The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock EDITION.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 52 WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1895, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

CONQUERING DEATH.

Another Startling Triumph of Medical Science Reported.

CONSUMPTION NOW CURABLE

By Means of Anti-Tuberculosis Serum—Wonderful Results Obtained by a Physician.

St. Louis, Jan. 22.—A local paper states that at the meeting of the St. Louis Medical Society last Saturday evening Dr. Paul Paquin, for many years a member of the state board of health, will present a report which will attract the attention of the medical world. But few intimate professional friends have been advised of the experiments which have been in progress for years and which have resulted in the discovery of an anti-tuberculosis serum. For more than four years Dr. Paquin has worked secretly on the great problem.

It is reported that his recent success has derived him to make it public at as early a date as he can positively formulate the results for a report. Dr. Paul Paquin has been investigating consumption in one in various stages of animals for several years, having began his researches at the same university when he had a chair in that institution.

Dr. Paquin has utilized the principle underlying the natural immunity conferred by the horse against consumption, and the principle by which anti-toxine for diphtheria is produced, and he has obtained a serum which, when introduced in human beings suffering from consumption, arrests or checks the disease.

The technical features of the preparation of the anti-tuberculosis serum involve elaborate and delicate laboratory processes, requiring considerable space to explain and a degree of technical knowledge to comprehend.

The prevalence of the malady, the enormous of their power, the size of the doses, the immunization of immune animals, the test of the therapeutic value of the serum subsequently extended, are all matters of the first importance in the preparation of the serum. The process of preparation is now not requires the greatest care, which it is very costly.

The serum has been used in the treatment of many cases, and is administered in the form of injections. In giving one thousand thousand units of antitoxin vacuum, except two trivial cases, incidental to carelessness, in two or three weeks of the treatment the effects become apparent, especially in the 2nd and second stages. The temperature becomes normal, the cough diminishes, night sweats cease and the appetite is restored. Vigor and tone return to the system and astonishing increase in weight is observed. The patient believes that he has found in this immunized blood serum of the horse the simple cure and preventative of the dreaded disease, which is the various forms, is responsible for one-sixth of the human race, early in seventy per cent of the yearly mortality. Dr. Paquin has pursued his investigations quietly. The results he expects to present in a paper to be read before the St. Louis Medical society next Saturday evening, which, with the history of the experiments and research, occupying a number of years, together with the mode of employing serum and the happy results achieved will all be presented for consideration and scientific enquiries either.

Fell Dead in Kitchen.

MAYS LANDING, N. J., Jan. 23.—Frank Burgess, a miner employed on the farm of Captain Wm. Burgess, his uncle, near the Camden and Atlantic railway at Hammonton, is dead as the result of a fall from a chair while reaching for a jar of molasses on a shelf in the kitchen. The poor fellow at Burgess comes through the death of Benjamin Burgess, his mother's brother, living in Millionaire, Australia. Burgess was notified of his fortune by a lawyer who visited a few days ago at the home of his uncle. The lawyer urged Burgess to accompany him back to New York and take a steamer for Australia, and although the visitor offered to pay all the expenses Burgess seemed to go.

Digging for Water and Found Gold.

FORT JANUS, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Julius Mason, living in Pike county, at Bingham's Ferry, while digging a well on his farm a short time ago, unexpectedly struck a vein of rock. He noticed something bright in the loose rock and found it to be gold. The owner says that it is a rumble and south to New York and received a reply that it was gold. Mason is very reticent about the affair.

Hurricane Escape.

BRIDGEPORT, Ala., Jan. 23.—During the heavy rain and hail storm which prevailed now Sunday night, a tenement frame house three miles east of town was blown about ninety feet from its foundation. The building being made two complete revolutions, leaves on its side intact. The family, consisting of Mont Mathis, his wife and three children, were in bed at the time of the accident and escaped injury except Mrs. Mathis, whose arm was dislocated. Every article in the house in the house was destroyed and the walls were entirely stripped of plastering. Had Mr. Mathis been injured the family would have been disabled, as the sum amount Mr. Mathis had was extinguished with the last building.

SITUATION IN FRANCE.

Premeditated Danger from the Increasing Power of the Radicals.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Paris correspondent of the Times, in a dispatch to the journal says the extreme danger of the rapid increase of radical power in the French parliament. During several months the radicals have added a hundred votes and now need only twenty-five to command a majority in the Senate and twenty-five to command a majority in the Chamber of Deputies. Such a majority would mean a collision of irreconcilable

[illegible]

AFTER SIXTY YEARS.

