DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Wednesday, - December 16, 1891

Boy to advertisements which are handed in after 10 o'clock will be inserted in the Evening issue on the day after they are received should be handed in to the business department not later than 12 m.

Terms of advertising furnished upon application.

☞ Copy for advertisements must be in a neat form.

FRAGMENTS.

TWELVE carloads of lumber have been delivered at the Union Stock yards.

THE work of renovating the Templeton hotel has been completed and it is in fine case once more.

FIRE COMMISSIONER MEDSKER reported that he has on hand a lot of extra step and goal hats. See advertisement.

J. M. WOODMANSEE, of the Imperial Gas company, has gone East after drilling machinery.

THERE are numbers at the Western Union telegraph office for John H. Wagner and Miss Lavina Horn.

THE official report of the Irrigation Congress recently held in Salt Lake is now in the hands of the printer. It is in pamphlet form and contains 100 pages.

COUNCIL S. A. MEYER has been engaged to draw the joint resolution of the City Council and Chamber of Commerce in revising the municipal charter.

A FIRE alarm was sounded from a Second south street residence late yesterday afternoon. The department responded promptly, but the fire was extinguished before its arrival on the scene.

FUNERAL services over the remains of the late Patriarch C. W. Hyde will be held in the Seventh ward meeting house tomorrow, at 1 p.m. Friends of the deceased are invited to attend.

A DELIGHTFUL juvenile concert will be given in the Seventh ward assembly room this evening, beginning at 7 o'clock. The music will be furnished by the primary department of the school.

J. H. BENNETT of the Rio Grande Western received the following telegram yesterday: We expect to reach the pole about 11 and the trains can get into Eureka tonight. We were within a half mile of the town last night.

JOHN W. WOODWARDS vs. John T. Lynch et al. was resumed on Monday, Dec. 14th, Utah Central Ry. Co. vs. John Lynch et al; order to show cause set for hearing Dec. 16th. John Tompkins vs. Hiram B. Clawson et al. U. S. hearing on application set for Dec. 21st.

SISTER ESTHER DUNDAS, an old member of the Church, mother of Dr. H. H. Pratt, reached the age of 75 years to-day. She is hale and hearty and always in good spirits, jovial and contented and full of fun. We wish her many happy returns of the day and as long a life as she wishes on earth.

A LOT of valuable jewelry was stolen from a lodging house, last night, kept by a Mrs. Casey, at 157 north Main street. The matter was reported at police headquarters this morning and Captain Lamborn and Sergeant Donovan have been working on the case all day. Some discoveries will probably be made this evening.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT.

The Northland-Mayflower Case Still in Progress.

The apparently interminable Park City mining case was resumed this morning before Judge Zane in the Third district court. The jurors begin to look tired, and if any of them have geological tastes they have an excellent opportunity at present of indulging in them.

Mr. Stevenson was the first witness. He was carried over the same ground as all the others. Mr. Dickson, in cross-examining him, learned that Stevenson was an interested party in fact, one of the plaintiffs in the case. He was under examination for an hour and a half. He proved rather a stubborn witness for Mr. Dickson. On one occasion during the cross-examination Judge Zane interposed and ruled that further interrogating on one certain point was unnecessary. Mr. Dickson then entered an exception.

The next witness, Mr. Street, though rather a young-looking man, testified that he had had sixteen years of mining experience, principally in the Utah district. He was also an assayer, but did not follow assaying as a profession. Mr. P. L. Williams took him over the same ground where a dozen others have already traveled.

The witness was on the stand when court adjourned for the noon recess.

THE SALT LAKE GAS WELLS.

A Party of Salt Lake Business Men Visit Them Yesterday Afternoon.

About two hundred Salt Lake business men, consisting of bankers, merchants and real estate dealers visited the gas wells at Lake Shore yesterday, leaving this city over the Union Pacific at 3:30 p.m. and returning over the Rio Grande Western two and a half hours later. There have been no new developments at the wells since the fire.

The pressure, however, has greatly increased. There is no means of gauging the pressure as the apparatus for that purpose was destroyed in the explosion. Mr. Schmitt, the manager, forbade any one smoking on the grounds, as one experience with fire was all he cared for. The fire effectually satisfied the curiosity of the visitors by having the large well uncapped. The explosion that followed was terrific. The sound could be heard in distances of several miles. The sound resembling such a noise is produced by the operations of a large steam engine, running at full power.

Large pieces of mineral belched forth and were thrown 300 feet into the air. Some of the pieces were heavy enough to fall to the earth with such force as to be completely buried.

