DESERET EVENING NEWS: MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1904.

HENRY G. DAVIS' LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

jays Times Are Propitious for Return of Democrats to Power-Points Out Alarming Increase in Government Expenditures-Condemns Panama Revolution-Tariff Duties Are Too High-Depreciates Rehabilitating of The Disappearing Race Issue - Violation of Civil Service Rules Denounced.

accepting the nomination of the Demycratic party for the vice presidency.

Hen, John Sharp Williams, Chairman and other members of the committee: Dear Sirs: In accordance with custem, and my prouilse when notified Ly your committee at White Sulphur your committee at white Sulphur Springs on Aug. If of my nomination for the office of vice president, I sub-mit the following observations upon some of the questions now before the

TIMES PROPITIOUS FOR CHANGE.

The times are propitious for the re-isstatement of the Democratic party in centrol of the government. The public gentral of the government. The public mind is being distillusioned of the pre-tension of the Republican party, so long and so arrogantly made, that the material prosperity of the country de-material prosperity of the country de-material upon its own ascendancy. Thoughtful and pairiotic people are be-coming more and more distrustful of the heady and personal element of the present administration and are more present administration and are more present administration and are more than willing to see it replaced by one that batter recognizes constitutional and other lawful restraints. They de-mand that the present wasteful ex-travagance in the expenditure of the travagance in the expenditure of the money, drawn by taxation from the in-dustry of the people, shall cease and that economy and honesty in the public service shall be again regarded as vir-fues in the bigh places of the govern-ment. ment

EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT.

The expenditures per capita of the government are increasing at an alarm-ing rate. When the present adminis-tration went into power there was a large surplus, but notwithstanding the nous taxation, the revenues therefrom are not now adequate to meet the demands made by reckless appropria-tions. The revenues fell short during the last fiscal year over \$40,000,009. During the first 60 days of this fiscal year the expenditures exceeded the receipts by \$24,000,000, and if this rate of suc-cess should continue the deficit for the present fiscal year would be in the meighborhood of \$140,000.000. This need-less deficit is due to the extravagance less deficit is due to the can only be of the administration and can only be met by imposing additional taxes or sel-met by imposing additional taxes or selling bonds, thereby increasing the interest bearing debt of the government. Which course will the Republicans adopt? The cost of government during the fiscal year was \$7.14 per capita which means that the average tax paid in some form or another by every famof five persons toward the support the national administration of pub le affairs was over \$35, which in th case of wage-carners is a considerable percentage of the entire earnings for the year. No more money should be taken from the people by taxation, diet or indirect, than is necessary for the needs of a government conomical-ly administered. To show the rapid growth of the cost of government it is only necessary to give the total exsaditures in the last fiscal year of the

land, 1892, 214,000,000; per capita

gikins, W. V., Oct. 2 .- Following is | ever convenient, needs, by reason of Elkins, W. V. Oct. 2.-Pollowing indirectness to be watchfully guarded, the letter of Henry Gasjoway Davis, lest abuses should attach themselves unknown by the people. That many of the existing tariff rates are excessive and enable powerful combinations to extort unjust and oppressive tribute from the people, cannot be controvert-ed. The tariff is undoubtedly too high ed. on such articles as enables the manufacturer to sell his produce abroad cheaper than at home. Steel rails are a conspications example in this respect. It is admitted that they are being made for \$15 a ton. A few years ago they were freely sold in this country at \$17 a ton. They are now selling at the nills here for home consumption at \$28

a ton, and for the foreign market at from \$18 to \$22 a ton. This unjust discrimination against our people is made possible only by a tariff that on this article is entirely too high. The average selling price of a hun-dred articles taken principally from the iron and steel list is found to be about 20 per cent higher in this coun-

try than abroad. Relief from these conditions will only come through the success of the Democratic party, which stands for a wise, conservative and gradual change in the tariff laws, which will equalize the burdens of taxatlor and make honest competition possible But in making such changes its purpose will be to legislate with a due regard for the labor and capital involved in industrial enterprises.

