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10 PAGES-LAST EDITION

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

Relations.

Press of Russia Hails With Satisfaction Dispatches From

Washington Showing a Friendly Disposition-Rupture

Of Their Old Time Friendship Would be Profoundly

Laughter Enlivens Proceedings is Smoot Investigation. Prest. Smith and Senator Hoar.

Latter Quotes Scriptural Injunction, "Bishops of the Christian Church Must be Sober and the Husband of One Wife;" to Which the Former Responded, "At Least One Wife."

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., March 4 .- The third day of the hearing in the case of Senator Smoot began at 10:30 with Senstors Burrows, Hoar, Dubois and Pettus promptly on hand. As usual there

were not enough members of the committee in their place to form a quorum, and it was ten minutes after the time fixed before Messrs, Dillingham, Overman and Foraker entered and complet-Very nearly the same ed a quorum. of women spectators adorned the walls as on each of the previous But the ladies had evidently passed the word to their friends that the hearing afforded great interest to all who like to pry into the family affairs of their neighbors and are not in the habit of "minding their own business," for five or six new faces ap-

peared among the audience. Until today the hearing has been rather a solemn affair, devoted largely to an explanation of the doctrines and tenets of the Church with which so few people in this section of the country are familiar, and even the morning session did not end without further enlightenment on this subject, for President Smith, in response to enquirles concerning the priestly rights and privileges of women of the Church, read in impressive tones, sections of the Doctrine and Covenants defining the duties of the priestly code. He had the profound attention of every man and woman in the room, and it was easy to see that the members of the senate committee were deeply impressed. But the hearing was "livened up" by a hearty laugh, indulged in and enjoyed by senstors and spectators allke when Senator Hoar called attention to the scriptural injunction which says that "Bisheps of the Christian church must be sober and the husband of one wife." "At least one wife," commented President Smith, and Senator Hoar, accepted the correction and joined in the laugh which followed.

to the record of the hearing. This portion of the hearing proceeded with litthe interruption until Senator Beveridge enquired what he expected to prove from extracts from the Book of Mormon, Doctrine and Covenants and B. H. Roberts' work on Mormonism.' He explained that he desired to show how revelation were received and also to show that what the "Mormons" believe and accept the Apostles must accept. In answer to question of Senahearing continued. tor Hoar as to what part of President Smith's statement he proposes to controvert, Mr. Tayler said that he expects to prove that plural marriages have occurred since 1890, and that the

doctrine of polygamy is promulgated, and spread broadcast throughout the earth. He declared that he could not undertake to say that Senator Smoot individually had performed such a marriage or was personally cognizant of such violations of the law, but that as a member of the "Mormon" hier-

archy he was responsible for violations of the law. One of the most remarkable features of the hearing is that senators generally fail to keep run of the testimony and consequently the statements of counsel and witness must be reiterated and repeated over and over again.

Mr. Tayler expected to occupy 30 minutes in reading extracts from official books of the Church and corollary publications and yet he had not finished this reading at 3 o'clock. At Tayler's request a pamphlet enti-

tled "The Thatcher episode," was ordered printed as part of the record. He also read an extract from the revised statutes affecting Utah and its Constitution and statutes of the state so far tuition and statutes of the state so far as it relates to polygamy and closed reading at 3:15 p. m. said, had been taught by Joseph Smith to Brigham Young and his associates and preserved by Young. It was taken DEFENSE OPENS.

had not in any manner changed his convictions on the question of plural marriages.

