

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Democrats reply to the Republicans at New Orleans.  
Extraordinary cabinet council at Constantinople.  
No hope of justice for the Democrats.  
Fire at Elm Station, Pa.  
Seizure of the steamer Monte-  
... Democratic majority in Ar-  
... The Eastern question.  
... Railroad accident in Mis-  
... The negro riot at Stafford's  
... Cabinet meeting at Wash-  
... Postmaster at Elko, Nev.  
... Affidavits from the bull-dog  
... The Bengal cyclone, 129,000  
... The South Carolina canvass.  
... Murderers sentenced to be  
... President Lincoln's bones;  
... arrest of the men who attempted  
... to steal them.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The New York World says, "Allan Ramsay wrote a song tell-  
ing how to woo a widow; he might  
as well have left directions how to  
get struck with lightning."  
—Prentice Mulford, considering  
the great number of chairs which  
are held in veneration because  
George Washington sat in them,  
thinks that the Father of his country  
must have had a great talent for  
sitting.  
—There is a movement for  
stones in street cars in New York.  
—What is life without a father?  
Ask the lazy boy, he enjoys it. The  
Rev. Joseph Cook, in his Boston  
lecture on evolution, declared that  
the law that all living beings must  
have two parents is not universal,  
and instanced the fact that drone  
bees have only one parent, the  
mother.

—In London recently a man  
bespattered by a passing cab used  
the owner for damages and he re-  
covered a shilling and costs.

FIRST IN WAR, BUT NOT IN  
PEACE.

It has been stated and is under-  
stood that Germany declines to ac-  
cept the invitation to send articles  
to the French Exhibition of 1878,  
and for the reason that she is  
afraid of copying in the arts of peace  
with the enemy she so completely  
vanquished by the arts of war a few  
years ago.

Dr. Julius Lessing, Director of the  
Royal Imperial Museum at Berlin,  
protests against the Exhibition  
and against Germany having any-  
thing to do with it, and for rather  
curious reasons. He says—

"While France, owing to circum-  
stances which I cannot judge, is  
enjoying material prosperity, the  
depression of industry here is a  
well-known fact. 'Speculation  
period' did infinite harm; the  
demoralization of workmen can  
only gradually be counteracted.  
The heavy demand of industry  
among people of the wealthier  
classes brings with it the want—  
than which none is more keenly  
felt—the want of orders and buy-  
ers, so that Germany has no reason  
to choose this particular time to  
retrieve former defeats.  
"It would be simply impossible  
to get anything ready in this time  
that could indicate a real returning  
back from the false path into which  
German industry has struck."

Here is furnished another proof  
that the prosperity of conquest is  
not the best aid to the real welfare  
of a nation.

CONSUMPTION OF WATER IN  
VARIOUS CITIES.

ALTHOUGH New York has a more  
liberal water supply than any other  
large city in the world, yet the  
people of that city are scared be-  
cause they have not enough, the  
down town people using so much  
that the up town people can scarce-  
ly get any.

The following purports to be a  
table of the water consumption in  
several of the largest cities in Eu-  
rope and America—

Daily Consumption per Inhabitant in the Cities of the United States.	
Gallons.	
New York	90
Boston	80
Philadelphia	60
Chicago	50
San Francisco	40
London	30
Paris	20
Birmingham	15
Manchester	10
Edinburgh	8
Glasgow	7
Cardiff	6
Sheffield	5

The following table exhibits the  
population and total daily consump-  
tion of several large cities—

Inhabitants.	
Gallons.	
London	3,700,000
New York	1,200,000
Philadelphia	1,000,000
Chicago	750,000
San Francisco	450,000
Boston	350,000
San Antonio	250,000
St. Louis	200,000
San Diego	150,000
San Jose	100,000

## By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.  
TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES  
EASTERN.