Mr. Schmitt stated that the Treverton well, which still natural gas is found had been struck. Pure dry gas had been encountered in almost unlimited quantities, and the only one solved question that temporarily confronted the company is the saving of the vapor. Other shafts, he says, will be sunk in the near future. He believes the pressure is in excess of 200 pounds to the square inch and states that only a twenty pound pressure is needed to convey the gas to this city. The well is known to be thousands of feet deep. There when cracks and number existed so to the absolute pleasure of National Gas in Lake shore should gas not develop in the wells. The management is extremely cautious and with lake pressure in the wells, the operations of this great well to the public.

Machinery and skilled operators will soon arrive and begin work. It is believed that the gas belt extends under the lake and that pressure to large quantities will soon be found.

(Continued from Page 5.)

NEARING THE END.

MR. CROSSWHITE'S ARGUMENT.

Upon the resumption of the court this afternoon Mr. Crosswhite took up his argument on the side of the defense. He said they were subject to submit their answer on the evidence simply. In some respects this was a most unique case. In the first place, the character of the man assailed, and his official standing, made it so; and it was safe to say that, were it not for the high position which he held, but for the vast interests which depended upon the final decision of this case, the prosecution long ago would have abandoned it, disgusted with the showing which they had been compelled to make. It was unique because it was difficult to determine whether strong or weak, there was something in it which compelled it onward to a final determination—whether the prosecution was moved by malevolence in favor of the prosecution or not. He desired to call attention to a feature in this case which could not but be apparent to anyone, viz., the unusual manner in which it had been brought. It was begun in reverse order to the regular course of trials. Instead of coming before the grand jury, then issues back into this court, and now this court was asked again in good faith to the tribunal which had refused to indict on the evidence already brought before it. It was only on account of the prosecution, contrary to the usual custom, had taken without question the course of trial. The women who were prime facie irreproachable and unworthy of belief, and yet when the slightest attempt was made to look at the outlying circumstances in order to see whether they were worthy of credence, a stop was at once put upon the disclosure. All the circumstances showed that every particle of evidence adduced by the defense had neither been sought nor cared for by the prosecution. There had not been one syllable of exculpatory evidence put in by the defendant; it cannot which had been well-nigh on the part of the prosecution, no matter from what source it came. Yet Maggie Forbner could come forward and tell a story so improbable as to shock the credulity of almost any mind. The prosecution gulped at it, and swallowed every syllable it, without attempting to inquire whether circumstances or outlying evidence fortified it. He did not remember ever before to have seen a case prosecuted in the Territory of Utah against any reputable citizen upon the bare word of two women, inmates of a penitentiary as a house of prostitution, or even semi-respectable people, without some attempt being made to ascertain whether their stories bore the stamp of truth. So much thing was sought in this case. They had the Spectacle spectacle of Assistant U. S. District Attorney Stephens thanking God, in his pious manner, that out of the witnesses put in by the defense he had fished out one little utterance which seemed to tell against the defendant. Think of it! A United States district attorney in a case of this kind, the assistant district attorney brings forward evidence in order to convict him, though representing the people and not private interests—not a civil litigation. There were no private interests behind this U. S. assistant district attorney yet he (Mr. Crosswhite) had said that he piously thanked God for this. Counsel then turned his attention to the general testimony in the case and the different incidents which went to make up the charge against the marshal. Maggie Forbner, for the fourth time—the reputable (?), abandoned (?) to a life of shame, the product of the slaves, a very drag upon the streets—had been engaged in a case in which the attempt had been made to impeach the character of a public officer. Mr. Critchlow here cited Forbner's seven odious against other men engaged during this trial, and said it was enough to make pale and devile laugh to see her upon the witness stand swearing that she was the only woman tenants that these alleged attempted familiarities of the marshal made her indignant and that she felt outraged. This from the woman who had lived in her career with a negro, and boldly admitted that when she left the penitentiary she intended to enter upon a life of shame. As to the testimony of Anna Priddle, would any respectable person hang a thing upon the word of such a creature? A few years ago in this city, when party feeling ran high, a house of prostitution was opened in further the interests of one side. Evidence of crime was preferred against certain men and they were convicted. Then "this U. S. attorney" took the matter up to a higher court and said that never would he wear the mantle of the United states attorney if the law were prostituted to such base ends. Was there any difference between Oscar Vanderwerker, a relative of a citizen of that kind and Rosie H. Parsons charged with a crime of this nature? He wanted to know why the testimony of this sort were more worthy of belief than the responsible, reputable people who testified in that case? If the forces of law were prostituted from private grounds, in party malice, or anything else, what about the present? Times had changed in this community (?) (?)

