EVENING NEWS: Pubished every Evening, except Sunday. One Copy, one year, with Postage, \$10 00 5 00 three months, 2 50

DESERET NEWS: SEMI-WEEKLY. PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND SATURDAY One Copy, one year, with Postage, six months, three months, "

DESERET NEWS: PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY. One Copy, one year, with Postage,

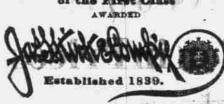
three months, PUBLISHED BY THE DESERET NEWS CO.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH,

CHICAGO TRADE.



SIX MEIDALS of the First Class



Scapmakers, Perfumers, Chemists, World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition, New Orleans 1884 and 1885.

(Extracts from Jutors' Reports to the Board of Awards.) For Collective Display of Tollet Scaps and Perfumery For Fancy and Ordinary Tollet Scape.

For Excellence of Material, Delicacy of Per-fums, and Neatmens of Style. For Laundry Soap Specialties. For Excellence and Superiority of Launday, Harness, and Medicinal Tellet Soaps.

Highest and only Award for Chemically Pure Glycerine. JAS. S. KIRK & COMP'Y.

F. MAYER & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF CHAMBER SUITS,

SIDEBOARDS and BOOK CASES In Walnut, Cherry and American Mahogany, CHICAGO. Our Goods are on Sale in all the Principal

R. E. POHLE. Manufacturer of Center, Library & Pillar Exten-sion, Kitchen, Breakfast & Common Extension TABLES

Hat Racks and Whatnots, Goods can be found at the Co-operative Furniture Co. and other Dealers at Sait Lake City.



BEST IN THE WORLD.

Each package contains to Round.

Cakes, sufficient for 10 Loaves &
Light Wholeseme Bread. Will
keep longer than any other yeast. Try it asyou will always use it. SOLD BY ALL GROCERS. GILLETT'S Gream BAKING POWDER And Bomble EXTRACTS.

AUGUST HEURR. H. BROCKSCHMEDT. HKUKR & BRUCKSCHMIDT

B. W. GILLETT, Manf'r, Chicago, Ill

Uphoisterers' Goods. NO. 178 RANDOLPH STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

> STAR HORSE NAILS POLISHED. OR BLUED, Will hold a shoe on Longer than any ther. We guarantee our Nalls to be Equal in Quality and Durability to any made. Made from the Rest Norway Iron, Finished Already to drive, by the UNION HORSE NAIL CO., CHICAGO.

SAMMONS, CLARK & CD., 169 Randolph Street, Chicago, Ilis MANUFACTURERS OF MOLDINGS, FRAMES, POLE CORNICES AND MIRRORS Our goods are kept at Savage's Art Bazzar and by leading Furarture dealers through-out the Territory.





phosphate powders.

Sold publis com: ROYAL BARING POWDER Co., 185 Wall Street, Rew Text.



AT WHOLESALE

Z. C. M. I.

BRINCKERHOFE TURNER & CO Manufacturers of and Dealers in Secretary Sail, Duck, "Woodherry," Druid Mills "Polingary" and offer lavo site brands, at numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft. DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, UR IN THE GRE COTTON CANVASS or all mumbers— It to in inches wide, for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Caverings, Machine aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and Agentator U. S. Busting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or into quantity. These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. L.

HAZARD POWDER Office, 63, Pine St., New York. Coastantly on hand a complete stock of the GUNPOWDER!
Blasting, Kentucky Rifle,
Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse For sale at wholesale and retail by all the leading stores in the Territory, and at wholesale only by J. W. Sanders & Co., Agents, Salt Lake City.



Wolfe, Patton & Co.,



presented by JOHN RAE.

For sale at Z. C. M. I. and its branch stores, Sears & Liddle, Godbe, Pitts & Co., Barnes & Davis, Messrs. Allen & Co., Cunnington & Co., Clark, Eldredge & Co.

27 EAST THIRD STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

ICKERS CIKES & JUMBLES

BY TELEGRAPH. PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE. XLIX CONGRESS.

