

THE MOTHER'S DECISION.

If I had an eagle's wings,
How grand to sail the sky!
But I should drop to earth
If I heard my baby cry.
My baby, my darling,
The wings may go for me.

If I were a splendid queen,
With a crown to keep in place,
Would it do for a little wet mouth
To rub all over my face?
My baby, my darling,
The crown may go for me.

ELIZA S. TURNER.

—Cincinnati Times.

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN

WASHINGTON, D. C., 30. — In compliance with the recommendations of Senator Sargent and congressman Page the Secretary of the Treasury has ordered that the appraiser's building at San Francisco be built of stone.

Governor Garland, of Arkansas, in reply to a telegram from his counsel here says, "I am not concentrating troops to defy the country or Congress, as charged, nor for any other purpose, I am not concentrating troops at all, there being peace and quiet throughout the State."

The Inter-ocean Canal commission met at noon to-day, and the report of Major McFarland, of the engineer corps, on the Napipi and Nicaragua routes, and a voluminous paper on the subject by Prof. Noarse of the Naval Observatory, were received and placed on file; the commission meets again tomorrow.

PHILADELPHIA, 30.—George F. Hill, secretary of the Safeguard Insurance Co., here, was arraigned to-day upon a charge of being engaged in the circulation of false bonds; witnesses testified to counterfeit bonds being given by him to obtain money on them. Martin F. Sykes, treasurer of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, testified to the fraudulent character of the bonds. At the close of this evidence counsel for the prosecution asked that defendant be committed for a further hearing on Friday next, which was done.

In the Supreme Court to-day, in the suit of John C. Angell vs. the Erie Railway, Judge Westbrook issued an order requiring defendants to show cause, at the special term of court, Dec. 2d, why a receiver should not be appointed to hold certificates of 5,000 shares of the Buffalo, New York and Erie Railway, also for all the bonds and coupons belonging thereto issued under or secured by a mortgage made by the Erie Co.; also the bonds and coupons issued under a mortgage made by the Buffalo, New York, and Erie Co., and in control of the defendants or their agents; also all the stock which Erie holds in coal companies, and all other products of the \$1,000,000 which the defendant expended to purchase coal lands. The defendants are also required to show cause at the same time, why they should not be restrained from negotiating or making use of any bonds, coupons or guaranty mentioned in the complaint, or securing the payment of bonds or coupons, or in trust specified by the complainant or executing any scheme for the purchase of coal lands; and in the meantime defendants are restrained from using the properties mentioned.

The board of managers of the National Temperance Society, in session to-day, adopted a resolution requesting the police authorities to repress the terrible evils of liquor selling and theatrical performances on Sunday; it was also resolved to hold a national convention in the west next year.

The Press will publish an article to-morrow, saying that no sale of the Press has been made nor is there any contemplation of one; there will be no transfer of the paper till the 1st of January next and it remains now as it always has been, the sole property of Hon. John W. Forney. There will be no change in the editorial staff with the new year.

COLUMBUS, O., 30.—Dr. Samuel M. Smith, one of the oldest and most prominent physicians of Ohio, died at his residence here to-day, of paralysis.

LITTLE ROCK, 30.—On Wednesday night last, five men, thought to be the Gads Hill robbers, went to a country store on the Petit Janet River, in Ill. county, some fifty

miles west of here, shot and killed the proprietor and robbed the store; they then robbed a trading boat lying at the bank of the river and fled, pursued by the sheriff and a posse. They separated, two coming towards Little Rock. The sheriff followed, and yesterday, sixteen miles above here, met them and a fight ensued, in which the sheriff was shot and severely wounded and the robbers, after receiving wounds, were captured.

CLEVELAND, 30.—The scow *Pearl of Fairport*, loaded with lumber, came ashore at Geneva, Ohio, this morning; on board was found the body of a man, supposed to be I. Gosborn, of Fairport, and the body of a boy aged about fourteen, both evidently frozen to death, the bodies being completely covered with ice. That of the boy was lashed to the rigging. The scow is a total wreck, and has the appearance of having been run into by some other vessel.

BALTIMORE, 30.—Wm. O. Keys, cousin of the author of "The Star Spangled Banner," committed suicide at the Kennard House, last night.

A collision of accommodation trains, on the Northern Central Railroad, this afternoon, on the iron bridge over Lake Roland, precipitated the tenders and baggage cars into the water; one passenger was killed and four employes injured.