Mr. Varian—Do you claim that any prosecution against Mr. Vanderwerk was ever instituted? You had better get your facts right. It never was.

Mr. Critchlow—It may be I have mistaken the name. I do not have the exact facts in my mind, but I submitted the curiosity of the visitors by having the large well uncapped. The explosion that followed was terrific. The sound could be heard in distances of several miles. The sound resembling such a noise is produced by the operations of a large steam engine, running at full power.

Large pieces of mineral belched forth and were thrown 300 feet into the air. Some of the pieces were heavy enough to fall to the earth with such force as to be completely buried.

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that charged. If there was anything in the story, what more probable than that this woman would have gone right there to the defendant's wife, who was in the next room, and told her of the occurrence? "Sir, gentlemen," said counsel, "it is too thin. The women never did not charged, he (Mr. Crosswhite) had not, but he had hoped to be enlarged upon it." The accusation as to the sexual alleged sexual in the marshal's private office at the Walker building was not made by Mr. Critchlow, who said that if in this or any other court it should be found that Mr. Pratt's story could be sustained, we might look forward to seeing other advantageous coming in to courts of justice with their devilish blackmailing schemes, because men would know that they would find a ready ear, willing possession, and people who believe them, or against, no, no, no! He (Mr. Crosswhite) had, however, that this or any other court was going to lay down such a rule of evidence as that. A rule of law, however, actually recommending this Priddle as "that unmitigated creature," and seldom necessary to be defined, and yet he (Mr. Crosswhite) was not allowed to know what happened in the prison cell and to her desire to get away from the Gray residence, why of course he (Mr. Crosswhite) was not allowed to know the reason for her desire to get out of the penitentiary, where she could smoke her cigarettes and flirt with the guards at her own sweet will. Thursday she would probably have been in the service of Mrs. Gray. He would not stop to discuss the part played by Mr. Vanderwerk in this transaction, but if one thing had been apparent in the testimony of this case it was that that gentleman was any too willing to listen to a story of this kind; and so was Grant Stark. By their position and objections, and the rulings they had obtained, they had been enabled to utterly precluded from showing the truth with regard to the Priddle woman—this Diana, this Goiver of Goddess, this "that unmitigated creature in her virginal purity; and desired to remain in the silent chamber for the rest of her days—this poor girl who had been so persecuted and maligned by hard and unfeeling attorneys who had flung at her the most opprobrious and unpardonable of all epithets and objectionable. After the questions of the defense as to character had been ruled out over and over again, was it fair for the prosecution to boldly say to him, "Now we throw down the bars; bring in your prostitutes and your keepers of houses of ill-fame and be found by their oaths; and yet, and objectionable." Are the petty privileges which they had sought? "Where is Mousseau?" asked the counsel. "Her friend, the man who accosted her and tried to allow her to see—the man with whom she had spent whole nights?" It was said that Mr. Varian's character had not been assailed; but what about the evidence of Wellington, Mousseau's bartender? "A consistent, a solemn, pious, pious, or what you will (and correct) is here; but somewhat beyond and behind those two pious, weak knees is somebody hardened in having once sold and believed. That is all there is of a conspiracy; and that is all we claim." If the case outline did not like Rosie Parsons' language, let them draw a parallel between her past and that of Priddle and Forbner, and they would see who came out the more worthy. Was it absolutely proving in this case against the defendant; for who could say he believed the testimony of Priddle, a woman who, under cover of a screen, sneaks into families and plies a trade as black as the sin which she has used in this case against the marshal? Was it safe to take the word of a common harlot of the town than a woman like this? It was quite time now that this filthy, this loathsome creature should be protected that when Mr. Varian had concluded his address the commissioner would once and for all set the seal of approval upon the testimony of women of the town, kept mistresses and prostitutes who came in simply to bear testimony against the defendant.

He concluded Mr. Critchlow, who had spoken just two hours.

SAWING FOR THE DEFENSE.

