

Company. These two men were acting as ferry-master and collector of tickets at the Jersey City ferry. It is charged that the collector would pass back a certain number of tickets taken up, and the ferry-master would re-issue them. The frauds by the three cent tickets alone reached \$65,000 per year.

Mr. Orton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Co., will leave to-morrow for Washington, in obedience to a summons from the House of Representatives.

NEWTON, N. J., 10.—Demorest & Clark's furniture and undertaking establishment was burned this morning. S. H. Halsted Shafer was killed by a falling wall, and five other men wounded.

WASHINGTON, 10.—The President has recognized J. E. Hollerbeck Consul of Nicaragua at San Francisco.

The following dispatch has been sent to New Orleans.

"To Gen. C. C. Auger,  
New Orleans, La.:

"It is reported that the State House in New Orleans is surrounded by a mob. If this is so, notify all persons to disperse, and compel compliance with your order. It is the determination of the President to see that the legislature is not molested. When he has full knowledge of all the facts in the premises, he will decide which should be recognized.

"(Signed,) J. D. CAMERON,  
Sec. of War."

The silver payments from the Treasury, from April 20th, 1876, to the 6th inst., were \$26,075,935.

Representatives Gibson, Ellis and Levi, democrats, of the Louisiana delegation, called on the President, to-day, to ascertain whether interference was contemplated looking to the recognition of either of the rival governments of that State. The Secretary of War and Attorney General were present. The President said he would not, in the absence of all the facts, issue any order recognizing either government or their respective departments. The President attached no importance to the fact that one legislature occupied the Capitol and the other St. Patrick's Hall, and assured the delegation that the troops would be employed only to suppress violence, preserve public peace, and prevent collisions. The delegation express themselves perfectly satisfied with the interview.

NEW ORLEANS, 10.—Gen. Auger says he has notified Nicholls and Packard that he would only interfere to keep the peace, and when it was reported to him, last night, that the Nicholls police were preventing government officials from visiting the State House, he promptly notified Nicholls that he could not allow it.

The city is perfectly quiet. There is nothing to indicate the events which transpired yesterday. Not a single case of violence occurred during the night. Each side are exceedingly reticent in regard to their intentions.

Governor Packard states that there is no change in the situation since last evening. The Senate still wants one to complete it.

Ex-Governor Kellogg and United States Marshal Pitkins are very reticent, and declined to give any information as to their line of policy or intentions.

The *Republican*, in an editorial on the affairs of yesterday, says as we have at present no government in this State, where its authority is undisputed, and as there are two or three congressional committees, trying to find out the truth about the late election, perhaps the President may deem it his duty to establish martial law till such time, if ever, as Congress shall come to some conclusion and agreement in the premises. Such a step would at least give to the business community a season of peace such as they understand it, instead of sounds of war, alarms and tramp of armed men, that all day yesterday resounded through the streets of our city. Though we are tolerably well seasoned to popular commotions here, there is a preference on the part of the majority of the people for a government of any kind, strong enough to maintain itself over the uncertainties necessarily incident to two armed hostile forces in the same camp.

Last evening Marshal Pitkins informed Gen. Auger that his deputies had been refused admission to the State House. Gen. Auger immediately communicated with Gov. Nicholls, and stated, through a staff officer, that this must be stopped. Gov. Nicholls said it was

not by his order, and directions were then given, which caused such arrangements to be made that there were no restrictions on any person either entering or leaving the State House.

The Nicholls' police patrolled the streets last night and looked around pretty lively, but made few or no arrests.

A train of cars from Mobile brought in several companies of United States troops at 11 o'clock last night.

12.30 p.m.—The republican legislature now has a quorum, and is in session. A crowd of several hundred persons are congregated in the streets around the State House, but are very quiet. The democratic legislature is also in session at the Odd Fellows Hall.

The republican legislature, in joint session, has just elected ex-Governor Kellogg United States Senator for the long term. The indications are that Lieutenant Governor Antoine will be elected for the short term.

CHICAGO, 8.—The only democratic convention in the west, yesterday, not reported in the dispatches of last night, was that of Kansas. The resolutions adopted by the democrats, of that state declare that the present emergency demands a firm but wise moderation, and ask that each citizen exercise a calm, impartial judgment in the interests of the whole government, and that senators and representatives apply themselves to determine the grave questions which threaten the peace of the whole country; express belief that Tilden and Hendricks are elected by both the popular and electoral vote of the country; condemn the use of the military and attempts to defraud the people of the three contested southern states, and demand that the representatives in Congress use every lawful means to secure them the rights of local self-government.

