he is an agitator who will always bring trouble, and he does so much agitating that he gets through with but little work. We'll go on as we are till a change comes, and you are willing to meet us on fairer grounds. We are willing to pay good wages for good work, but we object to either paying poor work-men high wages, or being made the victims of a strike because good men differ in opinion with you in regard to union.

Most of the building company's men are non-union, and the work is

not materially retarded.
At Taylor, Romney & Armstrong's there are but few union men. were on hand this morning, but no

atrike was inaugurated.

Mr. Folsom had been left by three or four men. He said "They agreed or four men. He said "They agreed to go on till Saturday, and I had agreed to make a change of wages and time on Monday, but they broke their engagement this morning, and quit without a moment's warning, just on the three days' difference. I don't like to be treated in that manner, and as I am not compelled to submit to it, I don't think I will.

At the Burton-Gardner Company's yard both union and nonunion men are employed, the wages being the standard price, and no

striking was done.

At several other places there were some slight disputes, but in no case was there any disturbance noted. With one or two exceptions, the demand for \$3.50 for nine hours' work has been acceded to, and were this to settle it, that would probably become the standard figure. But the effort to compel non-union men to join, by interfering with the employers, presents another question; and there is already some talk of proceeding in the line that was followed in Omaha, and have the proposed to the proceeding to the line that was followed in Omaha, and have the proposed to the process of the proces union enjoined by the courts from ordering the men out on strike for such a cause.

## HIT ON THE HEAD.

On Tuesday, April 29th, a young man named Gustave Lekman was convicted in the police court of petty larceny and sentenced to pay a fine of \$90 and to be imprisoned ninety days. Next day he was sent out with the chain gang, which is working near the Warm Eckman had been Springs. work but a ahort when he thought escape, auc. a chance for escape, and made a break for liberty. He was caught by some workmen, who held him for guard Lyon, who was giv-ing chase. When Mr. Lyon came up he gave Eckman a blow on the back of the head, with his club. Lyon probably hit harder than he intended, for he was angry at the prisoner's actions, and Eckman prisoner's actions, and Eckman fell to the ground. His condition indicated that the blow had a very severe effect, and Eckman was brought into town. Dr. Hall was notified and ordered him taken to St. Mary's Hospital, where he received such attention as could be given. The doctor stated

that it was a very dangerous case, and liable to end fatally in a short time. Ecknian was bleeding at the mouth from the effect of the injury and the muscles of his face twitched and quivered. Concussion of the brain was the cause, and under the most-fortunate circumstances it will be some time before he recovers, if that is possible.

## H. C. HUNTSMAN'S DEATH.

Last Monday afternoon a crowd of young men were assembled at Mr. Gabriel Huntsman's stables, for the purpose of witnessing the riding of three bronchos. The animals were saddled, and Heber Huntsman was to ride the first. No sooner had the young man mounted the horse than it commenced plunging and rearing. It jumped into the air, and, falling back upon the rider, dashed him to the ground and crushed his skull. The force of the blow struck behind the left ear, at the juncture of the temporal and occipital bones, causing Instant death.
The deceased, Heber Chandler

Huntsman, was born June 21st, 1868. He was the son of Gabriel and Eunice E. Huntsman, and he was killed April 14, 1890. He was a kind industrious son and a member of the Church. The parents of the young man were almost distracted, the mother, especially, being incon-solable. The funeral services were solable. The funeral services were held the following Wednesday at which consolatory remarks were made by Bros. J. E. Hickman, W. F. Rydalch, L. Holbrook, T. C. Callister and Gabriel Huntsman, the father. This is the second son Brother Huntsman has lost by acci-The procession formed at Brother Huntsman's residence and moved to the meeting house. Twelve white horses headed the procession. Eleven were mounted by companions of the deceased. The twelfth was led by a brother of the unfortunate young man, and had no rider. The meeting house was packed to its utmost, and a large cortege fol-lowed the remains to the cemetery. The family have the sympathy of the whole community in this their sad bereavement. All business was suspended during the day of the funeral and everybody seemed to be affected at the occurrence. The members of the Academy attended

the services in a body. A. FILLMORE, Utah, April 21, 1890.

## TOOELE STAKE CONFERENCE.

The quarterly conference of the Tooele Stake convened in Tooele City on April 27th and 28th. The opening meeting was called to order by President Gowans at 10 a.m. by President Gowans at 10 a.m.
There were present on the stand
Apostle A. H. Cannon and Elder
S. B. Young of Sait Lake City,
President Gowans and Counselors and a number of the Bishops from

History Thomas Atkin, of the Tooele Ward, and Counselor Wm. Jefferies, of Grantsville, reported their wards in a prosperous con-

Counselor C. L. Anderson then the late land boom.

spoke upon the course of life to be pursued in order to gain the favor of the Lord.

Apostle A. H. Cannon delivered a forcible address upon the necessity of increased union among the Lat-ter-day Saints in regard to their temporal interests. He showed some of the advantages to be gained by a united order dictated by the revelations of God in our life's labors. He treated upon the duties of officers and members in the Church of Christ, and the relationship they bear to each other.

each other.

At 2 o'clock Bishop Dawid H.
Caldwell of St John Ward, Bishop
Jno. G. Shields of the Lake View
Ward, Bishop Wm. F. Moss of the
E. T. Ward, and F. D. St. Geor of
the Clover Ward made statements as to the irrespective organization.

Elder S. B. Young spoke on the necessity of possessing a perfect knowledge of the truth of the Gospel and living strictly up to every principle of purity revealed, so sanctifying our bodies as to be fit receptacles for the Spirit of the Lord.

Elder A. J. Stookey gave part of his experience while laboring in the ministry, testifying to the truth and exhorting the youth to be valiant in the cause of God.

At the morning conference on April 28, Brother O. P. Bates gave a

favorable report of the Batesville

A. J. Johnson, superintendent of the Sabbath schools of the Stake, endorsed the reports of the Bishops in regard to the good which is being accomplished by the Sunday accomplished by the Sunday schools. He also eulogized the superintendents and teachers for thèir efficient labors.

The statistics for the half-year ending March 30, 1890, was read by the clerk, and the general authorities of the Church and local officers of the Stake were presented and unanimously sustained.

Ormus A. Bates bore a strong testimony to the truthfulness of the work of God revealed through the Prophet Joseph Smith.

Counselor G. F. Richards reported his labors while visiting the Saints

in different parts of the Stake. A

good spirit prevails.

At 2 o'clock Elder S. B. Young dwelt upon the importance of educating our youth, the duties of parents to children and the corrupt influences sought to be introduced into our communities. He exhorted the Saints to shun even the appearance of evil.

Apostle A. H. Cannon spoke upon the education most essential for Latter-day Saints, and what the gospel would accomplish for us if we lived up to its requirements.

The interest and pleasure of the Conference were greatly enhanced by the musical selections given by the choir, under the leadership of Professor John A. Vance.

The Premier Building society of Melbourne, by far the largest insti-tution of the kind in all those colo-nies, has suddenly stopped payment. Hundreds of persons of both sexes are ruined. The failure resulted in reckless speculation in land during