

# EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY'S EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK

Monday, May 10, 1892.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Jewish Messenger makes the following point against Ingersoll: "A recent dictum of Mr. Ingersoll is that God needs nothing from us, and hence the worship of God is superfluous. It is true that God needs nothing from us, but we need something from Him, and as long as that need is experienced by mankind He will be worshipped."

It seems that Boreman—late of Beaver, has found his right position at last. We always recognized his fitness for the post of a sixth-rate Methodist preacher, and according to a telegram from Cincinnati he was recognized as the general Methodist gathering in that city as "Rev. Boreman of the Utah conference." Let us hope in charity that he will succeed better in the pulpit than he did on the bench or at the bar.

The German method of hardening tools may prove useful to some of our machinists: "The tool is heated to whiteness and plunged into the wax, withdrawn after an instant and plunged in again, the process being repeated until the steel is cold to enter the wax. The steel is said to become, after this process, almost as hard as the diamond, and when touched with a little oil or turpentine, the tools are excellent for engraving, and also for piercing the hardest metals."

A writer in the Episcopal Record calls attention to the marked division of topics in the Lord's prayer. "In one part we pray to our Father in heaven, hallowed be Thy name, Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done; in the other we ask for our own wants, and 'Thy' takes the place of 'Thy.' Both in the ten commandments given on Sinai and in our Lord's recapitulation of them, our duty to God preponderates over our duty to our neighbor, and is placed first. In the model prayer the same order is preserved."

A French professor, Dr. Laval, has made a special study of the causes of defective vision in school children, and has come to the conclusion that the steady strain of the eyes in reading is one occasion of ophthalmia, and that other things being equal, the legibility of a printed page does not depend on the height of the letters, but on their breadth. This fact is of special importance in the preparation of school books, and Dr. Laval's suggestions should receive the attention of publishers, type foundries and school boards.

The Probate Judge of Delaware County, Ohio, will have a nice little bill to pay if one of the laws of the State should be enforced. It requires every person who solemnizes a marriage to transmit a certificate thereof to the Probate Judge of the county, and provides that if that official does not make a record of it he shall forfeit \$50 to the County. A newspaper reporter has been going through the records and, comparing them with the list of marriages, and finds that the sum of \$9,100 is due the county for neglect of the law.

Mrs. Garrison uses the following strong language about tobacco chewers: "I wonder how any woman who has ever kissed a clean man can go through the pretense of ever kissing a tobacco-chewer. Did you ever see one suffer the penalty? This is how she does it. There is a preliminary shudder, and then she sets her teeth hard, holds her breath, and makes a little pigeon clip at the foul lips of the grinning beast, and then, pale with horror, flies to the kitchen, where, if you follow her, you will find her disinfecting with soap and water. Many of the blessed little hypocrites pretend that they like the smell of a cigar, but even hypocrisy is powerless to force from a woman the confession of a fondness for hanging like the boar on a flower to a tobacco-worm's lips."

## LITIGATION AND EXCOMMUNICATION.

SEVERAL papers east and west have had something to say about the recent excommunication of certain individuals from the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, for going to law with their brethren contrary to the rules and covenants of the Church. As is usual when discussing Mormon affairs, those journals display a lamentable ignorance of the subject and give utterance to very foolish remarks in relation to it.

The Sacramento Record-Union says: "This is a convenient method of disposing of troublesome persons, and we suppose that it is looked upon by orthodox Mormons as a complete and final refutation of their claims." That paper is in error on both points. In the first place, this method of dealing with refractory members does not dispose of them as litigants, and has no bearing upon their legal rights or illegal actions. It simply severs them from Church communion. In the second place, "orthodox Mormons" do not look upon it as either a refutation or an endorsement of claims of any kind; they view it simply as the proper enforcement of ecclesiastical law.

It is a rule of this Church that brother shall not go to law with brother before the world, just as it was a rule of the primitive Christian church. And in the same manner that the early Church disposed of members who would not hear to its voice, so does the latter-day Church. There are ample means and provisions within the Church for the equitable settlement of all disputes between its members and to see justice done irrespective of wealth, position or authority; therefore those who disregard its rules and violate their covenants by a resort to worldly litigation, do so against reason and necessity as well as against a known regulation.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE

## AMERICAN.

New York, 10.—The Herald estimates that the delegates so far elected to Chicago will stand about as follows: Ex-President, 255; Blaine, 214; Sherman, 95; Edmunds, 32; and Washburne 13. The ex-President is barely 41 votes ahead of Blaine, and very far short of a majority of the delegates. He is more likely to lose than to gain in the delegates yet to be elected.