HOAR AND FORAKER. Senator Hoar asked him why he avoided practising what he had held to be a divine command and the witness answered it was because of the more answered it was because of the more recent manifesto stopping the practise. Senator Hoar persisted that according to the witness' own statements the practise had not been stopped, and Sen-ator Foraker interposed abruptly that the witness had gone over that matter 50 times and he could see no purpose of the continued questioning along that line. Senator Hoar resented the inter-ruption and said Senator Foraker's statment suggested that he had asked one question 50 times and had received one question 50 times and had received 50 answers. He objected to the inference and when Senator Foraker arose to answer, he, too, stood up. The two senators faced each other in what threatened to be a serious clash, Sen-ator Foraker said the senator from Massedurget Massachusetts "could say what he pleased, of course, but I have not said he asked 50 questions

"I accept the disclaimer from the sen ator from Ohio," responded Mr. Hear, but the aggressive manner in which it was said failed to relieve the situation. After more heated words Senator Bey, eridge, who occupied a position direct ly between the two, requested permiswanted to address "Mr. Smoot," and immediately substituted the name In the laugh that was pro-'Smith." oked both senators sat down and the

QUESTION BY BEVERIDGE.

Senator Beveridge desired to know whether the Church considered that the whether the Church considered that the laws were being obeyed when polyga-mous cohabitation had continued since the manifesto of 1890, and Chairman Burrows made the question more per-sonal. He said: "You have said today that you were obeying the laws in not teaching polygony glues the mediant that you were obeying the navis in bot teaching polygamy since the manifesto was promulgated. Do you think you were obeying the law in having 11 children from different mothers since that time' "I obey the law so far as teaching is

concerned. I have not said that I have obeyed the law in my practice. As I have said before I preferred to take my chances with the law rather than to abandon my plural families. Polygamy has not been taught in the Church by any of the officials. The Church by obeyed the laws even if I have not," said Mr. Smith. Reference had been made many

times to the revelation commanding plural marriages and Senator Foraker said that although the ground may have been covered before, he would like to have it go on the record in an-swer to this question: "When, where and how was the injunction in favor of polygamy received by the Church?"

REVELATION ON POLYGAMY. Mr. Smith explained that the revela Nauvoo, in 1843, but was not publicly proclaimed on account of the disturb-ance against Smith. The doctrine, he ity. to the Salt Lake valley in 1847, and in 1852 was proclaimed by Young and ac-



She Used Determined Efforts to Prevent Japan From Resorting to lt.

RUSSIA IS ASSURED OF THIS FULL CONFESSION TO SHERIFF.

Frank Wilson and August Wilmer of Count Binckendorff Carried Verbal Assurances of This Fact to St. Petersburg., Arson.

Paris, March 4 .-- To the gratification of France better relations between Russia and Great Britain are promised as the result of the visit of Count Benck. endorff, the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, to St. Petersburg. From an authoritative source it is learned that Count Benckendorff not only car. ried verbal assurances of the absolute neutrality of Great Britain in the war stroyed by fire on Sept. 17 last and the but that he was the bearer of docu. creamery was burned on Nov. 11. ments establishing the fact that the Holman confessed to the sheriff that London government did not want war he was mixed up in the affairs and gave and had used determined efforts to prethe name of Frank Wilson, residing at 25 Cane street in this city, as being vent it, urging on Japan the fact that the British press did not represent the the man who helped him do the jobs attitude or wishes of the British gov-ernment. Official advices from St. On Wednesday evening Sheriff C.Frank Emery arrested Wilson. The prisoner confessed to firing the boarding house and informed the sheriff that he and Petersburg show that Count Benckendorff's representations cleared away Holiman had been hired to do the work by Alex Jennings, who resides at Le-

many suspicions entertained by the Russian authorities. Russia does not desire unfriendly relations with Great Britain. She therefore met the British government half way and it is under-stood that Count Benckendorff was charged with most conciliatory mea-sures by the czar. This new phase of the situation which has been the subject of conversation by Foreign Min-ister Delcasse and the ambassadors accounty after Jennings. credited to France has given rise to a feeling in official and diplomatic cir-cles that it will be possible after all to

confine the far eastern war to Russia and Japan. The regretted action of various Euro. ceived the insurance on the building Holiman stated that Jennings informed pean countries in arming is not considered as having any other bearing than him that Wilmer hired Jennings to fire the building, and the latter then turned the job over to Holiman and Wilson. preparation for eventualities, which, in the present optimistic frame of mich of the authorities are not likely to come



Mystery Connected With Burning Of Lehi Creamery and Boarding House Solved.