TRUSTS.

It is estimated that there are in the United States between 200 and 300 combinations of capital and corporate interests, known as trusts, which have grown up in the last few years, under Republican rule. Some of them are so conducted as to be pernicious and harmful to the general interest.

With the power they are able to exert, they can lessen competition, conprices and regulate to their own advantage the law of supply and de mands Individual effort is helpless against such strong rivals and the natural right of all per-sons to barter and trade is unnaturally restricted. The efforts of these trusts is to control or monopolize and these monopolies, when unrestrained, seem to produce condi-tions which bring about strikes and disorders and disturb the business af-fairs of the country.

LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT.

Local self-government that came to us not as the gift of the national goveroment, but as the legitimate outcome of the reserve powers of the states and of the people is the very cornerstone of our political structure and the best assurance of liberty regulated by law It can only be maintained by strict observance of the limitations of the federal Constitution. The Democratic party has always re-

sisted, and will continue to resist, the ercreachment by its enemies upon the fnudamental right of the people of the several states. All power comes from the people and should be surrendered Buchanan, 1860, \$65,000,000; per capita only in the interests of the people and whenever this power is used for selfish interests it is not only an abuse but usurpation.

The above will cheerfully

be paid in lawful money of the United States, by the undersigned, proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Golden Med-

loal Discovery, if they can not show the original signa-ture of the individual volunteering the tes-timonial below, and also of every testimo-nial among the Liousands which they are constantly publishing attesting the superior curative properties of their several medi-cines, and thus proving the genuineness and reliability of all the multitude of testimonials volunteered by grateful people, in their behalf.

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aud vigor "About a year ngo I had a yery bad cough and feared it would run into conumption, writes Hon, Geo. W Lynch, of r Mason Street Worcester Mass. "When a severe attack of coughing would come on youriting would set in Matter accumulated in nose and my tonsils were irritated. After realing of the wonderful cures resulting room for Piece's Colicen Med-ical Discovery began to use it. with some doubts as to the good it would do me. I am frank to say. But, after I had used one bottle I noticed bottles and before I had used them all the cure was complete. There is not now a trace of ough or cold in my system and my health is perfect." To gain knowledge of your own body-in

sickness and health-send for the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A book of 1005 pages. Send 21 cents in stamps for paper-rivered, or, 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

observe that self control in speech and action which is so necessary to safe reasoning and sound judgment.

With unbated trust in the efficiency of the cardinal principles of our great party, when applied to the practical administration of government to rea-lize the blessings of peace and prosperity for all and believing that the peopl will correct the present abuses of ad-ministration by a change of party in

power, I await with confidence the re-sult of their judgment at the polls. Very truly, yours, H. G. DAVIS, ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY

Trinity Church, N. Y., Crowded To Hear Him Preach.

New York, Oct. 2 .- Trinity church, rich in historical associations and one of the landmarks of New York, had an event of interest to add to its chronicles today when his grace, the arch-bishop of Canterbury, and the highest dignitary in the church of Great Britain, preached within its walls. The edifice was jammed and thousands Col. William Jay, on behalf of the

vestrymen of the church corporation greeted the archbischop in an extended address. His grace, responding, said: "Thankful shall I be if the visit which

I am paying to your country may con tribute something toward cementing yet closer the links which bind us two yet closer the links which bind us two great peoples as one, and still more to deepening and setting forward the ho-ly communion and fellowship which unites us in the fellowship and service of our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ." The archbishop, in his sermon, said: "In no surroundings which I have ever known; in no city which I have

'We know so much about all that is

ecount may be inaccurate-half fact

guess-but go it must, or another

These are among the conditions

plexity the hurrying age, but to go forth unflinchingly, like the Israelite

Sargeant's Annual Tour.

