

Miller, who asked for a clearance of title by reason of a sale of her property through a wrongful assessment and reductions of costs and interest, which was referred to the county attorney, Mr. Van Cott holds that owing to the defects in the assessment the courts would probably declare the sale invalid; in which case the county would only be decreed a lien upon the property for the amount of the original tax, together with legal interest at 8 per cent per annum.

In connection with the petition of J. J. Corum, who asked for permission to redeem property after the title had passed to the county, the county attorney holds that even after the tax deed has issued to the county, the board of county commissioners has the power to allow the owner to redeem upon payment of such sum as it may determine; not less, however, than taxes, interest and cost.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 23.

Charles L. Olsen, of Payson, now a student of the Eclectic Medical Institute of Cincinnati, O., writes under date of April 20th that a little over a week ago he received information that his son, Julius Anthony, born at Payson on May 18th, 1897—four hours before the departure from this life of his mother—had died at Santaquin, on April 5th, of convulsions. Brother Olsen has the sympathy of many friends in his bereavement.

Nepht Republic: We learn that the report that Arthur Dennis was killed by falling from a train while on his way to Alaska, is entirely without foundation. From information received at this office Dennis got off the train at Pocatello and stayed there while his companion, T. J. Norton, went on his way. It is also asserted that the two were the best of friends and parted as such in Idaho. Since that parting T. J. Norton has returned, and when asked as to the nature of the reports, confirmed what was stated above and said that Dennis decided to stay in Pocatello. The gentleman is prepared to answer questions on this subject whenever desired.

Provo, April 25, 1898.

Everyone in the Intermountain region is pretty well acquainted with the bold, independent attitude and vigorous diction of Mr. Charles Ellis on all questions of public moment. Last Saturday evening the gentleman appeared before the Literary Society of the Brigham Young Academy, his subject being "The Safeguards of Liberty."

For one hour he was listened to with rapt attention, relieved now and then by bursts of applause. His subject was particularly opportune in view of the war-spirit now enflaming the land. The closing portions of his lecture dealt in unequivocal terms with the perfidy of Spain, and eulogized the firmness of President McKinley in restraining the impetuosity of the nation till full preparations to meet the exigencies of war should be made.

It deserves wider publicity, either through the medium of the press or through lecture bureaus.

NATHAN LAWRENCE.

Funeral services over the remains of Brother William Titcomb, youngest son of John and Lilly Titcomb, were held in the Mill Creek ward house at 11 o'clock, April 19th, 1898, Bishop James C. Hamilton presiding. The house was well filled with the numerous relatives and friends of the family. The floral tributes—those tokens of love and affection, were profuse and lovely, and a selected choir rendered appropriate and harmonious music. The opening prayer was offered by Counselor Jens Hansen. The speakers were Bishop James C. Hamilton, George Saville, Bishop Sperry of the Fourth ward, Salt

Lake City, Elder John Henry Smith, of the quorum of the Apostles, Bishop McRae, of Granger ward, and Elder William H. Hill. The speakers, who had known the deceased, testified to the earnest and exemplary character of his life, and of the future prospects of a career of usefulness, which had been outlined for him in the missionary field. The remarks of Elder Smith were of a very comforting and instructive nature and will doubtless be long remembered by all who heard them. The benediction was pronounced by Thomas W. Russell. A long train of sympathizing friends followed the remains to the Mill Creek cemetery, and the dedicatory prayer was offered by Elder Edward Morgan.

T. W. RUSSELL.

Will you please kindly answer, through the "News," many queries in reference to the above plant?

We sow from May 1st to July 1st. I plow five to six inches deep, harrow once, then sow, broadcast, twenty pounds of seed per acre, and harrow to cover seed. It must be sown every year. It grows very fast. Last year a patch was sown, cut and threshed; the ground plowed and sown and the second crop matured. It matures here in fifty-five to sixty days. Last year I sowed it and the common millet the same day, side by side. The land lay the same. When the hog millet headed out it was a foot higher than the other, and when it got ripe the other was just headed out. When the heads just begin to turn yellow (the blades and stalks are right green yet), cut with binder, same as wheat, but make the sheaves smaller. Set them up in long narrow shocks, like I shocked oats in Iowa nearly fifty years ago. Thresh the same as common millet. It makes two to three tons per acre here of good hay. A man fed 300 steers here. In the lot was a long rack. One end was filled with bright alfalfa hay and the other with hog millet hay after it was threshed, and the steers ate it first. I have no seed to sell, but can now get choice seed, in 500 pound lots, at \$1.50 per hundred. This is without sacks. Good grain sacks are 20 cents each. Four sacks will hold 500 pounds. If any of your readers want seed at above figures, if they will send me a draft, or money order, or express order, or by registered letter, the amount, I will get the seed and put it on cars here for them, and make no charge for my work. I mail you sample of seed today.