Convicted of the Murder of a Prominent Citizen of Ohio.

LORAIN, Ohio, Jan. 23.—One night three years ago Albert Mulner, a prominent citizen of this city, was shot and killed by assassins, who fired through the window of his office. The murder created intense excitement at the time, and led to the perpetrators were to violence. Twelve jurors later, when the murder has been almost forgotten, William Hayes, one of the conspirators, turned state's evidence and made a full confession, implicating August Grossman, August Fuhrman, Charles Vogelgesang and Henry Jordan, all of whom were highly respected farmers. The five were promptly arrested. Their conviction followed and they were sent to the state prison for life. Two weeks ago the prisoners were affirmed the conviction of Hayes and sentence here, but been had affirming the conviction of the other four conspirators. Both of the convictions has a large bearing.

TEMPLE LOT SUIT AGAIN.

Called in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

The Case is Between the "Reorganized Church" and the "Church of Christ" Continued.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 22.—The long pending case brought by the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints against the Church of Christ, at Independence, was called in the United States circuit court of appeals today. It is an action instituted to recover possession of certain church property, claimed by the adherents of the Reorganized Church.

In the court below, Judge Thomas and his wife deeded the property to the Church of Christ of Latter-day Saints, for the use and benefit of the said Church of Christ, trustee. The defendants contend that this Reorganized Church is the same Church as was originally incorporated, and the investigation of this proposition leads to a review of the Church of the Church, going at least as far back as Nauvoo and the expulsion from Missouri. The defendants, who were compelled to remain at Independence for many years are known as "Hedrickites."

They insist that when Joseph Smith, at Nauvoo, Ill., introduced the doctrine of polygamy, baptism for the dead, etc., he introduced a schism in the Church and this departure from the original tenets of the Church was of such a nature as to constitute a schism. The system introduced by Joseph Smith is alleged to be foreign to that adopted by the adherents of the Church as originally founded by Joseph Smith. The defendants, the Hedrickites, claim that have always repudiated polygamy as a crime to be punished by death, and they have even been treasonable antagonists to the Utah nation. They deny the claim of the plaintiffs to their property on doctrinal grounds, while they also assert that they are about the same in number as they were at the schism, as long ago as 1852, years before Joseph Smith's second revelation concerning polygamy.

In the court below the United States circuit court of Kansas City, Judge Philips presiding, the defendants prevailed. Wednesday the defendants appealed.

Suffered Four Shipwrecks.

NEW YORK, Conn., Jan. 23.—The late Capt. Frank Hudson, master of the Norwich Stephen's steamer, was the only man who survived four shipwrecks. He was saved from the wreck of his vessel, the Hudson, off Long Island, in 1884, when his wife and three children were lost. He was saved from the wreck of the Stephens off Long Island, in 1886, when his wife and three children were lost. He was saved from the wreck of the Stephens off Long Island, in 1887, when his wife and three children were lost. He was saved from the wreck of the Stephens off Long Island, in 1888, when his wife and three children were lost. He was married a third matrimonial venture. Mrs. Shaw is 77, has outlived four husbands and says she will outlive this one.

THE KATY PROBLEM.

Preparation to Emigrate Negroes to the Sandwich Islands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.—A proposition is being agitated among members of the Senate and House of Representatives, committee and officials of the state department, and is novel if impracticable. It is a revival of the various deportation schemes which have from time to time originated with a view of solving the race problem in the south by exporting the negro to Hawaii. It is urged that the climate is similar to that of the south; the agricultural industries are practically identical and the conditions of life and surroundings would not necessitate a material change.

It is said that the senate committee on foreign relations is strongly in favor of this suggestion.

New Jersey's Sick Tonnage.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Senator Sewell, chairman of the Pacific railway commission, will probably make a report to the Senate today. It is a voluminous document, devoted exclusively to the review of the history of the various Pacific roads. It makes no recommendation whatever. It is not in society for the purpose of enlightening people in the subject of the question, so that the House passes the Hill bill.

Drinking the Lessons.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—One million two hundred thousand dollars in gold was withdrawn from the sub-treasury today.