SENATE. The Bogus Butter Bill-Adjournment on the 28th-Valgarities, Per sonalties, Etc.

Washington, 20.—Miller presented the memorial of the Evangelical Alliance of the United States, referring to the recent outrages and massacre perpetrated on Chinamen on the Pacific coast, with a letter from a branch of the Alliance in China, setting forth the injurious effect of these outrages on Americans and Christians in the Chinese Empire. He thoroughly endorsed the sentiments embodied in the memorial and the letter, and the memorial was read in full and referred to the committee on foreign relations. At 10:45 the Senate resumed consideration of the oleomargarine bill, and was addressed by Brown in opposition to the bill.

Hawley spoke in support of the bill.

Hawley spoke in support of the bill.

Evarts also favored it.

Ingalls addressed the Senate. He said that towards the close of the desale that towards his close of the de-bate yesterday, exasperated by per-sonal allusions intended to be offen sive, he had made some observations which, on reflection, he was persuaded had exceeded the limits of propriety in debate, and he availed himself of this first public occasion to express his reret. He then proceeded to argue gainst the bill. He thought the whole ubject was being treated inversely, eginning at the close and considering downward. The fundamental ques-ion to be considered was not whether tion to be considered was not whether the general government possessed police power to interfere through taxation or otherwise, but whether oleomargarine was a product detrimental and injurious to the general health and general welfare. He assumed that the most latitudinarian interpretation of the Constitution would not claim that there was any power in the general there was any power in the general government to prevent fraud simply as fraud. The fundamental question was whether or not oleomargarine was a healtuful, nutritious food product. If it was, then oleomargarine had exactly It was, then oleomargarine had exactly the same right to ask a tax on butter as butter had to ask a tax on oleomargarine. If it were a healthful food product, then this bill was not a bill to spollate. It was not a bill for revenue but a bill for confiscation and destruction. A German chemist had recently discovered a means for making saccharine from coal oil of such intenso sweetness that a single teaspoonful sweetness that a single teaspoonful would change a barrel of water into

would change a barrel of water into syrup. What should be said of this discovery, by which, if all that was said of it were true, the cane sugar industry was to be uprooted and destroyed?

Miller appealed to the friends of the measure to see to it that the bill should not be smended in any particular, because at this stage of the session any amendment might be fatal to the bill. Ingalis moved to reduce the tax frem ave cents a pound to two cents. ave cents a pound to two cents. Agreed to—yeas 32, nays 28.
Ingalls moved to insert the word 'knowingly' in connection with the sale of oleomargarine.

Miller moved to lay the amendment on the table. Rejected—yeas 27, nays The amendment was then adopted. Ingalis moved to amend the sixth section by striking out the minimum pensity—being the words "less than \$100," and the words "less than six months."

Miller moved to lay the amendment on the table. Rejected—yeas 28, nays The amendment was then adopted. The bill and amendments were then reported to the Senate, the first question being on ingalls's amendment to reduce the tax on eleomargarine from ave ceass per pound to two censs, and it was adopted—yeas 34, nays 28.

The remaining amendments were adopted without question, and the bill as amended was passed—yeas 37, nays 24.

The section as to penalties as amended reads as follows:

"Every person who knowingly sells or offers for sale, or delivers, or offers to deliver, any eleomargarine, in other form than in the new wooden or paper packages above described, or, who packs in any package any elemargarine in any manner contrary to law, or who takely brands any package or affixes a stamp on packages denoting a less amount of tax than that required by law, shall be fined for each offense not more than \$100 and be imprisoned not more than two years." more than two years."

Miller moved that the Senate insist on the amendments to the bill and ask the House for a conference. Agreed

Allison called up the sundry civil appropriation bill and a recess was taken antil 8 o'clock this evening.

At the evening session. Allison called up the sundry civil appropriation bill. The first amendment was the striking out the item of \$165,000 for the Brook-yn, N. Y. postoffice. The amendment was agreed to. The amendment striking out the item of \$40,000 for completing the wharf for the Custom House at Charleston, S. C., was resisted by Butler and Hampton

and was rejected.