A schooner which was being towed ashore by the steamer *Wilmington*, from New Orleans, sank, carrying down the second officer and a seaman of the *Wilmington*, who were part of the prize crew.

NEW YORK, 30.—At half-past two Alderman Vance took the oath of office as Mayor, and a quarter of an hour later the body of Mayor Havemeyer was removed to his late residence.

Judge Neilson, of the Brooklyn City Court, has refused to fix a day for the trial of the indictment against Theodore Tilton, leaving the matter to the counsel and the district attorney.

During a quarrel to-night, in an Italian saloon at 95 Crosby Street, Antonio Gallio fatally stabbed Arsenico Spolita; Gallio was arrested.

BOSTON, 30.—In the superior criminal court, this afternoon, Charles H. Ballard, alias Wm. A. Judson, the principal in the robbery of the Boylston National Bank in this city, a few years ago, was sentenced to twenty years in the State prison.

An oyster purgy was run down in Chesapeake Bay yesterday, and six men drowned.

TERRE HAUTE, 30.—At Cloverdale, Putnam Co., Ind., yesterday, Thos Martin became offended at something said by his wife, and shot her with a pistol, causing her instant death. Adam Stanton, who was in the house, interfered to save the woman, when he shot him also in the shoulder; he is expected to die. The wife of Martin had a baby in her arms when shot, and she fell back dead clasping it.

WASHINGTON, 1.—The second bill on the Speaker's table for the consideration of Congress is the Civil Rights bill; the next two are important lobby schemes, which must be reached, so that the civil rights bill will be thrust, though unwelcome, upon Congress, and as both the friends and enemies of the bill are expected to be in strong force, an exciting time is anticipated from the beginning of the session. The friends of the bill, fearing an Executive veto, even should it pass, are now talking of a compromise as an offset to the mixed school question. They propose to set apart the proceeds of the sales of public lands, which shall constitute an educational fund, and the amount thus accumulated they propose shall be distributed among the States on the basis of illiteracy.

Rear Admiral Worden has prepared a memorial, which he intends to present to Congress next week, asking that prize money be allowed the officers and crew of the monitor for the destruction of the rebel ram *Merrimack*, in Norfolk harbor, early in the late war; the claim is made on the same ground on which prize money was awarded to the *Kearsage* for the destruction of the *Alabama*. Neither of these vessels come within the law concerning prize money.

The army appropriation bill as agreed upon by the committee makes a considerable reduction in the amount asked for. The Secretary of war sent in estimates for a force of 30,000 men, notwithstanding the fact that Congress, last winter, directed a reduction of the force to

25,000; he evidently considers the reduction temporary, while the committee considers the reduction as permanent, and has fixed the appropriations for next year on that basis.

The public debt statement for November shows a decrease of \$123,427.

CHICAGO, 1.—The *Inter-Ocean* special says it is understood by the friends of Justice Swayne that he contemplates retiring from the bench of the Supreme Court in a few months when, under the law of Congress, he can retire on full pay. If Justice Swayne concludes to retire, this will give to General Grant another appointment to the supreme bench, making five in all since he has occupied the executive office.

NEW YORK, 1.—The call for a mass meeting of 'longshoremen, last night, filled the great hall of the Cooper Institute to overflowing. Among the audience were George Francis Train and a number of internationalists, communists and other recognized agitators, a couple of whom sought to air their extreme views, but they were received with little favor, and one was hustled out of the hall. Of the speakers previously announced to appear only Richard O'Gorman and Col. John R. Fellows addressed the audience, both expressing sympathy with the troubles of the laboring classes, but cautioning them against placing themselves before public opinion as disturbers of the peace and violators of law.

Philadelphia dispatches say that the failure of the sale of Forney's Press to McClure was the result of brisk cable correspondence between Forney and a number of republican politicians in that city, the latter proffering liberal financial support if the paper continued as a regular party organ. The question involved was purely political, and the funds raised to purchase the Press will now be devoted to the purchase of the *Industrial Age*, which has the associated press franchise, and making it an independent daily, the first number of which will appear January 1st.

Mayor Havemeyer's funeral takes place on Friday.

TROY, N. Y., 1.—Work will be resumed on Monday next in the stove works, under the old scale of employers' prices, which the working men refused to accept at the time of the late strike; there are more applicants for work than can be furnished with employment.

