

MAY DAY BROUGHT NO REVOLUTION.

Paris Labor Districts Where Troops Control Have Appearance of a Siege.

ONE THOUSAND ARRESTS MADE

Temper of Workmen Threatening, They Claiming That the Police Acted Brutally.

Paris, May 1.—The long-dreaded May day failed to bring the revolution which inflammatory journals predicted, but none the less it brought scenes of excitement and violence. The labor districts, which thousands of troops controlled with difficulty, and even central portions of Paris, have taken on the appearance of a siege, with regiments of infantry and cavalry camped about the Arc de Triomphe, the bourse, the Bank of France and the great railway stations, while military sentinels paced before banks and private establishments. The main thoroughfares in the residential portion of Paris remained quiet.

In the west end, far removed from riotous scenes, people were disposed to treat the events in the labor quarters as harmless effervescence. It was, however, much more than that. Throughout the afternoon, dragoons, Republican guards and cuirassiers charged disorderly masses, sweeping the Place de la Republique and the broad Boulevard de Magenta.

Toward nightfall cavalry charged with drawn swords and many persons were wounded on both sides. The manifestants overturned omnibuses and threw up hasty barricades. Over 1,000 arrests were made during the day.

At night the movement continued, though the magnitude of no revolt, but was rather a leaderless tumult in which the serious labor element, struggling for a principle, was hopelessly confused with violent agitators, anarchists, revolutionists, roughs and a large number of the curious. The workmen never succeeded in forming a procession or a definite assembly, but their scattered bands, their chief action was a reunion of several thousands in the labor exchange, at which a resolution was adopted not to return to work until the eight-hour day shall have been accorded.

The worst hour of the day was toward 5 o'clock this evening, when the police finally came into the streets and were compelled to rely on the mounted troops, the latter, forming in lines 20 yards around the Place de la Republique, driving the disorderly crowds into the surrounding streets. Most of the mob sought refuge in the Boulevard de Magenta and at the Quai de Valmy, which became centers of disorders. Here the rioters demanded repeated commands to disperse, and the cavalry galloped into the crowds, trampling and injuring many.

A body of foot guards became surrounded by manifestants and was rescued with difficulty by cavalry with drawn swords. Here a considerable number were wounded. By 6 o'clock order had been measurably restored and most of the troops returned to their barracks.

Throughout the disorders the authorities succeeded in executing their original plan of holding the disturbances strictly within the limits of the labor districts and not permitting them to press toward the wealthy commercial and industrial sections.

Tonight vehicular traffic is completely suspended. Cabs, omnibuses and street cars are not running, the result being to give the usually busy boulevards a singular aspect of desolation. Enormous crowds of curious people fill the streets. The opera and other state theaters are closed, and the racing and gambling houses of courtaillers in the basement, while Felix Weingartner is conducting a Beethoven and Berlioz festival in the auditorium. Ten of the leading theaters closed on account of the exceptional conditions. The banks were closed throughout the day.

At 10 o'clock tonight dragoons still occupied the streets surrounding the houses and the other great financial establishments.

The temper of the workmen is threatening. They claim that the police acted brutally and cite many incidents of innocent people being beaten and arrested. They declare that today was only the beginning of the movement.

Reports from the provinces show that there were violent demonstrations at Marseilles, Brest, Bordeaux, St. Etienne, Lyons and Rouen. At Marseilles processions carrying red flags and creating violent disorder came in collision with the police and a number of them were injured.

At Lyons the processions paraded the streets, singing revolutionary songs, and the cavalry charged them, wounding many. At Lyons a crowd of manifestants attacked the street cars, breaking the glass windows, whereupon the dragoons charged the rioters, wounding a large number. There were lesser disturbances at many points.

LOOKS LIKE PROPRIETORS HAD SWINDLED GUESTS.

Salt Lake City, May 1.—With Captain J. Deedes Bennett unable to ascertain whereabouts of William Munger and A. Zerberg, proprietors of the burned Hotel American on Howard street, the former general manager of the hotel, who paid over the loss of some \$300 in gold and jewelry which intruded to the hotel management when their building was damaged.