The amendment striking out the item of \$125,000 for the Custom House at Galveston, was resisted by Cook and was temporarily passed over, as were also several others. The amendment striking out the pro-posal to enlarge the new pension build-ing, was agreed to after some remarks by Hale, in which he spoke of the oallding as a monstrocity, unsightly The other amendments, including the item of \$56,560 for the inauguration of the Bartholdi statue in New York harbor, were agreed to.
After disposing of 76 pages of the ball out of 106, the Senate at 11 p.m.

WASHINGTON, 20.—Hatch of Missouri, rising to a question of privilege sent to the clerk's desk and had read extracts from Senator Ingalls' speech in the Senate, yesterday, on the oleomargarine bill, in which he characterzed as a shameful spectacle the support of this measure in the House under the leadership of the chairman of the committee, himself engaged in the dairy business, and upon which he relied for support. Ingalls also charged that the above named chairman had a personal interest in the measure. "Mr. Speaker," said Mr. Hatch.
"Every gentleman on this floor will agree with me that the reference to me as chairman of the House of Representatives by Senator Invalls in the discussion of the bill that passed this resentatives by Senator Impalls in the discussion of the bill that passed this House, is in violation of every manly and decent instinct that ought to actuate a mamber of oither of these Houses. The respect which I have for this House and its members alone determine from characterizing this attack as it ought to be characterized. I desire to state that when this gentleman coansets my mame in the statement that I am personally interested in the passage of the eleomargarine bill, and that I derive my support or any part of it from the product; of the here of cows on my farm, it is simply a complete and gratuitous falsehood. And when the gentleman attempts to insinuate in my absence, and in a forum where I have no rights, that I have any more personal interest in the passage of that bill than the 10,000,000 farmers and 60,000,000 consumers of butter is the Gnited States, he simply utters a falsehood; and when the gentleman goes further and says that I have in any past of this discussion descended into the arens of vulgar personality and descended of his life and that is the hardest thing I can say about him. I am not in the habit of descending to vulgarities and personalities—I leave that for the mouth of this Senator of Kansas—that womb of alander and detraction." Kassas—that womb of slander and

cial convention between the United States and Mexico. Adopted. The House then went into committee of the whole, Hatch of Missouri in the chair, on the Senate amendments to the river and harbor tul.

Morrison reported back the concurrent resolution fixing July 28th as the day for the Senate adjournment, but pending action the House took a recess till 8 o'clock, the evening session to be

till 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of bridge bills. for the consideration of bridge bills.

At the evening session the House passed the following bills authorizing the construction of bridges:

The Senate bill, over the navigable water courses, by the Astoria & Winnemucca Railread Company.

The Senate bill, across the Willamette river, by the Oregonian Railway Bridge Company.

Across the Willamette river, by the city of Salem, Oregon.

Across the Santa Maria river.

Across the Missouri River, Georgia.

Across the Missouri River, and also certain streams in Washington Territory.

tory.

The bill authorizing the comstruction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at St. Leuis was then called up, but it promised to give rise to much discussion, and the House at 11:15, adjourned.

AMERICAN. WIRED FROM WASHINGTON.

The Crops—The Surplus Resolutions, Etc. Washington, 20. — The committee on ways and means to-day agreed to Morrison's resolution providing for the adjournment of Congress sine die the adjournment of Congress sine die on the 28th instant.

The statement of the crop condition on the 1st day of July, complied by Prof. Dodge, the statistician of the Agricultural Department, and telegraphed to the press on the 19th inst., is to-day supplemented by a fuller report, giving additional facts and figures of an interesting character. In this report the Professor says: "The area of corn is steadily increasing, with only the slightest impetus from srea of corn is steadily increasing, with only the slightest impetus from foreign demand and still less from the spirit manufacturers. The increase in seven years since 18.79 has been about 20 per cent., and the present area is about 75,000,000 acres. The increase is rapid in the more recently settled Western States, fortwo reasons: First, from settlement and homemaking; second, from the substitution of corn for wheat. The settlers find the demand for wheat fixed and with ittie tie variation, except that the world's supply affects the demand everywhere, while the demand for corn is classic line what had occurred in Chicago.