WM. COLEMAN.

McCook, Neb., Box 13, April 23, 1898.

Moroni, Sanpete, County,

April 22, 1898.

The war fever rages even at this quiet little town. We had one of Spain's warships sunk or captured by one of our ships, close to New York, soon after breakfast—that is, by report over the wire. But all this excitement did not stop the railroad traffic.

Eighteen cars of cattle went north over the Sanpete Valley road, having been purchased by Mr. Hendricks of Levan, in southern Utah, for the Nebraska market. These will be succeeded by twenty-five car loads, which will pass through on Monday next.

About eleven men from Moroni have gone to Canada to look after locations for settlement; and several families have moved from here into Nevada. Notwithstanding this the "News" has quite a long subscription list here.

Some startling figures have been given lately of the value of the poultry and egg trade of our country and Moroni is doing its share in this line. I learned from Mr. Andrew Anderson, the enterprising merchant, that he sold to S. Henderson of Salt Lake City, over 50,000 dozen eggs in 1896—bringing to the town the neat little sum of \$5,900; he handled last year about 1,600 cases, 30 dozen to the case—amounting to

about \$5,760; and the way eggs are coming in, he is in hopes of doing a larger trade in this line, than the year before.

Bishop Irons, presiding here, complains of old age, but bears up well with his labors for his flock.

John Stott for many years your agent here rides to his office as cheerful as ever.

Charles C. Livingston is now acting in the dual capacity of postmaster and manager of the Christensen Brothers' store.

A. J.

Price, Utah, April 24, 1898.

On Saturday, April 23d, at 12 noon, Companies B and F of the Ninth cavalry, Captain H. H. Wright in command, arrived at Price, Carbon county, from Fort Duchesne, en route to Tennessee. There were about 127 officers and men in the companies. Owing to the spring roads were very dusty and the result was that the men were all covered with a thick coat of the same.

After dismounting at the camp ground and securing their horses in the stock yards, they were invited by some of our citizens, who had made some hasty preparations, to meet at the town hall and were led thither by the school children of Price and Wellington. On reaching the hall the children formed in two lines on each side of the entrance and sang, "Rally round the flag, boys," and the boys in blue with uncovered heads passed into the spacious hall and were seated around tables spread with sandwiches, coffee, etc. Captain Wright made a short speech, thanking the people of Price for the reception and repast given them. While lunch was being served, the children sang several patriotic songs which brought great applause. At the conclusion rousing cheers was given in honor of our country and the boys in blue: In the evening a concert was given in the hall, consisting of songs, step-dancing, instrumental music, etc., in which some of the boys in blue took a prominent part. The hall was full to overflowing.

It was a holiday for the people of Price, and nearly everybody and their cousins, (yes, and grandmas), were there. Much credit is due to Messrs. Donaldson, Forister and some of our merchants for the display made in honor of the occasion.

The command's horses, baggage and men were placed on board the Rio Grande Western train and the journey was resumed Sunday shortly before noon.

Companies A and D of the Seventh cavalry, with Captain M. D. Parker in command, arrived at Price, Sunday, 3 p. m. from Fort Bayard, New Mexico, en route to Fort Duchesne. They expect to resume their journey Monday, the 25th inst.

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An opinion has been rendered by Judge Ross in the United States circuit court, Cal., in the case of the United States against the Southern Pacific Railroad company. D. O. Mills and G. L. Lansing, trustees, and the Central Trust company of New York. The opinion in brief sets forth as follows: "The main purpose of the bill in suit is to obtain a decree quieting, as against the Southern Pacific Railroad company and its mortgagees, the complainants alleged title to all of the odd numbered sections of land in California within the indemnity as well as primary limits of the grant made by Congress to the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad company of date July 2, 1866, with the exception of certain specified sub-divisions involved in previous litigation between the parties." The opinion recites that "The title to this land has been fully settled by the opinions of cases in this court and in the United States Supreme Court, which determined that the company by its grants had acquired no title to any of the sections made the issue within the bounds of the grant in question."