Regretted-Remove All Differences Leading to Discord.

This City Are Accused of

few days as indicating a change in the disposition of the Washington government toward Russia. The Bourse Gazette and the Novoe Vremya this morning discuss in a sober-minded fashion Russo-American relations and the danger of a permanent estrangement. The Bourse Gazette says there is something profoundly regrettable in the present relations between these two world pow-"They transcend the bounds of com-

sian press halls with great satisfaction

the American dispatches of the last

mon logic. The position taken by Amer-ica since last June and the anti-Russian newspaper campaign in the United States are so inexplicable that they seem like a nightmare. Since the beginning of its history America has in-spired the liveliest feelings of friendship and admiration among Russians and diplomatic and political expressions of these feelings have been continuous and constant. In Russian social cirles there has ever been a veritable worship of the classic land of liberty and the Americans have always here-tofore made Russian friendship the corvan, Juab county, who had rented the house from its owner. The men said that they received \$125 for their work. Jennings is the father of the young man nerstone of their foreign policy. Sud-denly, as if an evil spirit had broken loose, the Americans, despite their pracwho was killed at the State street road tical turn of mind, began to do everyhouse several years ago by Barney Ek-stein. Deputy Sheriff Andrew Smith thing to stimulate Japanese aggressive ness and seem now to be anxiously and Sheriff Harman are now in Juab awaiting Japanese victories in Asia where important American commercial The fourth man implicated in the boarding house fire is August Wilmer, an employe of Silver Brothers in this city. Wilmer owned the boarding house

interests are centered. As a matter of fact, hostility between the United States and Russia would be as great a misfortune to civilization in the twenrented it to Jennings and he retieth century as was the rivalry between France and Germany in the nine-teenth. The duty of every rightminded man is to arrest the growth of this animosity.

"Russian diplomacy owes it to the

their pleas of not guilty, to that of guilty

The woman was their

to petit larceny. The woman was the centenced to two months in the count all, while the man was given six month-

E. T. MOORE RESIGNS.

Telegraph Office Retires.

Manager E. T. Moore of the West-

the office there during the sickness of

the regular man, and then take a trip

about the country to enjoy himself.

Mr. Moore came to this city from Bolse

to take charge of the Sait Lake office

over a year ago, and has conducted

the office to the satisfaction of both

patrons and company, Mr. Moore is

a quiet and unpretentious man, who

attends steadily and strictly to business

and has little to say, although he has

always his eyes about him. He has

been in the telegraph business for 12

SINGLE SALE OF TETRO.

St. Petersburg, March 4.—The Rus-lan press halls with great satisfaction he American dispatches of the last than the enemies of Russia may think. The Novoe Vremya says it does not know whether the Washington cabinet influenced such incidents as the gift of \$16,000 by Charles R. Crane of Chicago, to the young czarina's fund for Russian soldiers and sailors, the pro-Russian Irish demonstration in New York and the quieter tone of the bustess press, but the paper belleves it notes an important change in American official tactics beginning with a disinclination to favor the Japanese cable project, followed by the report of Secy. Hay's dissatisfaction with the anti-Russian press campaign which disposi-tion was further proved by his not insisting on dispatching United States consuls to An Tung and Mukden at this time, which quite agrees with President Roosevelt's decision to allow Mr. Morgan (appointed United States consult at Port Dalny), to remain at home for the present and not to send the battleship Kentucky to the scene of hostilities in the far east. The pa-

per adds: "We are certain that this change as agreeable to the Americans as it is to us. The antagonism of Washington distressed, but it did not frighten us, for things could not come to a rupture, is prudence must end always in dominating impulse, and there being no serious reason for a quarrel. The practical Yankees must realize that the telegram of the American consul at Mosow to Chicago to the effect that American business in Russia was suffering by reason of the anti-Russian feeling said to exist in the United States illus-trated the feelings not only of the Moscow merchants but of all branches of Russian trade. What he predicted happened in the case of England after the Crimean war. Germany stepped into the British shoes."