The Situation Remains Unchanged.  
NEW YORK, 18.—The Times New  
York special says the situation  
here, to-day, remains unchanged.  
The second letter addressed by the  
Democrats to the Republicans to-  
day, will probably close the  
correspondence. Something more  
to the purpose than writing letters  
will be accomplished when the  
returning officers meet to-morrow.  
They will invite five gentlemen of  
each political party to be present  
and witness the return of the  
votes. This will happily dispose of the question of a  
secret session, and will give satis-  
faction to both parties. The next  
point is the election of a member  
to fill the vacancy on the returning  
board. I have the best reason for  
believing that the chairman of the  
democratic state central commit-

tee of Louisiana will be asked to  
name a man to fill the vacancy,  
and he will be elected. These two  
points have been considered by the  
Republicans, and the citizens of all  
the States so largely interested in  
the election of this State can rest  
assured that, if the Democrats meet  
in the State, the peace and order  
which prevails to-night, the  
canvass will be fairly and openly  
made, and amicably settled as  
speedily as possible. A number  
of the visiting republicans leave to-  
morrow.

About Concentrating Troops at  
Washington.

The Tribune's Washington special  
says in military and naval circles  
it is believed that orders will soon  
be issued directing preparations to  
be made for the concentration of  
a sufficient force at Washington to  
quiet all apprehensions that are felt  
in the country of a revolution, or  
demonstrations occurring to inter-  
fere with the counting of the elec-  
tional vote, or of the inauguration of  
the legally chosen President. Army  
officers state that a force of 12,000  
infantry and artillery could, in two  
or three weeks' time, be assembled  
in the fort near Washington, and  
well-informed officers in the navy  
department say that about thirty  
of the most formidable ships of war  
in the service are now in the har-  
bors on the coast, between Maine  
and in the Mississippi, comprising  
all the iron-clads fitted out when  
hostilities with Spain were consid-  
ered imminent. All these vessels  
could be readily brought to Wash-  
ington if any emergency should  
arise requiring their presence. It  
may be stated, positively, that the  
administration does not regard the  
blustering of politicians or the  
threats of partisan newspapers  
as indicating a possibility of the  
part of any considerable  
body of citizens to resist the con-  
summation of the election, in case  
the legally ascertained result does  
not correspond with their wishes.  
President Grant and his advisers  
believe that the masses of the peo-  
ple of both parties will acquiesce  
in the result, whatever it may be.  
Needless expense will be incurred  
for the groundless fears aroused by  
the concentration of armed forces at  
the capital, unless that step should  
be required by a menace to the pub-  
lic peace, which ought not to be  
disregarded. At the same time, it  
may as well be known to all men  
who imagine that violence will in-  
stall a President whom the laws do  
not elect, that any attempt in  
that direction would be madness.  
The President, mindful of his oath,  
will see to it that the Constitu-  
tion and the laws are enforced, and  
will have ample powers at his command  
to do so, and that no mob will in-  
terfere with the orderly count of  
the votes of the State by the two  
houses of Congress or with the in-  
auguration of the successful candi-  
date.

## The Florida Canvass.

The Herald's Tallahassee special  
says the democratic state commit-  
tee have addressed a communica-  
tion to the members of the board of  
State canvassers requesting them  
to proceed at once to canvass the  
returns as far as received. They  
set forth the probability that the  
contests will require some time for  
the determination of, and quote the  
law requiring the issuance of the cer-  
tificates by the Governor on Decem-  
ber 1st. Interviews with members  
of the board indicate an apparent  
certainty that the board will refuse  
to commence the canvass as re-  
quested, but will postpone it till  
the middle of the month. The  
purpose of the board is to secure a  
full hearing. This has put them  
into looking into the authority  
under which the board is acting.  
It is quite probable that  
proceedings will be commenced  
promptly to see if the board cannot  
be forced to commence canvassing,  
or whether it cannot be restrained  
by injunction from exercising any  
judicial functions at all.

Comptroller (Cowell), a member  
of the board, quoted the law to the  
reporter, which says that the board  
shall meet on the thirty-fifth day  
after the election, or sooner if the  
returns are all in. He said he  
should be bound by the law, and  
added the returns are not all in.  
Judge Cooke, another member of  
the board, said he should accede to  
the request of the committee, and  
gave as his opinion, that the law  
admitted the right to make a se-  
lect canvass of the returns as they  
came in.