The Sun says: Blaine was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday. He received many visitors and was in earnest consultation with leading republican politicians. The opinion was freely expressed that the Grant boom had been effectually weakened.

Kilpatrick Offered a Governorship. The Times publishes the following correspondence, which it says now sees the light for the first time: EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, March 15. My Dear General.—It gives me pleasure to offer you the place soon to be vacant of Governor of Washington Territory. It is a position of great honor and responsibility as one of our new countries. It will be a State within a few years. It is fitting, rapidly with an excellent future. This note, trust, will be treated as confidential after the office is filled.

Sincerely, R. B. HAYES. Gen'l Kilpatrick, Washington. The following is Kilpatrick's reply: DEERBURY, N. J., March 16th. To His Excellency the President. Your very kind and complimentary letter, offering me the governorship of Washington Territory, has been received. I thank you very much for the honor you would confer upon me, but for this recognition of my services to the republican party and the nation. All that you say regarding the importance of Washington Territory and its admission into the Union of States is true, yet I cannot accept the position. My lecture engagements extend to June 1st, and I cannot leave until then. I am, however, very glad to hear of the republicans' success in the gubernatorial contest in New Jersey and the presidential contest for national supremacy. I can be of more service to the republican party and consequently to the country here in New Jersey and in other States, than filling never so well the responsible position to which you would name me.

Very respectfully, (Signed) JUDSON KILPATRICK. A Dig at the Bill for Taxing Capital. When Kearney and his followers were doing all they could to have the new constitution adopted, they represented that they were defending the rights of the poor against the capitalist. But the capitalists packed up bag and baggage and brought all their belongings to the east. The consequence of refusing to protect capital was of course to make it seek safer places for investment, and Kearney's political economy was not without its drawbacks. The New York Herald has just dismissed seven of its principal employees because there is no work for them. How long will it take to legislate into the hands of capitalists that money is as likely to emigrate as labor? San Francisco has almost ceased to be the market for stolen goods. When a lucky prospector strikes something, he rushes off to the east, and the up-town hotels in New York are at the present moment crowded with mining men, that in one of these establishments a notice is posted, "No mines received for board."

Dismissing Kallach's Misdoings. Kallach's case continues a fruitful topic of newspaper comment. Several journals discuss him this morning. The Herald says: "Each of the charges to be presented in court today against Kallach seems strong enough in itself to unsettle the official and legal position of the man who escapes one of them, though remain to make room for a new mayor. According to the complaint, which is to be presented in the form required by law and over the signature of a responsible citizen, Kallach has already accepted pay or reward from at least five persons, whose names are generally given for appointments to office under the city government. This offense would unsettle a mayor in places worse than San Francisco. Whether the charges of what our correspondent terms 'Robust deadliness' would be so effective is somewhat doubtful, for many a man who has plenty of respect among his fellow-citizens has been known to be seduced by mean experience to have a sneaking sympathy for deadliness, and the very enormity of one of Kallach's offenses, that of taking three hundred tickets a month for a single horse car route, may possibly capture the administration of that class of Californians who like anything and everything that is big. The remaining charges, however, are of more serious import. Some dishonest public officials may be patriotic, but there is no indication of loyalty, honor, sense of responsibility or any other civic virtue in some language that Kallach is said to have used and upon which the allegations are based. If the allegations are proved, Kallach will stand condemned as a traitor, for the men to whom he is alleged to have addressed incendiary words are every respect enemies of the city and State, of personal security and public peace. When the time comes for hearing, as it must within a month, there will probably be sundry recollections that may hurt the reputations of some prominent citizens, but unless the charges are disproved, no amount of mud throwing by the sand-baggers will save Kallach from world-wide disgrace."

Talk of Tilden's Withdrawal. The World has this yesterday afternoon, Frederick Randall, Wm. E. Scott, of Erie, Pa., and Henry Watterson, paid Tilden a visit to his home. Toward evening, Tilden and Watterson took a drive in Central Park in Tilden's victoria. A few other visitors were denied admission to the park house, and the party on the plea that Tilden was particularly engaged. Randall arrived from Washington in the morning and returned last night. Watterson was in the city at the Hotel. He was, however, being fatigued. Mr. Scott had not returned to the Fifth Avenue Hotel a late hour. It was rumored that the Manhattan Club, last evening, where the interview of Tilden's three trustees aids, with their chief, soon became known and was made a topic of conversation, that Tilden, since the Ohio convention, had determined to prepare a letter of withdrawal, with a power of attorney to his delegates to name a candidate, and that Wm. L. Scott was to hold the power in blank.