geant, United States commissioner

immigration, arrived in this city today. He is on his regular annual tour of in-

spection of the immigration service on the Pacific coast and will remain until

Wednesday evening, when he will leave

Princess Louise is Sanc,

Rome, Oct. 2.-Countess. Lonyay (Princess Stephenie) has arrived at Sal-

noggiole for the cure. A correspondent here reports the countess as saying

that she was pleased with her recen-visit to her sister, Princess Louise of

Suxe-Coburg, and was convinced that

she had been more sinned against than sinning. The princess, Countess Lonyoy

added, had been always absolutely

Low Mortality in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 3.-September, 1904, takes its place in the vital statistics of

the city as that of the lowest September

mortality on record, according to the weekly bulletin of the Chicago health

department. Its total of 1.935 deaths

from all causes represents an annual death rate of 12.33. The lowest pre-

vious death rate for the month was that of September, 1962, when the rate

was 13.12 per thousand, or eight people

higher, while the average September rate for the previous year was 16.4 per

thousand, or nearly 20 per cent higher

San Francisco, Oct. 2 .- Frank P. Sar-

ever known; in m

of thought.

aill be before.

host of God.

for Portland, Or.

there

FLOOD DESTROYS TOWN OF WATROUS

One Half of It Carried Away by Great Rush of Waters of United Creeks.

TWELVE PEOPLE DROWNED.

Many Persons' Rescued from Trees And Housetops -- Rio Grande Changes Its Course.

Lus Vegus, N. M. Oct. 2.-Half the town of Watrons was destroyed by the flood and at least 12 persons were drawned. Among these were the three children of J. E. Stevens, Fellx Villirael, his wife, two sisters and several childeen, and O. P. Porter,

J. E. Stevens and his wife escaped and have been brought here. They are in a critical condition. Many persons were rescued from trees and housetops. The greatest damage was around the junction of Mera and Sapello creeks. The rockcrusher, the great iron bridge and much track at Watrous were washed gway.

The Galinas river formed a new channet here. In the Galinas canyon the dams of the Agua Pura company broke. bringing a terrific flood on the city. The Montezuma Hot Springs track went out

in many places. Haif a dozen bridges were destroyed, and the Montezuma bathhouses were partly carried away. The Santa Fe loss here is \$40,000, The

Agua Pura company's loss is. \$15,000. For two blocks on Bridge street every business house was flooded. The big lifield brick store was ruined and the bridge undermined. Twenty merchants estimate their loss at from \$2,000 to \$4,000 each.

Galinas park is under water and the trolley line cannot be repaired for two weeks. The race mest to have been held here next week has been declared

It is estimated that \$100,000 will not over the loss to the town, and the rallroad loss is equal to that of recent floods in Arizona.

From Santa Rosa comes a report of the loss of the great iron bridge of the Rock Island road and much track. TOWNS CARRIED AWAY.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 2.-Reports from the floods in the Rio Grande val-laye above and below this city are comng in. The towns of Valencia and Los Ventes virtually were washed away, and several hundreds families are homeless. The river swung to the east, cut a new channel and poured a torrent through the two towns. No lives were lost.

The Barelaz suburbs of this city suffered the most in this vicinity, about 50 houses being destroyed.

Ignacio Gutierrez, a commissioner of Sandoval county, telephoned that the damage at Los Cordales and Alameda, above the city, will amount to several hundred thousand dollars.

There is one passenger train from southern California at Galhip and an-other from San Francisco at Winslow, while the other trains from California

he state capitol and other buildings, and one more in addition to those men oned may be received before the time imil expires.

With Casper, Lander and Rock Springs in the race against Cheyenne,) s now almost certain that Cheyer,) annot secure a majority of all votes ast, which will be necessary in order o maintain the capitol here permaneutly. It is likewise certain that no other town can secure the necessary majority, and the matter will go over for two or more years. In the mean time the population of the northern and central portions of the state is increa ing more rapidly than in the southern tier of counties and it will be even more difficult in future elections for Cheyenne to retain the covered plum.