It was now after twelve o'clock, and Attorney Rawlins started upon his address for the defense. He took a very high grounds in behalf of the court, and drew a comparison between the Priddle and Forbner women and Lizzie Dalton, mentioning the testimony of the last named as best from the standpoint of honest truth, whereas that of her prison companions was colored by prejudice. Counsel severely handled the conduct of Anna Priddle at the Marshal's room during the whole month, and spoke in no uncertain terms of her drinking whisky with strange men, spending her days and nights in debauchery, and turned the prosecution to cut the witness off from the charge of "Rosie Alabama" by the side of the vestal virgin, Anna Priddle, the false, foul, impudent creature. He was a man who had followed a life of dissipation, falsehood and deceit—the other woman frank, open and above board—and they were asked to believe the former, and not lies. Unless this sort of blackmailing schemes were speedily checked, honored it would involve some other poor and respectable man, and nothing somewhat she would be drawn in. Nothing could justify any conclusion but that the defendant, Marshal Parsons, caught not to be held on this charge for one instant. The testimony against him was to be disregarded, and the case was indictable on its face and ought to be stamped as utterly unworthy of belief. That was what the defense asked. It was not necessary for him to go into the details of this case, because the arguments of his colleagues who had preceded him had been so conclusive.

Mr. Rawlins's address occupied about twenty minutes only, and at its close the court took a recess till two o'clock.

"U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY VARIAN

this afternoon entered upon his task, making the closing address on behalf of the prosecution. Fortunately for him, which he came into the court room armed with a large array book full of newspaper cuttings, and a small piece of sheets of typewriter matter, obviously for purposes of reference and quotation in the course of his remarks. He is expected to speak for a couple of hours at least, having refreshed his memory prior to starting from a number of pages of brief pencil notes in his pocket book.

"I am ready," said Mr. Varian at 2:35, and he at once started in. Coupled together with the evidence in the case, the investigation, as in the case of all special inquiries, had been, and was to ascertain the truth; and it would now remain for the audience to determine whether there was reasonable or probable cause to believe that the offence charged against the marshal had been committed, and, if so, whether the accusation committed it. He denied, as had been asserted by Judge Rawlins, that the prosecution was acting behind the prosecution, or acting in the motives of the prosecuting officer—which would not lose respectable. The defendants against the morning and something about him (Mr. Varian) being a politician, and he was one prime in certain proceedings, and a parallel was drawn with the effect of showing that the course pursued by the prosecuting officer was not consistent or believed then and now. In 1885 a great conspiracy was entered into in this city, involving every member of the Mormon church, and a great deal was taken for the purpose of obstructing justice or humiliating him. To accomplish this end the conspirators might stick them with imported barbs, who thought intrigue and subterfuge could excuse the unsupported and unsavory Goelin into place and attorneys where they could be observed through crop-holes, cracks and crevices by their friends, and hold knotter for talking about what they heard as evidence. The scheme was carried out, names were coined, witnesses were imported from Denver and San Francisco, and it was set in motion. When all was ready some 200 or more complaints were filed in the Police court against the unwary men.

Mr. Varian was proceeding with his remarks on this case when our Ogden news went to press.

RECEIVED WITH THANKS.

Charles Ellis Gratefully Acknowledges a "Liberal" Favor.

Editor Deseret News:

The Salt Lake Tribune of Monday last contained the following complimentary notice of my lecture in the Tabernacle Sunday evening:

"Charles Ellis, the Mormon missionary, and prestidigitator, delivered a lecture at the Salt Lake Theatre last evening, and in his usual concealing style blackguarded the Protestant and the Presbyterian and Catholic religions. He declared that if the Protestants and Catholics accepted the Bible that they also accepted polygamy and priesthood, the only difference being that the latter practiced them openly, while the Protestants and Catholics did it on the sly. A cultured audience at the entrance of a basket soliciting alms for the monthly installment, and although fifty or more people were present, there were not as many cents in the 'pot.'"

In the first place I would say, I am glad to know I did not entirely destroy the writing corps(e) of the "Trib." It has been so silent with reference to myself for eight months that I feared it had gone down home. It gives me pleasure to learn the contrary.

Secondly.—"Mormon Montebank and pensioner" is good. I like that. It is in the "Trib's" best vein and has the best gutter-snipe flavor of that exceedingly "Liberal" organ. I do not so good a "Mormon" as I might be, but I have munched the "Trib." mule and backed its hind legs; it is saddle and bridle in spite of its various bucking and kicking. It speaks from its own experience.

Thirdly.—As to "pensioning Stark." This, from the "Trib," can mean only that, as "usual," I made it "stick to its mammoth." This is a confession that I did not expect to have from it.