Nebraska Legislature Earnest.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 23.—The most exciting scene in the legislature occurred last night. The Barrett bill (pending was under discussion and amendments were made to the resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee to investigate the charges of Senator Edward Rosewater, Democrat, who is editor of the Omaha Bee. The resolution was that the house denounce the lynching of Charles Smith, a negro, which occurred in Omaha, Oct. 10, 1894, and in which several members of the best citizens of Omaha took part. The whole house was in uproar, several members standing on their desks and shouting vainly for recognition.

Howard greatly said that he thought it only right to raise an controversy between white and colored citizens. The bill was taken, the Republicans standing by the resolution on the floor. Mr. Roberts, the colored member from Omaha, stood, and in a trembling passion denounced the resolution because he deserting the colored man in this way.

Several members wished leave to change their votes. The changes were agreed to and the motion to lay on the table was lost. Then the motion to denounce the Smith lynching was carried by a vote of 30 to 12.

Confederation the Main Topic.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Jan. 23.—Confederation is the main topic of conversation here. The government will send a delegation to Canada immediately to negotiate terms. The delegation is likely to consist of Premier Thorburn, Premier Whiteway and ex-Premier Bemoyer Rowe. For instance to expedition to attend the question of a plebiscite in May, when it is almost certain to be carried.

VICTIM OF THE STRIKE.

Gun Life Sacrificed—Many Injured—Other Strike Reported.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 23.—At least one life has been sacrificed in the strike of the motormen and conductors of the trolley lines. Henry Abel, who, for disregarding the order to halt, was shot by a sentinel at the Gates avenue depot. The injured can be counted by scores, but none have been killed under circumstances which might not be properly ascribed to the rules for sentinel guards above.

This is the busy day of the strike and all the road large in the business. The railroad companies are opened the road as fast as mechanical arrangements go, but at present they have received only one car. Despite the assurances of Mayor Boland that the authority now in his hands is sufficient to do all that is required of it, it is believed by far more's report that additional troops will be sent in readiness for an emergency.

In every quarter of the city the cars were stoned during the night and the stables and car houses were vacated to a military encampment with guns. Few of the motormen were armed. On early last the Gaston car barns stopped work, but to no sale to cars, they have not been called out as an organization. It is probable that electricians and expert mechanics may also refuse to continue work. Several new lines, it is expected, will be opened on today.

The excitement began today about 9:30 o'clock, when a wagon load with about a dozen machines was arrived in company from New York.

At Flushing street and Tiers avenue the cars were had spatters and a lot of stones were thrown at the troopers and the wagon. The troopers charged the mob and drove them back into tenements and down the side streets.

Until 8:00 o'clock the number of cars in operation was about half that of yesterday. The Fulton street and Flatbush lines succeeded in getting only one car out, one through to the depot. The reason is that the lines have been cut and the line men refused to repair them. The companies are also short of motormen. The line men say they will not strike in a body, or the motormen return to help them. A year ago when they had officially with the companies.

Fifty sisters had a fight with the sisters at Fifth avenue and Twenty-fourth street. One sister got a black eye, being beaten with hose knuckles. Two injured is really used by the sisters and many prisoners and soldiers are suffering from sore eyes.

During the night the sisters at Twenty-ninth street and Fifth avenue were fired at by sisters. None of the soldiers were injured. They fired in the direction whence the shots came, but probably without effect.

At 8:15 today a crowd gathered in front of Greenwich College hotel and jeered at the non-union men at Bingham's depot. Companies G and D of the Seventh regiment charged on the mob and succeeded in dispersing it. No shots were fired.

During the trouble at the intersection of Myrtle and Gates avenues, soldiers fire two sisters into the Old Fellows hall, by direction of the executive committee. D. A. 75, K. of L., application was made for a writ of habeas corpus from the supreme court. The court ordered that Mr. Abee be produced before the court at 4 o'clock. It is alleged Mayor Schieren has under advisement the matter of asking the attorney general to revoke the charters of the railroad companies, for violation of law in not running the cars as the charters demand.

This Carney was shot in the side by a soldier this afternoon. Carney had thrown stones from the roof of a building on Myrtle street on the soldiers below. He will probably die.

IN CHINA.