In conclusion, the Novoe Vremya SLYS All is well that onde walt - 16 th We are not light, cool fog which has been hanging called upon to re-echo hostile sounds over Washington, is dispelled and the coming from beyond the Atlantic, be- good old feelings return, we shall be cause unfriendly sentiments do not ex- I the first to welcome them."

In the arrest of John Holiman in Tooele county on last Tuesday by Sheriff Harmon of Utah county, the mystery connected with the burning of the Lehi creamery and the Highland Boy boarding house has been cleared up and information has been secured which led to the arrest of three other men who were implicated in those two affairs. The boarding house was de.

Again there was another audible amile when he explained that the "duties of bishop require an experienced man."

Yesterday morning Mr. Tayler was guite certain that President Smith's day afternoon. But the venerable head of the Church occupied the witness chair during the entire morning session, and the indications are that it will be an hour or more before he

can be excused this afternoon. First half hour was consumed in responses to many and somewhat prolix questions by Senator Hoar concerning the relations of women to the Church, priestly authority and their power as voters, all of which were answered in detail by Mr. Smith. He was then questioned by Mr. Tayler as to the date of M. F. Cowley's selection as an Apostle and also as to an address he made at the Weber stake re-union at Ogden, June 12, 1903. He read a report of that address from the Deseret News of the 23rd and asked if it was a correct extract, to which an affirmative reply was made. President Smith explained that the address was not a public utterance but was delivered to some of the higher officials with the purpose of proving through his aunt, B. W. Smith, that it was Joseph Smith, Jr., and not Brigham Young who first. proclaimed the doctrine of polygamy. He added that he would not have had the address published had he been consulted because he has avoided uttering anything in public which could be construed into advocating the rightfulness of polygamous marriages since the manifesto. Later he caused one of the protestants to wince again when asked if any of the Apostles had had children born to them since 1890. He declared that he had no knowledge on

the subject and exclaimed: "I am not a paid spotter or informer."

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session began a few minutes after 2 with several members of the committee absent. There were, however, five or six senators, not members, who found places among the spectators. The corridor leading to the committee room was more crowded than ever, men and women elbowing | each other in their efforts to secure a sight of the witnesses who have been summoned. The room will seat about 75 people, aside from members of the committee and counsel. At lease 500 have attempted to secure entrance during the day, but under orders from Chairman Burrows, messengers will not permit the room to become crowded.

Behind Mr. Tayler and surrounded by a majority of the female spectators C. M. Owen sat in his usual seat. He carried a black bag from which he passed out copies of official books of the Church to ladies and such members of the committee as desired to follow the reading of extracts by Atty. Tayler. Mr. Owen made himself generally useful in finding the sections which Mr.

President Smith was then placed upon the stand for cross examination, by

Worthington, attorney for Senator Smoot, and explained his previous testimony as to revelations received by other members and officials of the Church other than the First Presidency. He said that according to his best recol-

lection the last revelation which has come to the Church officially in the past examination would be concluded yester- 20 years is that revelation commonly known as the manifesto. He described the manner in which the revelation was presented and accepted and explained. the , method of holding conferences which are usually attended by ten to fifteen thousand men and women in about equal numbers. He said that in future editions of the Doctrine and Cov-

enants he would use his inuffence to have that manifesto incorporated. PLURAL MARRIAGE.

Prest. Smith Testifies Practise

Was Inaugurated by J. Smith Jr.