Repulse of Japs Confirmed.

Chefoo Oct. 3, 2 n. m.-An official re-port from Gen. Stoessel, dated Sept. 23, reached Chefon today," confirming a previous report of the repulse of the Japanese attack on Port Arthur, which began Sept. 10, and ended Sept. 22. The fighting was of an extremely severe character. The Japanese having re-tired, Gen. Stockael issued the following proclamation

"Glory! Thanks to God! Glory to our heroic garrison! Glory to Hanann Sychaff and Poggersky-heroes Thanks to our valiant volunteers, whe routed the enemy from the trenches destroying them. God has permitted to repulse the enemy. Praise to Gol

Women in Presidential Campaign

Chicago, Oct. 3 .- Women of the west this year will figure in the presidential ampaign as they never have figured before, and according to dispatche from Denver, Salt Lake City and Chey to dispatches enne, Wyo., their vote will be the heavest ever cast.

In Colorado the women's vote is ex-pected to be increasing, but the men of both parties are said to be trying to discourage them from taking sides in the state campaign, which is a compliated fight.

women to 10 men. It is expected that the ratio probably wil be increased, 9

PREST, ANGELL TO STUDENTS

Reputation of University of Mich-

Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct, 3 .- Over 3,000 students gathered in University hall to hear President Angell's annual address to the new arrivals. He took up the question of immorality in universities. "Compare 3,000 students with 3,000 young men outside of college," said President Angell, "and you will find that the collegians are fully up to the moral standard of their non-college brethren. As for Michigan, she sends out more foreign missionaries than any other institution in the country. As whole, the aims and purposes of the students are upright and manly, but occasionally they indulge in foolish es-capades, reports of which are spread broadcast about the country, giving a wrong impression of American student ife. The thing that I want to leave HIG. with the young men today is that the reputation of the University of Michigan lies in your hands and that you should see to it that your conduct does not reflect upon its good name."

May be Settled by Chauffeurs Be-

New York, Oct. 3 .- Problems that are distressing magistrates and are caus-ing trouble generally between those who walk and those who ride in auto-mobiles may be settled by chauffeurs bearing the recommenation of the Y

M. C. A. Announcement has been made by the West Side Y, M. C. A., that it will shortly institute a class of instruction

Could Not be Better.

The uniform auccess of Chamberlain's Colle, Cholers and Diarrhoes Remody has won for it a wide reputation and

many people throughout the country will agree with Mr. Chas. W. Mattison, of Milford, Vit, who gryst: "It works like magic and is the brat preparation I know of. It couldn't be any better." He had a scripus strack of dysentery and was advised to try a bottle of this remedy, which he did, with the res For sule by all drugglats

Baid the emineut writer, John G. Saxe: "Bless me this is pleasant-rid-ing on a call." He referred to the exing on a call." He referred, to the ex-cellent trains of the Eric Radroad where confort and apoed are combined. And then the accurry is certainly charming. Have you seen it in the Autumn metric, when the leaves are flaming red and gellow and golden brown? If you go East, hear it in mind. Three daily trains Chicago to New York, 1158 a, no, 6430 p, m., and 950 p, m. No charge of cars, p. m. No change of cars,

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hiengo and return vin St. Louis. \$47.50 St. Louis and return via Chicago .. \$45.75 Tickets on sale every Tuesday and Friday, Final limit 60 days, Transit limit 10 days in each direction. Stop-overs allowed. Through sleepers to St.

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utertainment to a performance on the refessional stage. The each. Write for full descriptive catalogue, bays, Dialogue and Recitation Books, DESERTET NEWS BOOK STOPE,

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Via Denver & Rio Grando R. R.

For the Semi-unnual Conference, L. S., and the Utah State Fair, at Salt ake Cfty, the D. & R. G. R. R. will make the usual low rates from all points on the line. Tickets will be sold from all points between Orden and Tin-ic; also Bingham Branch, Oct. 8 to 3 nelusive, limited to Oct. 12. From Park "ity and Heber Tranches Lickets will be cid Oct. 5 to 8 inclusive limited to Oct. 2. From all ether points Oct. 3 to 8 neusive limited to Oct. 15. See any do Grande agent for particulars.

