TELEGRAPHIC.

TEN BRITISH KILLED.

Outrages on Missionaries in the Interior of China.

WOMEN CRUELLY PUT TO DEATH.

The News Suppressed for Three Days—Officials Seriously Implicated in the Crime.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—A Shanghai dispatch to the Times says the mission and enclosure at Wha Sang, near Ku Cheng, province of Fukien, has been attacked and the outpost killed.

The Rev. Mr. Stokes, wife and child were burned in their house. The Misses Yellow and Marshall, two sisters named Saunders, two sisters named Hoskin, and Giselle Newcombe were succored with spears and swords. Miss Codlington was seriously wounded about the head and Stuart's eldest child had a knee-cap badly injured, while the youngest had an eye gouged out. The Rev. Mr. Phillips, with two Americans, Dr. Gingsty and Miss Barlow, were both wounded, but arrived safely at Fu Chau Fu. The chief of Cheng Fu, who was on the loyalty commission, is seriously implicated in the Cheng Fu outrages.

The Standard's special from Shanghai says that the news of the massacre was suppressed for three days by the Chinese officials. J. McCluntney Hixson, the American consul at Fu Chau, with several volunteers, went to the scene in a steam launch and brought back the wounded Americans.

"Their experiences," the dispatch continues, "were terrible, and death was the least part of the sufferings of the butchered women. The indignation here is intense. A mass meeting will be convened tomorrow. The mandarins endeavor to throw all the blame upon secret societies, but it is known they were encouraged by responsible officers. The Chinese are revealing their old tactics of cutting telegraphic communication."

Another Fu Chau telegram received late says that all the murdered ladies belonged to the Church of England, Zenana mission. Miss Horewell (Hartlet) was brutally injured and bears evidence of the fearful treatment and cruelty she received at the hands of the men. Several English and American children have been killed. The massacre commenced early on Thursday at Wha Hanzeer Ku Cheng. The houses were first and eight ladies, a man and a child were killed and several wounded, two probably fatally. The ladies are expected to arrive at Fu Chau tomorrow.

LATER DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The state department today received later intelligence of the killing of the missionaries in Ku Cheng, China. The dispatch, like the one received yesterday, was from Consul General Jernigan, and states that no Americans suffered, but that the massacre of British subjects was greater than at first reported. The consul general's dispatch is as follows:

"Americans all safe. None hurt. Ten British killed."

Although Mr. Jernigan does not use the word "missionaries" in his dispatch, there is no doubt felt by the officials of the state department that he refers to them, and this dispatch is intended as a supplementary to that of yesterday. The cablogram was at once forwarded to Secretary Olney at his summer home in Massachusetts, for his information.

Killed and Stabbed.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 4.—A Riverside dispatch says that T. C. Norman, a well known real estate man of Los Angeles, Cal., was killed and robbed at his ranch ten miles east of that city, Saturday night. He owns an 80-acre ranch which he had leased to two young men by the name of Cunningham, who had that evening paid him $135 rent money.

Turkey's Promises Unsatisfactory.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 5.—The reply of the Turkish government to the notes of the powers regarding reforms in Armenia is not regarded as satisfactory. At the foreign embassies it is looked upon as consisting of nothing more than criticisms of the proposed scheme for reform in Armenia. The British Mediterranean squadron remains at Badrum.

SENSATIONS IN GERMANY.

Complaints Against Hohenlohe—Austrian Premier's Sad Break.

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—There have been two sensations in German politics this week. One was the announcement of a serious complaint against the chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, and the other was the affront offered the latter by the Austrian premier, Count Gołuchowsky, and the consequent estrangement of the leading statesmen of the allied powers.

The Gołuchowsky-Hohenlohe affair is being variously commented upon in Berlin as well as in Vienna, and as a result the Austrian premier's motives for offending the German chancellor have not been learned. But it appears that Prince Hohenlohe, as soon as arriving at Ischl, had an audience with Emperor Francis Joseph, and, according to an understanding arrived at then, wrote a friendly letter to his new colleague, Count Gołuchowsky, asking for a long confidential conference, and inviting him to his estate at Ischl. The Austrian premier replied, telling him that he would be glad to see him later in Vienna, hundreds of miles off. The chancellor felt that Count Gołuchowsky's response was an insult, and did not make any reply. The conference, therefore, did not occur, and when Count Gołuchowsky, after an interview with the Austrian emperor, tried to make amends for his rudeness by sending a courier to Ischl, announcing his coming, Prince Hohenlohe replied that he was going hunting and could not see the count.

