small space on the front platform. The power is obtained over a system of wires laid underground in a manner somewhat resembling the cable system. On these wires runs a small trolley extending from underneath the car. It is so arranged that, no matter how much snow or ice covers the tracks, a perfect contact can still be retained. In the trial today three circuits of the loop were made at a speed of fifteen miles an hour without a stop. The cars are all lighted by electricity, which also serves to show how strong a current is on.

To Represent Haiti.

WASHINGTON, March 13. — Hon. Fred Douglass has accepted the position of representative of the Haitian government at the World's Fair.

A Big Railroad Deal.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 13.—It is said here on undoubted authority that a deal has been perfected by which the Baltimore & Ohio secures control of all the Richmond Terminal properties, the Richmond & Danville system, with its leased lines, and the East Tennessee system. John Inman is said to have engineered the matter. The Baltimore & Ohio has been buying the stock of these systems, and it is said that the last purchases made (Saturday) place it in hands that the whole scheme, The Jersey Central and Reading are included in the deal.

Rothschilds Beaten by Vanderbilt.

PARIS, March 13.—At the Nice regatta Rothschilds Hoa, were beaten by the Vanderbilt "Alva."

Snowstorms in Berlin.

BERLIN, March 13.—Violent snowstorms prevailed today, many trains being delayed.

Republicans in Rome.

ROME, March 13.—The Republican congress opened here today.

The Floods in Spain.

MADRID, March 13. — The damage caused by the floods is more extensive than at first supposed. Railway traffic is interrupted and many towns are entirely isolated. Government assistance has been appealed for.

The Yellow Fever.

BUENOS AYRES, March 13. — Senor Bitburu has been appointed minister of finance.

Brazilian steamers are constantly arriving here with cases of yellow fever on board.

Three Children Perish in the Flames.

LONDON, March 13.—The residence of John Lewis, at Llanelly, Wales, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Three children perished in the flames; two others were seriously injured.

In Support of Diaz.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 13.—Petitions are being organized throughout the Republic supporting the reelection of Diaz. The indications now are that Diaz will have a complete walk-over at the election in June.

Farewell Banquet to Reid.

PARIS, March 13.—The American artists here expect to give a farewell banquet to Whitelaw Reid on the eve of his departure for the United States.

A British Ship Capsized.

PARIS, March 13.—A Tunis dispatch says the British ship "Mark" capsized off Tunis today; five were drowned.

Emperor William Better.

BERLIN, March 13.—Emperor William is better.

A Protest from Star Valley.

Editor Deseret News:

In your issue of the SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS of Feb. 23 is a communication from Peter Allen, of Star Valley, purporting to be valuable information for intending settlers of this part of the country. The article in question has only just been shown to me, and at the request of Bishop C. D. Casler and a number of other prominent citizens I beleon to refute some of the statements. We do not propose to sit idle and have Star Valley given a black eye, and its interests grossly misrepresented in such a manner.

In the first place, your correspondent says "the weather has been very cold and windy this winter." We emphatically deny the truth of this statement and can prove our assertion by all in the valley. We have had no wind at all, with the exception of a little always preceding a storm; neither have we had any severe cold with the exception of four days. He says: "No amount of so many springs, fogs rise as soon as the sun goes down and do not disappear till the next morning." This gives the impression that this is a foggy country, which is not so. And again: "But some people have moved here without counting the cost. They raised enough the long winters." "With all these disadvantages, some people are getting well off, and raise good wheat, potatoes, oats, tomatoes, etc." What inconsistency. In the first place, he says they moved here without counting the cost, and then he admits they raise fine wheat, potatoes, and other things, and "thinks that in a few years this will become like other valleys." This being the case, I would like to know how the people have moved without counting the cost, and what Peter Allen is kicking about? He says it is almost death to cattle to be without shelter; at least they do not thrive like stock that is taken care of." It appears to me that cattle will do better in any country well taken care of. Your correspondent's idea appears to be to get a place where he can let his stock roam for themselves, and then he will be happy(?) He describes the beauties of Canada in glowing terms, and advises people "to go and see for themselves." This I think would be the safer plan. Because a man who will misrepresent one section of country, in his estimation, may do so with another.