ATTORNEYS, NOTARIES and real estate men will find a full supply of legal blanks at the Deseret News Book STOTO.



Roosevelt, 1904, \$582,000.000; per capita,

a answer to criticisms upon the size and expense of maintaining the army, the president has said that the number of soldiers now is no greater fer capita then in former times. But an army then was necessary to protet settlers from the Indians, and to de other police duty in the unsettled perion of the country-conditions which do not now exist, The army, however, has greatly increased in much faster relatively than it has in abers. The expenditures were: Under Ruchanan in 1860, \$16,500,000. Under Hayes in 1880, \$38,000,000.

Under Roosevelt in 1904, \$115,000,000. PANAMA.

We hall as the harbinger of the new era in the commerce of the world the inception of the great work of building the canal that is to join the two great oceans; but we deprecate the action of the present administration which the the present administration which in-fleted a wound upon our national honor by its disregard of the rights of a weaker nation in order to gain a doubtful credit for energy in forwarding that great enterprise. The territory of a Interest for energy in forwarding the great enterprise. The territory of a heighboung republic, with which we are at peace is solid by a band of revo-lutionists, protected by the guns of the United States havy, and crected into a state overnight, which the president promptly recognized as an independent, bation. A gross offense against a friend, bation by the states to b republic which it was helpless to

IMPERIALISM.

These and many other unwarranted things that belong more to an empire than a republic have occurred under the administration and brought deep concern and alarm to thoughiful and patriotic minds. They must be regarded as the first fruits of imperialism, The effect of the imperialistic policy of the frequency of the and show how fast we are drifting to-war absolutism and centralized power. The effect of the imperialistic policy of the Republican party on our foreign affairs is in opposition to the teachings of the foundary of the republic and so of the founders of the republic, and impressed was Washington, with the imperiance of keeping aloof from the affairs of other nations that in his farewell address he warned his countrymen especially against foreign en-tauging alliances. Imperialism is Impertalism is huriful and abhorrent in a free governtons. The policy of imperialism--if it can be said to have a policy--is always dangerous to liberty. Its powers are arst exercised in far-off territory and on conquered people but once adopted for acquired and distant possessions it becomes, sconer or later, the rule of the flome government. Liberty and free government have always been secured at the cost of great sacrifies, but his-tory teaches us that both can be easily net without the knowledge of the peo-

TARIFF.

Our federal Constitution has appro-Our federal Constitution has appro-pristed to the exclusive use of the gen-tral government, the power of indirect taxation, covered by the popular desig-bation of "tariff duties." In excluding the states from this domain of taxa-tion there is an implied and wise parti-tion of the Laxing power between the states and the federal government. Except in the exigencies of war the pax-ing power has been exercised by flon-gress largely in the direction of the tress largely in the direction of the imposition of duties upon imports. No the expects to change this arrangement which has proven so convenient to the seheral government and so conductive in the interests of the states whose eft untrameled. Indirect taxation how.



ARBITRATION.

The declaration in the St. Louis platform in favor of arbitration is one that appeals to any sense of fairness. Nations and states have employed to ad-vantage this method of settling disquieter, older, perhaps sleepler regions is apt to be a little bewildered, a little questions, states have in puted dazed, even while he wonders and ad-mires. And then this thought comes: its aid with good results and individuals frequently have resort to it in adjusting questions of difference. The Hague tribunal, representing the sentiment of concillation is the highest practical expression of intelligent thought on this subject. The principles going on that we come to care less. Nothing happens anywhere but some hurried account must, in an hour or two, he sped throughout the world. The of arbitration are the same whether governing in the great court of na-tions or applied in the affairs of industrial life. Its permanent establishof the country upon a basis of mutual consent of all parties to a controversy which we are called upon to face-not to wring our hands and bemean in per-

would insure more friendly relations between employer and employed, for the interest of the workingman and the employer is identical. It affords a safe and equitable method of determinating differences that may arise, and has been called "a reasonable and natural mode" of settling such disputes The spirit of arbitration is kindred to the love of law and order. It is the arbitrar of peace instead of war and makes for happiness instead of sorrow.

