

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 8.—George Zeigler, wife and two daughters were poisoned here, to-day, by drinking coffee in which tartar emetic had been placed by some unknown person. They are in a precarious condition.

NEW YORK, 8.—The third match contest for the 15 ball pool championship of America was played last night, between Samuel F. Knight, of this city, and Lon Morris, Jr., Boston. The conditions of the match were that the winner must score 21 out of 41 games. Up to midnight but 15 games were played, Knight had scored 7 and Morris 8 games.

The Sun has the following on Gov. Robinson's document removing Gen. Smith: It reminds us of the manifesto of Louis Napoleon when he murdered liberty in France. Among the last names with which we should have looked to see such sentiments coupled is one which has long been associated with useful services, and written in letters of light on the official records of the State, the name of Lucius Robinson.

The Herald says: It will be gratifying news to our silk manufacturers that the statistics of the silk crops of France, Italy, Spain and Portugal show an immense deficit compared with former years.

The World says: Maillard, who seems to represent the scheme of Lesseps in this country, makes the rather incautious intimation that it will always be possible for the United States to buy control of the Darien Canal as England has bought control of the Suez Canal. No doubt the United States do not desire to be put into a position like that into which England was put by the conditions under which the Suez Canal was constructed.

The first bale of the new crop of hops was received yesterday from Montgomery County, Ga. It is reported that the American crop will be from one-third to one-half less than last year, and that a proportionate deficiency exists in England, France, and Bavaria.

The billiard pool championship match between Knight, champion, and Lou Morris Jr., of Boston, was won by the latter, 21 games to 19.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—The republican municipal convention last night, nominated for mayor B. P. Flint, and for sheriff Julius C. Green. Thus far the machine has met a signal defeat. The honorable bilks and democrats sent in a communication asking for a conference with a view to a combination, but it was laid on the table without hesitation.

The Virginia walking match was won by Von Berg. Score 308 miles. Tourtellotte 275.

Henry W. Kind, law partner of James D. Fay, who recently died by his own hand, in Oregon, committed suicide on Wednesday night by morphine. His wife's father had left the estate to Mrs. Kind, of which Kind had charge. He left a note to his wife saying he had squandered the entire property which was the reason of the act.

NEW YORK, 8.—Cool Burgess, the minstrel, was arrested to-night, in the theatre, on a telegraphic requisition from Toronto. The warrant for Burgess' arrest is for a felonious assault upon Wm. F. Widgery, a Toronto fruit dealer, Widgery having been the cause of an estrangement and separation between Cool and his wife. He will be taken to-morrow to Toronto.

Speaking of Nordenskjöld's feat the Tribune says, the practical value of this northeast passage has yet to be determined. It will at all events be greater than that of the northwest passage for which Sir Robert McClure was knighted and received a reward of £25,000.

A letter from one of Nordenskjöld's assistants gives an interesting account of the Tshudi, a peculiar race, inhabiting the northeastern part of Siberia. They look very much like the Greenlanders, are small, but alert, have brownish-yellow skin with coal black eyes and hair and singular joyless, frozen expression of face. They live in tents, dress in skins, and feed on seal flesh. The women are tattooed in the face. A dictionary has been made of the language comprising about 300 words, and will no doubt prove of interest to linguists, as the languages of the polar race have hitherto been as great a puzzle to philologists as those of the negroes of tropical Africa.

HARRISBURG, 8.—The governor has issued warrants for the execution, on October 9th, of Jno. O'Neil and Peter McManus, Northumberland County Mollie Maguire, also for the execution of Andrew Tracy, of McKean County, who murdered a young lady to whom he was paying attentions.

WASHINGTON, 8.—The Secretary of the Interior has a letter from Spotted Tail who says both he and his people want to be like the whites. "We have a good country and behave ourselves and work." The letter thus closes: "I want to tell you these last words—I have had enough of the military, I want my people to work, I want no more scouting, I have had my belly full. We want to freight and work the ground, I never laughed but once, that was when the agent of the Lower Brules said I kept his people here. They visited us and I fed them and my people gave them 300 head of horses and sent them all home to their agent. Since we have been here my people have had no whiskey; wherever the military are there is always whiskey and that makes trouble. I want you to come here and stay a month and see how it is. My friend, this is all I have to tell you."