WASHINGTON, 9.—Turner, the Jacksonville, Oregon, telegraph operator, says that, acting under the advice of counsel of the W. U. Co., he will continue to decline to answer the questions put to him by the privileges and election committee concerning an alleged transfer of money from New York to Oregon, notwithstanding that the Senate, yesterday, voted almost unanimously that he must answer them.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate, to-day: Barbour Lewis, Register of the Land Office at Salt Lake; Moses M. Bane, Receiver of Public Moneys at Salt Lake.

NEW ORLEANS, 10.—There is much discussion over the legal aspect of yesterday's proceedings. The democrats allege that Chief Justice Ludeling, who was appointed by Kellogg a few days since, could not hold over, while the republicans claim the Chief Justice had the authority to remove the Sheriff before he took possession of the supreme court room.

The ballot in the republican legislature this afternoon for United States Senator, short term, resulted Antoine 15, Pinchback 21; Lewis 13; Beattie 9; scattering 9. In the House, after this ballot, Warmouth made a motion, which was carried, that the Speaker instruct the sergeant at arms to see that the members had free ingress and egress to the State House to-day.

An injunction was sued out of the Fifth District Court by Attorney General Ogden, enjoining Alfred Shaw from acting as Judge of the Superior Civil Court, lately created by the republican legislature.

The democratic legislature balloted once for United States Senator, to-day, without result.

The Nicholls government has organized a regiment of field artillery, with John Glenn, Jr., as colonel, and a full staff.

Governor Nicholls, to-day, made numerous appointments of parochial officers.

Three Napoleon and two Gatling guns, lately taken from the Washington artillery by Governor Kellogg, were taken from the State arsenal to-day by Nicholls' government and drawn through the streets by bodies of men to the Washington Artillery Armory.

Among those voting for Kellogg for senator to-day were Warmouth.

CHICAGO, 10.—The *Journal's* Washington special says the following is the oath of the white league: "You do solemnly swear that you will support the constitution and by-laws and execute and perform the objects and purposes of this so-

ciet, and hereby bind yourself to give material aid and pecuniary assistance in procuring the just, and if necessary, the forcible inauguration of Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks, respectively, for the offices of President and Vice-President of the United States; and you do further swear that you will take up arms in behalf of this great object. In this you must solemnly pledge your life and honor, acknowledging that you have forfeited your life if in any manner you betray the objects and secrets of this society. So help you God."

NEW YORK, 10.—Dr. Charles Phelps, whose name has been associated with the Bennett-May duel, was subpoenaed before the grand jury, to-day, by the district attorney, to testify concerning the late meeting at Slaughter station. He refused to answer questions on the ground that he would criminate himself. He was brought before Judge Gildersleeve's court of general sessions, and still refusing, was committed to the city prison for thirty days for contempt of court.

The *World's* New Orleans special says at 10.30 o'clock, to-night, the various companies of militia received orders to assemble at their respective quarters. This precaution was taken probably in anticipation of an attempt by the pretended Sheriff Bourges to take possession of the Court buildings. Ex-Gov. John McEnery has been appointed recorder of mortgages by Gov. Nicholls.

WASHINGTON, 10.—The House committee for considering the question of counting the electoral votes decides that the president of the Senate has not the power to count, and the House has equal power with the Senate in the agency of counting.

The report of the Central Pacific Railroad Co. for the year has been transmitted to the Senate, in compliance with Booth's resolution. It is an uncommonly brief document, containing, besides the names and residences of stockholders and officers, the following information only: Amount received for transportation for passengers, \$5,448,000; for freight, \$9,161,000; the total operating expenses were \$6,889,000; the amount of capital stock subscribed is \$62,680,000; the amount actually paid in is \$54,275,000; total indebtedness of the consolidated company is stated at \$89,081,000; made up in round numbers as follows: United States Government bonds, \$27,855,000; first mortgage bonds, Central and Western Pacific Railroad, \$28,618,000; Central Pacific convertible bonds, \$1,500,000; land grant bonds, \$9,276,000; California State aid, \$1,500,000; California and Oregon Railroad first mortgage bonds, \$8,000,000; San Jose Valley Railroad bonds, \$6,080,000; Alameda Railroad bonds, \$500,000; bills payable, \$3,766,000, and the personal accounts nearly \$2,000,000.

GREEN RIVER, WY., 10.—Eleven miners came into Camp Brown on the 6th for supplies, from the head of Wood River, and all bring coarse gold with them. They report about thirty men now in the diggings working with rockers, making \$10 per day and upwards. One man, by the name of Watson, found a nugget weighing \$30. The party report no snow on the route, and very little in the camp. They return immediately with about forty men, who join them from Lander City in the Wind River Valley, who feel jubilant over the new discovery, as they have been waiting for the purpose of going into that country early in the Spring, but now leave with the Wood River party. The distance is about eighty miles from Camp Brown.

