TELEGRAPHIC.

TWO ALTERNATIVES.

Repeal Senators Must Compromise or Be Defeated.

CLOTURE NOT ON THE PROGRAM.

One Proposition Discussed and Said to Be Meeting With Great Favor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8.—As a last extremity the cloture is not to be invoked by the American Senate. A heavy majority of the members are in favor of unconditional repeal, but this majority has been carefully polled, and it declares that the conditions were not such as to warrant a radical departure from the time-honored traditions of the Senate that would be necessary to secure a cloture of debate and force the repeal bill to a final vote. The conference daily held between the President and leading senators, participated in almost invariably by Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle, has been full of promise, not of the passage of a bill unconditionally repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, but of the bill, amended by such additions as to give it an unmistakable garb of compromise.

One by one the senators who openly expressed themselves in favor of unconditional repeal, and they are nearly three-fifths of the United States Senate, have been convinced as to the inexpediency of the cloture rule, and the result has been that less than thirty of the eighty-five senators have expressed themselves in favor of resorting to such extreme measures. This startling innovation from the traditions of the Senate, therefore, will not be part of the record to be left behind by this extraordinary session.

With the proposition for cloture finally abandoned, there remain but two alternatives for the repeal senators—compromise, or defeat at the hands of filibusterers; not in the open guise of filibusters, but in repeated demands for a call of the Senate and resort to other parliamentary properties to prolong indefinitely the debate. No one can doubt that of these two alternatives the one promising the greater benefit appears likely to be chosen, and that is for a compromise. A series of conferences is to be held from time to time until the end of next week, when it is hoped a clear majority will be founded welded to a proposition which will not be opposed by the minority with enough vehemence to lead to filibustering opposition. A proposition of compromise now under discussion and meeting with great favor provides that, coupled with the bill repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, there shall be a law requiring the secretary of the treasury to buy monthly a considerably reduced amount of silver bullion and to actually coin this bullion into money. The secretary of the treasury is also to be given ample power to protect all the gold and currency and money of the United States, and make it interchangeable. In addition to this the national banks of the United States are to be permitted to issue national notes to an aggregate equal to the face value of United States bonds on deposit. Concessions to the state banks are also discussed.

THE GEARY ACT.

It Will Be Enforced and War Ships Sent to China.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The Cabinet met today and it is understood the topics which came up for consideration included the government finances, the Hawaiian question, the trouble in Brazil and the Chinese exclusion act. It is believed to be settled that the government will enforce the Geary act to the full extent of the funds available for that purpose and Congress will be asked to make additional appropriations to enable a thorough enforcement of the law.

In view of the practical determination of the government to enforce the Geary law, and the belief that the Chinese will not accept this action peacefully, arrangements have been made to strengthen the United States naval force in Chinese waters. Nearly the entire present force of wooden vessels will be replaced by new iron ships. The change is now in progress.

Doctors Adjourn.

WASHINGTON, D. D., Sept. 8.—The pan-American medical congress, which has been in session here for the last four days, adjourned today. Nearly all the Mexican and South American delegates will visit the World's Fair before returning home. The principal papers read today were those of Dr. Holt of New York and Dr. Baker of Michigan. They endeavored to show that epidemic disease can be exterminated only at its source—the yellow fever in Cuba or Brazil and the cholera in India. Members of the congress representing boards of health in Illinois, Michigan, Louisiana, Missouri, Minnesota and other states adopted a resolution that a thorough disinfection of the baggage of all ships carrying immigrants at the port of entry must shall thus be enforced.

A New Ocean Racer.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The new Cunard Lucania arrived from Queenstown this evening on her maiden trip, which she made in six days, 15 hours and 4 minutes. When it is considered that her engines were not in thorough working order, the remarkable features of her run will be seen. It conclusively proves that the new steamship is second to none in point of speed and several remarkable performances.

A Theatrical Manager Dead.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—H. M. Hosley, aged 71, the well-known theatrical manager, died this afternoon. He has been unconscious since yesterday. The primary cause of death was disease of the liver. A surgical operation was performed Sunday, weakening his hold on life.

Union Pacific Trouble.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 8.—An agent of the Union Pacific employes' organization is authority for the statement that there is a widespread sentiment of mutiny among men on the western divisions of the road. He returned late tonight from a trip through Wyoming. There is general opposition to the proposed cut, and the radical wing of the western division comes out on top in the present discussion of the situation. A volcano of discontent may suddenly cause considerable trouble in the entire system.

Reduction of Wages.

STURBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 8.—The Smith & Wesson revolver manufacturers posted a notice of a general reduction in wages. A probable reduction in the tariff at some future time is given as the cause of it.