There is much conjecture in political circles as to whether this unpleasant incident will have the effect of disturbing the cordial relations between the two ministries.

The attacks on Prince Hohenlohe, after a series of inuendoes and reproaches, especially from the agrarian and radical press, have been simultaneously inaugurated in earnest by the leading conservative organ, the *Neue Freie Presse*, and by the party mouthpiece, the *Vossische Zeitung*. The latter has devoted several columns to showing that Prince Hohenlohe is unpliable in his promises, unstable in his policy and unwilling, and therefore quite unfit for his post. The *Neue Freie Presse*, on the other hand, hearty blames Prince Hohenlohe for the desperate condition of husbandry in Germany, and for the fact the government could not, without giving guarantee for fulfilment of its promises, have made a retreat at the majority in either the Diet or the Reichstag. These attacks are construed as being the beginning of a better war on the chancellor. The situation is similar to that of a year ago when Von Caprivi was hunted down.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Mikado's Force Insulted in the "Forbidden" Empire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Mail advices to the World from Paris, under date of July 7th, says that information has reached the Tokio foreign office that the Chinese are deliberately planning to attack Japan's forbearance to the utmost in their treatment of Minister Hayashi, the newly appointed diplomatic agent of Japan, who arrived at Tien Tsin July 15th. Though he was received with proper formality there, he was given to understand that his presence at the capital would be intuitively not for some time to come.

The attempt to detain Japan's envoy is understood to be a sort of retaliation for the reception of the China peace commissioners at unimportant towns instead of Tokio. In proportion to the amount of pleasure he exhibits will be the degree of hospitality allowed to him. He has been offered even as grave an affront as to communicate with him through the Tso Tai Shanti. Shanti is the Tien Tsin magistrate, a mere minor civil authority, it is believed, and with whose connivance the savage attack upon Japanese consular officers and their servants of both sexes were committed last August. If this device proves too malicious, other means are kept in reserve.

The Tsung Li Yamen will exhaust every resource of crafty stubbornness in the hope of wearing out the envoy's patience, and making him so angry as to perform his duties to the best advantage. They prefer to have it believed that Japan will be prevented by the European powers from resorting to force, and they secretly cherish the expectation of escaping from some of the most onerous consequences of the war. But the Japanese government knows perfectly well what to expect, speculative as to fate, and is doubtless prepared for all emergencies, though no indication of its purpose can be had from any quarter.

Hunting Outlaws in Oklahoma.

SOUTH END, O. T., Aug. 5.—Kingfisher County, this (Garfield) county, and the four counties west of here, any of which is larger than the state of Maryland, are to arise, in pursuit of Dick Yeager and his band of outlaws. Some 300 men, armed and mounted, are scouring the country from here to Texas. The sheriff, constable, city marshal and a posse of about thirty of this city are now engaged in a running fight with a part of the gang who escaped from the mountains thirty miles west of here, and are making their way east to the Indian Territory, their direction being toward Ferry.

Proposed King for Bulgaria.

SOFIA, Aug. 5.—The organ of the Russian sympathizers here suggests that, in view of the possible abdication of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, Prince George of Greece may be invited to the throne.

Warrants for Holmes and Quinlan.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—I. L. Conner, husband of Mrs. Julia Conner, who is supposed to have been one of Holmes's victims at the Englewood "castle," has decided to take out warrants for the arrest of Holmes and Quinlan, and the legal documents will be applied for tomorrow morning.

Conner claims that he has discovered conclusive that the police knew nothing about it, and that he is convinced that Holmes murdered his wife and little girl, and that Quinlan was an accessory. He backs his opinion of Quinlan's guilt on the fact that considerable of the furniture that the Quinlans have been using was the former property of Mrs. Conner. Conner says he will insist that the warrants be served at once, so that there may be no possibility of Quinlan getting away. He will also see the police to have Cora Quinlan, who is now with relatives in Michigan, brought back in the city, to be used as a witness. The Quinlan girl was the constant playmate of Pearl Conner, and the latter thinks she may know something about the manner in which his daughter disappeared.