TRENTON, N. J., 11.—The legislature has organized by electing R. F. Robe, democrat, speaker, and J. G. Foster, republican, clerk. Four republicans voted with the democrats.

NEW ORLEANS, 11.

It is reported that Captain McGloin's company of Nicholls' militia has taken possession of the office of recorder of mortgage and register of conveyance. It is doubtful whether an election for senator will take place to-day even if a quorum of the joint assembly can be had, which is doubtful. It is understood to be the policy of some of the members to prevent an election until the solution of the present difficulties in regard to the State government is settled.

Two members of the republican House, Barrett, of Rapid, and Kennedy, of St. Charles, are just reported as having withdrawn from that body, and giving their reason therefor in speeches.

MADISON, Wis., 11.—To-day the legislature heard Gov. Ludington's message, which shows that the entire treasury receipts for the fiscal year ending Sept., 1876, were \$1,976,074; disbursements during the same period \$1,660,267; total State debt \$2,252,037. The message proper is entirely devoted to local State affairs.

BALTIMORE, 11.—It is reported now that Frederick May was wounded in the thigh in the duel with Bennett. The injury was so severe that it is feared a fatal result may ensue.

NEW YORK, 11.—Panama dates to the 1st inst. are received. A bloody battle was fought at Galte, Ecuador, on the 14th ult., between the constitutional army, 2,500 strong, and the revolutionary forces, which lasted about three hours, and ended in the complete rout of the former and capture of their commander-in-chief, Gen. Aporicio. The total number of killed on both sides was about 400, and a much larger number wounded. When the news reached Quito, President Barrero left the palace and took refuge in the Colombian legation, while the citizens pronounced in favor of revolution. The revolutionary forces would probably enter Quito on the 25th ult., which event, it was expected, would put an end to the war in this republic.

WASHINGTON, 11.—The Louisiana law penalty forbids the disclosure of telegraphic dispatches, Congress having failed to enact any law overriding this State legislature, good lawyers fail to see how President Orton or his subordinates can be held in contempt for refusing to violate the Louisiana law, at the order, not of Congress, but of a committee of one House only. The Western Union authorities disclaim any factiously obstructive purpose. Their sole aim is to throw the responsibility on Congress, which should enact laws giving notice to telegraphic correspondents just how far their communications are privileged and exempt from exposure. It continues to be freely asserted among republicans that the House will not compel compliance with its demand, because prominent Tildenites have discovered they cannot afford to have the telegrams disclosed.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 9.—A Vienna correspondent of the *Times* explains that the Turkish stubbornness is partly due to the fact that while the Turks are aware that modifications have been conceded by the European powers, still the proposals as originally presented by the plenipotentiaries have not as yet been officially withdrawn. The difficulty is, therefore, to save the dignity of the powers by finding a form in which to clothe the compromise they are ready to agree to. Lord Salisbury is making most strenuous efforts in this direction.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily News* telegraphs that it is probable that Germany and England will soon send men of war to the Philippine Islands for joint action against the vexatious obstacles interposed by Spain to their commerce with the Soolos Islands. Germany does not recognize the Spanish sovereignty over the latter islands.

A *Daily Telegraph* Pera dispatch says no ultimatum was presented in the conference yesterday. An endeavor was made to ascertain what concessions the Porte would grant. The Turks strenuously and absolutely refused the form of international commission proposed by the powers, but would possibly consent that the nomination of governors be made subject to their approval, and would stipulate that the form of proposal be considerably modified so as to conform to the arrangement existing in regard to Lebanon.

The conference will probably conclude its sitting, this week.

BERLIN, 9.—Servia is negotiating for peace directly with the Porte on the basis of the *status quo* and maintenance of the treaty of Paris. The Porte is favorable to this scheme.

The *National Zeitung* says the German ambassador at Constantinople is about to be recalled, and no successor will be appointed.

ST. PETERSBURG, 9.—The fact that no decision was reached in yesterday's sitting of the conference is regarded as affording a further proof that the Porte seeks to use the new constitution as a means of avoiding compliance with the demands of the Powers. Russia has

reached the limit of concession, and the other powers have declared their determination to uphold the programme of the conference. The Powers, while couching their representations in the most moderate terms, will firmly uphold their demands.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 10.—It is rumored that the Russian army in Turkestan, 40,000 men, have been destroyed by an uprising of the inhabitants.

VIENNA, 11.—It is officially reported that there are only 1,500 invalids in the mobilized army of Russia. No epidemic prevails.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 11.—The *Phare du Basopore* says war must be considered imminent so long as the powers confine themselves to endeavoring to force the Porte to discuss their conditions without taking the Turkish proposals into consideration.