(Signed)
SPOTTED TAIL, X his mark.
Witness: LOUIS RICHARDS,
Interpreter.

Secy. Schurz answered thanking Spotted Tail, and promising to visit him Aug. 30.

SAN ANTONIO, 8.—Jacob E Hairline was hanged, to-day, inside the jail in the presence of about 500 persons, for the murder of Peter Maddox on February 7th, Hairline affirmed his innocence to the last.

MEMPHIS, 8.—Twenty-two new cases in all, eight white and 14 colored, are reported to the Board of Health to-day. There are three additional deaths, Martin O'Leary, Ben Avent and Jack Macklin, the two last colored. Major W. W. Guy, a prominent merchant of this city and New Orleans, late a member of the Board of Police and Fire Commissioners, was prostrated yesterday. Hon. Jno. Johnson, superintendent of quarantine, and D. T. Porter, chief executive of the city, to-day issued the following to the inspecting officers on duty at Memphis:

"Until further orders you are hereby instructed not to permit any person or persons to be landed from any boat or other water craft at this port who have not had yellow fever, and in addition cannot give satisfactory assurances that they are able to provide for themselves. These restrictions also apply to all railroads leading into this city."

The Howard Association to-day placed 30 additional nurses on duty. The weather is very chilly and damp, unfavorable alike to sick and well.

Dr. Jerome Cochran, of Mobile, arrived to-night, having been ordered by the National Board of Health to proceed to this point and take charge of affairs as a representative of the National Board, during the temporary absence of R. W. Mitchell, who has gone to Washington.

The fever will be declared epidemic to-morrow night.

NEW YORK.—Of the 75 deaths from yellow fever in Hayti, eleven were Americans.

NEW YORK, 9.—Colonel Miner, celebrated as the author of certain conversations with Conkling and ex-Gov. Woodford, is missing. Enquiries at the World office, where he certainly ought to be well known, demonstrated nothing whatever beyond the fact that possibly he has disappeared in order to dodge a hotel bill.

The Times says: Russian traders are anticipating a large export of grain during the present month, which, combined with the encouragement given by foreign capitalists to the third oriental loan, has sent up the ruble from 22½ upon London to 24-9-16. Nothing could show more forcibly the enormous resources of Russia after the fearful havoc by drought, hail and grasshoppers, but, nevertheless the decrease of grain exports, as compared with the corresponding months of '78 to the amount of 3,600 bushels, is a terrible falling off for a country possessing a wheat-growing soil as large as the combined area of France and Austria.

The Tribune says: The latest feature of the Maine canvass is a lively bargaining at the county conventions between the democrats and greenbackers over a coalition.

Jere Haralson, the Alabama colored leader, thinks Secretary Sherman stands the best chance to get the vote of the delegation from his State to the national republican convention. "If my people don't run after Washburn," he said, "I think Sherman will be the favorite."

The Times Memphis special says: The record of cases to-day is enough to shake the nerves of the most confident plague-proof inhabitant of this deserted city. Even the colored people are beginning to believe they are doomed. This opinion, gradually growing upon them the past week, was intensified to-day, when the books showed that of 29 persons stricken in the past 24 hours, 18 are colored people. The great increase in the spread of the disease is supposed to be attributable to a very sudden change from a high to a low temperature.

The World's Washington special, referring to the reorganization of the republican clubs by the department clerks says: The President objected to this in the cabinet meeting to-day. He says that at least a fragment of the order shall remain to show what once existed. The clerks must not form clubs, he says, except on pain of dismissal.

WASHINGTON, 9.—The American government is again endeavoring to open negotiations for international arrangements looking to fixing a relative standard between silver and gold for coinage purposes. A special agent sailed hence for Europe recently on this mission.

There is little doubt that Bismarck, having become satisfied that the German treasury has lost heavily by silver demonetization, is now disposed to reverse his policy and adopt the double standard as indispensable to promote Germany's disorganized trade with silver dealing countries.

English economists are also coming to regard the disuse of silver as the main cause of the general commercial depression.

France and Italy will resume silver coinage as soon as relieved from the danger of German sales, which is believed to be at an early day.

