from Berlin to the Exchange Telegraph Co. says it is learned from a direct source that the physicians at their consultation today agreed that the Emperor's malady was approaching the last stage. This news has been guardedly conveyed to members of the royal family, it being intimated to them. The Emperor requires the utmost care, though for the moment there is no immediate danger. The Empress postponed her proposed visit till Thursday to Lunenburg and Wittenberg.

The following was issued at 4 p.m.: Symptoms of bronchitis have considerably diminished since yesterday, and have nearly abated. The Emperor passed a better night and his general condition is satisfactory.

(Signed) McKenzie, Weguer, Krause, Howell, Bergman, Leyden, Senator.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Thomas M. Kennedy, a wealthy cattle dealer of Brownsville, Texas, was killed by Sheriff Jose Maria Esparza, a wealthy Mexican, near Ferry Landing, Texas—cause jealousy. The Mexican was concealed behind a tree when he fired.

LAS CRUCES, N. M., April 17.—While two Indian policemen attempted to arrest Decate, a Mescalero Apache Indian, and his son, who were drunk and causing trouble in camp, a fight ensued, in which one of the policemen was killed. Decate's son was fatally and three women seriously injured by stray shots. Decate was finally secured and locked up.

ALMA, Wis., April 17.—The water in the Mississippi at this point has risen twenty inches in twelve hours. Twenty families have been driven from their homes. Railway tracks have suffered great damage. The Minniska boom has gone out, and 20,000,000 feet of logs have been carried away. Damage to property has been estimated at \$50,000. Logs to the value of \$100,000 have been carried away.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—Conditions are favorable for a general lockout of brewers. Moerlin having refused to

reinstate a man at the request of his fellow workmen, they struck. Their action was ratified last night by the Brewers' Union, which declared an immediate boycott on Moerlin's beer. Boss brewers in anticipation of this decided to stand together in case any one was boycotted. In obedience to a resolution one of Moerlin's customers who this morning stopped taking Moerlin's beer and tried to buy elsewhere was refused. Both sides are committed to the contest.

NEW YORK, April 17.—At 3:25 Dr. Barker called at Conkling's and remained till 3:40. He said: "Conkling since half past twelve o'clock has developed edema of the lungs, which is the settling of blood in the base of the lungs, and he will probably die before morning."

Dr. Anderton says Conkling will probably die in two hours.

Dr. Barker called at 9:15 and remained until 9:45. He said, "Conkling is slowly sinking but may linger for hours yet."

Dr. Barker seemed quite overcome as he stood on the steps of Conkling's house this afternoon and told the reporters of the impending dissolution of his patient. All afternoon the sick statesman lay motionless in bed in the Hoffman House annex. He occasionally moved his arms which were under the bed covering. He lay on his right side in order that the wound on the left side of his head might not get irritated. This cut, it will be remembered is one Dr. Sands made when he operated in the endeavor to save the ex-Senator's life.

Ed. Stokes came out of the house and said Conkling was sinking very rapidly. His death was merely a question of time.

Large crowds of people congregated in the street through the evening, owing to the bulletins announcing that the end was near. Prominent politicians and members of the bar were seen in the corridors of the Hoffman House, discussing the abilities of the dying senator and inquiring the latest news. Everyone was anxious to get information, and yet feared that at any moment it would be learned that the end had come.

A sorrowful group surrounded the sick man's bed. Mrs. Conkling, whose vigils have been beyond the endurance of many stronger women, and who had watched her husband since early morning, was at his side, looking worn and despondent. His nephews, Judge Alfred C. Cox and Alderman Conkling, and brother, Col. Frederick A. Conkling, and Mrs. Oakum were the sorrowful observers of the passing away of the great senator. The strong frame that in delirium required the stoutest porters of the Hoffman House to hold him, even while wasted by disease, now lay low and almost lifeless in the hands of the great destroyer.

HIS DEATH.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Conkling died at 1:50 this morning.

At the bedside of the dying man were Mrs. Conkling, Judge Cox, Dr. Anderton and Mrs. Oakum. Mr. Conkling passed away without moving a limb. He looked as if peacefully sleeping. There were a number of persons outside on the street waiting to catch the last report. Within doors there were between forty and fifty persons also waiting to hear the worst. They were composed chiefly of representatives of the press and friends of the dead senator.

Mr. Conkling died in the rear chamber on the second floor of his residence. "It was a dreadful struggle that the patient fought against death," said Judge Cox, "but the end was peaceful and unaccompanied by pain. His sorrowing wife and daughter were weeping at his side, but the once keen eyes were glazed and set in the death struggle. Mrs. Conkling and daughter both bore up bravely, but the wife was the most prostrated. Mrs. Oakum supported her mother. The ashen pallor deepened upon her emaciated face. Mr. Conkling gasped three or four times and passed away. In death the lines about the mouth and face were slightly drawn. He was much emaciated, but still in death his face seemed natural."

Immediately after death Judge Cox and Dr. Anderton left the house. No arrangements can be made tonight for the funeral. The arrangements will be definitely settled when Mrs. Conkling becomes more composed. Judge Cox said that in death Conkling's mouth was slightly opened as though he had died with a gasp. Mrs. Conkling is alone with her daughter and is completely prostrated with grief.

Later—The interment will be at Utica.

LONDON, April 17.—The Paris correspondent of the Times is informed that startling revelations are about to be made regarding Boulanger's election expenses. The stories about Bennett and others giving Boulanger money, the Times correspondent says, are absurd.

PARIS, April 17.—In view of the threats made the past few days by the Alarmists and the revival of the Boulanger sentiment and as a precautionary measure the troops will be kept in the barracks all day Thursday, and in addition to extra brigades of police an exceptionally large force will be detailed to guard the Chamber of Deputies of St. Petersburg. The election of General Boulanger is viewed with concern in official circles. It is feared the internal disorders of France will paralyze her action abroad at a time when international questions will require to be dealt with.

DANBURY, Conn., April 17.—W. H.

Hawley, one of the leading druggists, this morning shot and fatally wounded his brother-in-law, Virgil Barnum. He emptied a five-chambered revolver, two shots taking effect. The shooting took place in Hawley's residence, and was caused by a family quarrel. Barnum is still alive, but is not expected to survive the night. Hawley is also in a critical state, suffering from a fracture of the skull, the result of a kick inflicted by Barnum, and is not expected to live. He is now in custody at his home here.

ST. LOUIS, 17.—The residence of L. A. Hoffman, a farmer, near Oakley Ridge, Cape Girardeau County, was burned Sunday morning and three of his children consumed. Three other children were so badly burned that it is expected they will die, and Hoffman was so seriously injured he died yesterday. It is thought Hoffman became suddenly insane and fired his house himself. He had eleven motherless children, and had been very gloomy for some time.

PENSACOLA, Florida, April 17.—The marines and bluejackets of the North Atlantic squadron participated in a sham battle today. Five bluejackets and a marine were wounded. It is supposed the material in the cone of a shell had hardened and tore off the metal cone, wounding the men.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—At the regular quarterly meeting of the chamber of commerce today a memorial to the Secretary of the Navy was adopted urging the necessity of the completion of the monitor *Monadnock* as "a partial defense of our defenseless harbor." A memorial to Congress favoring the establishment of a naval reserve, requesting that a sufficient appropriation be made to carry on the surveys of government lands in California, and urging the necessity of prompt and favorable action upon the bill now before Congress to establish a quarantine station at this port was also adopted. The memorial on the quarantine bill contains the following:

"The port of San Francisco is visited by ships from infected ports, more especially from China, the home of the smallpox, and our railways afford every facility for the spreading of the disease throughout the country. Our city has been often thus afflicted and our citizens have borne with patience the neglect of such precautions as are only obtainable by means of quarantine facilities. Commerce has been and is seriously hampered and travel impeded and the public health is constantly endangered at this port."

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—The arrival of the steamers this morning from Honolulu bring the news that the sugar crop is being rapidly harvested. It is now estimated the crop will be about the same as last year's—100,000 tons.

The laying of the Pacific cable is the one subject being talked of on the Hawaiian Islands.

Honolulu had advices from New Zealand that the surveying ship *Egeria* will probably soon begin surveying a cable route. She will begin at New Zealand, proceed to Tonga, Sandwich Islands, and thence to Vancouver, B. C. A belt 200 miles wide will be examined. The task will occupy from two to three years.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—The Times Democrat special from Jeanner says: In a dispute at the polls today Michael Provost was shot dead and his brother, L. P. Provost was mortally wounded. The trouble is said to have arisen from a family feud.

All places of business are closed as on Sundays. The election is progressing. The central wards appear to be polling a heavy vote for Davy and the regular ticket, while the down-town and up-town wards, it is claimed, are polling a heavy vote for the Independent Young Men's Democratic Association candidate.

A difficulty occurred this morning at poll three in the second ward between Thomas S. Nobles, a special officer of the latter association, and Sergeant Mike McLaughlin, of the regular force. It is stated some one struck Nobles, knocking him down, and that he then drew a revolver and fired three shots one of which struck a man named Byrnes. Nobles and a man named Keteno were locked up as principal and accessory in the affair, and the wounded man was sent to the hospital. The shooting caused great excitement, and further trouble is feared.

The Young Men's Democratic Association claims the election of the entire ticket over the straight democratic ticket by a large majority.

NEW ORLEANS, April 18, 1 a.m.—Indications are that Nichols is elected governor by a majority of 20,000.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—William Cramp & Sons' ship and engine builders company, have nearly completed the dynamite cruiser gunboat called *Yorktown*, designed for the United States navy. It will be launched on Saturday, April 28th, in the presence of Secretary Whitney. It carries four pneumatic guns for the hurling of dynamite projectiles, each with a range of at least a mile. The training of the gun is accomplished by steering the vessel and the loading is all done by steam. The guns are 15-inch calibre and the shells, which will be fired with great accuracy twice a minute, will contain 600 pounds of explosive gelatine, equivalent to 532 pounds of dynamite or 948 pounds of gun cotton. It is claimed that this gun properly handled will be the most destructive engine of war yet invented, for the heaviest armed vessel in the world will go to pieces from the explosion of a shell much smaller than those thrown by the guns of the *Yorktown*.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The passenger on the French steamer *La Bourgoyne* on Sunday, who is alleged to have bribed Customs Inspector H. L. Robinson, turns out to be Madame Gaston de Fontenellot, a sister-in-law of Wm. K. Vanderbilt. Robinson was suspended pending an investigation. Today Special Treasury Agents Benedict and Brown reported to the surveyor that they had inspected Madame de Fontenellot's baggage upon arrival of the steamship. On top of the articles in one of her trunks they saw a bank bill of large denomination. They closed the trunk without disturbing the money. Subsequently after Inspector Robinson had passed the baggage they opened the trunk again and found the bill gone. There was no dutiable goods in the lady's baggage. Robinson will probably be dismissed.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Secretary Fairchild gave notice this afternoon that on Monday, April 23d, and daily thereafter at noon until further notice, proposals will be received in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury for the sale of United States Government bonds of the acts of July 14th, 1870, and January 20th, 1871. The proposals should state the pacific character of the bonds offered, whether coupon or registered, and must be for the sale of bonds with accrued interest to and including the date of sale. The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals for the sale of bonds, if it is thought to be for the interest of the government to do so.

WINNIPEG, April 17.—Following upon the announcement that Cashier Cameron had been released from the Pembina officer, comes the arrest of Harry McKittrick and George Veale, two Winnipeg hotel keepers, for complicity in the crime. The money is said to have been found with them, amounting to \$40,000. Reports from Pembina say that Cameron has been released and will go to Chicago, where he expects to secure employment if the escapee has not ruined his reputation.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—A fire at Salo Alto tonight burned a portion of the stables of Senator Leland Stanford. The following horses were roasted to death: Clifton Belle, Rexford, Emma Robertson, Troubadour, Lowell and Howard. Norlaine, which has a trotting record the fastest for any yearling in the world, is not yet dead, but it is impossible for her to live. Two or three others will probably die. The loss will reach at least two hundred thousand dollars.

Later details go to show that the fire on the farm of Senator Stanford was incendiary. A very few minutes before the flames were discovered in the shed, the watchman made his usual rounds and found everything in proper order. He had not reached his room before the fire was discovered, and almost before the stablemen could raise a cry, the one-story wooden sheds were blazing fiercely. Every person on the farm at once made every effort to liberate the valuable racers, but the heat drove the men back, and they were forced to witness the cremation of the horses without being able to lift a hand to save them. The following horses were burned to death: Clifton Belle, value, \$10,000; Rexford, five-year old, record 2:24, worth about the same; Norlaine, though only two years old, was considered worth \$30,000. A year ago she made the fastest mile on record for a yearling, 2:31. This horse was so badly burned that she was snort. The horses burned but yet alive are: Palo, Alto and Fast Manzanita, record to date 2:16. With care the latter horse may recover.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Dr. Agnew died this afternoon at 2:45.

BERLIN, April 18, 9 a.m.—The improvement in the condition of the Emperor continued yesterday evening, although his fever increased a little.

10 a.m.—The Emperor had a tolerably good night. His sleep was somewhat interrupted by coughing. The fever has not yet disappeared.

BLOOD POISONING.

LONDON, April 18.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Berlin, dated 4 p.m., says: The condition of the Emperor is less satisfactory. It is reported that blood poisoning has supervened and that his temperature has increased. The hopeful feeling of this morning has been replaced by a feeling of despondency.

The Bundesrath today voted to expel from the country Bernstein, the editor, Gethelar, the publisher, and two sub-editors of the *Social Democrat*.

NEW YORK, April 18.—A Rio Janeiro letter says: The new ministry have already made public through a semi-official organ that the principal and more immediate objects in their programme will be the abolition of slavery this year and measures for the improvement of the finance and currency of the country. The wholesale emancipatory movement which was initiated last December in the province of San Paulo has already produced the freedom of 70,000 of its 208,000 slaves.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Accounts have been received from the southwestern frontier of San Paulo of the poisoning of Indians en masse. According to statements forwarded thence to a San Paulo paper, a certain Joaquin Bueno, who has seventy armed men under his command, recently assaulted a large Indian village and while the frightened Indians were absent poisoned with strychnine not only all food and drink abandoned by the fugitives but also their wells and springs. According to Bueno's own declaration, he found when he returned

a few days later, 3,000 corpses of Indians in the village. He also boasted that in another village he had poisoned 800 Indians, and that he was about to treat similarly another, in which 5,000 Indians resided.

WINONA, Minn., April 18.—The loss to the manufacturing interests of this city by the flood is estimated at \$100,000. One company loses 600,000 feet of logs, valued at \$150,000, making the loss to the lumbering interest alone, \$350,000. The river is four miles wide here.

At Trempeleau, Wisconsin, while five Indians were endeavoring to drag a canoe across a raft of logs the logs parted and all were drowned.

WYANWAGA, Wis., April 18.—The village of Fremont is almost under water. Stores are closed, the goods having been removed to a place of safety. Families have taken to the upper stories of their houses.

CHICAGO, April 18.—The switchmen who work nights in the south branch yards of the Northwestern road struck tonight and eight or ten engines which usually work in the yards along Sixteenth Street from the river to West 29th Avenue were idle. The principal grievance of the men was stated to be the change in the yardmasters. So far as known, the matter has no connection with the Burlington trouble. Thirty men are out.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The secretary of the Master Brewers' Association said tonight that 2500 men were now at work, of which 1273 were old men. The number locked out Monday was about 5000.

NEW YORK, April 18.—It has been decided that the funeral services in Utica will be held in Calvary Chapel Saturday afternoon instead of from the residence in that city. The pallbearers selected are: Judge Shipman, Abram S. Hewitt, S. L. M. Barlow, Clarence A. Seward, Manton Marble, Senator John C. Jones, Senator Doug Cameron, Wm. J. Wallace, Walter S. Church and Isaac H. Bailey.

This morning the body was embalmed by the undertaker and placed in a casket.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Among the utterances of prominent public men concerning Conkling are the following:

Postmaster General Dickinson: "He left a strong impression of his masterful personality, his vigorous intellect, his purity and his patriotism upon the history of the country."

Secretary Vilas: "Senator Conkling deserves to live long in the grateful memory of his countrymen for the lofty integrity and purity of his official life and character."

Senator Jones, Nevada: "I never knew a man better equipped than he for senatorial duty, and in my opinion no man better qualified for that duty has entered the Senate in half a century. Throughout his long public career he preserved an unspotted integrity."

Secretaries Whitney and Edicott and Attorney-General Garland spoke in similar terms of praise.

Secretary Fairchild is a relative of Conkling's by marriage and will attend the funeral.

Senator Allison: "Conkling was one of the great characters of our country, distinguished for his intellectual activity and force."

Senator Sherman: "I had the highest respect for the abilities and personal character of Conkling. I never knew anything of him but what was honorable, pure and honest."

Senator Edmunds: "He was one of the most brilliant and able men I ever knew."

NEW YORK, April 18.—The interment will be at Utica, where the principal services will be held next Saturday. The short service in this city is for the purpose of accommodating the many friends in this city and from Washington. In this city and Brooklyn, flags are flying at half-mast on the City Hall and other public buildings. A thousand or more telegrams and letters of condolence have been received.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 18.—A special to the *Intelligencer* from Charlestown says a report has reached there that a man in Calhoun County, who had been away selling cattle, on returning home late Wednesday night in company with a peddler, discovered a light in the window, and when he looked in saw his wife and his three children lying dead on the floor. He also saw four men in the room. The peddler drew his revolver and was told to make a noise at the back part of the house. The men inside rushed out and three of them were killed outright, the fourth being badly wounded. It is impossible at present to verify the story, but the man who brought it is considered reliable.

CHICAGO, April 18.—The *Time's* special from New Albany, Indiana: A band of "White Caps" last night took James Seabers, Robt. Bumfield and Mrs. Nancy Wilson from the woman's house, stripped them and tied them to a tree. The men were given 125 lashes each, blood being drawn at every stroke. The men fainted several times but water was thrown on them and resuscitated, only again to be lashed. The woman begged piteously to be spared, but was given 25 lashes when she fainted. When the victims were notified they fell to the ground and were left there, being taken away by friends.

LONDON, April 18.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Rt. Hon. Edward Heneage moved the passage of the bill to legalize marriage with deceased wife's sister. The motion occasioned a sharp debate, but was finally carried by a vote of 239 to 182.