

BY TELEGRAPH.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., 17.—Lieutenant Wiley, the Arctic explorer, addressed the Berkshire Agricultural Society to-day. He spoke of his discovery of a new land in the Arctic regions, where there were sheep with the head of a horned ox and the tail of a sheep, with the finest wool ever found in any known animal. It has been found that sheep culture was not profitable in Berkshire on account of the cold winters, and he thought it would be well to try those Arctic sheep in that region live and prospered there all the year.

NEW YORK, 17.—Last Sunday the police arrested a man named W. Smith while in the act of placing a cartridge on the Denver and Rio Grande track near this city. The case was worked up by a private detective, and was taken into the secret. At the same time the officers were employed near the spot where the explosion was to be deposited. The matter was kept from the public in the hope Smith would confess and implicate others. He will have an examination to-morrow.

CITY OF MEXICO, 17.—Congress closed last night. President Diaz's message, which was very lengthy, was for with more than usual interest in commercial, banking and railway circles. No comments were made in the message on the operations of the new customs tariff, nor does it touch the situation in regard to these probably being reserved for future consideration. The predicament made by the railway and steam interests that the renewal of subsidies would be recommended, is now to have been without foundation, consequently these interests are disappointed. The message was by stating the attitude assumed by Mexico, when President Porfirio of Guatemala, endeavored to accomplish the consolidation of the five Central American Republics, and the approbation not only of the majority of Mexican people, but other nations interested in seeing the ancient right of conquest shall prevail. He spoke in general of the excellent relations which Mexico maintains with all nations of the world, but with respect to the United States it maintained the most cordial relations. The return of the Democratic party to power had not occasioned any variation in the political friendship reigning between the two countries. For this reason he recommends to the Chamber and Senators the early ratification of the postal and extradition of criminals treaties which the Mexican Minister in Washington negotiated, as well as the approval of an additional article of the Commercial Convention of the 20th of January. He expressed great satisfaction in the prudent moderation of the credit of Mexico, whom he found well used to second his efforts for the good.

NEW YORK, 17.—The American Paper Manufacturing Association has written the Quarantine Commission concerning that the process of disinfection in use injures the rags that are imported. It is urged that in 1,100 mills of the country, employing 100,000 operatives, there never yet has been a case of cholera resulting from a collection in rags.

Smallpox has made its appearance at New York and the garrison at that post has been removed. Official orders have been issued providing for the vaccination of everybody in the district.

The San Francisco board of health today ordered a strict enforcement of quarantine regulations on all vessels from the Pacific Mexican ports, to protect the prevalence of yellow fever and typhoid fever along the Mexican coast, and declared Nagasaki, Japan, and Tong Quay, Shanghai and Hong Kong, China, and the Formosa Island, cholera infectious. Quarantine will also be rigidly observed in regard to the latter places.

The yellow fever is increasing; 129 cases are reported since September 1st, twenty-nine being fatal. The disease appeared at Hermosillo and Mazatlan. Quarantine has been established at Nogales. The heat is excessive.

SANDY HOOK, 18, 10.30 a.m.—At sunrise this morning the wind was blowing moderately from the west-southwest, giving promise of a fine day for the race for the Commodore's Cup. The weather was clear overhead, but there was the usual morning haze over the water. The schooner-yacht *Davout* was the first of the racers to make appearance. At 9 o'clock the yachts *Phin*, *Gracie*, *Athleen*, *Grayling* and *Varuna* had passed the point, while the *Clio* and *Fortuna* were off the point of the Hook. At 10 o'clock the wind had increased to a 22 mile breeze, and a southeast long swell was down the bay. The judge's boat at that time was cast off her tug when outside the Hook. The *Genesta* and *Ellen* under sail were coming down the ship channel towards the Hook. Excursion boats are conspicuous by their absence. At 10:30 the steam yacht *Polynia* passed out in the wake of the *Genesta*. The wind was 17 miles an hour, west-southwest, the weather fair.

At 10:55.—All the racing yachts were near Scotland lightship. The judges' boat then got into position and at 10:58 gave the preparatory signal and the starting signal at 11:05. The bows crossed the line in rapid succession.