NEW ORLEANS, 9.—Anatole Basque, desperado, shot and killed Captain Joseph Boyle, of the steamer Heroine, at Mandeville, last night. Boyle, after being mortally wounded, shot Basque twice, wounding him in the neck and shoulder. Basque declared yesterday he would kill Boyle.

BOSTON, 9.—Wool in good demand, but prices rule low, and remain without much improvement. There is a much better feeling, and the lowest point has probably been reached. The sales of the week comprise 1,830,600 pounds, and would have been larger if the holders had been disposed to meet the market at the lowest current rates, which, in many instances, were refused for round lots. There is some speculative inquiry, and dealers have purchased considerable California wool here and in San Francisco. Fine fleeces are the lowest and most difficult grade to place on the market. There is an increased demand for combing and delaine sections. Sales of California comprise 316,500 pounds of spring at 22 @ 30.

PITTSBURG, 9.—A terrific explosion took place this evening on the towboat Iron Valley, upward bound, opposite New Cumberland, W. Va., 75 miles below here. A second explosion occurred immediately after the first. Fragments of the wreck were thrown a great distance in all directions. The entire forward part of the boat, including the pilot house, was destroyed. Pilot Wise and the captain's son, Thos. Prince, and a Mr. Prosser, of New Cumberland, are missing. The cause of the explosion is unknown. The engineer claims to have had sufficient water in the boilers.

The Maine greenbackers are making an unexpected vigorous fight, and the pending campaign is being pushed forward by the democrats to take the brunt of battle while the latter furnish the funds. In many counties greenbackers and democrats are making coalition tickets, despite Congressman Frye's story of the man who said: "The greenbackers remind me of the rum drinker's battle which is temporary consolation and eternal damnation."

NEW YORK, 9.—Frederick P. King, clerk in Pratt's oil works, foot of Northwest Twelfth Street, Williamsburg, died of yellow fever this evening. It is believed he contracted the disease from the bark Wallace, which loaded with oil at

the works the latter part of July, and to which vessel he carried messages several times. The Wallace came from Havana with sugar, June 19th. The stewardess, Margaret Cegan, died in the hospital in New York, of yellow fever, a few weeks ago. Physicians who were called in pronounce King's disease a well marked case of yellow fever. His remains were placed in an airtight casket, and buried at midnight to-night. The house has been thoroughly disinfected.

Memphis, 9.—Six more cases were reported to the board of health this afternoon, all of whom are colored. In addition to this, eighteen cases were reported after the usual hour for closing, which will be included in to-morrow's list.

Two deaths have occurred since noon.

Up to noon to-day 15 cases, 10 white and five colored have been reported. Three deaths have occurred since last night.

The weather continues cool, and this morning the thermometer dropped to 64°. It is now at 75°.

NEW YORK, 11.—The World has this from Narraganset Pier, Aug. 9: Narraganset Pier never had such a sensation as it is now enjoying, a sensation in which one of the foremost men in the country figures, his alleged foe in combat, for a fight is said to have occurred, being equally well known in Rhode Island. The two men referred to are Senator Roscoe Conkling and ex-Senator, ex-Governor William Sprague, of Rhode Island. In order to do full justice to all the parties concerned, it may be as well to repeat the following extract from to-night's Bulletin: "Some excitement was caused in this vicinity this morning by exaggerated reports of an unpleasant occurrence last evening at the residence of ex-governor and ex-senator Sprague. It appears Sprague has a violent antipathy toward a German gentleman unconnected with the cabinet in any way, a teacher of his children. Going to the house last evening under extreme and irrelevant excitement, Mr. Sprague had an altercation with this teacher, ordered him from the house, and it is said, loading a gun, even attempted to shoot him, to which the teacher not unreasonably objected. Senator Conkling, who was en route to Providence, and had casually stopped at Narraganset Pier on some legal business, attempted, with a number of other persons, to calm Mr. Sprague's feelings, but without effect until his unnatural excitement had subsided. One result of the disturbance at the Sprague mansion is said to be the temporary removal of the family to a neighboring hotel. Another story, however, is told by a clergyman at Narraganset Pier, and the following are, as nearly as can be learned, the particulars from this point of view: It is well known that ill feeling has some time existed between Sprague and Conkling, presumably on political grounds. Tuesday last, Conkling arrived here on private business in no way connected with Sprague's affairs, and called as a friend of the family at the Sprague House. For some days past it is known, too, Sprague has been laboring under visible excitement, and is absent from home in company with some friend, interested in railroad. He is believed to have been with these friends yesterday and had left them in a very excited state of mind when he went to his house and found Conkling there, with whom he had political misunderstanding as to the rights of naturalized citizens in Rhode Island. The local stories of the affair are naturally exaggerated, and it is a difficult matter to obtain trustworthy information. From what, however, is believed to be a well informed source, it is learned that Sprague addressed some unseemly language to Conkling who courteously and considerably forbore to reply. Sprague thereupon producing a pistol told Conkling that unless he left the house in a very brief given time he would blow his brains out."