New York Banks Contracted.

SEATTLE, Sept. 8.—At a meeting of the Seattle Clearing House Association today the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the course of the New York city banks during the recent crisis, in which they were sustained by the comptroller of the currency, should be commended by the people of the entire country as wise, patriotic and of the widest popular benefit, preventing disaster and allaying alarm.

Cheyenne Bank Resumes.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 8.—This evening Bank Examiner Foster received a telegram from the comptroller of the currency authorizing him to turn the First National bank over to its officers. The bank will resume business in the morning.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Idaho—Mrs. Sarah Cressman, Delamar, vice K. appointed.

Wyoming—Mrs. Esther Downey, Powder River, vice Linville, removed.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Irish Home Rule Bill Defeated in the House of Lords.

The Trouble Among the Miners in England.—Foreigners in China.—Europe's Navies.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A significant feature of the home rule discussion in the house of lords is the fact that a special police force was ordered to report for duty in the palace yards in front of the house of parliament, in order to be ready for immediate action in case of hostile demonstrations against the lords when the latter left the building after division on the home rule bill.

The house presented a brilliant and almost unprecedented spectacle when, at 10 p. m., Lord Salisbury rose to deliver the last speech in opposition to the home rule bill. The house was crowded, as well as all the approaches. Lord Salisbury was loudly cheered when he arose. In the course of his speech he said: "The proposed retention of Irish members in the commons is an outrage so enormous and grotesque that I am surprised that any responsible government should suggest it. (Cheers.) All the arguments of the government showed their policy to be one of despair. They have no right to take a step which endangers the existence, happiness and prosperity of the Irish people. The men who would govern Ireland, should the bill pass, are those who have been found guilty of a criminal conspiracy. Should we not be in a worse position than at present if we entrusted Ireland to such men, in the event of trouble with the United States or any other foreign power? (Loud cheers.) If you allowed this atrocious, treacherous bill to pass, you would be untrue to the duty which descended to you from a splendid ancestry."

The earl of Kimberly spoke for the bill on behalf of the government, and a division was then taken, resulting in 419 against the bill and 41 for it.

When the result reached the people it was received with vociferous shouting.

An analysis of the vote shows that the twenty-five bishops and archbishops who were present at the division all voted with the majority.

THE RIOTOUS MINERS.

The Trouble in the Coal Mining Districts of England.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Lord Tredegar's colliery, near Pontypool, was so badly wrecked that it will require at least three weeks to repair it. The shooting there last evening by the troops of eight rioters, two of whom have since died, has caused much commotion among the strikers, who are gathering from all points, vowing vengeance.

From different sections of Yorkshire come reports that the striking miners are rioting and destroying the property of their employers. Troops have been sent to all sections where trouble is occurring. The people are much alarmed. Thousands of pounds of damage is already done, and the work of destruction continues. Shops and saloons are being pillaged and ships destroyed.

On the other hand, 30,000 Welsh miners resumed work today, and it is hoped their action will have a beneficial effect upon the English miners, who are now in a state of extreme excitement. The North Staffordshire miners also agreed to resume work at the old wages. There is great distress among the miners in Derbyshire. The men there are literally starving.

Dispatches received this evening from Pontefract say another of the wonderful riots is feared. The military and police are on guard at the various points where rioting occurred.

ANTI-FOREIGN POLICY.

The Chinese Emperor Advised to Exterminate Strangers.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A dispatch to the Standard from Shanghai says Viceroy Li Hung Chang, who is a notorious hater of foreigners, is reported to have addressed a petition to the emperor advocating the extermination of all foreigners in China.

Europe Strengthening Her Navies.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The estimates for new war vessels, as announced in the Queen's speech, are: Italy, [illegible] Russia, [illegible] Germany, [illegible] Italy, [illegible].

The Revolution in Brazil.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 8.—It is reported that the insurgent war vessels have left Rio Janeiro for Santos, with the intention of seizing that port, joining to the revolutionary movement in Rio Grande do Sul. Governor Oliveira of this province has resigned.

MONTEVIDEO, Sept. 8.—No demonstration of the capital by the naval squadron is now feared, because the four ships of other nations at present in the harbor have decided that they will not allow it. It is believed the insurgents are planning to carry on a sort of guerilla warfare by water along the coast, and are recruiting again with an idea of combining forces with the Rio Grande do Sul insurgents. The general impression here, however, is that the revolt will collapse through lack of co-operation from land forces. The loyalty of Rio's men has fully assured.