ALBANY, 1.—The appeal from the order of the Brooklyn court, in the Tilton-Beecher suit, denying Beecher's applications for a bill of particulars, was argued before the court of appeal to-day by Wm. M. Evarts and his associate counsel for Beecher, and by Roger A. Pryor for Tilton; the court took the papers.

COLUMBUS, O., 1.—The General Assembly convened at ten a. m. to-day. The Governor's message was read in each house.

SAN FRANCISCO, 30.—The burks *Windward*, from Rio Janeiro, consigned to Morgan's sons, and the *Cordova*, from Monte Video, consigned to Rodgers, Meyer & Co., ran ashore in a strong ebb tide while rounding the sand spit of Fort Stevens; the *Windward* is reported to be settling in the sands and leaking. It is supposed that they cannot be got off till the next spring tide. The steam tugs *Asteria* and *Brennan* are working at them, with a chance that the *Cordova* may be cleared.

The King of Hawaii and suite have accepted the invitation of Major Leland to visit the Palace Hotel to-morrow morning, for breakfast; a large number of citizens of prominence will attend.

SAN FRANCISCO, 1.—The Hawaiian King and his suite breakfasted this morning in one of the unfinished rooms of the Palace Hotel.

The steamer *Vancouver* arrived last night. The following is a summary of the news from China and Japan. Hong Kong, China, October 28th, Shanghai, October 22nd. The Viceroy and Commander-in-Chief, Li Hung Chang, is reported to have decided upon working important coal and iron mines at Pung Ching, in southwestern Chihli, hitherto undeveloped, and an English agent has been commissioned to purchase the necessary machinery. This step, heretofore opposed by the government, has been taken by the war party, is regarded as the indication of a desire to increase the national resources for military purposes. The Governor of Macao, Viscount Saru

Januario, is dangerously ill; a mutiny has broken out at that place among the armed police. Attacks were threatened upon the government houses. The disaffected are believed to belong to the class formerly engaged in coolie catching, who are irritated against the Governor and his Secretary, Messner, for their share in the work of suppressing the coolie trade. These men till recently, were destitute, and were enrolled in the police force out of charity. Their design is said to have been to pillage the Chinese quarters; the danger is not yet wholly over. The Viceroy of Canton died last month, having held his office thirteen years; he was much respected by foreigners, and was regarded as among the most progressive officials. Jaotaior, governor of Chinkiang, died October 8th; he was chiefly distinguished for his anti-foreign feelings. The Chinese have agreed to everything required by Japan; they recognize and admit the justice of the Japanese course, in proof of which they give an indemnity of five hundred thousand taels, one-fifth of which is already paid, the balance to be delivered before the end of this month. They agree to keep the Formosa savages under control for the future. The Japanese will retire from the Island. There is great satisfaction in Japan over this result, but so little have the government been influenced by pecuniary motives, that they have already determined to return a part if not the whole of the indemnity; they required it only as an unmistakable acknowledgment of the propriety of their action, and that having been vindicated they are disinclined to keep the money.

There have been insurrectionary demonstrations in the neighborhood of Chang Cha Fa, a city in the south of the province of Fukien, and the viceroy of Fukien left Fuchao, Oct. 5th, to investigate them. The only new preparations for land defence yet made by the Chinese are in the Chusan Islands, commanding the approach to Shanghai; here, at Wusung and Chinghai, a few earth works have been commenced but left unfinished, ostensibly for want of funds. The Chinese pirate captain, who seized the ship *Shark*, was executed in Hong Kong, Oct. 10th. Sir A. E. Kennedy, Governor of Hong Kong, sailed for England, Oct. 15. I. G. Austin, colonial secretary, administers government during his absence. The Chinese transport *Tayak*, engaged in carrying troops to Formosa, foundered at TaiwanFu, in the typhoon of September 29th. Sixteen lives were lost. The other transports were scattered by the same storm, and have not since been heard of. It is reported that the celebrated Li Hung Chang, Viceroy and General of the army of Chihli, will be sent to Canton to take the office of Viceroy of Kwantung and Kwang Si; no reasons are announced for the proposed change, which cannot be carried out until after the Japanese crisis is passed; meanwhile Ying Han, recently governor of the province of An Whig, has been temporarily appointed to the post.