The *Genesta* 11:09, *Ileen* 11:09-30, *Isis* 11:09-30, *Fortuna* 11:09-40, *Grayling* 11:09-50, *Athleen* 11:11-05, *Gracie* 11:11-30, *Davoutless* 11:12-45, *Daphne* 11:13, *Clarall* 11:13-05.

THE GENESTA LEADS.

The *Genesta* rounded the first stake float with a lead of half a mile. The *Grayling* is second and *Fortuna* off her lee quarter. The *Ileen* is following and the *Davoutless* next. Other boats have not turned up yet.

Highlands, 18.—At 11:47 two sloops in the race had overhauled the *Genesta* and were passing her, the *Fortuna* leading. The cutter *Stranger* came too late to take part in the race. The steam yacht *Electra* went out to the course. The yachts at noon were making rapid progress. The *Grayling* was leading. The *Genesta* a little astern followed by the *Isis*. All the boats are heading east. Sloops and cutters have plain lower sails and club topsails and spinnakers. Schooners in addition carry jib topsail and balloon maintopmast stay-sails. From this point the yachts were hulled down. At 12:15 the *Grayling* was then still leading the fleet by about half a mile. The *Ileen* has run by the *Genesta* and is now second. The *Genesta* went a little to the southwest to clear her wind. The *Fortuna* and *Gracie* are both closing up on the *Genesta*, the rest are nearly bunched.

2 p. m.—The wind is blowing fresh from the south-southwest. The yachts are below the horizon. All the yachts had turned the first stake. Only the topsails were then seen. The *Genesta* appeared to be leading, followed by the *Grayling*. All the yachts were close hauled on the starboard tack. In the race between Ex-Commodore

THE "ROMEYN" AHEAD OF HER COMPETITOR.

Vermilye's sloop *Romeyn* and Wallis Southwick's sloop *Illidan* for the Atlantic Yacht Club Pennant, the former rounded Scotland Light ship first and now leads by half a mile in the run home.

At 2:50 p. m. the yachts were coming into sight. At 2:55 p. m. the *Genesta* was made out well ahead of two schooners. The *Ileen* was at the same time about the same distance astern of the *Genesta*.

THE "GENESTA" WINS.

The *Genesta* finished at 3:38.58. She wins the Douglas Cup. The *Grayling* and *Fortuna* are coming up to the finish.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., 18.—Three of the government directors, General E. P. Alexander, M. A. Hanna and James W. Savage, are at Rock Springs investigating the circumstances attending the late outbreak. They gave a hearing yesterday to the committee of citizens who had previously presented their case to Mr. Bromley, the representative of the company. The case was presented in much better shape than upon the former occasion, and the causes of complaint were made more intelligible and clear. Nothing new, however, appeared as to the alleged grievances against the Chinese or against the employees of the miners.

NEW YORK, 18.—A formal report of the inspectors at the election of directors of the Northern Pacific stock holders yesterday, was submitted today. The whole number of votes cast was 690,678, each member of the board elected receiving the full vote, with the exception of August Belmont, who received 489,378 and N. J. Halliwell, who received 540,500. The board of directors met later and organized by selecting the officers of last year, save that the office of assistant to the president is abolished and Mr. Williams is made second vice-president.

CHEYENNE, 18.—The Government directors decided upon the facts as shown in the sending of the following:

"The undersigned, Government directors of the Union Pacific Railway, pursuant to law, report that we have made investigation upon the spot into the alleged outrages recently occurring at this place. We find such a condition of affairs here as, in our opinion, endangers the property of the road, jeopardizes the interests of the Government and calls for prompt interference. We therefore deem it important that full authority should be given the proper officers to afford ample assistance to the managers in their efforts to protect the property of the company and conduct the business of the road."

(Signed) E. P. ALEXANDER,
M. A. HANNA,
JAS. W. SAVAGE."

A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION.

The Chinese Consul at San Francisco, Col. Bee, and the Chinese Consul at New York are here with a Chinese interpreter to make a thorough investigation on the part of the Chinese government of the circumstances connected with the outbreak. They are ordered here by the Chinese legation at Washington. Col. Bee has already had the remains of some of the Chinamen who were killed exhumed. It was found that in two instances the skulls of the Chinamen were fractured, indicating that they were killed in a struggle at close quarters. The consuls have offered a reward of \$15 each for additional bodies found in the vicinity. Accurate returns as to the number of Chinamen killed cannot yet be made, but so far as can now be learned there are fifteen missing, and the whole number killed is twenty-five.