W. E. Chandler says it appears  
as if the whole white population of  
Florida were a police board, detec-  
tive force, and affidavit workers for  
the democrats, while we have only  
a witness scattered about here and  
there.

American Mining Board Transac-  
tions.

The transactions at the mining  
board to-day were 3,200 shares.

## Stocks.

Caledonia, 91  
Chollar Potash, 75  
Cleveland, 9 1/2  
Consolidated Horolers, 51 1/2  
Consolidated Imp, 3  
Crown Point, 31  
Grant, 61  
Lucas, 11  
Merchants, 44 1/2  
St. Joseph Lead, 64  
Cedarburg, 8

## Bank Statement.

Weekly bank statement—Loans  
decrease \$505,307; specie increase  
\$1,496,407; legal tender decrease  
\$1,052,000; deposits decrease \$820,  
600; circulation increase \$14,100;  
reserved increase \$648,650.

## Silver Exports.

The total report of silver from  
this port the past month amounted  
to \$149,000.

## Maryland Official Vote.

BALTIMORE, 18.—The official  
vote of Maryland for President and  
Vice-President is, for Tilden 91,781;  
Hayes 71,881; Tilden's majority  
19,790. The official majorities for  
Congress are: First district, M.  
Henry 3,382; second, Charles B.  
Roberts 3,019; third, Wm. Kilwell  
5,659; fourth, Thomas Swann 2,593;  
fifth, Eli J. Henkle 2,731; sixth,  
Wm. Walsh, 1,400.

## The Board of Canvassers.

NEW ORLEANS, 18.—At twelve  
o'clock there was quite a gathering  
at the room of the returning board,  
where the board, with the board of  
the board, were there. Judge Trum-  
bull, Judge Stallo, Gov. Palmer,  
and ex-Gov. McHenry, of the north-  
ern democrats, and the demo-  
cratic committee which has charge  
of the evidence to be presented on  
the part of the Democrats, were  
present. There were a number of  
Republicans, and the board of  
sergeant-at-arms to procure a room  
for the meeting of the board. A  
resolution offered by General An-  
derson inviting the presence of five  
gentlemen from each party out of  
the northern Democrats and Re-  
publicans in this city, was adopted.

Col. Zacharie filed a plea to the  
jurisdiction of the board, who  
thereafter went into executive ses-  
sion.Arrest of the Men Who Attempted to  
Steal Late President Lincoln's  
Remains.

CHICAGO, 18.—At a late hour last  
night United States Detectives Ty-  
rell and Washburne, with the aid of  
two local detectives, captured the  
two men who attempted to steal  
the bones of President Lincoln from  
the vault in Springfield, Ill., on  
the night of November 7th. They  
are Terence Mullen, alias T. Dur-  
nan, the proprietor of the Hub Sa-

loon, 294 W. Madison street, where  
the arrest was made, and Jack  
Hughes alias J. Smith, an old  
counterfeiter, connected with the  
murder of Henry Bayne. These men  
have been shadowed since the at-  
tempt was made to despoil the  
tomb, and their guilt is said to be  
proven. The officers will take them  
to Springfield this evening to  
await indictment and trial.

The Result of the South Carolina  
Canvass.

COLUMBIA, S. C., 18.—The result  
of the tabulated returns of the  
county canvassers gives the State  
to Hayes' electors by a majority  
varying from 230 to 1,133. Counsel  
for the democrats immediately filed  
exceptions to the returns, on the  
ground of irregularities, errors,  
and omissions between the manag-  
ers' returns and the statements of  
the county canvassers, which they  
claim violates the laws of the State.  
The supreme court will, it is under-  
stood, direct the board in its duties  
as to the final count.