Washington, March 4 .-- President Joseph F. Smith, of the "Mormon" Church, was called to the stand by Senator Hoar at the opening of today's proceedings before the senate committee on privileges and elections in the investigation of protests against Sena-tor Reed Smoot of Utah. Senator Hoar desired information on the subject of the rights of women in the Church and whether they hold any priestly authority. Mr. Smith said women are regarded as equals of the men in all matters of voting but that in holding "priestly atuhority" women are not regarded on the same plane. He explained that the women have a charitable association known as the "Womens Relief Society" in which they have authority to perform certain prescribed duties. This authority is confined to the relieving of distress, but women are not ordained High Priests, Apostles or Elders,

WEBER STAKE ADDRESS.

Mr. Tayler asked about M. F. Cowley, one of the Apostles, and Cowley's talks on doctrine, and in answer to questions by Senator Dubois, Mr. Smith said Mr. Cowley was elected as an Apostle in 1897. Reading from the Deseret News of June 23, 1893, regarding a speech by Mr. Smith at the Weber stake re-union Mr. Tayler asked Mr. Smith if he was correctly reported in saying that the

doctrine of plural marriages was a rev. elation by God to Joseph Smith, Jr., and to reject that would be equivalent to a rejection of God himself. Mr. Smith believed he was correctly reported and when a list of names of those present, including Senator Smoot, was read, Mr. Smith said the list was correct. He declared that he would not have had the article published if he had been consulted. Pressed for a reason he said that he was under injunction not to teach the rightfulness of polyg-

amy and that he had refrained from so doing in public. Senator Hoar called attention to the fact that the speech was teaching po-lygamy in private to the important and nfluential gathering at the re-union. Mr. Smith said his statement w WAS merely to set right a matter of history in regard in the representdent who in-in regard to who inaugurated the system of plural marriages,

PLURAL MARRIAGES.

"Some persons held that Brigham Young was the first," he said, "and knew it was Joseph Smith, and brought forward my aunt, Bathsheba W. Smith, who had received the endowment from Joseph Smith at Nauvoo, She was the last living witness and took that occasion to refute a false statement. It was a matter of history and not a teaching." Mr. Smith said he had avoided teach*

Tayler desired to have incorporated in. Ing polygamy but that the manifesto

cepted as a revelation. "Does that answer your question?" asked Mr. Smith.

"It answers as to when and where, it not how," said Senator Foraker. but "What I want to know is whether the members of the Church were compelled to practice the polygamous marriage and if that is true why it is only that three or four per cent of the Mormons have practised what has been declared to be a divine command.

DOCTRINE AND COVENANTS.

Mr. Smith called for a copy of the book of Doctrine and Covenants, and read a part of the revelation, which, he said, had been accepted in the nature of permission to take plural wives and was not mandatory upon the members of the Church. Other passages from the same revelation were read, particularly the portions which pre-Other passages scribe the manner of taking more than one wife. It was set forth that if one wanted to espouse a second virgin he could do so by obtaining the consent of the first, but that if the consent of the first was withheld he was at liberty to proceed without it. It is set forth also

that where the first refuses consent to share her husband with another woman she would be "destroyed."

MEANING OF DESTROYED. Senator Pettus asked the meaning of the word "destroyed" in that sense. Mr. Smith answered that she would be destroyed by the Lord, but that he was not informed "just how the Lord would go about it."

"Then it does not mean that the hus-band could destroy her?" Senator Pettus asked.

"No, never." "I take it then that the question of getting a wife's consent to marry again might just as well be eliminated entire-'said Senator Beveridge.

Just as well," answered the witness Senator Overman asked Mr. Smith if he knew whether any one of the six polygamist Apostles had disobeyed the law in regard to polygamous cohabitation since the manifesto of 1890. HE IS NOT A SPOTTER.

"I do not know," answered Mr. Smith

"I only know that they were in the same status of polygamy at the time of the manifesto as I was myself. I do not pry into their family affairs. I am hap. py to say that I am not a "spotter" or informer.' I am not a paid spy.