Foreigners Entertained for the Outlying Riverine Stations.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—A dispatch from China to says reports from all the foreign warships have been handed to protect the consulates. Advices to the Pall Mall Gazette under date of Dec. 5, published late afternoon, report that panic-stricken Chinese fleeing the interior and Chinese Sea on account of the probability of Japanese soldiers to the city. The Chinese troops were said to be upon a point of mutiny. It is added that owing to diplomatic difficulties, a year can not be said any time before the foreign warships without orders from their governments to do so. But the signal gun sounds and all are to return to the nearest day and night. The correspondent says: All men in Kiangsu, numbering about 70, are armed and are able to hold the Chinese in check until help arrives. But "Jap help the outlying American stations." [illegible]

Riots on Parole Reformers.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 23.—At a joint meeting of the legislature today the resolution of General Sewell as United States senator was rejected.

Incendiary Fires.

ROCHESTER, Ills., Jan. 23.—Shelby St. Clair was today formally discharged by the grand jury. Yesterday he was re-elected D. B. senator in joint assembly.

SEN. JONES'S PLAN.

His Financial and Currency Bill as Laid Before the Senate.

PROVISION FOR ISSUE OF BONDS.

National Bank Notes to be Issued Equal to the Bonds Deposited With the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—In Senator Jones's financial and currency bill, introduced today, authority is given the secretary of the treasury to issue $500,000,000 bonds, payable in coin of current value and bearing interest. The bonds are to mature in thirty years from date and may be redeemed in twenty years. The proceeds of the bonds are to be used to carry the current expenses of the government and for the redemption of United States legal tender and Treasury notes issued under the act of July 14, 1890. The bonds are to be of denominations of $1,000 and multiples, and be free from taxes. They may be paid for in gold, of the seventy-two million United States notes and treasury notes issued under the act of 1890. The national banks may deposit consolidated notes to the amount of the bonds deposited with the secretary of the treasury, and the banks may be permitted to issue notes to the amount of 100 per cent.

Upon a deposit of bonds the secretary of the treasury shall certify to the comptroller of the currency, who shall issue to the depositing national bank such notes as are equal to 90 per cent of their outstanding circulating notes, to be used for the redemption of such notes.

Section 2 provides for the disbursement of all national banks of the United States treasury notes or United States notes, paid into them, with silver certificates.

Governor Selects for Senator.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 23.—The legislature in joint session at noon today elected Governor Nelson United States senator to succeed Washburn. The first vote was taken: Nelson, 92; Rosewater, 32; Comstock, 12; McGovern, 1; Donnelly, 13; John Lind, 1; Mitchell, 1.

Applications for Receivers.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Jan. 23.—Co-Partners William Dewes and other merchants of the San Antonio and Gulf Shore railroad have filed application for receiver.

The Chinese Still Missing.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., Jan. 23.—No things at the Steamer Chemoa had been received to 10 o'clock today.

Damage by Fire.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 23.—The Winchester repeating arms factory was burned during the morning. The fire, however, was soon under control and the damage was slight.

Killed by an Explosion.

SOMERSET, Ky., Jan. 23.—About 11:00 last night the keg of powder was exploded beside the cabins of the Tennessee Coal company, killing five men and causing the entire to cave in on them.

The bodies of the miners killed were recovered today. They are: Albert Hall, James Wilson, James Coffee, Robert Hill, and Nine Fitzsimmons.

Commercial Travelers in Session.

EVERMAN, Kan., Jan. 23.—At a meeting of commercial travelers to represent the Fourth or Fourteenth district of Wyandotte in succession to the late Congressman Kelley, Jonas Martin, the vote was as follows: Col. Long, conservative, 4,709; E. Irving, Democratic, 3,985, a conservative majority of 1,115. The conservative majority was increased from 1,000 to 1,115, a gain of 500.

To Protect the Consulate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Admiral Carpenter has called the navy department that he has issued instructions at Chee Foo for the protection of the consulate. He reports that the commanders of the French and German war ships have proceed the same course. A dispatch from Minister Denby reports that the Chinese peace plenipotentiaries will leave Shanghai on the 19th inst., by a French mail steamer, for Japan.

Income Tax Suit.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—A petition of John G. Moore for mandamus against Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller to prevent the collection of the income tax was overruled this morning by Judge Hagner, in the district equity court. The case will now be taken on appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

Lord Churchill of Death's Door.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Lord Randolph Churchill has passed a bad night and early this morning death seemed certain in a short time.

C. P. Foreclosure Suit.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—At a meeting of the executive board of the Union Pacific, the interlocutory suit brought at St. Louis by the first mortgage bondholders was discussed and a resolution adopted instructing the company's counsel to take such steps in the future conduct of the case, as would best observe the interests of the stockholders.