## Murderers Sentenced.

NEWARK, N. J., 18.—Oswald and  
Ryan, convicted of the murder of  
other Brockway, were, to-  
day, sentenced to be hanged on Fri-  
day, January 5th, 1877. Their  
counsel have taken exceptions, and  
will endeavor to secure a new  
trial, will also apply for a stay of  
proceedings. When asked by the  
Judge why sentence should not be  
passed on them, Ryan said he was  
innocent of the charge. Oswald  
made no reply.

## Wool Market.

BOSTON, 18.—Wool steady, firm.  
Transactions aggregate 2,000,000  
lbs., mostly on manufacturers' ac-  
count. There is more or less specu-  
lative inquiry. Sales of fine fleeces  
have been 180,000 lbs. N and med-  
ium Ohio and Pennsylvania 42  
45; N X to 47; N and above,  
nominally at 52. Sales of western  
fleeces have been 160,000 lbs.,  
mostly at 39 to 40, with a firm mar-  
ket. Combing and delaine firm,  
with good inquiry. Sales of 178,000  
lbs. washed 45 to 46, unwashed  
34 to 35; sales of California have  
been 649,000 lbs., with prices rang-  
ing from 11 to 25 for N and above,  
and 35 for Spring. Supplies continue to  
arrive freely, and fall is fast passing  
into the hands of manufacturers.  
There is a lively spring offering.  
Pulled is scarce and firm, particu-  
larly the better grades of super,  
and very full prices are obtained.  
The sales of the week have been  
75,000 lbs., including choice Maine  
and eastern super at 42 to 46.

## FOREIGN.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

## The Question of Peace or War.

LONDON, 18.—The Times, in a  
leader, sums up the latest phase of  
the situation as follows: On Tur-  
key's decision, to-day, in regard to  
the conference, hangs the question  
of peace or war, even though the  
conference meets, but it must be  
considered that Turkey's refusal to  
participate in the conference would  
be taken as her acceptance of war.

## Conference of No Conference.

The Post publishes the following,  
in an official form: We believe it  
probable that after the forthcoming  
council at Constantinople, the Porte  
will accede to the English proposal  
for a conference.

Dispatches from Berlin concur  
in reporting that Russia is raising  
fresh difficulties with regard to the  
peace of demarcation, demanding  
that it be pushed further back on  
the Drina.

A Berlin correspondent says it is  
expected that Turkey will place on  
record a solemn protest against the  
mobilization of the Russian troops.

An order has been received  
at Woolwich for forty million car-  
tridges to be ready in eighteen  
weeks, and forty thousand ammu-  
nition boxes, in which to pack the  
cartridges for transportation.

The Vienna correspondent of the  
Times says the British government  
is so convinced that a conference  
is the only means of bringing about  
pacification, that it has intimated  
to the Porte the possibility that  
a conference may be held even  
without Turkey's participation. If  
representations have not been  
without effect.

The Grand Vizier and the Minis-  
ter of Foreign Affairs seem con-  
vinced that a conference is inevit-  
able.

## Bullion Withdrawn.

The amount of bullion with-  
drawn from the Bank of England  
on balance to-day is 269,000.

## Specie Shipment.

LIVERPOOL, 18.—The steamer  
Parthia, which sailed from this  
port to-day, for New York, took  
\$750,000 in specie.

## Loss of Life by the Bengal Cyclone.

A Reuter telegram from Calcutta  
states that later accounts say that  
120,000 persons perished during the  
cyclone which passed through  
Eastern Bengal on the 1st of Octo-  
ber. The government is taking  
active steps for the relief of the  
distressed population of the dis-  
trict.

More About Counting the Electoral  
Vote.

Major McDonald, chief clerk of  
the Senate, who has seen forty  
years' service in connection with  
that body, and who has witnessed  
the counting of every electoral vote  
since 1837, ought to be well qual-  
ified to speak with reference to the  
usage of Congress in this matter.