"Yet you might without being a paid spy," persisted Senator Overman. I know nothing about it. As I have said before I am not a spotter or in former." answered the witness. The The words spotter and informer were hissed rather than spoken.

"Neither am I a paid spotter or in-former," a retorted Senator Overman, "Yet I know that in my town people have children. I think you might answer that question without using the words 'spotter' and 'informer' in that manner

"I beg the senator's pardon," the witness responded. Senator Dubois asked several questions directed to determine the correct. ness of the statements that not more than three or four per cent of the mons" were polygamists, and said h believed he could show that a greater per cent of them had been convicted of the charge. He asked Mr. Smith how many of his predecessors had been monogamists and Mr. Smith said he believed that all of them 'had plural wives.

"And I believe you said your successor to the throne has more than one wife?" said Senator Dubois.

"I wish to correct the senator," responded the witness. "There is no successor to the throne."

Senator Dubois said he would withdraw the offensive term, that he merewanted to ascertain that the suc cessor has been determined upon and that he is now a polygamist. The witness admitted that this was the case. Quoting from the New Testament,

(Continued on page two.)

pass. There is doubt still in official ircles regarding the policy of Germany toward Russia. Advices received here indicate that Germany assured Russia that France inspired the recent note of Secy, Hay regarding Chinese neutral. while France claims and Russia is charge against them here. satisfied that Germany made the first suggestion to the United States.

JAPANESE PLAN.

Was to Cork Up Port Arthur Be-

fore Firing a Shot. . St. Petersburg, March 4 .- A resident of St. Petersburg who has just arrived here from Port Arthur, having left the day before the first Japanese attack, tells an interesting story which seems to indicate that the Japanese planned

to cork th harbor before firing a shot. He says that on the day of his depart. ure a big merchantman, flying the Japanese flag, approached the entrance and in the narrowest part of the channel suddenly stopped, signaled "I am sinking" and commenced to settle. Luckily a tug with steam up was close by and towed the Japanese vessel into a shallow part of the outer harbor. The mer. chantman was loaded with iron. Her captain declared he had been caugh in a storm and the pumps which had kept the steamer adoat broke down just as the entrance of Port Arthur

was reached. The wife of a Russian naval of-ficial attached to the armored cruiser Rossia, who has just arrived here from Vladivostok, described the scene there at the outbreak of hostilities. At 8 o'clock in the morning of Feb. 9 a shot was fired by the flagship and signals were holsted calling all seamen and others who were on shore leave to come on beard.

There was great excitement and enthusiasm among the people streets. The warships in the harbor were surrounded with ice and crowds gathered about them, watched the ships, receive their war colors and cheered as the ice breaker opened a channel.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon headed family residence, 5 Graham court, Thursby the Rossia and accompanied by the day morning, after a brief fliness. The hurrahs of the people, gathered on the ice, the fleet steamed out.

An imperial order had been issued vessel, which affected the heart. Mr. summoning the reserve subalterns and Quist, who was a tailor by occupation first class reserve men of European and conducted a little business at Mur-Russia to the colors for a six weeks ray, was in the best of health until Wedcourse of training. A similar order nesday night, when the trouble which has been issued to the naval reserves. terminated in his death came upon him. This is interpreted as indicating that His demise, therefore was very unex-pected and a great shock to his wife and family. The deceased was born in Sweden, Feb. everything is being made ready for the mobilization of the whole Russian army, if necessary.

According to a service organ, the cost of the rations of the Manchurian troops averages 40 kopecs each, of which 28 are for meat, three for tea and nine for bread. The average for the Liao Tung soldiers is 45 kopecs. The St. Petersburg postaffice employes are starting a fund to build a torpedo boat, to be named Post Telegraph.

Allegheny River Flood Receding.