SENATE PRIVATE PROCEEDING.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Senator Palmer introduced a bill today directing that the senate mortgage bonds of the Union Pacific railroad be payable in silver dollars. The bill provides further that if there are not enough silver dollars coined and in the treasury, the secretary will then the option in the treasury enough to meet the debt. "I do not expect to see the bill passed this session," said Palmer, "but it will serve to circulate the proceedings commenced in the Federal courts at St. Louis to foreclose these senior mortgages."

The Illinois senator thinks the proceeding in court is in the nature of a mandate, to force Congress to pass a bill extending the time of the payment of the debt to the government.

For the Hawaiian Commission.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—There is a quite active movement on foot in Harvard to the establishment of a professorship either covering the Hawaiian language or the Hawaiian tongue. The names of two men have been mentioned in connection with the new professorship. One of these is Prince Valkenski, a Russian nobleman, who claims high to the relationship of the imperial government. Last year he delivered a course here. The other man who has been mentioned is Nathan Hosford Dole, a graduate of Harvard in '87.

Doctor Baker Formally Elected.

TOPEKA, Jan. 23.—Lucien Baker was formally elected United States senator today in the joint session. In a speech Baker declared himself in favor of both gold and silver as money, bimetallism or going.

Election Notice.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 23.—The election of Thomas H. Herron as United States senator was notified today in joint session.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Hale offered an amendment to the diplomatic and consular bill in the Senate today, providing that no law passed by the Hawaiian Islands with the United States.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The reply from Secretary Gresham to Dingley's resolution calling for information relative to the Fate of the congressmen in the Spring was received today, and was laid before the House today, coupled with Dingley's statement as to the material situation. He declared that Secretary Gresham's response showed that the Fate negotiations had been a fiat failure. Although the government's bonds were all used to take 25,000 mule seats from the market, they have not been able to find buyers, while the Canadian pacific seaboard and Japan's 4 per cent bonds.

In four years, says Dingley, Secretary Gresham contended within three years, five at most, if the situation went on, the Alaskan seal herds would be exterminated. The treasury would lose a vast sum and the world would be deprived of an article of luxury and comfort. Dingley intended that such drastic should be immediately made supplanted with the best means and to unite for the protection of the seal. Congress would take action before adjourning.

BE WOULD PLAY TRUANT.

Willie Arthur, of Park City, Sent to the Reform School.

A lad of fifteen named Willie Arthur was taken before Chief Justice Maginnis in chambers this morning and ordered to be sent to the Ogden Reform School.

The complaint against him had been filed by E. C. Williamson, president of the board of school trustees for district 11, Park City. It charged him with being a habitual truant from school, and it appeared that all efforts on the part of his widowed mother, who resides at the Park, to induce him to attend school had proved futile. He has been and has from Park City by U. S. Commissioner Hoagin to be dealt with by the Park district court.

Young Arthur does not appear to be much distressed over the prospect of his detention in the Reform school, and says that if he behaves himself well he "expects to get out in about six months."

Ball of the Local "Carls."

A committee of well known Scandinavians, of which C. A. Carlquist is the chairman, have in charge the matter of giving the first annual ball of the "Carls" of this city, at Cole's dancing academy on Monday, January 28. In the invitation being sent out the committee say: "Feeling that such a ball would be a pleasant reminder of the good times enjoyed in the Land of Carls on this Carls' day, we believe that all who make a pleasant ball will embrace the opportunity now offered. We have arranged with one of the Carls, the Tivoli's, floorer, to speak on Carls History for fifteen minutes during recess."

Chinese New Year.

The Chinese New Year will begin tomorrow, Thursday midnight, and festivities of an oriental character will be inaugurated at that time and extend over a period of several days. The celebration will cover all parts of the country where natives of the Flowery Kingdom are found and the Mongolians of Salt Lake will endeavor to keep in with the procession.

HONG HOP GOES SCOTT FREE.

The Salt Lake Chinaman Proves Innocent of the Crime of Arson in Chicago—He Arrives Here.

Justice Lynn, in a Chicago court, according to the Daily News of that city one day last week, announced his decision in the Ceola-Tie conspiracy case, holding Ceola to the grand jury under bonds of $2,000 and Chin Tie under 500 bonds.

The small court room was crowded when the judge began to render his finding in the case. Ceola was sitting a few feet away from the bench and constantly turned his head to the centre scene him. It is not after that a defendant is handled so entirely without gloves, so to speak, as was Ceola by Justice Lynn. From the time the judge began it was evident that the "fine impression" was going to be hard to break the action of the grand jury.