There is a serious general complaint against the U. S. Consul at New Chang, for having sentenced a pilot, named Halliday, convicted of a murderous assault upon a Chinese woman, to only fourteen days imprisonment.

The Japanese Consulate at Shanghai receives high praise from American shipmasters for the prompt and satisfactory settlement of the collision case between a Japanese steamer and the ship *Worcester*.

The subject of supplying prostitutes for San Francisco is attracting much attention in Hong Kong, and measures are under consideration for preventing further departures from that port. There have been several cases of girls seeking release recently.

The Japanese post office department has decreed a fine of one hundred and fifty dollars for wrongfully opening any letter.

A heavy typhoon occurred in Yezo on Oct. 1st, during which many of the sea coast villages were greatly injured, one being entirely destroyed. Thirty-three junks were wrecked and two hundred lives lost.

Lt. Commander Cassel has returned to Yokohama, with his health much impaired by his sojourn in Formosa.

Orders have been issued by the navy department, offering rewards for discoveries by Japanese ships, of unknown rocks and shoals in

eastern waters. The condition of the troops in southern Formosa is now healthful, the dangerous season having passed. Nearly one thousand of the sick were brought back to Nagasaki early in October, their places being supplied from the barracks at that port. The whole Japanese force now in Formosa is about four thousand. The main body are held in reserve at or near Nagasaki, to which additions are being continually sent. At present, however, there is no more evidence than heretofore of hostilities; preparations, however, are unabated, and will so continue until the question is decided one way or the other. The public expenses have been reduced in various ways. The Mikado and the members of the imperial family have renounced part of their incomes; numerous employes have requested a reduction of their salaries, and even scholars in the national academies have petitioned that the amount allowed for their education be temporarily reduced. Enthusiasm and offers of personal sacrifices are universal. Volunteer companies are forming throughout the empire.

A Chinese contractor, convicted of swindling by false estimates, in repairing the imperial summer palace, was sentenced to decapitation.

Prof. Watson, head of the American party in Peking for the observation of the transit of Venus, discovered, October 10, a new asteroid of the eleventh magnitude.

A party of English astronomers arrived at Shanghai October 16th, and proceeded to Chefoo.

It is semi-officially announced that the French and English troops, stationed at Yokohama, will be sent home before the end of the year.

The boiler of a steamer on Lake Biwa burst, and the passengers and crew, numbering one hundred, were reported killed by the explosion or drowning.

By a British order in council, Shanghai is now a port of registry.

Twelve thousand Chinese troops are now in Formosa, stationed about sixty miles from the Japanese camp.

The British residents of Chefoo have petitioned the consul to secure the presence of a ship of war at that port during the winter, as they fear a rising of the natives against foreigners in case of war.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 28.—It has been finally decided that Commander Alfred Markham, R. N., shall have the chief command of the government expedition which starts next May for the arctic regions.

OTTAWA, Canada, 28.—Chester Cambell, alias Campbell, in jail for forgery, yesterday shammed sickness, and while the keeper was making a bed for him he knocked him down and escaped.

PARIS, 28.—Thiers, yesterday, in an interview with a representative of *La France* newspaper, said Italian unity was irrevocably accomplished, and if France wishes to preserve the friendship of Italy she must recognize this fact, and not adopt a clerical policy towards that country. In relation to France, Thiers said the country was neither Bonapartist nor Monarchical, but Republican, and must be so recognized by McMahon.

SANTANDER, 28.—The weather is very stormy and prevents the transmission of mails; military operations are also seriously interfered with.

A number of re-inforcements for the Spanish army in Cuba sailed from here yesterday.

OTTAWA, 28.—Notice will be given in the *Official Gazette* that an application will be made at the next session of the Dominion parliament for an act to incorporate a railway company, with full powers to construct, own and operate a line of railway from Red River province, Manitoba, to some point in British Columbia, on the Pacific Coast.

The London *Observer* says that Disraeli is too ill to leave town, and is unable to attend to business.

RIO JANEIRO, 28.—The religious excitement, growing out of a conflict between the Catholic clergy and the civil authorities, has culminated in serious disturbances in the provinces of Pernambuco and Paratiba; the sympathizers with the bishops of Para and Pernambuco, recently sentenced for a violation of the laws of the empire, have made riotous demonstrations. Their