Discontinuation with Certain Naval Movements. The Herald's Madrid special says: The Madrid journals, both liberal and conservative, express a great deal of displeasure in regard to the reported departure of the filibustering steamer Leopold from Philadelphia for Cuba. It is feared that the expedition in question may be the beginning of serious trouble, inasmuch as Calisto, Gargis, Tolof, Lopez and other Cuban leaders living on the peninsula under surveillance

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have escaped and, it is supposed, gone to America. The same journals warmly commend the action of the Government in conferring full power upon Governor-General Blanco to suppress the insurrection. They also urge the Government to treat all the vessels and crews of filibustering expeditions exactly the same as the *Virginius* and her crew were treated in 1873. In the express the Creole deputies endeavored to elicit further details in regard to the secret societies' widespread agitation and the secession movements in the West Indies, reported in the telegrams of the Governor-General of Cuba, but the Secretary of State, amid applause on all sides of the chamber, significantly replied that Gen. Blanco could and would account for all such enterprises.

Cincinnati Services. CINCINNATI, 10.—The delegates to the general conference again occupied nearly all the pulpits in the city and suburbs yesterday. Bishop Simpson at 4 p. m. preached at the Music Hall to an audience of eight thousand people. Hundreds were turned away unable to get in. His theme was the growth and ultimate triumph of Christianity. As he showed the decline of all other systems and their inadequacy to the wants of man, he so carried the sympathy of his hearers that tears were mingled with spontaneous applause. The entire congregation joined in the singing, which was led by two chorists and accompanied by the great organ. The effect was grand. The audience having applauded the sermon, showed a like approval of the recitative and aria by Mrs. Dexter.

All Quiet. COLUMBUS, O., 10.—A telegram was received here last night from Wayne County coal mines, which says all is quiet and the Wooster military company has been ordered home.

A Tremendous Oil Fire. BRADFORD, Pa., 10.—This afternoon, by a gas explosion in a stove in the house of Justice Cline, at Rixford, a town 11 miles southwest of Bradford, the building was set on fire. All the adjoining buildings, being light frame structures, the fire spread rapidly, and before its fury was spent 80 buildings were laid in ashes. A list embraces the commercial bank, stores and business places, including Kendall and Eldred railroad depot. The fire also burned the pump station of united pipe lines. A tank containing 7,000 barrels of oil was burned and an iron tank containing 25,000 barrels of oil is now in flames. A short distance down the valley are located one other 2,000 barrel tank, owned by united pipe lines, and two others of similar dimensions belonging to the Tidewater pipe line. These three tanks are all full and it is thought cannot escape destruction. A large force of men are building dams to check the burning oil from running down the valley, should the tank now on fire boil over. In and around Rixford 40 derricks are also consumed. It is impossible to estimate the loss at present. Several wrecks are reported, and no serious damage has yet resulted.

A Big Incendiary Fire. DANVILLE, Va., 10.—The wooden buildings, warehouse of J. B. Pace, of Richmond, for the storage of leaf tobacco, burned this morning, also the water building adjacent belonging to J. S. Winstead, Greenboro, N. C., occupied by Murphy & Co., groceries and liquor storehouse. Samuel Croxton sleeping in the warehouse building, which was destroyed, was rescued, in attempting Croxton's rescue, was also burned to death. Pace lost 220,000 pounds of leaf tobacco, and S. K. Houdett & Co., and S. S. Houdett & Co., smaller lots, the fire was incendiary.

## THE LARGEST STOCK OF

# WHITEWASH BRUSHES!

IN THE TERRITORY, AT

# G. F. CULMER'S,

## TEA POT STORE.

Bought before the advance in Bristles, and Selling Lower than ever. Now is the time for Dealers and others to lay in their Spring Stock.

## CHAMPION REAPERS & MOWERS

Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes (Self Dumpers).

Furnaces who are now looking around them to see where they can get the Best Goods and for the Least Money, we invite them to Look in

## THE RAIN WAGON DEPOT!

And you will find the above celebrated Harvesting Machines, which are so well known and known to be the most durable in the world.

Oliver Chilled Plows, Moline Plows, Reel and Mower, California, Scissors, Etc., Etc.

WAGON MATERIAL AND HARDWOOD LUMBER

PORTER SHEET IRON ROOFING

The Best and Cheapest Roofing Material used.

Address: HOWARD SEBREE, Salt Lake City

Has received a FULL LINE OF

## H. E. PHELPS.

## AMERICAN STORE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF

## General Merchandise

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1892, AND

## MR. H. E. PHELPS

Trusts the General Public will do him the favor to

CALL AND SEE HIM AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES

Before Buying at Other Stores, as he is

Determined to Sell Goods as CHEAP as they

Can be Sold.