The State's attorney said he intended to prove conspiracy. Spies addressed the meeting at McCormick's with a desire of paving the way for the meeting on May 4th. This they would be shown that after Spies addressed the crowds in most violent language, he did not remain on the street, but at once came down town and wrote the famous 're-venge'' circular, denouncing the police and saying six worthingmen had been killed at AicCormick's, which was untrue. Spies had no means of know-thing the prove conspiracy. Spies addressed the prove conspiracy. Spies addressed the meeting on May 4th. This they would be shown that after Spies addressed the crowds in most violent language, he did not remain on the street, but at once came down town and wrote the famous 're-venge'' circular, denouncing the police and saying six worthingmen had been killed at AicCormick's, which was untrue. Spies had no means of know-thing the provention of the provention of the meeting on May 4th. This they would be shown that after Spies addressed the crowds in most violent language, he did not remain on the street, but at once came down town and wrote the famous 're-venge'' circular, denouncing the police and saying six worthingmen had been killed at AicCormick's, which was untrue. Spies had no means of know-thing the provention of the provention of the provention of the proventing the proventing the provention of the provention while the demand for corn is elastic and may be doubled with the prices sufficiently low. Wheat is short of

speculators, while corn has seldom been cornered." of spring wheat the report says:

'The condition of spring wheat has declined from 98.5 in June to 83.8 in consequence of the high temperature, drying winds and the want of rain. Last year the average condition was 96 in July, and in consequence of the high temperature at the critical period it fell to 86 st the time of harvesting. It is a sudden, fall and though enly 2 points lower than last year's crop at narvest, the continuance of injurious weather would be likely to threaten farther and serious disaster. The apparent depreciation in June is 15 points, but it would be a serious error apparent depreciation in June is 15 points, but it would be a serious error to apply that reduction to the 145,000,-000 bushels of the spring wheat harvested, which represented a condition of 86 at harvesting, only three points above the present condition. Should there be no further reduction, the present condition should insure about 139,000,000 bushels. It should be understood, however, that the loss of derstood, however, that the loss of vitality so early in the season expositive crop to further injuries by the heat of July and August, and renders it highly probable that the average condition of the harvest may be still fower. In this point of view the injury is more serious than the average reported status of the crop would make it. With favorable weather in July and August the increased condition may be maintained, though the chances are confessedly creased condition may be maintained, though the chances are confessedly against it. Making some allowance for this probability, the judicious and reasonable interpretation of the July report of winter and spring wheat would show a prospect for an increase about \$0.000,000 suspens above the official report and estimate for 1885. The results of the threshing of winter wheat and the meteorelogical conditions of

and the meteorological conditions of the next two months may easily add id,000,000 to these figures or substract quite as king an amount. The winter wheat area already assures nearly enough for home consumption. The enough for home consumption. The average exportation of wheat and flour for the past five years has been 116,000,000 bushels. The present expectation favors a product nearly if not quite sufficient for this rate of exportation, in addition to consumption. The exports of the past year are some milition bushels less than this average. The surplus will probably be ample, therefore, for any foreign demand likely to arise.

kely to arise. The distribution for the past year is as follows: Estimated consumption for food, 271,000,000; seed, 51,474,000; exports from preliminary statement, 33,596,000; total,416,071,514,Crop of 1885, 357,112,000. Drawn from the crop of The visible supply has been decreased during the year about 13,000,000 bush-

els, leaving about 46,000,000 bushels to come from the surplus in the hands of farmers. In view of the present surplus, the visible and favisible supsurplus, the visible and favisible sup-ply is still fair to average. Last year's official estimate is verified, and the fity millions lower estimates, so strenuously insisted on by ambitious crop statisticians, is discredited with marked emphasis. The condition of oats is lower than in any former July report since 1879, when the yield aver-aged 26 bushels per acre. The present condition is 88.8 against 87 in July of that year. The average for rye is 95.6 against 87 last year. This is nearly the same as in

1881.