Colonel Bee has made up his mind from conversations with the citizens and officers that any attempt to bring the offenders to justice through the lo-

cal authorities will fail. It is his intention to telegraph the State Department through the legation, calling for more vigorous measures for the prosecution of the criminals by the United States Courts under the provisions of the treaty with China. Colonel Bee says that all of the proceedings that have been had in the matter so far are a bold farce, and unless the matter is taken in hand by the United States authorities there will be nothing done. He finds that eleven of the grand jury before whom the cases of the men already arrested will go, are citizens of Rock Springs. Many of them are miners and all of them sympathizers with the rioters, while of the petty jury, fourteen of the twenty-four are residents of Rock Springs. Colonel Bee states as one remarkable result of the inquiries that of the men engaged in the outbreak not one was an American-born citizen. He deems it especially insignificant that the outcry against the Chinese, which is depended upon to justify these outrages, comes from men who are not themselves natives, and many of them not citizens of the United States.

Under instructions from the Attorney General of the United States, District Attorney Campbell came up from Cheyenne this morning to assist the Chinese consuls in their investigation of the affair.

Adjutant General Williams, of General Schofield's staff, has wired General Schofield a statement of the situation, and gives his opinion that in consequence of the amount of guard duty to be done 100 more soldiers should be sent here.

General McCook is here, having in charge the Chinese Consuls, with instructions to give them the most complete protection, even from insult or incivility.

It is thought that work will be resumed in two of the mines on Monday. Opportunity will be given to all the white miners who have not been discharged for participation in the riot to resume work if they choose. If they do not their places will be filled by other white men and they will be discharged from the company's service.

GALVESTON, 18.—This city and island are experiencing a veritable deluge. For five days past laden-hued clouds have obscured the sunlight and the rainfall has been almost incessant. The streets are perfect canals. In many places in the city for two or three squares the water stands knee deep. Up to 9 o'clock to-night since the first day of September, the Signal Service rain gauge shows 17 90-100 inches of rainfall in Galveston. This record is without parallel. The total rainfall at this point is 52 37-100 per year. It will therefore be seen that in 18 days over one-third of the annual rainfall has fallen. Heavy seas have prevailed ever since the deluge set in and a series of encroachments are reported along the eastern end of the island. The velocity of the wind this afternoon was 30 miles an hour. At 11 o'clock to-night, the downpour still continues. At Indianapolis to-day the wind blew at the rate of 50 miles an hour, and the report is that very serious damage is anticipated from down the coast.

WASHINGTON, 18.—United States Consul Izchuck of Vera Cruz, in his report to the Secretary of State, says: The yellow fever epidemic at Vera Cruz has been very malignant. About 50 per cent. of all the cases prove fatal. Inasmuch, however, as many families and single persons who were subject to the disease have been absent from the city since the outbreak, there has been a scarcity of material for the attacks of the epidemic. The Consul himself had been attacked, but was already convalescent and attending to the duties of his consulate.

PITTSBURG, 19.—Ex-First Assistant Postmaster General Hay is lying at his home in a prostrated condition. He arrived from Cresson Springs last night on a special train, and was carried from the car to his residence on a stretcher. His friends say he is not seriously ill, but several persons who saw him say his condition is critical.

CHEYENNE, 19.—The *Leader's* special from Rock Springs gives the following: The situation here remains unchanged. The Government Directors concluded their investigations yesterday, after hearing the personal testimony of the Chinamen who were witnesses to the massacre and the burning of their quarters. The testimony of the Chinamen could not have been obtained except for the presence of the Chinese Consuls and the assurance of protection from the Government. Under these assurances they readily came forward and told a plain and simple story of what occurred on the day of the outbreak, some portions of which were pathetic beyond expression. The Government Directors went West last night and will spend Sunday in Salt Lake City. The presence of the Government Directors and Chinese Consul, with the military stationed here, has largely increased confidence. Mr. D. O. Clark, the Superintendent of Mines, has this afternoon issued the following notice:

"Notice is hereby given that work will be resumed in mines Nos. 1, 3, 4 and 5 Monday morning, September 21, at 7 o'clock. All the miners and other employees are expected to return to their places at that time with the assurance of the company that they will receive at their work and their homes such protection from the civil and military authorities as will insure their personal safety. All employees who do not desire to resume work will re-

ceive their time checks on application at the office."