He says that from 1789 down to  
1855 the usual mode was for the two  
houses to appoint a joint commis-  
sion, which generally consisted of  
three members of the Senate and  
five of the House, to report the  
manner in which the vote should  
be counted. The commission al-  
ways recommended that the votes  
be counted on the part of the Senate  
and the House. In 1857, James M.  
Mason, of Virginia, President pro  
tempore of the Senate, presided at  
the counting of the electoral vote.

After it had been counted, and  
James Buchanan had been declared  
elected President, and John C.  
Breckinridge, Vice-President, a  
representative, Humphrey Mar-  
shall, arose and raised a question of  
order, to wit: Had the President  
pro tempore of the Senate the right  
to declare or to decide whether or not  
the vote of the State of Wisconsin  
should be counted. The President  
of the Senate pro tempore, Mr. Mason,  
refused to entertain the question,  
and thereupon left the chair  
and proceeded back to the Senate  
chamber, followed by the members  
of the Senate, without waiting for  
any question to be put to the joint  
meeting. In so doing he virtually  
said to both Houses, "The power of  
counting or rejecting the vote of  
any State, under the Constitution,  
is vested in me, and in me alone;  
consequently, all objections to  
counting the vote of any State are  
entirely out of order." Major Mc-  
Donald is of the opinion that we  
are in the same position to-day, and  
that, unless some definite system  
is adopted, we must depend upon  
the judgment and impartiality of  
one man alone. That man, of  
course, will be the presiding officer  
of the Senate whoever he may be  
the next Wednesday in Febru-  
ary.—Washington Star, Novem-  
ber 11.

It is universally conceded that labor is  
honorable; and yet mankind seem to prefer  
to go through life with as little of this kind  
of honor as possible.

## The Imminent Danger.

Suppose that this intervention of  
auxiliary power to protect the ac-  
tion of an independent state au-  
thority should happen to be seated  
in Louisiana or any one of the  
States for the purpose of taking out  
the majority of an electoral college  
when they are choosing the Presi-  
dent, or suppose that it, by subvert-  
ing the vote of that State, one man  
should be chosen instead of the  
other, who would have been chosen  
if the State had voted without  
being acted upon by that authority.  
What have you then but civil war  
engaging vast passions and vast  
multitudes of men on the question  
of a dispute over the presidency?  
"Ah, you will never have that,"  
you say, "because we have that  
courage and that common sense of  
the American people which make  
free government possible and per-  
manent and strong. Let anybody  
take a step," you will say, "that  
supposes the fair play of political  
competition and political agitation,  
and the President who takes his  
seat under such a title shall have  
nothing to do with the office."  
I submit it to you, fellow-  
citizens, that the moment we com-  
placently accept the side that  
profits by such intervention, and  
assume that nothing but disap-  
pointment and political disgust are  
on the other side, principles are  
gone and the way will be open  
last for usurpation.—Wm. M. Everts  
in 1874.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

V. M. M. I. A. Sunday School Insti-  
tute—C. O.

RICHFIELD, SEVIER CO.,  
November 14th, 1876.

## Editor Dear Sir:

On the 28th of February, 1874, we  
had a V. M. M. I. A. started here.  
It has since been in the hands of  
many difficulties, but perseverance  
has kept it alive and to-day it num-  
bers fifty-two members. Our week-  
ly meetings draw full houses every  
time, and can truly say that a  
pious set of young men can hardly  
be found. Hon. Wm. G. Baker is  
our President, F. W. Blomhage and  
H. Hansen, Vice-Presidents, C. J.  
Kempie, Secretary, Wm. Ogden,  
Treasurer, and Joseph Evans, cor-  
responding secretary. We have also  
established a monthly paper, called  
the Richfield Gazette, with a spe-  
cial view of improving the young  
men in general.

Last Saturday the school trustees  
and teachers of this county met and  
perfected a permanent organization,  
with Prof. E. E. Hudson as Presi-  
dent, O. C. Andersen of Monroe  
Greenwood second Vice-President,  
J. Kempie, Secretary, R. Ram-  
sey of peace or war, even though the  
conference meets, but it must be  
considered that Turkey's refusal to  
participate in the conference would  
be taken as her acceptance of war.