Pittsburg, March 4 .-- The crest of the flood reached here this morning when the Herr's Island mark showed 29 feet 1 inch in the Allegheny river at that The water is now slowly recedpoint. ing and no further danger is apprehended, the cold wave having checked the rise.

dicted for tonight and tomorrow, with The damage done by the floor probcolder weather. The severely cold still olds out up north, but the minus signs ably will not exceed \$250,000. are fewer, and in the course of a couple of weeks will have disappeared off the weather map. A high barometric area is pushing in from the west, which is likely to chaige the meteorological situation in a couple of days. Along Pine creek and in the Turtle Creek valley especially, the havoc was beyond any done in recent years. Industrial establishments along the were compelled to close two rivers down and thousands of men were thrown out of work. The railroads of the district suffered to an unusual ex-As far as known there were no tent.

lives lost. **18 FAIRBANKS A CANDIDATE**

He Refuses to Say Whether or Not He Wants Vice Presidency. Chrismon, colored, who were arrested

Washington. March 4.—Senator Fair-tanks was shown a published dispatch stating that he had "decided to become a candidate for vice president," He de-clined to make any statement. fore Judge Dichl this morning for prelim-

Complaints have been filed against all four men charging them with arson world to do its utmost. They will be arraigned before Justice Williams at Bingham. It is expected Williams at Bingham. that Holiman and Wilson will be tried for the Utah county offense first and then all four will have to answer to th

J. E. COTTER ARRESTED.

Prominent Merchant of Lehi Included in the Arson Sensation.

(Special to the "News")

Provo, March 4 .- A tremendous sensa-Local Manager of the Western Union tion was created in Utah county this morning when it became known that J. E. Cotter, a highly respected chant of Lehl, had been arrested by Deputy S. Graham. Mr. Cotter was brought into Provo later by the officers. ern Union Telegraph office in this city, has resigned, as he intends going into He is accused of having hired a man some other line of business. However, named Jennings to set fire to the creamery. be will go to Bolse to take charge of

LUCKY ONES.

Four Out of Seven Applicants Pass West Point Physical Examination.

Seven applicants for the appointment to West Point, to be made by Senator Smoot, presented themselves at the office of State Supt. of Schools Nelson this morning for examination. Out of that number three failed to pass the physical examination. Those who passed the phy-

years, five years of which he has been manager of some office. Mr. Moore's many friends wish him good fortune stal examination and are taking the mental examination are: T. W. Ball, Salt Lake; Holvar G. Coulter, Ogden; Royal C. Lowe, Willard; G. L. Snow, Salt Lake. It is expected that the examination will be completed by tomorrow night. in whatever calling he may feel called on to follow. Until the appointment of a new Salt Lake manager, Cashier G. J. Butler will remain in charge.

PETER QUIST DEAD.

Blood Vessel.

Peter L. Quist, a well known Scandina.

MORE SNOW.

It is a case of more weather today,

with plenty of wet snow, and more pre-

SENT TO JAIL.

Man Named Rich.

several days ago on the charge of robbing

Well Known Scandinavian Ruptures a This Afternoon's Regular Call on 'Change Lasted Fifteen Minutes.

vian resident of this city, died at the A single sale of Tetro constituted the total business transacted during the regular call of the mining exchange this afternoon, 100 shares going at 34% cause of death was the rupture of a blood The call, which begun at cents. o'clock, ended within fifteen minutes,

COLLISION ON O. S. L.

Head on Smashup Occurs at American Falls This Morning.

(Special to the "News.")

The deceased was born in Sweden, Feb. 16, 1840, and came to Utah July 24, 1871, settling first in Salt Lake. Some time later he went to Sevier county, where he resided for a number of years, but later he returned to Salt Lake, which he has made his home ever since. Mr. Quist was a faithful Latter-day Saint, and filled two missions to Sweden, the last only a short time ago. He leaves a wife and five children, three sons and two daughters. Pocatello, Ida., March 4 .- A head-on collision between two Oregon Short Line trains occurred this forenoon about 9 o'clock at American Falls, 20 miles west of here. From the meager details now obtainable no one was intwo daughters. The funeral will be held on Sunday at 2:30 p. m. from the Second ward meetjured and the damage was confined to rolling stock only. The wrecking crew are on the scene. inghouse. Friends are invited to attend

----J. D. WOOD HOME.