PARIS, 11.—A dispatch from Bucharest reports that a band of Bashi-Bazouks crossed the Danube on Monday night, plundered a Roumanian outpost, and killed two Roumanian soldiers. There is great excitement in Roumania at the outrage.

LONDON, 11.—A Belgrade dispatch to the *Times* says it is stated there that the Turks attacked Ralatz, in Negotin district, on Tuesday. Two hundred men were killed and wounded in the action. They attacked Negotin, but were repulsed.

The Turks have burned two villages in Morava Valley. It is possible that General Nikitine has gone to the scene of action at Negotin.

The *Times* correspondent adds that the Turks perhaps intend to violate Servian soil, seize the south bank of the Danube opposite Turnzeverin, and fortify the crossing-place on both sides of the Ibar before the Russians or Roumanians can anticipate them. The Russian Consul engaged a steamboat to convey the remaining Russian troops down the Danube.

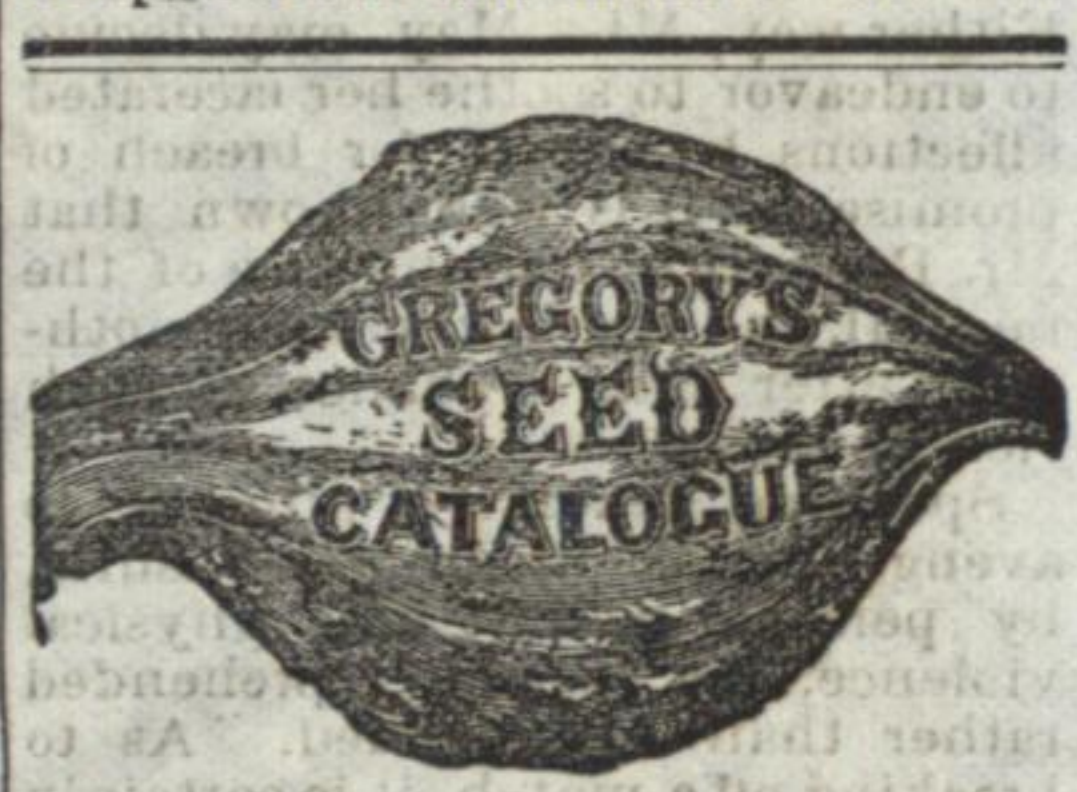
HAVANA, 13.—The Spanish merchant steamer *Moctezuma*, captured by Cuban insurgents, was burned on the approach of the Spanish war steamer *Jonje Juan*, and her captors fled to the Venezuelan coast. The *Jonje Juan* picked up twenty-four of the former crew of the *Moctezuma*, who were kept on board as prisoners by the Cubans.

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The teeth should always be scrupulously clean and free from blemish. Keep them in this condition with the incomparable SOZODONT, and when they are veterans in the service, they will still be as "good as new."

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Remember that it is impossible to gather strength or flesh, while harassed with a painful cough. It is a complaint that preys upon every tissue and fiber of the frame. Yet it is easily removed. A bottle or two of *Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar* arrests and cures any ordinary cough, and a more prolonged use of the remedy will banish the disease, if more deeply seated. Sold by the drug trade universally at 50 cents and \$1. Great saving for the consumer to buy large size. *Pike's Toothache Drops* cure in one minute. d40 & w



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