RACE ISSUE. All lovers of their country must derecate the rehabilitation by the Republican party of a disappearing race issue at a time when every effort should be made to promote rather than retard the progress which was being made in the states where slavery had

existed toward kindlier relations be-tween the two races. The revival of this issue with all its attendant evils must of necessity retard the development of the southern states whose people are struggling manfully with con-ditions left,by the war and seriously interfere with the industral progress of both races.

FRAUD IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

Peculation and fraud in the public service under the present administra-tion especially in the postoffice and land departments reached such proportions that knowledge of the evil proc ticed became public property. Prose-cutions naturally followed, but thorough and impartial investigation by Congress proposed and urged by the Democratic minority, was refused by the Republicans at the mandate it is believed of the administration. Con gress adjourned earlier than at any long session for many years for the purpose, it is believed, of preventing further agitation of the question and in of preventing in effort to curtail expenses.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Offices are created and filled in pur-Funnee of law to carry on the govern-ment and not to further party ambi-tions and the self purpose of any citi-zen. Many of the hundred thousand federal office-holders, servants of all the people while under salary are now vigormally some servative descent vigorously, some covertly and some openly working and contributing in the esent campaign to secure the success of the Republican party in defiant vio-lation of the civil service laws, rules and regulations. Several members of the cabinet and other officials of the government forsaking their duties and the departments at Washington are spending their time in making speeches and using all the influence and power of their official positions to elect their chief.

JUDGE PARKER,

The late Democratic convention and its candidate for president have given signal exhibition of a mutual respect and confidence almost unprecedented in our political history and our party has received new inspiration and hope in its appeal to the people, who always appreciate and admire courage, char-acter and discretion in their leaders. Our candidate has these qualifies and con he denended upon a to 0 times to can be depended upon at all times to

ever seen in any of the world's conti-nents, have life's activities seemed to are held here.

The local officials cannot say when the trains will arrive or depart, and the traffic situation is serious. whire and buzz so restlessly as here. The output of human energy is at the full. The man who comes here from

Many feet of track is reported gone at Ortiz, at Cerrillos, Waldo, Thornton and Bernalille, and above and below the city at Rincon, Amarillo, N. M., and Isleta.

How easily, in all the tossing of these rapids, must the weaker sort of folk be submerged and go out of sight and out RIO GRANDE CHANGES COURSE.

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 2 .- From all indications now at hand from recent re-ports received from the overflowed country in the Browsville section, it appears that there is a strong probability that the bed of the Rio Grande will be shown when the waters have receded, to be occupying the bed of the Arroyo lorado, which ages ago was its original bed

Should this prove true, the people of This region of Texas who would be be-reft of the river, would suffer greatly. The city of Brownsville, one of the rapidly growing towns of the state, would be cut off from the river, the miles of irrigation ditches and canals dug would be rendered worthless and property values dependent upon the Rio Grande now materially cut down. This would apply to considerable area. The national title to this property is not in question. About seven ytars ago a joint commission, appointed by the respective governments of the United States and Mexico, owing to the troublesome habit of the river changing its course, hit upon a compromise bound-ary and two years ago marked it with monuments. The boundary is where they stand, however the river may shift about.

Attacked by Somoli Multah.