"Throughout this whole trial," said the justice, "there has not been a fragment of evidence to show that Ah Hong (also Hong Hop, the Salt Lake Chinaman mentioned, who motioned a white girl) and Hong Hong (the Chicago witness) were party to any scheme, real or imaginary. Before both were in hotel, and Ceola was also before in carrying on the proceedings against them."

Ceola and Chin Tie were charged with conspiring to induce Ah Chinaman to set fire. The Ah Chinaman, Ah Hong and Hong Hong, were acquitted by the action and were brought in court to Judge Tuley's court. Ceola discovered that were made to the Ah Hong, immediately were dismissed and Tie Wheeler were committed to jail. The warrants for the arrest of Ceola and Tie Wee were sent out as a result of the strange termination of the trial in Judge Tuley's court.

Marriage Licenses.

The county clerk this morning issued a marriage license to Wm. J. Weeks, 22, of American Fork, and Margaret Dunnett, 19, of this city.

AS HAD BEEN EXPECTED.

The Sunpete Election Cases Will Be Carried to the Supreme Court.

Judge Bartch Having Taken Over Ruled the Defendants' Motion for a New Trial.

Before going upon the Supreme Court bench this morning Judge Bartch sat in chambers for a short time and heard what counsel had to say on the defendant's motion for a new trial in the election cases of J. D. Page et al. vs the members of the Utah Commission. The result was that his honor overruled the motion as to the injunction cases. The motion for a new trial was waived by counsel in regard to the prosecution cases, and the matter will now go to the Territorial Supreme Court upon an agreed statement of facts on appeal from the judgment roll.

It is stated that the appeal will be taken up during the present session of the Territorial Supreme Court.

THE ANSWER TO SINGER.

It Is Put in By the Copper Plant Company et al.

The Copper Plant company, W. S. McCormick et al, defendants in the suit filed on Monday by Edward P. Singer, have filed their answer to the complaint in which Singer asks that an unsecured deed of trust, securing promissory notes to the amount of $130,000, be adjudged prior to the mortgage deed of trust executed to A. Hanauer, trustee.

Defendants deny all the material allegations of the complaint, and allege that at the time of the execution and delivery of the unsecured deed it was agreed by the directors of the company and the beneficiaries under the deed, including the plaintiff, that it would be kept off the records, because it would have injured the credit of the company had it been recorded. At this time, the answer further states, Hanauer, who is manager of the company, represented that the said $100,000 would be simple to restore the company until the plant was ready for operation, and subsequently, for the purpose of securing money from W. S. McCormick, he represented to him that the property was unencumbered, and McCormick accordingly advanced $50,000. In the meantime, it was also alleged, the company became indebted to various other persons for machinery and materials, and $100,000 additional was needed, which was advanced as follows: Singer and Green, $2,000 each; Ross, May et al, $15,000. About this time Singer went East on business, and after his departure it was discovered that $15,000 was wrongly inadequate in the needs of the company, and that $50,000 would be required. Subject the remaining portions were willing to advance the remaining $32,000, but Ross and May finally agreed, with other officers and persons, to advance the amount, which they did. Finding that $50,000 more was needed the sum was borrowed from McCormick, and as the company then owed him a total of $75,000, it was agreed to give him a first lien on the property and the arrangement was subsequently made to pay McCormick first, statement second, and then other claims since the payment of the $75,000 advanced by Ross, May and others. The defendants further allege that the plaintiff was notified of the transaction a few days subsequent to the consummation, and approved of it.

They pray therefore, that Singer claim be decreed to be subsequent in time and right to the mortgage deed of trust and cause thereof. Dismiss, and that he be adjudged as estopped and enjoined from maintaining his alleged priority.

The Late A. L. Pelluck.

A petition has been filed by Frederick Lyon in the Probate court asking to be appointed administrator of the estate of Alexander L. Pelluck, late consul to Salvador, who died on Sept. 17th last. The hearing will be held on Feb. 2nd. The petitioner states that the widow has declined to administer the estate, which amounts to about $2,000 to claim for salary against the government to the earning was similar with yellow fever.

High Council.

The High Council of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion will meet tonight (Wednesday) at half past seven o'clock.

JAMES D. STERLING, Clerk.

IT NEEDS SIFTING.

That Petition For The Removal of Administrator J. R. Bleser.