On Saturday morning he complained to the captain today that the proprietors had

WEAK STOMACH

AND SICK HEADACHE CURED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Another Triumph for the Tonic Treatment for Disorders of the Digestive System.

The symptoms of stomach trouble are various, some victims have a ravenous appetite, others loathe the sight of food. Often there is a feeling as of weight on the chest, a full feeling in the throat. Sometimes the gas presses on the heart and leads the sufferer to think he has heart disease. Sick headache is a frequent and distressing symptom.

The weak stomach needs a digestive tonic, for this purpose no better tonic than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is known by the statement of Mr. A. C. Merritt, a mining man of Oceans, Calif., a veteran of Battalion C, Third U. S. Regular Infantry.

"I had never been well since I left the army," he says, "always having trouble with my stomach, which was worse. I was run down and debilitated. Could keep nothing on my stomach, and at times had sick headache so bad that I did not care whether I lived or died. My stomach refused to retain even liquid food and I almost despaired of getting well again. A doctor said that the only medicine for me was to get out of the country. There was bitten by a rattlesnake and that laid me up from work entirely for a year, six months of which I spent in bed."

"One day a friend recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to me and I began taking them. They cured me when all other remedies failed. I have recommended the pills to a great many, for during my recovery every one asked me what was helping me so and I told them Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I cannot speak too highly of them."

If you want good health you must have good blood. Bad blood is the root of all common diseases. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best remedy for this disease.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price 5¢ per box, six boxes for \$2.50 by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

the guests that they were going to Sacramento would take all their valuables with them.

On endeavoring to communicate with them two days after the fire, no trace of the pair could be found, and the Sacramento police have been notified, but have gained no knowledge as to their whereabouts.

OMAHA DEMOCRATIC FIRST TIME IN SIXTEEN YEARS.

Omaha, May 1.—James C. Dahlman, Democrat, was elected mayor of Omaha to succeed Mr. B. B. Benson, a member of the city council. The total vote, according to uncorrected returns, was: Dahlman, 10,247; Benson, 5,855, making Dahlman's majority 4,392.

The vote for the Socialists' candidate was small.

A full set of city officers, including city councilmen, was elected, coincidently in the election at large, and with the exception of two members of the councilmen, the Democrats made a clean sweep. The successful Republicans are H. B. Zimmerman, present acting mayor, and W. W. Blings.

The election is the culmination of one of the most animated campaigns Omaha has ever seen, local issues being largely to the front. The Democratic candidate was destined to fail, but his liberal policy in the city government than that proposed by his opponent, Dahlman, the first Democrat elected mayor of Omaha in 16 years.

ST. PAUL ELECTS A DEMOCRAT.

St. Paul, May 1.—Mayor Robert Smith, Democrat, was re-elected in the municipal election today defeating Louis G. Huffman, Republican, by 2,560 votes. Otto Bremer, and the two other Democratic candidates for re-election as city treasurer and controller respectively, have about the same majority.

The re-election of Mayor Smith was a practical victory for those favoring an open town.

DANIEL ON RATE BILL.

Washington, May 1.—The proceedings in the Senate today included an extended discussion of the railroad rate bill by Mr. Daniel, an explanation of the status of the appropriation for the relief of the earthquake sufferers in California by Mr. Allison, and a controversy among several senators as to the propriety of adopting without referring to a committee a resolution to send the bills of Congress to the Senate.

Mr. Daniel supported the right of Congress to legislate so as to fix rates and to delegate its power to a commission. He opposed Mr. Aldrich's non-suspension provision and indicated indifference as to whether a court review clause should be inserted.

AN ELECTRICAL DISPLAY.

One in New York Made People Dance Around on Sidewalk.