The U. O. of Richfield held to-  
day their annual election, and al-  
though we have not made a great  
amount of property as yet by our  
union, we have a very fair prospect  
for the future. We did not start in the U. O.  
to get rich, but to build up the  
cause of the poor, and in doing  
our help we have everything on  
the altar for that purpose.

I am respectfully yours,  
CHR. J. KEMP.

## DIED.

At West Haven, Conn., Oct. 15, 1876, by the  
breaking of a blood vessel, THOMAS CARL,  
aged 35 years.

Deceased was baptized by Elder William  
Dunbar, and joined the Church in the  
year 1850. He died as he lived, in full faith and hope of  
resurrection through the Gospel of Jesus  
Christ.—Middletown Press.

## SALT LAKE THEATRE.

W. T. HARRIS, Business Manager.

The Manager takes great pleasure in  
announcing that at great expense, he has  
effected an engagement with the Great  
English Actor, Mr.

## GEO. RIGNOLD

WHO WILL APPEAR THIS EVENING.

SATURDAY, NOV. 18th.

CLAUDE MELNOTTE

In the Lady of Lyons, and

WILLIAM IN Black-Eyed Susan

MISS NELLIE COLEBROOK AS PAULINE

Will be presented, Sir Edward Lytton

Aut, entitled, THE

LADY OF LYONS!

Claude Melnotte, Mr. Geo. Rignold,

Pauline, Miss Colebrook.

To conclude with the Nautical Drama,

Black-Eyed Susan

Revised Edition, \$1.25.

Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7:30.

ADMISSION—Regular Theatre Rates

Reserved Seats, \$1.25.

Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7:30.

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(Or if placed in a line, over)

16 MILES OF

ARTERIAL

OAK

As Absolutely Without a Fault

Our New Sizes

Nos. 37, 38, 39, 47, 48 and 49

ARE A MARVELOUS COMBINATION OF

Convenience,

Neatness

& Economy,

And all the essential points that go

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MOST PERFECT COOKING STOVE

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tution, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Z. C. M. I.  
RETAIL DEPARTMENT!

We take great pleasure in announcing to our patrons and the general public that our importations of  
"FALL AND WINTER GOODS" are now open, and will be found worthy of inspection.

## BLACK SILKS AND VELVETS.

We call special notice to these fabrics, having bought prior to the advance in price of these materi-  
als, and are thus enabled to offer them at Lower Figures than the present market value.

OUR STOCK OF

## DRESS GOODS,

For the present season, consists in part of French, German, English and American manufactures, in great  
assortment. BLACK GOODS a specialty, in every variety.

## WHITE GOODS.

A special effort has been made this season to render this department complete. It consists in part of  
Bleached Damask Table Linen, Turkey Reds, Loom Dye, Napkins, Towelings, Crashes, Huck and Damask  
Towels, etc., Nottingham Curtain Nets, Marseilles, Honeycomb, Crochet and Dutch Quilts.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Linen Collars and Cuffs, Rufflings and Neck Rouchings, Guipure Edgings, Yak Laces, French Thread Edges,  
Italian Veil and Cluny Edges, Hamburg Edgings, and every article belonging to White Goods.

## SHAWL AND CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Latest Novelties in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Shawls of the most pleasing variety, which we  
are offering at unusually Low Figures. Special attention is called to these goods, as they defy competition.

## A FULL LINE OF LADIES' BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS.

Of the Latest Styles, with Fur and Silk Trimmings, which are exceedingly desirable.

## FELT SKIRTS AND BALMORALS,

Printed, Embossed, Trimmed and Quilted, in immense assortment.

## HOSIERY.

This stock is now complete, with full lines of Cotton and Woollen Hose and Half Hose, Shirts and  
Drawers, Cardigans, Hoods, Nubias, Scarfs, etc.

OUR LINE OF

## MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

Is complete, and embraces all the novelties of the season, which are offered at attractive prices. The Fancy  
Chancellors in new patterns cannot be excelled, while our