A VERY REMARKABLE AFFIDAVIT.

Probate Court "Sensation" Lawyer E. E. Rissik Desires a Fight to a Finish.

J. R. Bleser, J. P., administrator of the estate of George Kilgore, deceased, and Attorneys Hinman and Rissik met face to face in the Probate court this morning and for about three hours quite a lively time was had.

The matter has been hanging fire for some little time. It originally began with the filing of a petition and affidavits by the heirs of the deceased, who demanded the removal of the administrator Bleser on the ground of his mismanagement of the affairs of the estate.

Bleser was locally represented today by Judge Bowman, Attorney R. N. Hinman appeared on behalf of the heirs as well as sundry creditors of the estate, among the latter being Bloser, Rissik and Smith, who want to secure by attachment of said estate.

Upon the case being called Bleser, the administrator, Attorney A. V. Pepin, E. E. Rissik, George Kilgore jr. and Attorney E. E. Rissik.

There was some talk that would be termed interesting in the testimony, but a "sensational" attack was not treated until nearly one o'clock.

George Kilgore jr., one of the heirs, a young man of seventeen, was under examination, when Attorney Strang suddenly called upon Bleser to hand over a certain affidavit which he took from the hands of Rissik. Judge Bowman said his client objected to doing this and the affidavit was produced.

Judge Bowman said he had not yet quite made up his mind whether he would offer the document in evidence, and protested, therefore, that it need not be given up; on other occasions Judge Blair ruled that it should be handed over.

There is no doubt the hitherto pent up "sensation" came. The affidavit, which was signed by young Kilgore, set forth that affiant had read the petition which was filed by Rissik & Rissik on Nov. 16, 1894, purporting to be signed by him, and asking for Bleser's removal. In it he declared that he never did sign the petition, nor did he authorize any one else to do so for him. The signature was a forgery, and affiant never saw the petition till November 23, 1894, when it was on file in the county clerk's office. The allegations to the petition were all untrue in every particular. The administrator had not mismanaged nor neglected the affairs of the estate, neither had he threatened, to affiant's knowledge, to use the funds to pay debts barred by any order of this court. Affiant did not ask for Bleser's removal, but he did desire the removal of E. E. Rissik, as an attorney for the estate, for the reason that he had been guilty of unprofessional conduct and of making "grossly humorous and insulting petitions to my mother."

In answer to Attorney Bleser, the witness was submitted that he signed his affidavit, though knowing at the time that the statements therein were altogether false.

Mr. Strang—Did Bleser tell you what his object was in getting this affidavit? did he say what he was going to do with it?

Witness—No. I afterwards wanted him not to file it, because it was untrue; but he said something about "fixing it" with Mr. Rissik.

Asked if the signature on the petition requesting Bleser's removal was his, he answered that it was.

Judge Blair—How came you to sign that affidavit—you know it was not true?

Witness—Because Mr. Bleser asked me.

"And you swore to that which was false—just because he asked you so? Cannot you give any reason?"

The witness paused for a couple of minutes and then said "No."

He further said that Bleser said something about his having the estate expense, if he signed the affidavit, as Mr. Rissik had filed the petition against him. "And I took it to and signed it," added Master George.

In reply to Rissik's questions, witness admitted that Bleser called at the family residence on Springville avenue on November 23d, 1894.

"Didn't you, in the presence of your mother and Mr. Hicks, state to me that you did not sign any petition whatever?" asked Mr. Rissik.

"I told you that I did, and that it was my name upon it."

Further pressed, witness admitted that he might have said it was a forgery.

Attorney Rissik—Did Bleser offer you a new horse or inducement to sign that affidavit?

Witness—No, sir.

It being now 1:30, the further hearing of the case was continued till tomorrow morning.

As things stand at present there is thought to be just a chance of somebody or other getting hot an uncomfortable corner before the investigation has been concluded.

Constitutional Prohibition.

The Utah Democratic Club will meet in the old quarters in the McCornick building on Saturday evening next, at half o'clock. The program for the occasion is as follows: Address on constitutional prohibition, A. S. Richards; woman's suffrage, Mrs. Abbie Hanks; Bartling Democracy's duty, J. R. Thompson.

The County Court.

The members of the county court are holding an adjourned session this afternoon for the purpose of clearing off various matters left over from Monday's meeting. The appointment of an expert accountant to examine into the present condition of the county's finances is among the matters which may possibly come up.