New York, May 2.—Everybody within two blocks of Twenty-third street and Broadway had an experience that suggested an earthquake and incidentally saw one of the finest electric fountains seen in this city in many a day. A manhole cover was blown up. A policeman was near the manhole when a great volume of gas ignited, exploded and threw them into the gutter. Two other policemen, nearly off their feet, and three young men were jammed against a building, one suffering a severe cut in the head.

Several thousand persons gathered, and mounting firemen turned two streams into the conduit, which was converted into a spouting electric fountain. As the water soaked the pavements, the electric current was liberated, electricity, and for five minutes men jumped into the air whenever a stray flash came toward them. The police finally drove the crowd back a block each way.

The manhole cover had smashed up against a sewer pipe, and the conduit was shattered into fragments. Experts said an electric spark had ignited the sewer gas in a conduit.

RED FLAG IN CHICAGO.

Socialists Carrying It Were Stopped by The Police.

Chicago, May 1.—Two hundred men calling themselves Socialists attempted to march through the streets today under the red flag and were prevented by the police. As soon as word was brought to the police that a party with red flag was projected 50 soldiers were sent from Michigan and South Clark streets, where the flag was forming, the men all wearing red badges and they were informed that if the parade took place at all the red



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Never cut corns. Blood poison may result. Look for signature, PHILIP HAY, Newark, N. J.

day, had an auspicious opening here tonight, every seat in the theater being filled. The new theater was erected at a cost of \$100,000 and ranks among the handsomest in the entire northwest. Nat Goodwin's famous success, "An American Citizen," produced by the Byron Douglas company, met with favor on the opening night. The company, engaged in New York especially for the Columbia, will play a 16-weeks' engagement here. It is expected that next season independent attractions, which have hitherto been barred from this city, will be booked at the new house.

PROF. L. C. RUSSELL DEAD.

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 1.—Prof. Israel C. Russell, head of the geology department of the University of Michigan, died today of pneumonia.

COINAGE FOR APRIL.

Washington, May 1.—The monthly coinage statement issued by the director of the mint shows that during the month of April, 1906, the total coinage executed at the mints of the United States was \$7,851,550, as follows: Gold, \$178,450; silver, \$692,000; minor coins, \$570,800. There were also coined 600,000 5-cent gold pieces for the Mexican government.

PROTEST AGAINST ARREST OF MOYER AND HAYWOOD.

New York, May 1.—Two meetings of protest against the arrest of the miners, Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone and St. John, in connection with the plot to blow up the Gas Generating of Idaho, who was murdered recently, were held in this city tonight. One was in Grand Central Palace under the auspices of the Socialists and Trade Unionists, and the other, at the Hotel Idaho, in Grand Central Station. Both meetings were well attended. The miners are to be tried for this offense.

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SECY. TAFT AT YALE.

Had Much to Say About Newspaper Attacks on Public Men.

New Haven, Conn., May 2.—Judge William H. Taft, secretary of war, delivered the final address in the Dodge foundation course of Yale last night, on "The Responsibilities of Citizenship." He treated the subject from the standpoint of the national executive.

Following the address a large reception was given to Mr. Taft by President Hayes and his wife.

Prominent in his address, Judge Taft referred to sensational newspaper attacks upon public men and unwarranted press hostility and misrepresentation of policies of a national administration. He said that in general such attacks did little harm. He paid a high tribute to the news correspondents resident in New Haven and said to them that the moment of attention given to them by administrative circles and even by the president himself would amaze the public.

Of legislation he said:

"It is encouraging to men close to headquarters in Washington to find that the public interest in legislative measures are in securing sensible legislation for themselves than is generally believed to be the case. Speaking generally the people in the end get the kind of legislation they want, although it sometimes takes one or two or three Congresses to reach it."

Toward the conclusion of his address, Judge Taft paid a glowing tribute to the efficiency of the civil service in Washington.

SPokane THEATER OPENED.

Spokane, Wash., May 1.—The new Columbia theater, controlled by the Sullivan and Considine interests and under the management of John F. Cor-

COLORADO-UTAH

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

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