## AMERICAN FLAGS FOR SALE.

## H. E. PHELPS.

High Council.—The members of the High Council are requested to meet at the Council House tomorrow (Tuesday) evening, at 7 o'clock. Also on Wednesday evening, the 12th inst., at the same hour. Wm. W. TAYLOR, Clerk.

The Best I Ever Knew Of. J. G. Starkey, a prominent and influential citizen of Iowa City, says: I have had the Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint for several years, and have used every remedy I could hear of, without any relief whatever, until I saw your Shiloh's Vitalizer advertised in your paper, and was persuaded to try it. I am happy to state that it has entirely cured me. It is certainly the Best Remedy I ever knew of. Price 75 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department, wholesale and retail, Salt Lake City, Utah.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous Cure for Catarrh Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious roller applicator for the most successful treatment of the complaint, without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department, wholesale and retail, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A Mother's Grief. The pride of a Mother, the life and joy of a home, are her children, hence her grief when sickness enters and takes them away. Take warning then, that you are running a terrible risk, if they have a Cough, Croup or Whooping Cough, which lead to Consumption, if you do not attend to it at once. SHILOH'S CONSUMPTIVE CURE is guaranteed to cure them. Price 75 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00. For lame Back, Side or Chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department, wholesale and retail, Salt Lake City, Utah.

## JOHN READING, NURSERYMAN AND FLORIST.

Corner of 2d South and 2d East Streets, Salt Lake City.

HAS A CHOICE VARIETY OF FRUIT AND SHADE TREES.

Shrubs, Flowers and Pure Seeds. Which he is prepared to furnish at Dealer Rates than the worthless Importations.

## GILT EDGE ICECREAM

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT THE PHILADELPHIA COFFEE HOUSE,

25 MAIN STREET, WM. HILL, Proprietor.

Fourteenth Semi-Annual Dividend.

Zion's Co-Operative Mercantile Institution.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 6th, 1892.

THE DIRECTORS OF ZION'S CO-OPERATIVE Mercantile Institution have declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of four per cent. on the Capital Stock, payable on and after May 1st next to Stockholders of record on the 1st day of February, 1892, upon presentation of their Stock Certificates at the Office of the Institution.

THOS. G. WEBER, Secretary and Treasurer.

# Year of Jubilee!

## RETAIL DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

# Z. C. M. I.

HAS THE

## Largest Stock of Goods in the City

OUR SPRING SHIPMENTS HAVE ALL ARRIVED, AND WE HAVE COMPLETE AND HANDSOME LINES OF

DRESS GOODS, DOLMANS & SPRING GOODS, LINEN SUITS, RUFFLING & RUCHES, TIES AND BOWS, UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS, STRAW HATS, ETC.,

AND EVERYTHING DESIRABLE FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

H. S. ELDRIDGE, Supt.

## EAGLE EMPORIUM!

# NEW GOODS.

## STAPLE AND FANCY DRESS GOODS,

IN ALL THE NEW STYLES.

## Elegant Line of Embroideries,

MALTESE, BRETON, CLUNEY, and other LACES in ENDLESS VARIETY.

BUTTONS OF EVERY SHADE & STYLE.

SILK FRINGES AND GIMPS, PARASOLS AND FANS INNUMERABLE.

## Brocade, Gros Grain & Cord Edge Ribbons.

SPLENDID LINES OF CURTAINS, NETS, MARSEILLES & TERRY QUILTS. TOILET COVERS, MATS, TOWELS, TABLE DAMASKS.

NEW DESIGNS IN CRETONNES.

## Custom Made and Wove Corsets in All Colors.

ENDLESS VARIETY OF Hair Ornaments, Braid Pins, Bows and Ties, Handkerchiefs, Ruchings and Linen Sets.

## Gloves and Hosiery to suit the most Fastidious.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.

And all the Best and Most Desirable Trade of Bleached and Unbleached Domestics

## AT BED ROCK PRICES

TO SUIT CITY AS WELL AS

## Conference

## VISITORS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS!

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE CHOICEST STOCK IN THE CITY OF

## GROCERIES,

Fruits, Candies, Nuts, Etc., Etc.

## HARDWARE,

## Crockery and Glassware,

## STOVES AND RANGES

AGENTS FOR Dupont Blasting, Sporting and Rifle Powders.

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No. 82 to 88 East Temple and 1202 to 1222 First South Streets.

## SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH