

EXCITING SCENE IN CONVENTION

Occasioned by Bringing in and
Reading of Majority and
Minority Reports.

COL. GUFFEY WAS DEFEATED.

Pennsylvania Case Great Center of Interest—Announcement of Decision
Greeted With Cheering.

Denver, June 8.—At the night session the galleries were well filled long before the first of the delegates and alternates began to make their appearance. A great crowd of sightseers was gathered outside the Auditorium. In the hall the cowboy's band, unfatigued by its strenuous afternoon's work, entertained the assembling delegates and spectators with a long program of popular selections.

Under the glow of thousands of electric bulbs the convention hall showed to the best advantage.

With the vast audience in its place the night scene was a brilliant one. The always diligent band in the gallery was in evidence early in the evening, and worked away for the pleasure of the galleries, which were almost filled before 8 o'clock arrived. Apparently it was the opinion of many of the visitors that the night session was a revelation of the pleasures of the galleries, which were almost filled before 8 o'clock arrived.

HUNTING MAJORITY REPORT.

The officers of the convention and the members of the credentials committee were in a state of time approach for opening the convention, because the majority report of the committee was missing. The precious document was in the possession of the stenographer, and could not be found. The same individual was also in possession of a speech to be delivered by Representative Ollie James of Kentucky, who had been in mental distress because of the absence of his oration.

The last seen of the stenographer was at 1 o'clock, when he went away with the report, under strict instructions to write it and return it as soon as possible. Chairman Callahan of the credentials committee, with a flushed and perturbed face, was rushing hither and thither about the hall, frantically sending messengers and working the telephone to every spot where his imagination allowed him to suspect that the missing stenographer might be in retirement.

Mr. Callahan finally went to Chairman Bell with the information that he could not find his report, and suggested that some speaker fill in the time that must elapse before the missing report was found.

The convention officials, after a short conference held after Mr. Callahan had taken away on another hot scent, decided that no work should be undertaken by the convention tonight except to consider the report of the credentials committee. Debate on the majority and minority reports, which was agreed, should be limited to 20 minutes on each side. The report of the committee on permanent organization and the speech of Chairman Clayton went over until tomorrow.

At 8:15 p. m. there still were many empty seats in the delegates' sections, but the galleries held practically their full capacity. Crowds of sightseers continued to storm the various doors and a record-breaking attendance was in sight. Women seemed to predominate in the throngs. Most of them were gaily dressed, as for the theater or opera. The band worked overtime to keep the crowds amused and fairly earned the applause that was liberally bestowed.

REPORT BROUGHT IN.

At 8:30 the report of the committee on credentials was brought to the hall, but Chairman Bell had wandered off and could not be located and the delegates and spectators put in another period of inactivity while pages and messengers were scouring the hall to bring the chairman to his desk and his duty.

Chairman Bell announced that the committee on credentials would not be ready to report for several minutes. "The speaker," said Mr. Bell, "I sent a committee down into the New York delegation to escort to the platform. Senator Charles A. Towne—That was as far as the chairman was allowed to proceed, and Mr. Towne took the rostrum amid much applause.

Mr. Towne kept strictly to the promise he made at the opening of his speech, when he said that he would occupy but little of the time of the convention. His address was brief, and he left the platform with the distinctly expressed good will of the convention.

"Taylor, Taylor," cried many of the delegates, remembering the invitation of the afternoon to the Tennessee senator.

Mr. Callahan of Massachusetts, chairman of the committee on credentials, was in the aisle clamoring for recognition when Senator Taylor

WHEN HER BACK ACHES.

A Woman Finds All Her Energy
and Ambition Slipping
Away.

Salt Lake City women know how the aches and pains that come when the kidneys fail make life a burden. Backache, hip pains, headaches, dizzy spells, distressing urinary troubles, all tell of sick kidneys and warn you of the stealthy approach of diabetes, dropsy, Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills permanently cure all these disorders. Here's proof of it in a Salt Lake City woman's words:

Mrs. Joseph Slater, 522 West Third Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, says: "The recommendation which I gave Doan's Kidney Pills about a year and one-half ago was true in every particular and I can recommend them. I had attacks of backache and other symptoms of kidney trouble which were very annoying and distressing. My friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box at the P. J. Hill Drug Co. They acted up to their representations in every way. In a short time I was rid of every symptom of the trouble. Whenever I feel any symptom of a return I appeal to Doan's Kidney Pills and they always give me relief."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Doan's Kidney Pills, New York Agents for United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and get no other.

Dr. Lyon's TOOTH POWDER

Cleanses, preserves and
beautifies the teeth, and
Purifies the breath
A superior dentifrice
for people of refinement

Established in 1866 by
J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

was escorted to the stage by a number of his constituents. He was introduced by Chairman Bell amid cheering.

MESSAGE FROM THE SOUTH.

"I have only a few words to say, a brief message from the south," he said. "That message is this: Wipe out the sectional line so far as politics is concerned. We are one people, one common impulse. Nothing can wipe out that line. The great conflict which put 'Yankee Doodle' on the pension list and 'Dixie' on crutches could not wipe it out. We are all one people still. Let us nominate the plumed knight of the west, who has grown stronger through two defeats, and who comes before the people today as the most unanimous choice of the Democracy as the standard bearer. For vice president we have a lot of distinguished men floating about in the air. I think we could make one of them to take the place on the ticket."

"They are like the old man in the mountains who swore off drinking, but took a bottle of whiskey home with him and said to his son, 'Honey, I have sworn off drinking whiskey, but here is a bottle for a precaution, and if I get sick and don't want to take it, why, honey, make me take it.'"

As Senator Taylor retired the chairman announced: "Gentlemen of the convention, we are now going to get down to hard work. The committee on credentials is ready to report. The chair recognizes Mr. Christopher C. Callahan, chairman of the committee."

REPORT READ.

Mr. Callahan then read the report, which was as follows:

"In the matter of the contests from the states of Idaho, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and the District of Columbia, your committee begs to report that they have carefully investigated each of said contests; that hearings have been given to both the contestants, and contestants in each of said contests, and your committee has endeavored to ascertain as near as possible all the facts bearing upon each contest, and after a careful investigation of the merits of each contest recommends that in each of the following contests the delegations named by the national committee be entitled to seats as the regularly accredited delegates and alternates to this convention, namely:

"The state of Idaho.

"The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth districts of Illinois.

"The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth Sixth and Seventh districts of the state of New York.

"The Nineteenth district of the state of Ohio.

"The Thirty-second district of the state of Pennsylvania.

"The District of Columbia.

"In the matter of the contest from the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth districts of the state of Pennsylvania, we recommend that the contestants shall be seated and recognized by this convention as the duly accredited delegates and alternates from said districts in the state of Pennsylvania, to wit:

"First District—Neil Bonner, Michael Francis.

"Second District—Ryerson W. Jennings.

"Fourth District—A. Raymond Raft, Horace P. Fogel.

"Fifth District—Patrick P. Horan, Paul Wise.

"Sixth District—P. J. Hallahan.

"In the matter of the contest from the Ninth district of the state of Ohio your committee recommends that the following be seated in this convention as the accredited delegates from said district:

"E. A. Power, Dr. William Watts."

While the chairman was reading the report, Roger C. Sullivan, chairman of the Illinois delegation, which state was generally understood to have determined to fight side by side with Pennsylvania in behalf of the minority report, was busily running about the floor conferring with a number of other delegations and preparing for the fight as soon to come.

HISSES AND APPLAUSE.

When Chairman Callahan read the report of the committee in favor of the contestants against Guffey in Pennsylvania there were a few hisses and some applause. The interruption was of brief duration, however, and the reading of the report was continued.

In the matter of the two lists of committee appointments from the state of Pennsylvania, Chairman Callahan reported that the credentials committee recommended that in view of the contest decisions, the lists be referred back to the delegation for further action.

Mr. Callahan concluded by moving the adoption of the report.

"I second that motion," shouted a delegate from Indiana. The chairman stated the question and then recognized Mr. L. L. Straus of Maryland, who read the minority report, which recommended that the contestants in the Pennsylvania case be seated and which was as follows:

MINORITY REPORT.

The report recommended that the delegates from the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth districts of Philadelphia, Pa., districts holding seats in the convention, be declared lawfully entitled to such seats, and in support of the recommendation the minority gave the following reasons:

"First—That there was no evidence adduced by the contestants before the committee to support their claim to said seats.

"Second—That the contestants produced no credentials conducive to accreditation in any way to membership in this convention.

"Third—That they made no protest or appeal to any convention of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania or to any tribunal or functionary of said party, or to any court in said state, in support of the primary election law of the state.

"Fourth—That the credentials of said contestants were unexceptional in every particular, and that abundant proof of their right to the seats was adduced."

"The action of the minority of the committee is a staggering blow at the independence of the Democracy of a sovereign state. This convention can rest upon no other foundation than the supremacy within state lines of the party organization of every state.

"We, therefore, recommend that the said contestants retain the seats hereby awarded them by a legalized Democratic primary and endorsed by the national Democratic committee."

The report was signed by the representatives on the committee from the following states: Maryland, New Jersey, New York, Louisiana, Illinois, North Carolina, Georgia, Virginia, Minnesota, Delaware, New Hampshire, Kentucky and West Virginia.

The statement made by Mr. Straus that the action of the majority of the

committee was a staggering blow at the Democracy of a sovereign state called forth cheers. He asked the chairman for permission to make a few remarks in support of his motion to substitute the minority for the majority report.

"Not now," said Chairman Bell, "but your motion and I will state the question."

It is moved and seconded that this minority report be adopted in place of that portion of the majority report relating to the contestants," said Chairman Bell.

DEBATE LIMITED.

Gov. Haskell of Oklahoma was recognized to move that debate be limited to 20 minutes on either side.

Mr. Kern of Indiana seconded the motion amid scattering cries of "No." The motion was put to a viva voce vote and carried, the volume of "noes" being quite small and emanating almost wholly from Pennsylvania.

The chair then recognized Chairman Callahan of the credentials committee as the speaker. He stated that the majority report, before Mr. Callahan began Mr. Straus claimed that, as he carried the affirmative, he should have the right to open and close the debate.

"Mr. Chairman," he called, "the chairman of the committee, as he represented the majority, should have the right to open and close, and he again recognized Mr. Callahan."

Mr. Callahan began by saying that the time allowed the majority would be divided between himself and Gov. Haskell of Oklahoma, the latter closing the debate. He was expected that Ollie James of Kentucky would speak in support of the majority report, but the illness of the time prevented.

Mr. Callahan said the evidence before the committee showed that the Philadelphia Guffey faction brought a host of Republicans to the Democratic primary polls. These voters, he declared, were members of the Philadelphia Republican party, and were "one McKelvey" was the head. In one congressional district where the normal Democratic vote was about 1,000 the vote in the primary swelled to more than 2,700. This was but one instance of many, declared Mr. Callahan, the evidence of which was supported by undisputed affidavits. "When we considered all the evidence," he concluded, "it was impossible to reach the conclusion that the real Democracy of Philadelphia had been kept at home by an alliance of one element of the Democracy with the dominant Republican machine in that city. We urged that expediencies of harmony required that we shut our eyes to these irregularities, but no set of men could do other than we have done."

MINORITY ARGUMENTS.

The first speaker for the minority report was Mr. Straus, who had presented the minority report. He stated that the minority for the majority report should be on the ground that the majority report was an attack upon the sovereignty of the states.

He had spoken a few minutes when an Oklahoma raised the point of order that no speaker "has the right to discuss what happens in a committee."

"Not well taken," declared Chairman Bell, with a bank of his gavel, and Mr. Straus proceeded with his argument. While Mr. Straus was speaking, Ollie James of Kentucky and Nixon of New York held a hurried and earnest consultation, after which Mr. Nixon spoke briefly with Chairman Charles F. Murphy of the New York delegation.

NEW YORK DELEGATION.

The New York delegation showed marked signs of sympathy with the minority report as Mr. Straus went on, applauding him frequently. They cheered him lustily as did many other delegates, notably those of Pennsylvania, who were in the hall.

Mr. Straus, who spoke with great fervor and earnestness, was given an ovation as he left the stand after making an impassioned appeal for the adoption of the minority report.

To conclude the argument in behalf of the minority report the chair recognized John D. Bellamy of North Carolina, one of the signers of the document. He declared the contestants had been absolutely no sort of credentials with them to set against the undisputed count of ballots cast in favor of the Guffey delegates.

A STORM OF DISAPPROVAL.

The speaker called out a storm of disapproval when he asserted that the Republicans who went to the polls as Democrats had a right to have their votes counted as Democrats.

"No, no, nothing like that," came the chorus from the floor.

When Mr. Bellamy again got attention he explained that the Democratic party was ready to open its doors to anyone who desired to adopt its principles. There was some applause at this and the speaker soon brought his address to a close.

The closing speaker for the majority report and the last of the debate was Gov. Haskell of Oklahoma. He promptly took up the statement of Mr. Bellamy that Democratic primaries were the cause of the contestants' success.

Mr. Bellamy, asserting that, under that gentleman's argument, he might as well have elected a delegate to the Chicago convention. After he had charged the contestants in the Pennsylvania cases with collusion with the Republicans, he was interrupted by a voice from the hall saying:

"Give me the other barrel."

Gov. Haskell charged the Pennsylvania contestants with being the tools of the Standard Oil company.

He said the contestants had said to the contestants, "Go back to your Standard Oil tanks." and instantly he was greeted with a yell of approval, which, however, mingled with many hisses.

"I've heard that hissing sound come out of a pipe line many a time," shouted Gov. Haskell, and the convention broke into a roar of laughter and applause.

He concluded by strongly urging the adoption of the majority report.

Gov. Haskell was congratulated by the majority.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

Get away from the heat by bathing at Saltair.

Take a dip at Saltair.

Tom Johnson and others as he left the platform.

The previous question having been called for, Chairman Bell was about to put it to a viva voce vote when a rollcall was demanded and granted.

"The question is on the adoption of the minority report in place of that section of the majority report relating to Pennsylvania," announced Chairman Bell, as he directed the clerk to begin the call of states.

VOTE ON MINORITY REPORT.

Alabama led off with 22 votes in the negative and Arkansas followed with 18. Colorado split by casting nine votes for the majority and one for the minority in the applause which greeted the announcement.

Delaware cast all her six votes aye. Florida cast her 10 votes in the negative and cast all her 10 votes aye. The Bryan organization, voted for the minority.

Illinois, voting under the unit rule, cast 54 votes for the minority, 35 being declared by Chairman Bell as aye. The 54 votes for it. Edward P. Dunne of Chicago demanded a poll of the Illinois delegation, and instantly Roger Sullivan was on his feet.

"Mr. Chairman," he called, "the chairman of the committee, as he represented the majority, should have the right to open and close, and he again recognized Mr. Callahan."

"The vote of Illinois has been polled," shouted Mr. Sullivan, "and it's more the gentleman himself polled it. The only reason for which he now rises is to display his own conspicuousness."

The chair ruled that any member of any delegation could demand a poll of the state and ordered the poll of the Illinois delegation. The pole showed 58 votes cast whereas the delegation only numbered 54. Chairman Bell announced the result as 56 votes "aye" under the unit rule. He corrected it later to 54. This discrepancy was accounted for by some hall votes in the delegation.

When Indiana was reached Chairman Kern announced: "Indiana does not vote under the unit rule, but individually casts her 36 votes aye." Maine cast 11 votes for the minority and one for the majority. Michigan was divided, but the unit rule carried her over to the side of the majority. Nebraska, naturally went for the majority, as did Nevada.

New Jersey called for a poll of its delegation. It showed 13 for the minority, 3 for the majority, 8 delegates being absent. A dispute arose between the members of the delegation as to whether the state was bound to vote under the unit rule. It was decided by the chairman that it was acting under the rule and the entire vote was cast for the minority report.

New York threw its full strength of 78 votes with the Guffey faction, Chairman Murphy announcing it "aye" under the unit rule. He said the delegation had been polled and stood: Ayes, 68; noes, 10.

Oklahoma cast her 14 votes for the majority report, not yet having come to the possession of her four additional votes.

When Pennsylvania was reached a demand was made for a poll of the delegation.

"Announce the vote," said the chairman, "and then ask for a poll. Who is the chairman of the delegation?"

"I am," said Col. James M. Guffey, "Announce your vote again," said Chairman Bell.

Col. Guffey walked down the aisle toward the chairman's desk, attended by L. McQuist, who also claimed to be a chairman of the delegation.

"Oh, you have two chairmen, have you?" asked Chairman Bell. "Well return to your seats and the state will be polled."

"A point of order," shouted Representative Ollie James of Kentucky.

"State your point of order," said the chairman.

"My point is," said Mr. James, "that the delegates whose seats are contested cannot vote."