Shot by an A. R. U. President.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 5.—W. H. Chase, president of the local A. R. U., shot and probably fatally wounded J. S. Bridges, a saloon keeper tonight. He also struck George Miles, a bar tender, on the head with his revolver, inflicting a fearful wound.

Chase escaped immediately after the shooting and has not been captured. It is said he was shot twice himself by those who saw him leave the scene, though no witnesses to the shooting outside of his friends. Chase is under sentence by the local court for participation in the great strike last year, and is out on bonds of $10,000.

Danish King Ill.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 5.—King Christian is suffering from a recurrence of catarrh of the bladder. It is hoped that the attack is not a serious one, but his illness, in view of his age, is causing anxiety.

ALL IS QUIET.

Indians Return to Their Reservation—Will Harm Nobody.

MARKET LAKE, Ida., Aug. 4.—When General Coppinger heard of the excitement among the settlers of Swan valley, he ordered company C, Eighth infantry, to proceed there at once. This was before the official investigation disclosed the fact that the Indians in that vicinity were all peaceably returning to their reservations. The company will probably not remain long at Swan valley.

A special telegram from the Shoshone agency says that Indian Agent Teter wired General Coppinger from the reservation, where he arrived last night, that all the Indians who have been absent from the Fort Hall reservation have returned and that all is quiet. Agent Teter also sent the following telegram to Washington, to the commissioner of Indian affairs:

"All Indians absent from reservation have returned, had no council, and requested me to telegraph you their hearts felt good. Had not harmed a white man. TETER, Agent.

Adjutant General Bitter and Colonel Pope of the Wyoming National guard and the representatives of Governor Richards, arrived here last night, having come direct from Jackson's Hole. General Bitter says the rough character in Jackson's Hole form but a very small proportion of the population. He says the Indians are by no means humorous in the affair, as claimed by Agent Teter, that they do not respect even the resolutions of their treaty formed twenty-five years ago but trespass on private property and even drive sportsmen right into a rancher's door and kill them. Considerable stock, he says, has also been killed by their ponies in stampedes.

General Bitter denies the assertions that the settlers will resist arrest. He believes the state will stand by them and will welcome any legal test of the questions involved as to the rights of settlers and Indians in the Jackson's Hole country. He says the troops have a month's rations with them and will probably stay as long as need. He agrees with all others who are acquainted with the Indians that their nature will not allow the killing of their brother braves to go long unavenged, after the soldiers are withdrawn from Jackson's Hole.

Sweep by Fire.

SUNSHINE, Wash., Aug. 4.—The Northern Pacific railroad is the heaviest loser by the fire yesterday, which swept over 320 acres of territory and destroyed property valued at over $100,000. The larger losers, as nearly as can be determined at this time, are as follows: Northern Pacific, $[illegible]; mine up as follows: Twenty-four locomotives and fifty-four freight cars, $[illegible], shops, machinery, etc., $[illegible]; roundhouse building, master mechanic's offices and passenger station, $[illegible]; freight, freight warehouses, ice houses, grain warehouse and coal house, $[illegible].

Half a mile of track was destroyed, together with about 7,000 tons of coal, 3,000 cords of wood and [illegible], all of which will bring the loss up to nearly three-quarters of a million dollars. Other losers range from a few hundred to $50,000.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Twenty Persons Prostrated in a Baltimore Church.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5.—A special to the *Press* from Quakertown, Pa., says: The Methodist church at this place was struck by lightning today and twenty persons were prostrated.

Nearly all of those were knocked senseless by the stroke, and it is feared that casualties will result. Minnie Fenner is in a critical condition.

Dr. Bowman has just pronounced the benediction at the morning services when the bolt struck the belfry, running around the edifice under the weatherboard and down under the floorsill.

The houses of the town were turned into emergency hospitals, and the victims are being cared for. Sexton Bauman had his coat torn from his back and one of his shoes was ripped as it by a knife.

Girl in the Live Stock Business.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 4.—A young woman will shortly enter the live stock commission business at the stockyards, and Kansas City will number among its business firms an institution both novel and interesting. Miss Jennie M. Goodwin will open an office at the Live Stock exchange under the title, "Jennie M. Goodwin, Live Stock Commission Merchant."