J. D. Wood has returned from his southern California trip, after having been away from this city since early in January. He says that while southern California has been very, very dry, still of late there have come three or four heavy and refreshing rains, so that the country has been well soaked. The tax. Several skirmishes have occurred near Amateva. The insurgent chiefs, Apostol and Yovan, are strongly entrenched near Gumenje awaiting an attack. face of nature is therefore smiling, and so are the people. Everybody seems happy.

Great Earthquake in Peru.

Lima, Peru, March 4 .- A tremendous Colored Couple Plend Guilty t Robbing earthquake, which did much damage, occurred here at 5:20 this morning. Nothing comparable with it had been experienced during the last 30 years. Edna Chrismon, colored, and Fred

First of Arctic Fleet to Leave.

several days ago on the charge of robbing a man named Rich of \$90, were taken be-fore Judge Diehl this morning for prelim-inary hearing. Both defendants changed

O'BRIEN MAY BE INSANE.

Proceedings Will be Instituted to Determine the Fact.

Washington, March 4 .- Robert Manning, the war department messenger who was shot by William O'Brien, bassed a comfortable night. The indications are now that the wound is not dangerous as at first supposed and Manning has a good chance of recovery. O'Brien appeared in police court today on a warrant charging him with assault with intent to killi Manning. Asst. United States Dist. Atty. Goven suggested that the man be committed to jail and the jall physician notified to confer with the St. Elizabeth asylum The court concurred in this suggestion withand the prisoner was sent to jail out bond pending proceedings looking to his return to the insane asylum. was on parole from that institution when he did the shooting.

DAMAGE BY PRAIRIE FIRE.

Loss in the Kiowa County Will Exceed \$150,000.

Hobart, Okla., March 4 .-- Reports continue to come in of damage done by the prairie fires and windstorm in the Kiowa and Comanche countries. Three residences at Snyder, a small town near here, were demolished and seven per-sons were injured, none, it is believed, fatally. At Mount Park, several houses were demolished and half a Jozen persons were injured, none seriously. strip six miles wide and nine miles long, burned 20 miles south of Hobart. The loss in the Klowa country will exseed \$150,000.

WUNSAN GOLD MINES.

Sixty U. S. Soldiers Have Been Ordered There.

Seoul, March 4 .- Sixty U. S. soldiers have been ordered to the Wunsan gold mines, sixty miles north of Ping Yang.

VON WALDERSEE ILL.

His Condition is Such as to Alarm His Friends.

Hanover Prussia, March 4.-The con-dition of Field Marshal Count von Wal-dersee is causing anxiety among his friends. He has been ill for some days and is losing his strength.

St. Louis Fair Strike Off.

St. Louis, March 4 .- The strike of the laborers at the world's fair grounds was declared off and the 1,000 men who valked out Monday resumed work at the reduction announced.

Coal Miners Go on Strike.

Huntington, W. Va., March 4.-The miners at the East Lynn mines on the East Lynn branch of the Norfolk &

Albanian Insurrection Ended.

Salonica Macedonia, March 4 -- The Al-

anian insurrectionary movement at lpek s ended. The government has promised he Albarians exemption from the cattle

A Hearing for S. A. Croff.

Washington, March 4.-Justice Priich-ard today fixed a hearing for tomorrow in the case of Samuel A, Groff, on a motion for a new trial.

All Q if t at Vladivostock.

A. - All 18 cit.

n 10 ships were sighted

at soon disappeared.

Western railroad, are on a strike