"You have better mind your own business," said Col. Guffey, turning sharply upon James, and other Pennsylvanians made further uncomplimentary remarks to the man from Kentucky, who, however, sat in his chair and laughed.

The chair ruled, however, that the point of Mr. James was not well taken, and that the list of delegates as certified by the national committee must prevail in the poll.

Col. Guffey's name was first on the roll of state and his lead of "aye" was followed by half a score of "aye" votes before a "no" was reported. Each "no" was greeted with applause from the galleries and from the floor.

"Have you the unit rule?" asked Chairman Bell of the delegation.

"No," came the response, "we have not been a unit for a year."

The Pennsylvania polls showed 37 ayes and 28 noes, one not voting and two absent.

New Hampshire split her vote about even, as did South Carolina. Tennessee broke exactly in half, casting 12 for the majority and the same for the minority report. The tide then set in steadily against the minority report, and it was evident that it was defeated. Idaho announced that it desired to change its vote from 8 for the majority report to 2 for the minority report and 4 for the majority.

The rollcall was then closed.

MINORITY LOSES.

"Upon this question," announced Chairman Bell, "the minority have 38 votes and the noes 615."

Following is the vote by states: Alabama, aye 22; Arkansas, aye 28; California, passed; Colorado, aye 9; nay 1; Connecticut, aye 2, nay 10; Delaware, aye 6; Florida, nay 10; Georgia, aye 28; Idaho, aye 2, nay 4; Illinois, aye 54; Indiana, nay 20; Iowa, aye 2, nay 24; Kansas, aye 20; Kentucky, aye 6, nay 12, absent 2; Louisiana, aye 26; Maryland, aye 18; Maine, aye 11, nay 1; Massachusetts, aye 23; Minnesota, aye 22; Mississippi, aye 20; Missouri, aye 6, nay 31; Montana, aye 6; Nebraska, aye 16; Nevada, aye 6; New Hampshire, aye 2, nay 6; New Jersey, aye 21; New York, aye 78; North Carolina, aye 2, nay 22; North Dakota, aye 8; Ohio, aye 4, nay 41, absent 1; Oklahoma, aye 37, nay 8, absent 1; Pennsylvania, aye 37, nay 28, 1 not voting, absent 2; South Carolina, aye 4, nay 12, absent 2; South Dakota, aye 8; Tennessee, aye 12, nay 12; Texas, aye 36; Utah, aye 6; Vermont, aye 3, nay 2; Virginia, aye 22, nay 2; Washington, aye 10; West Virginia, aye 3, nay 11; Wisconsin, aye 26; Wyoming, aye 6; Alaska, aye 6; Arizona, aye 6; District of Columbia, aye 6; Hawaii, aye 6; New Mexico, aye 6; Porto Rico, aye 6; Rhode Island, aye 5, nay 3; Total vote, aye 387, nay 615.

The announcement was greeted with great cheering. The majority report, then adopted by a viva voce vote.

Great confusion followed the announcement of the result of the rollcall, but through the uproar filtered a motion to adjourn until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning. It was seconded in a flash, and greeted with a shout and the delegates made for the door.

The vote was announced by the chairman, who showed a total of 1,023 votes cast—the full strength of the convention.

It was evident that this was an error, for there were 11 absentees. As the vote was not close, however, it was decided to make no further announcement tonight, but to declare the correct totals tomorrow.

SKINS ON FIRE WITH ECZEMA.

Instantly relieved and, in the majority of cases, speedily cured by Cuticura.

Get away from the heat by bathing at Saltair.

Take a dip at Saltair.

Does not Color the Hair Stops Falling Hair

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR



THE OLD TRUNK

contains lots of things to wear made from lasting fabrics, but which have faded or are out of fashion. Dyeing as we practice it will restore many such and save the cost of new purchases. Let us see the cloth and quote you prices.

Salt Lake Cleaning & Dyeing
Company
Ind. 1734; Bell, 5235. 27 E. 3rd So.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 N. MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ONE GLORIOUS TRIUMPH

THE SEMI-ANNUAL

"Money Back"

Shoe Sale

Thousands are saving one half and more on the world's best makes of shoes.

60 salespeople to wait on you. Everything arranged for easy shopping. Come and get your share.

Davis Shoe Co.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

CONTAINS NO HARMFUL DRUGS

Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Troubles. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption

FOR SALE BY F. J. HILL DRUG COMPANY, SALT LAKE CITY.