Miss Goodwin, who is known to live stock men all over the West as "The American Girl," is a native of Tennessee, and is 23 years of age. Six years ago she commenced working at the yards as a stenographer for the American Commission company, and remained with that company until it was succeeded by the Campbell Commission company.

IN BEHALF OF MRS. WALLER.

An Appeal for Aid for the Unfortunate Family.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4.—The counsel in the Waller case have issued the following appeal for assistance for Mrs. Waller:

"It is generally known that John L. Waller, for many years United States consul at Tamatave, Madagascar, was arrested and tried by the French military authorities, who had occupied the town last March, and that he was sentenced for twenty years' imprisonment at hard labor for the alleged offense of communicating with the enemy. He is now confined in a military prison near Marseilles, France. Mr. Waller's sixteen, Paul Bray, who was the only remaining support of the family in Madagascar, was expelled from the island by the French military authorities, and Mrs. Waller and her children were left destitute at Antananarivo, the capital of the island, over 200 miles from the coast. Through the kindness of Mr. Ethelbert Woodard, an American citizen, Mrs. Waller and her family were furnished means to reach the sea at Vatomandry, and thence to take passage to Mauritius, where they are now stranded and living on charity for the want of money.

"Mr. Waller was assistant superintendent of the Kansas asylum for the blind, and held other responsible positions in the state before he was appointed consul at Tamatave, having been one of the presidential electors-at-large from Kansas in 1888. Friends are moved to bring Mrs. Waller and her family home. She can present an array of testimony in support of her contention that the charge on which her husband was convicted by the French court-martial. The department of state is instituting into Mr. Waller's claim against the French government for illegal arrest and imprisonment and the virtual confiscation of a valuable concession which had been granted him by the queen of Madagascar, but its act funds available for bringing Mrs. Waller and her children to the United States.

"Mr. Waller was one of the leading men of color in Madagascar, his acquaintance extent to overwhelmed, and it is to be hoped that sympathetic and immediate relief will be taken by the good people in their churches and through other agencies to raise funds for the relief of the needy and unfortunate family. It is believed that a grievous wrong has been done to Mr. Waller and Mr. Bray by the French authorities in their war of conquest against Madagascar, for which no apology will be made to either Mr. or the United States without regard to the question of Mr. Waller's guilt or innocence. His wife and family are American citizens, and, through no fault of theirs, are destitute and far away from home. It is to be regretted that the government has not made any provision for such cases as that of Mr. Waller's family, and it is in the interests of humanity that an appeal is made to the general public.

"All subscriptions may be sent to the department of state. As the case is urgent, a liberal response is invited from the American people.

"WM. WALTER KENNEDY,
"JOHN M. LANDIS,
"W. I. MORRISS."

Doctor, did you ever take Simmons Liver Regulator, the "King of Liver Medicines?" Everybody knows it is a reliable remedy. It is a staunch friend, true and reliable. Disorders of the digestive organs, which, without such a medicine, would be carried off regardless of consequences, are quickly and positively cured by the use of Simmons Liver Regulator and you'll get rid of those troubles, and give time to the whole system. For a laxative Simmons Liver Regulator is perfect. It does not gripe, nor weaken, but greatly invigorates and strengthens.

Every package has the Red Z stamp on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

"GOOD LOOKS, BANDSOME ARE WINNERS, AND THAT'S ALL THERE IS ABOUT IT.

HOT MEN ON HOT WHEELS.

We don't make excuses for lower, nor tell what might have been had circumstances been as we want them. We simply take things as we find them, and go to win. That's what the

RAMBLER

did on July 20th, and you know the result. "Thistle" and Weller did not enter all cases Rambler, because they did not want to pay the HOG, but such as they did enter they finished ahead of all Union riders, demonstrating to the entire satisfaction of all present that they had the speed and good necessary to finish with the imported stocks.

Our fishing tackle, tennis, athletic goods, rifles, pistols, ammunition and general sporting goods, see like our cycles, always to the front. Guns and see us. We'll treat you right. New sporting goods' catalogue free.

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"MORMON" TABERNACLE

October 3 and 4, 1895.

Presidents of the day, ex-Gov. Arthur L. Thomas, Gov. Caleb W. West.

Look! TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS will be given in prizes.

READ THE FOLLOWING LIST OF PRIZES AND CONDITIONS:

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CONDITIONS.

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Special Rates From All Points in Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Idaho.