Fourthly.—"The munching mendicant" is lambkin. The "Trib." evidently is offering me a salve by making this statement. I prize it highly "gratuitously for my benefit. That I am something of a mendicant is known to the world, and I "munch" the "Trib." and its "Liberal" party, that have lived on them all these years, into a painful quickness.

Fifthly.—"A crowd of fifty-two people were present, there were not as many cents in the pot." Thats the mainspring of the "Trib" scorn in the matter of gifts. I thought, that I would that money and was charmed because it could not play a "belonger" game on the contributors and "swipe" the "pot." Is "pot" slingshot what a river of money the "Trib" has? The sight of a few dollars blinded to its interests, and it could not see a person scrapping as jaunty, intelligent and appreciative an audience as can be gathered in Salt Lake and consequently it "knocked" the "pot" out. Moreover, most of them learned many things in reference to the Mormons and their religion that the "Trib" did not want to be known.

The "pot" was good. It paid all expenses and left me an increase of three hundred and thirty-five per cent. I gave "Trib" a share of the profits before. That is one the former occasion I received one cent, a beautiful little copper cent. It was "pure as the driven snow" and I intend to have a cast pin made of it. The "pot" of last Sunday gave me $5.25 clear. Of course the "Trib." would rather see me say a man should work for truth and defend the right without getting "big money" for it. That is because it exists for truth and right and is always on the right side. It gets its money that way, does it not? No cents the "Trib." wonders how I can work for nothing in defense of the Mormons when I "get paid over $200 a month" for trying about them! That is because the "Trib." never having been paid for its work, it is judged from the higher values, does not know that the man who stands for the true and the right, though he stand alone, is paid a hundred fold. He yet lays a tariff upon all the honest men and women of the world and is sustained by "the powers above." That is why I can call more dollars to hand, if need be, than the parper who wrote that epithet in the "Trib," and in all that long, long noble, a word against me. Can the "Trib." say as much?

In conclusion, let me say that I hope next Sunday evening a few dollars to national topics. They will be instructive to many and, I trust, interesting to all who may hear of the proceeding. Fortunately for that in these lectures I will give more education for the people than the "Trib." has given to all the twenty years of its existence. I believe it would be well for the "Trib." to bring in its "stuff" and make up a primary class for the study of American principles.

CHARLES ELLIS.

The "Liberal" Campaign.

The "Liberal" municipal executive committee met at the party headquarters on Main street yesterday afternoon. It was decided to open the February campaign forthwith. The committee appointed one hundred and twenty-five to two hundred and a call was issued for all the members thereof to meet on Friday evening next at 8 o'clock in the O. A. R. hall.

The "Liberals" of the Twenty-first ward also held a meeting last night.

A NOTORIOUS CROOK

On Trial Before Judge Zane on a Charge of Burglary.—Petty Larceny and Other Cases.

J. A. Bennett, the professional home-breaker, was arraigned before Judge Zane on the 15th of January last, in connection with an attempt to rob Percy Hathaway gang, and who was convicted and sentenced to six months imprisonment in the county jail, but escaped with a dozen of twenty other criminals who turned loose from that institution by a ruling of Judge Zane, since then he has been pulled into the harness for burglary. He, with three others, is charged with burglarizing Perry's tailor shop.

Tim Sullivan and Jack Rogers are in the city jail awaiting arraignment on the charge of robbing a saloon recently located on second street, at 200. The men were caught red-handed the night in question by Officer Lamborn.

A Chinese name Gibel was arrested last night and locked in jail. He could not give his name owing to the meagre knowledge of the English language.

Wm. Paddock and George Johnson, pleaded guilty to vagrancy. Sentence in each case was suspended.

Six drunks were fined $5 each.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—In the House, the speaker announced the appointment of committee on rules as follows: Speaker (chairman), Mr. Reed, Mckinley, Hutchings, Reed and Burrows.

A resolution was presented providing for the appointment of a standing committee on order of business to consist of fifteen members, of which the speaker shall be ex-officio chairman, which shall have jurisdiction of the order in which measures shall be considered, referred to the committee on rules.

Darlins, Nebraska, who has been absent on account of illness, appeared at the bar of the House and took the oath of office.

Taylor, Tennessee, announced the death of his colleague, Leonard Ross H. Hoch, who died in Knoxville May last. The House then, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, adjourned till Saturday.

A Victim of a Train Wreck.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Dec. 16.—James Reily, the engineer on the special train which was wrecked at Fishkill last night, died this morning.