I will give you a few items in regard to Star Valley. Of course we do not claim to have as fine a climate as you have in Utah. That is pretty hard to find. But I emphatically assert that it is not so bad as has been represented. It is bound to build up, and with the railroad that is making for Ogden, and said to be coming within twenty miles of this place, you will see a development of this region that will be surprising. We raised a large crop of grain last season, estimated to be nearly, if not quite enough to sustain all here till next harvest. An abundance of excellent garden stuff and potatoes was also raised—I don't know but as good as is grown in Utah. We have the best feed to be found anywhere, consequently long better price than feed raised in other sections, which is attested to by stock buyers in here at all times. Last season and the one before there was raised more hay than was needed to sustain all in the valley. We have an unlimited supply of the purest water. We have plenty of timber close at hand, and have three sawmills, two of which have been running all winter. Our grist mill has been in operation all winter.

Our schools are in good trim as are in the hands of competent teachers, and taking everything into consideration we have much to be thankful for, and if there are any more that are not satisfied with this country, there is room in Canada, but for my part this is good enough for me.

Yours respectfully,

THOMAS H. ROBERTS,

AFTON, Wyo., March 9, 1892.

GRATITUDE OF A SPIDER.

Protection from Mosquitoes of a Man Who Saved the Insect's Life.

There is nearly always a crowd of fine undressed men loitering about the Central police station. The place seems to have an attraction for them when off duty.

One of the most entertaining story tellers is Officer James Heidrick, but it must be admitted that many of his narratives will not bear too close an examination. Yesterday afternoon he was in his happiest mood, and there was a lively rattling of rhematic bones when he remarked:

"New Jersey is noted for its mosquitoes principally. I have often heard my grandfather tell of a remarkable incident that occurred to him near Newark. He had just arrived in the town and got up at a small hotel where there were no mosquito bars, and a man with a leather skin would wake up and find much of himself missing. My grandfather was not accustomed and his flesh was as tender as a love poem, so he spent the afternoon wandering about and wondering what he would do when he met the winged soldiers in battle array.

"He was the softest hearted man you ever saw. I've known him send money to the starving heroine in a play at the theater, and once he bought a pound of bird to grease a squeaking pedal part wheel. The vehicle seemed to be in pain, he said, and it brought tears to his eyes to witness its apparent suffering.

"While my grandfather was walking along he noticed a large yellow spider in the street. It was a beautiful creature and the old gentleman paused a moment to admire its gorgeous coloring. Just then a wagon dashed up and in another moment the spider would have been crushed to death beneath the wheels. At the risk of his life grandfather stopped the horse and bore the frightened spider to a place of safety.

"It seemed somewhat dazed and unable to care for itself, and he finally put it in a little box and carried it up to his room. There he whittled away the time feeding it flies and otherwise ministering to its comfort. At length the supper bell rang, and grandfather left his little guest crawling about the room and having a splendid time.

"At supper the tough skinned natives looked at my relative's delicate features and exchanged wicked winks. They thought of the feast the mosquitoes would have. But he went to bed and all night long he slept peacefully and undisturbed. That spider out of pure gratitude had woven a web over the bed and caught every mosquito that entered the room. When grandfather awoke it was killing the few that were not already dead. The story got out and there was such a rush to see the wonderful spectacle that the landlord charged an admittance fee and made a fortune out of it."

When he had finished, the silence was unbroken, save by the jerky ticking of Captain Basler's Waterbury, as it struggled to make up the fifteen minutes time it had lost in the last half hour.—Louisville Post.

Putting the Best Face Upon It.

Pommery was met by an old friend whom he had not seen for several years.

"Bless me, Pommery, oh boy, I'm glad to see you! You are looking well. How is it with you?"

"Fair to middling," replied Pommery.

"Married yet?"

"Yes."

"That's good."

"Not so very good. I married a shrew."

"Ah, that's bad."

"Not so very bad. She brought me ten cows."

"Indeed! That was good."

"Not so very good. I had it cut in sheep in a Texas ranch, and they all died of foot rot."

"Surely that was most unfortunate."

"Not so very unfortunate, for I sold the skins for more than the sheep cost me."

"That made ample amendment."

"Not so very ample. I laid out the money upon a house, and the house burned down with all that was in it."

"That was hard luck, surely."

"Not so very hard. My wife was in it."—New York Ledger.

A Discussion.

How candid some writers and especially Philadelphia editors appear to be, and how they do delight to give the public credit for being able to form a correct opinion on the question. We make this now from reading a paragraph copy of some fact in Dr. Baker's annual report in regard to cotton the south's staple. All through the report he is said to say the skimmilk board I put from the where his own printed report says (1 cent per cent—which is only one-tenth as much as the stage of cotton) is a professional failure. The idea is that thousands of readers take the statement for truth, just as it is printed.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Pretty girl bookkeepers are now a feature in many counties.

AN UNIQUE POULTRY HOUSE.