The publication of this notice is preceded with the following dispatch from Mr. Galloway, general manager:

OMAHA, Sept. 19.

To D. O. Clark:

This company desires to resume the operations of its coal mines at Rock Springs at the earliest possible moment. You will be good enough to notify all concerned that such of the striking miners and other employees as have not been dismissed can have work at their places on Monday morning next. All persons not then at work will be paid off and notice given that they must not again be employed in the service of this company."

A GENERAL STRIKE PROBABLE.

It is understood of course that this action of the company brings matters to an immediate crisis. It is said that the organization of the Knights of Labor will order a general strike upon the line of the roads so soon as this decisive step is taken. So far as can be learned from the officers of the company at this place and from Bromley, the representative of President Adams, the company is perfectly willing to have the issue made at this precise point and upon this plain question. Mr. Bromley was asked to-day by the editor of the Rock Springs paper with regard to the company's position on this question. He said he had not the slightest doubt that the directors of the company sooner than retreat from the position they have taken and submit to the dictation of the men engaged in these outrages would surrender the road to the Government. Being asked what difference that would make under the circumstances, and how the Government could run the road any better than the company, he said: "That, of course, is for the proper authorities to say. But this Government has been in a position within the last twenty-five years when it was necessary to run railroads and administer their affairs, and I do not remember upon any occasion that there was any lack of engineers, firemen and laborers in the army to meet such emergencies."

He said to the representative of a local paper: "I think you may safely say to your readers and the miners and citizens of Rock Springs that the government of this country will keep open communication between San Francisco and New York, whatever organizations or combinations of men may undertake to prevent it. The present question," he said, "is something beyond a dispute between the Union Pacific Railroad Company and its employees. The action of the miners and citizens of Rock Springs has made this an international affair, and these troops are here, not so much to protect the property of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, although that is incident to their being here, as to maintain the honor of the government and its treaty obligations. The faith and honor of the United States government are pledged in the most solemn manner for the protection of these Chinamen. So far as the Chinese question is concerned, the railroad company might dismiss it or turn it over to the government. The contract deliberately entered into by the government to defend and protect these men in their employment, the government cannot avoid or evade. Its obligation is to restore these men to positions in which they were before the outbreak. The citizens of Rock Springs who have presented their grievances and who demand as their ultimatum that the Chinese must go, are not making an issue with the Union Pacific Railroad Company, but with the United States government. The present outlook is more favorable for a peaceable settlement than it has been for several days. The Chinese consuls will remain here continuing the investigations for a week at least."

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—The bodies of the dead Chinese which were discovered a few days ago in a cellar on Pacific Street while undergoing the process of preparation for the shipment of their bones to China were removed to-day from the morgue by the Chinese Vice-Consul and transferred to the steamer *City of Peking* which sailed this afternoon for Hong Kong. Vice-Consul Owyang at the Coroner's request inspected some of the remains and expressed surprise at the condition in which they were found. He then signed the following documents which were left on file at the morgue:

SAN FRANCISCO,
September 19.

Received from D. C. C. O'Donnell, Coroner, the bodies and bones of deceased Chinamen in his possession at the morgue, which bodies and bones were not interred, and also the bones which were not hermetically sealed, according to law.

SAN FRANCISCO,
September 19.

It is hereby agreed, upon the return of the bodies and bones now in the possession of the Coroner in the public morgue to the Vice-Consul of the Chinese government, that the law will in future be strictly complied with, and, furthermore, that no blame is attached to the action of the Coroner in the premises. I have heard that the law was violated by the Chinese in this matter, and should the like occur again, I agree to give up the perpetrator or perpetrators of the deed. I am satisfied the bodies and bones of the Chinese at the morgue were not interred.