May Not Have Been Cholera.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The local government board reports that the preliminary examination of the remains of the sharewoman employed in the house of commons does not show that the disease was distinguishable as Asiatic cholera.

ANOTHER VETERAN GONE.

One More Member of Zion's Camp Crosses the Silent River.

Correspondence Deseret News.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31, 1893.—I deem it sadness to convey to the readers of the News information of the death of John M. Chidester, on the 23th inst. The deceased was born on the 22d of January, 1816, at Pompey, Onondaga county, N. Y. He joined the Church in the spring of 1835, and left Missouri, where he was baptized, to join Zion's camp. He effected a junction with the camp some sixty miles from Kirtland and passed through all the vicissitudes of that memorable march. He suffered with the Saints in Missouri, and like them was driven by the mob from place to place. At one time during the Missouri troubles he was caught by the mob and condemned to death by hanging, for, as they said, the theft of a horse. Lodowrick by threats to make him swear to the stealing, they only succeeded in arousing his indignation until he unmanfully informed them that the first one who laid his finger on him he would "lay out." The upraising of part of the mob was spoken in his behalf and they swore with an oath such a brave man should be set at liberty.

Driven from his home in Missouri he went with his young family to Quincy, Ill., and after a year's sojourn there, settled in Commerce, afterwards Nauvoo.

In 1842 he went back to Michigan on a mission, and succeeded in converting and baptizing his mother, brother and sister.

In the expulsion of the Saints from Nauvoo Brother Chidester built and ran a ferry boat across the Mississippi river, and from the opening of the river in the spring of 1846 until the last Saint who wished to cross, Brother Chidester continued to ply his vocation.

Leaving the Mississippi, he wintered at Garden Grove, and the following year went on to Council Bluffs. Locating in Perrysville, he built a grist mill for grinding corn. It was run by horse power and proved a great convenience for the Saints.

In 1851 he landed in Utah and after wintering in Salt Lake went to Bountiful. In 1853 he moved to Spanish Fork and passed through the Indian troubles of that time. In 1859 he spent the winter in Farley's Fort, and in 1859 moved to Salt Lake City where he lived in the Sixteenth ward, until called to 1862 to Dixie. He settled in Washington and has remained there ever since.

He was intimately acquainted with the Prophets Joseph and Hyrum, and it was his enlivening joy to the last to bear testimony of their virtue and of the great work they were instrumental in founding in the latter days. Unfaltering and undaunted in the cause of Zion, he was yet humble as a child.

Father Chidester was the parent of nine children, six of whom survive him. He was grandfather to 54 children, 39 of whom are now living. His great grandchildren number 72, of whom 64 survive.

May he rest in peace until the morning of the resurrection.

S. H. M. S.

Have you tried Gold Band Coffee. If not you have a genuine treat in store.

Cheap but good. The Gold Band Coffee is now on the high road to become the people's favorite.

Gold Band Coffee is a quick seller this is evidence that it is popular with the consumers.

Geneva, Geneva.

On Sunday, Sept. 10th, a special train will leave the Rio Grande Western depot for Geneva, at 1 p. m. Special leaves Geneva at 5 p.m. on return trip. The attractions at this new resort are simply great. The boating is fine, bathing good, and the fishing excellent. The splendid hotel is in full operation, and a more delightful Sunday cannot be spent anywhere. Hoyle's band will be there.

University of Utah.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

The Fall Term begins at 9 A.M., Monday, Sept. 18th, 1893.

The University has been greatly strengthened by additions to its faculty of music, (including a conservatory and specialists in their line, and by purchases of books, apparatus and appliances.

The following courses are offered:

1. CLASSICAL, three years.
2. GENERAL SCIENCE, four years.
3. LITERARY, four years.
4. SCIENTIFIC, six years (including two years preparatory).
5. NORMAL, six years (including two years preparatory).
6. LITERARY, six years (including two years preparatory).
7. MUSIC, three years.
8. NORMAL, three years (including two years preparatory).

The first five of these courses lead to degrees.

A preparatory school designed to prepare students to pass any of the University courses is open to persons of both sexes over 14 years of age.

Students are admitted without charge for tuition to any course they are prepared to pursue. There is an annual admission fee of $5.00 for residents of Utah, and $10.00 for non-residents.

Students may receive permits for reduced fares over the railways in Utah.

For further information apply to

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I MAKE A SPECIALTY of Pure California Wines. [illegible] Sherry, Port, Tokay, etc. Mission, Riesling, Cutter, Zinfandel, Hock, Claret, Sauterne, Burgundy, Hock, Sauterne, Burgundy, Hock, Sauterne, Burgundy, Hock