Aden, Arabia, Oct. 2.-A Somali mul-lah is reported to have attacked and robbed the Ogadain tribe, killing 600 tribesmen, and capturing many camels and sheep

Little Church Around the Corner

New York, Oct. 8 .- With an estimated record of nearly 15,000 matriages, the fifty-sixth anniversary of the church of the Transfiguration, known far and wide as "The little church around the corner," has been celebrated. Special services were held and large congregations were in attendance, including many thatrical persons, among whom the church is particularly popular,

Speaking of the many marriages cel-ebrated in the church, the rector, Dr. Houghton, declared that he turns away many more couples than he marries. In fact those whom he refuses average couples a month, including divorced persons and young persons who are unable to swear that their parents consent has been obtained.

CAPITAL OF WYOMING.

The Fight for its Removal form Cheyenne Grows.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 2 .- The fight for the removal of the state capital from Cheyenne to some other location In the state has now grown to such pro portions that residents of this part of the state, who have heretofore treated the subject more as a joke than any-thing else, are now thoroughly alarmed. At the outset it was supposed that Cas-per would be the only town that would oppose Cheyenne, but when, two weeks ago, Lander entered the race, the Chey enne people became more interested.

Word was received from Rock Springs that a nominating petition had been circulated there and that same would be filed with the secretary of state. The word also stated that Rock Springs is in the fight to win and has been guaranteed the support of Carson and Ulnta counties.

It is also reported that Sheridan may enter the race, but nothing definite regarding the matter can be learned. To morrow is the last day left open for aspiring towns to enter the contest for

for chauffeurs. The matter of education of chauffeurs has been under consideration by the managers for some time. It is the result of the unceasing protests since the automobile was first introduced in New York over the al-leged carelessness and dishonesty of nany of the men who drive motor cars. Appeals to the association for chauf-feurs have been many and the supply has been practically inadequate.

Complaints against dishonest and cureless chauffeurs were so many during the summer that, with the return of city folk from the country the managers of several of the garages in the neighborhood went to the educational director of the West Side Y. M. C. A. und asked him to organize a class for the training of chauffeurs known to be cent young men.

After long consideration and planing it was announced finally that the ssociation is to have not only a class or chauffeurs but a regular educational department for the owners of machines. The work will be conducted by experts and the courses will cover from three to six months.

Benefit for Baseball Players.

New York, Oct. 3 .- A largely attended theatrical benefit has been given the members of the baseball players representing this city in the National league. The theater, one of the largest on Broadway, was crowded.

At the conclusion of the entertain-ment the baseball experts were marchfor winning the championship of the league was presented. Senator Grady, well known as an orator, made the presentation and followed his speech laud. ing the players by presenting to Man-ager John J. McGraw, a silver loving up from the members of the team.

THE CONNECTICUT.

Little Danger that Any Attempt To Damage Her Will be Made.

New York, Oct. 8 .- There is little danger that any further attempt will be made from the outside to injure the battleship Connecticut, which has just been launched at the navy yard h Brooklyn after attempts to damage he had been frustrated. Two marines with rifles potrol the land side of the boa while on the boat itself are statione guards with instructions to shoot necessary. Electric lights at night ar boat, and there is no relaxation of vigi lance.

It would be impossible for an attac to be made on the water side of the boat. Besides the guards on the Connecticut, the deck watch on the Texas Kearsarge and the receiving ship Hanock have a full view of the approach by water.

In addition to these precautions of the navy, a tug loaded with marines, with instructions to shoot straight at any unauthorized person attempting to ap-proach the new battleship, patrols the

ver. Every officer in the construction de partment, and, in fact, every officer at the yard, is in a state of high nervous tension over the attempts to injure the ship, Thus far no idea has been obtained as to the identity of the plotters.



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able kind, to the finest showings of the season.

Last Spring we purchased the Lace House Bankrupt Stock. Over \$20,000 of this stock was Fall and Winter Merchandise, Gloves, Underwear and Hosiery, Millinery, Suits, Skirts and Waists, Ribbon and Laces. These two lines-Manufacturers' Samples and Lace House Bankrupt Stock-will be placed on sale this week at







HEADACHE Positively cured by these

Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausca, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Dose. Small Pill.

Small Price.