Another Bank Failure.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 16.—A Greensburg, Penn., special says, the Irwin Bank at Irwin, Pennsylvania, failed to open this morning. Foot & Sole, the proprietors, have made an assignment. They say the bank could not recover from the shock caused by the former suspension. It is said that between $100,000 and $200,000 were drawn out within the past week. The Foots claim that every dollar of the deposits will be paid.

The First Carload of Pig Tin.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 16.—What is said to be the first carload of pig tin ever imported into the United American continent has arrived here. It came from Durango, Mexico, and is the property of the Pittsburg and Mexican Tin Manufacturing Company.

The Bulgarian Minister in Paris

PARIS, Dec. 16.—An interview was had today with the Bulgarian minister in this city in regard to the Gladstone incident. He stated that he felt confident the whole matter would be amicably settled. He entertained no doubt, he added, that Bulgaria would make the concessions demanded by Great Britain. He was talking about a reestablishment of the diplomatic relations between the two countries.

The Alton Boycott.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—The general passenger agents of the Trunk lines presented a report to the meeting today which recommends that the Alton road be restored to the association, and that a new scheme be prepared for the payment of commissions on passenger traffic.

Postal-Office Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations: To be United States circuit judges as provided by section 1, chapter 517, United States statutes, at large: William L. Putman, Maine, for the first judicial circuit; Nathaniel Shipman, Connecticut, second; George M. Dallas, Pennsylvania, third; Nathan Goff, West Virginia, fourth; Martin V. M. B. Taft, Ohio, fifth; Wm. A. Woods, Indiana, seventh; and Warren Truitt, Oregon, District States district judge for the district of Alaska.

DEATHS.

KLEGE—December 15, 1891, of apoplexy, Emma K., daughter of Louis J. and Harriet J. Klege, aged 1 year and 3 months.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of the deceased, 1 north Main street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

JOHNSTON.—In the Twelfth ward of this city, December 3, 1891, after two days' illness, of membranous croup, Ezbel, twin daughter of Brother and Sister Harry Johnston, aged 10 months and 13 days.

NEWMAN.—On Tuesday, Dec. 15th, at 6:30 p. m., of Bronchitis, Joseph William, son of William J. and Hannah Newman, aged 2 years.

Funeral services at the residence, Thursday, Dec. 17th, at 1 o'clock p. m. Friends invited. No. 48 North Fifth West. Private interment.

PRESIDENT HARRISON

Forgot to mention the Art Bazar in his message—but he's sure should the people of this city forget it. Holiday Goods are going fast; reason, the prices sell them. Grand Opening Daily. Come Early and Often.

C. R. SAVAGE, Gen'l Manager.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion, try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. 5**

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ALL THE BOYS AND GIRLS IN TOWN

Are invited to bring their Fathers, Mothers, Uncles, Aunts and grown-up Cousins, to see the great show of Toys, Dolls, Picture Books, Games and everything else that SANTA CLAUS has in stock for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, at the UTAH BOOK & STATIONERY CO'S Store, 72 Main St. Every article at LOWEST PRICES. Come now, don't wait until Xmas Eve. Superb display of Fine Art Books, Cards, etc., up-stairs.

DUNCAN M. McALLISTER, Manager.

We have Two Car Loads of TOYS and TOY FURNITURE. See our Mammoth Show Windows. H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE CO.

JOHN HENRY SMITH, President. A. B. CANNON, Vice-President. W. S. WILLIAMS, Supt. G. H. PETTIT, Secy and Treas.

CO-OP. FURNITURE CO.,

Now in their Commodious New Building adjoining Z. C. M. I. on the North.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Substantial and Useful Articles for Christmas Presents. Everything at Lowest Prices.

Cup and Gold Fish.

A few extra cage on hand at the Rio Grande Express Office, west of the Opera House, Second South Street. cdw 1

Mme. Louis.

Has removed to her New and Elegant Parlors, 55 Main Street, where she has the finest stock of Millinery for Winter and Holiday Wear, west of New York.

A. C. SMITH & CO., Druggists, agents for Roberts' Hesperian Tonic.

Xmas Presents, Johnson, Pratt & Co.

Dunbar's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

Be sure and see the beautiful line of Toys at the Salt Lake Equitable Co-op. before purchasing elsewhere. 50 and 52 Market Row.

Toys and holiday goods just arrived; for cent less than anybody at the Salt Lake Equitable Co-op., 50 and 52 Market Row.

It Should Be In Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 301 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife after all else failed to do. Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Butler, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free Trial bottles at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. Large bottles 50c and $1.00. 5*

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