K. OWYANG, Vice-Consul,
917 Clay St., San Francisco.

INDIANAPOLIS, 20.—A *Journal's* Marion, Indiana, special reports the killing of Andrew Covings, a farmer, residing eight miles from that place, last night. Sam, a 17 year old son, ascribes the act to the brother Ira, aged 19. The latter and his mother state that neighbors had attacked the house with a view to driving them from the neighborhood, and that he was killed while resisting. The sons and wife remained in bed. After the arrival of the officers and during the progress of the inquest, they manifested no interest. A verdict of paricide was returned. The two sons were placed under arrest, and the mother will be arrested to-night.

MONTREAL, 20.—The Provincial Board of Health has received every assurance of co-operation in relation to the smallpox epidemic from every municipality communicated with, except St. Henri, the officials of which place informed the board that they would take the matter into consideration on October 7th. The board has resolved to take action under section regulations, which authorizes them to name a local board. The persons charged with tearing down from houses the placards announcing therein of smallpox, will be prosecuted. The board has decided to ask government to have all inmates of institutions receiving government aid, whether schools, jails, reformatories or asylums, vaccinated.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., 20.—A row occurred between different factions of St. Hedwig's Polish Church Society to-day, in which a number were cut with knives, wounded with stones and clubs, or seriously injured in other ways. Six participants, members of the church, have been arrested and jailed.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, 20.—Congress has decided that Deputy Omana, who shot the American, Hardie, cannot plead immunity from ordinary judicial proceedings on account of his being a member of Congress. He will therefore be tried for murder before the judge of the Sectional Court. United States Minister Jackson has been active in procuring the establishment of the legal proceedings. American residents here are desirous of the reappointment of Consul-General Strother, it being understood that a new appointee is to be sent here.

NEW ORLEANS, 20.—It has been raining here almost incessantly since Friday. The rainfall to-day from nine o'clock to one o'clock to-night, as reported by the signal service, was 1.65. About noon the rainfall was very heavy. Many streets and sidewalks were overflowed and West and Claiborne Street are still under water. At this hour 11 p. m., rain is falling in torrents. Telegrams from Yazoo, Ouchita, Red and Mississippi River valleys report excessive rain and much damage to the cotton crop, retarding its maturity and preventing picking. The rice crop through Louisiana has been more or less damaged by rain, which retards harvesting.

CINCINNATI, 20.—There was a christening in Coryville saloon to-night, the participants in which grew boisterous shortly after midnight. An old lady named Mrs. McCormick, living above the saloon, came down to quiet the crowd. She was attacked by roughs and her collar bone was broken. A young man named Pat Williams, who interfered in her behalf, was thrown out and badly hurt. The gas was turned out, and when it was re-lit Herman Raynor, a young man, was found dead on the floor, his skull having been crushed with a piece of lead pipe. It is not known who committed the murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—Dr. Stanton formerly city surgeon of this city, while driving in Golden Gate Park this evening, was stopped by five masked men, who ordered him to deliver his money or his life. The doctor having a fast horse decided to run the gauntlet, did so, and escaped. This occurring in the great public park of the city has created quite a sensation.

NEW YORK, 21.—The health officers are making every effort to discover the cause of the sudden outbreak of smallpox in a Grand Street tenement and to stem it before it gains much headway. Saturday night Wm. Owen's child was found ill with the disease and they removed it to the hospital next door. Yesterday Mrs. Mary Radcliffe was found covered with eruptions and also removed to the hospital. In Brooklyn to-day Mrs. Quinn and her baby were found suffering from the disease and taken to the hospital. They lived in Grand Street, of this city, opposite the houses occupied by the child of Owen and the woman Radcliffe.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., 21.—Work was resumed at the Rock Springs coal mines this morning. All the Chinamen went to work, also all the white mechanics, engineers, blacksmiths, firemen and carpenters employed in the mines, while the coal miners declined to work and were paid off. Everything is quiet and no trouble is anticipated.

SANDY HOOK, 2 p. m.—Nothing has been seen of the two yachts *Genesta* and *Davoutless*, which are to compete in the race from the Sandy Hook lightship to and around Brenton's Reef lightship and return. The weather is partly cloudy, and there is a moderate sea. Cautionary storm signals were displayed this morning at the signal office and indications are of northeasterly winds and rain.

Try Ayer's Pills, and be cured. Misery is a mild word to describe the mischief to body and mind caused by habitual constipation. The regular use of Ayer's Cathartic Pills, in mild doses, will restore the torpid viscera to healthy action.