Conkling thereupon retired from the scene. It is said further that there was a hostile meeting at the Cape, but that cannot be verified and is probably not true. This is the talk of all the clubs to-day. It is on everybody's tongue and I send it just as it is told. What the upshot of this matter will be cannot now be foretold. The truth will sooner or later come out as there were many witnesses and the air is full of it. It is true that Sprague is a man of violent

temper and may have acted hastily in the matter, but his friends assert, to-night, that he regards himself as having been grossly insulted by Senator Conkling, and means to insist upon a full public apology. It is known he has of late been talking with friends of the troubles which were preying on his mind, and has said also that he believed that the time had arrived when duels should again be in vogue in this country. He is understood to have said that there are certain insults which can only be wiped out with blood.

The Sun has a long story about the Conkling-Sprague affair, which it is said the trouble was with Conkling at all, but with a German schoolmaster named Conkling was in the house. It saw nothing of the trouble. The Sun's account concludes, the report that Conkling had a personal counter with Sprague, has no foundation whatever, nothing of the kind occurred and the only thing to give rise to the story is what above related. It was Conkling's misfortune to be in Sprague's presence when the lines alternately occurred, but he took no part in it and was in no way involved in the affair.

The Sun's Utica telegram says: It may be again stated that Conkling was in no way connected with the proceedings. All the stories to effect that there is a rupture between the senator's home relations are unfounded. The scandals or rumors from the outside have not the peace of his household.

WASHINGTON, 11.—The secretary of the emigrant aid society of the District of Columbia received a letter from Governor St. John, President of the Freedmen's Relief Association of Kansas, from which the following extracts are taken: "The tide of emigration continues to flow northward in an almost unbroken stream, and unless checked by quarantine regulations, will be lighted along the Mississippi, is no telling just when it will stop. We find it very difficult with means at our command to relieve the necessities of the refugees, are doing the best we can, have thus far prevented any suffering. It seems to me the people of the north do not comprehend the magnitude of this movement, otherwise they would certainly have a greater interest in the matter. Our association has expended about four thousand dollars in colored people. We have obtained employment for them, and put them in such situations that they are now self-sustaining, but it has cost a great deal of money. We have received some aid from abroad, in fact from certain sections of the country quite liberal donations have come. The city of Cleveland, Ohio, has given \$10,000, but the great city New York, as I know, has not given many cents. What is needed is money. Our funds are nearly exhausted, and whether we receive further contributions, but the future can determine one thing, however, you may be assured: young Kansas will be faster in her duty toward this people, and I only wish the country would wake up to the magnitude of the movement. Our association has expended so far the relief of destitute refugees little over \$6,000."

WASHINGTON, 11.—Dr. J. S. B. Lings, Vice president of the National Board of Health, telegraphed to-day, as follows: "Your advice to the Associated Press dispatches noted. This board has been the commencement urging same advice through Dr. Mitchell and has furnished funds to the State boards to carry it out in the work. The State board has legal authority. This board only give advice and means, this it has done. When means are needed by the board it will no doubt inform. Continue to urge the removal of unacclimated people to the country and also the isolation of infected persons in their places. Advise directly with the agents of the State and local boards, to save time and was done by Dr. Mitchell."

Memphis, Tenn., 11.—Twenty-two cases were reported to-day, 12 white and 10 colored; five deaths have occurred. Dr. S. H. Collins, this morning, was sent to Forest Hill, Tenn.

St. Louis, 11.—A number of Memphis refugees held a meeting at Lindell Hotel, this afternoon, in response to a circular received here