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We Offer You for One Month Only:

CLARET, 40 cents.
ZINFANDEL, 75 cents.
BURGUNDY, $1.00.
HOCK, very fine vintage, 75 cents.
RIESLING, $1.00.
SHERRY, $1.25, at

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167 Main Street.

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Our Great Semi-Annual Sale

OF STANDARD MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,

Commences MONDAY, AUG 5, eclipsing all previous sales in the excellence of material, variety of styles and trimmings. Our RULE is, during this sale: Only 3 articles of each kind and price to a customer.

15c Table.

Ladies' Drawers, well made, with tucks and hems, sizes 12 to 23, worth 15c, for

15 Cents.

Children's Sateen Petti Waists, well made, sizes 2 to 9, worth 15c, for

15 Cents.

Ladies' Chemise, made of good quality muslin, well sewed, sizes 34 to 44, worth 15c, for

15 Cents.

25c Table.

Actual value fully double.

Ladies' Night Gowns, well made, of good quality muslin, trimmed on neck and sleeves with ruffle, sizes 14 to 17, worth 50c, for

25 Cents.

Ladies' Skirts, made of good quality white muslin, full size, with deep ruffle, tough 30 to 40 inches, worth 50c, at

25 Cents.

50c Table.

This price barely pays the cost of making the garments here offered.

Ladies' Chemise, prospector style, Hamburg insertion and hemstitch trimmed, sizes 34 to 44, worth 75c, at

50 Cents.

Ladies' Corset Covers, V shaped yoke, trimmed with lace and embroidery, sizes 32 to 40, worth 75c, at

50 Cents.

Ladies' Night Robes, [illegible] with Hamburg insertion between 2 clusters of tucks and embroidery ruffle, sizes 14 to 18, value 75c, at

50 Cents.

[illegible]

75c Table.

Our unequaled facilities enable us to offer these marvelous values.

Ladies' Night Robes, yoke trimmed in tucks and Hamburg insertion, finished with Torchon lace and Hamburg embroidery, ruffle around neck and sleeves, sizes 14 to 20, worth $1.25, at

75 Cents.

Ladies' Skirt, made of fine quality muslin, trimmed in tucks with wide embroidery ruffle, sizes 38 to 42, value $1.25, at

75 Cents.

Ladies' Drawers, trimmed with Hamburg embroidery, finished in Torchon lace beads, sizes 23 to 30, value $1.25, at

75 Cents.

$1.00 Table.

All articles shown on this table are unsurpassed for workmanship, quality of material and style of trimming.

Ladies' Chemise, prospector style, trimmed with insertion and [illegible] with Torchon lace, value $1.50, at

$1.00.

Ladies' Drawers, trimmed in embroidery or [illegible] lace, sizes 32 to 40, value $1.50, at

$1.00.

Infants' Wear.

Infants' Slips, very neatly made, plaited down the front, with embroidery around neck and sleeves, worth 50c, at

25 Cents.

Children's Dresses, made of good quality white muslin, with fancy yoke, sizes 2 to 4, worth 50c, at

25 Cents.

On our 50c, 75c, and $1.00 surplus tables, we have placed a line of Children's Dresses and Infants' Slips, all worth fully double.

Bridal Sets.

Bridal Sets, consisting of night robe, chemise and drawers, elegantly trimmed with fine Hamburg embroidery, worth fully $5.

$3.00.

During this our "Great End of Season Sale," a sweeping resistless avalanche of bargains on sale for the people, with overpowering magnetic attractions.

N. B.—See our illustrated Circular for full description of the greatest bargains ever offered during any sale.

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Make Your Appearance Faultless.

Our stock ranks first in importance,
Important because of best quality,
Important because of splendid assortment,
Important because of low prices,
Important because of latest styles.
A grand combination of circumstances to save you money.

In no previous season have we been able to collect an assortment so well adapted to the wants and requirements of this country as we now offer in our seasonable stock of

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING,
HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Selected especially for you and each article marked at a price you can afford to pay.

A close examination turns the tide of trade to our counters and the goings into your purse.

Take time to think, then turn your thoughts to our store, where the value is deep, and you will make no mistake.

We are not bragging about $1 suits, we don't handle them. We have a good one, though, for $5, worth $10.

A better one $6, worth $15. And all other grades at similar reductions from former values.

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