Description of a Florida House Which Hatch Eggs Sent on the Cheap Plan.

A correspondent writing to the Florida Dispatch, who has had seven years experience with the style of house shown in the cut, thus states its advantages:

The advantages are: Its cheapness, easily made, there is good ventilation without draft, it is not in summer and warm weather is not too hot, and in winter it is dry and warm. It is 24 feet long, 12 feet wide by 7 long. The frame is all 2 by 3 scantling, and posts 10 inches high. The floor 20 inches from the ground and 20 inches from the floor to the plate. The sides and ends are panels filled with 1½ inch round wire netting. The sides are held in place by battens. The end panels slide, and either end can be used as a door. The door is 4 inch matched stuff, and the roof frame is made light and covered with canvas or tarpaper. The rafters extend two inches below the plate, which protects the frame when the canvas rots out, but allows the air to circulate over the top and carry off the odor from the droppings. Twenty-five nests are solid to the space of the house so as to prevent a draft or current through the house and eggs.

The roosts are taken out from the house and can be lifted off to clean or move the house; in fact it only requires every crack and crevice can be got at to clean it. If made of light and dry material it will not weigh 400 pounds; two men, two years old, can carry it anywhere. The roosts are supported by two uprights to take it all to pieces when

A FLORIDA POULTRY HOUSE.

hangers at either end and are placed ten inches from the floor and twelve inches from the plates. In wet weather the fowls can have shelter under the house, it is high enough from the ground to be dry and healthy. For dates further north you can tack canvas on the sides and ends, which would make it warm enough.

There is no provision made for nest boxes, as we don't believe they should be in or attached to the house. We use barrels set on end with a 6 by 8 inch hole cawed out just above the second hoop. Make a cover that is considerably larger than the head of the barrel and you have a nesting place that will last a year if kept off the ground.

Rhubarb Culture.

Of all garden plants raised in the open ground rhubarb is the first to come into use in the early spring. Half a dozen of well established plants if properly cared for will furnish stalks enough for a family. Thus any lot holder in a town can afford to raise two to spare and keep his family supplied with the best cooking substitute for apples that we have. But it will not do to set out a few rhubarb plants in poor soil and leave the ground to pack down around them without any cultivation. They need high manuring and the earth around them should be kept in a loose, friable condition. For several years, writes a correspondent in the New York World, I have had the opportunity of observing the great difference in the quantity and quality of the product where they were well cared for and where they were neglected. When open headed barrels have been set over the plants the stalks have grown long and spindling and were very brittle and tender, and the flavor seemed improved. But I don't think the quantity is increased, and if it is continued long I believe it will enfeeble the plants. I have noticed also that there is a wide difference in the value of different varieties. I have two, one of which is much superior to the other both in yield and quality, but I do not know the name of either. Inquiries among the Chinese as one of the best. It takes so long to get producing plants from the seed that the best way is to propagate by roots or buds enough to have the crowns well covered. As the plants increase in size the roots may be subdivided to make other stalks. Plants from the seed will not always prove the same variety as the parent stalk.

Best Time to Hear Queens.

Dadant says that the best time to rear queens is in the spring when drones. Dr. O. M. Doolittle says during the summer months. R. L. Taylor says when the weather is warmest and the honey gathering greatest. James Holden thinks it depends on the locality. Eugene Secor suggests that the swarming season is best for most breeders.

Professor A. J. Cook thinks that the best time of year to rear queens is during the honey season, but with caution and wise planning and care, any time from May to September will do. The American Bee Journal says "Queens may be reared at any time during warm weather. The 'best time' is probably when the swarming is on, or when honey is coming in freely—but an experienced queen breeder can make the proper conditions at any suitable time."

Things Sold by Others.

The Spirit of the Farm says that the Lancaster County Farmer's Club sells all other breeds in the egg producing class.

Texas Farm and Ranch says a crop of corn can be grown and converted into bacon and lard in from eight to ten months.

Upon good soil acres of soda gave good results in tomato culture at Cardell, at the New Jersey station and at the Maryland station.

The Mark Lane Express says that the ewe and lamb both require hay—good hay. It is almost impossible to fatten lambs without good hay.

Some sugar cane growers claim that an improvement in the quality of cane can be effected by selecting two or three grains of seed from one seed. These can be taken out the shoots from these will be earlier and larger.

Judicial Humor.

A woman who has disclosed a romance was arraigned before Judge Robert Byrd to show cause for such disturbance, and she about the most home with her boisterous eloquence. In the midst of it Colonel Bob Ray walked in and asked Judge Byrd what the woman was charged with. "Well, I don't know, but I think she's charged with disturbance."

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Proprietors of the Famous Brands of RED "A" CROSS "A" LYE.

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MANUFACTURERS OF—

Fine Crystal and Colored Glass Table Ware, Bar Goods, Jars, Lamps, etc.

FOX STREET, N. S. PITTSBURG, PA.

For sale by Z. C. M. I. and dealers generally.

PLEASE REMEMBER!

That we are carry a Complete Line of

Disstons' Celebrated Saws,

Circular, both Solid & Chisel Point Teeth And TRIUMPH.

Also a Full Stock of other Renowned RASPS and FILES

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Star Horse Nails

Polished or Blued.

UNION HORSE NAIL CO.,

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FLOUR SACKS.

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BIRDS!

SPECIAL PRICES on German Canaries.

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THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY,

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THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

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SALT LAKE STEAM DYE WORKS

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Ladies' Clothes Cleaned and Dyed.

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FEATHERS CLEANED, DYED & CURLED.

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THE GREATEST SACRIFICE IN NEW GOODS EVER MADE OF THE CHOICEST HIGH GRADE NOVELTIES IN

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS

A Big Drive! Special for This Week Only!

AT 47½ CENTS.

1000 yards of Elegant Stripe, Check and Plaid Surahs, Choice Designs in Printed Chiffon Silks, New Colors of Dress Satins, all go for 47½c. These are worth 65c and $1.00.

825 yards Printed Pongees, 23 inches wide, worth $1.25, at 75c.

275 yards Black Satin Luxor, regular price $1.25, at 95c.

815 yards Black Satin Luxor, 22 inch, worth $1.00, at $1.17½.

400 yards Black Taffeta Silk, formerly $1.00, at 67½c.

225 yards Black Taffeta Silk, sold for $1.25, at 75c.

320 yards Black Silk Grenadine, reduced from $1.10, at 67½c.

At 19c. Fancy Plaid Dress Goods, worth 25c.

At 85½c. Bedford Cords in assorted colors, formerly 75c.

At 19½c. Double width Alpaca in all colors, formerly 25c.

At 25c. Diagonal Novelties, worth 50c.

At 50c. 40-inch Brilliantines, assorted colors, worth 65c.

At 87½c. All-Wool Serges, that have been selling for 50c.

NOVELTY SUITS.

A Choice Assortment of Novelty Suits at $2.75, $3.50, $4.50 and $5.00, are the Greatest Bargains ever offered in New Goods.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

This Department is receiving daily the Newest and Most Desirable Styles in Fashion Pattern Garments, highest novelties; Capes, Jackets, Ladies Blazers, Military Capes, Newmarkets, etc. These garments are stylish, fine in fit, at prices within the reach of all, ranging from $1.50 to $75.00 each. Come and look before you buy.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

Read of the Ringing Bargains offered to you in this Sale. NO SMOKE! NO WATER!

3 Cases of Outing Flannel, sold everywhere at 10c, 1st yard, for 5c.

100 pieces Extra Heavy Outing Flannel, sold elsewhere at $1.00 a suit, for $1.00.

250 pieces Madras Drapery, well worth 15c. a yard, at 5c.

100 pieces Fast Color Seersucker, 6½c. per yard.

300 pieces Dress Style Seersucker, Zephyr cloths, 10c. per yard.

150 pieces Anderson's Fine Zephyrs, imported, actual worth, 40c. per yard, at 22½c.

800 pieces New Dress Ginghams, 8½c. per yard. In all the Latest Novelties of Stripes and Plaids.

500 Pieces of Plain and Broken Checks, fast colors, 5c. per yard.

30-inch Muslin, Soft, Finest Bleached for 5c.

150 pieces Figured Challies, in dark and light effects, 5c.

1000 pieces Standard Prints, Spring styles, 5c.

500 pieces Good Prints, at 4c.

500 pieces Spring Prints, Light ground, 5c.

500 pieces Printed Foulards, cheap at 10c., for 7½c.

125 pieces Crash, 18-in. all Linen for 5c.

75 pieces Checked Glass Linen, pure linen, 6½c.

20 pieces 70-inch Cream Table Linen, worth 85c, for 49c.

100 Table Linen Sets, less than cost.

Suitings in all the New Colorings and Effects, from 10c. to 40c. per yard.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.—We have the Cheapest and Largest Variety in the City.

NEW GOODS in Every Department.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

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MUST MOVE!

SALT LAKE EQUITABLE CO-OP.

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HATS!

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