The condition of barley is somewhat lower at the present date than at the dist of July in any recent year, yet the difference is not sufficient to reduce greatly the prospective yield. It averages 89.7 against 92 last July and 98 in The condition of barley is somewhat lower at the present date than at the district of July in any recent year, yet the difference is not sufficient to reduce greatly the prospective yield. It averages 89.7 against 92 last July and 98 in July of the previous year."

Acting Lecretary Fairchild and Treasurer Gordon were before the Senate committee on finance this morning to oppose the adoption of the Morrison surplus resolution. In the assence of formal action by the committee, no official statement of the proceedings can be given out for publication in the press. The following is gathered from various but entirely treatworthy sources, as to the substance of the proceedings. The articles were then read. They were exceptionally graphic descriptions but entirely treatworthy sources, as to the substance of the proceedings. The following is gathered from various but entirely treatworthy sources, as to the substance of the proceedings. The following is gathered from the part of the legislative wranch of the Government to Impose a new restriction upon the Executive branch heretolore thought inhecessary, and in this wice with reading was finished the countries of the government to Impose a new restriction upon the Executive branch heretolore thought inhecessary, and in this wice with reading was finished the conditions of the flower the finish country and in this wice where the reading was finished the countries of the flower than the first bettermined by the jury."

Emperoduce was an effect on the proceedings at Method the night previous to the bomb-throwing, the cabalisatic word (Rhu" was in Swiss writing.

Eugene Zeiger was the next withing and the Arbeiter Zeitung just preceding May 4th. Zeugene was confined to the formal statement as to the capture with the arbeiter Zeitung just preceding May 4th. Zeugene Was confined to the formal statement as to the capture with the property of the capture with the manufacture of the formal statement and the property of the just of the just of the formal statement and thing deplie on the assumption that the administration was fully committed to, and in sympathy with, the policy of applying the surpius to the redemption of the interest-bearing debt and retiring the debt as rapidly as possible, and as quickly as a prudent administration and sound policy permitted.

This being assumed the Treasury Department could not see a single argument in favor of the resolution, while it could see numerous and serious objections, and ill-effects and embarrassments which are likely to arise from such arbitrary legislation. It was in his opinion impossible for any human being to look so far into the condition of the future as to tell in what amount and at what intervals the boads should be called and redeemed during the next year.

wing the next year.

Mr. Fairchild responded to a number of questions by members of the committee as to the effects of the resolution, his statements indicating the belief of the Treasury that the Department would be greatly embarrassed and its obligations violated.

THE ANAROBISTS. The Interest Increasing as the Cape Progresses.

Chicago, 20.—This morning the offi-cers and balliffs were more than care-ful as to the persons whom they ad-mitted to Judge Gary's court room. The public interest in the sensational developments in the anarchist cases is demonstrated by the daily increas-ing crowds who apply for admis-sion.

ing crowds who apply for admission.

The court room was crowded when Henry Heinemann, a reporter, the first witness, was called.

Grinnell asked if he was at the meeting Oct. 22d, last, at the Twelfth Street hall. He replied he was. The resolution was introduced by August Spies. Fielding was there and the meeting was presided over by A. Beiz. The contents of the resolution and that the workingmen should not hope for success unless they were prepared to enforce their demands. The resolutions concluded something like, "Death to the enemies of the human race—our despoilers." It was also set forth in the resolution, which was adopted unanimously by the meeting, that he all likelihood the capitalistic class would oppose the laboring men by means of the police and militia, and no lasting reform could be accomplished unless main force was brought to bear against the class in authority. Witlasting reform could be accomplished unless main force was brought to bear against the class in authority. Witness said May 1st was designated as the time the new development was to

The resolutions were introduced in Officer J. W. West, of Hinman stand. He was at McCormick's Reaper stand. He was at McCormick's Reaper Factory May 2d, near where the meeting was being held at which August Spies was a prominent speaker. Witness proceeded to give at length the particulars of the riot which occurred at McCormick's.

The defense interposed a violent objection to the testimony and the efforts of the prosecution to connect the defendants with all the acts of violence that occurred in Chicago.

The State's attorney said he intended to prove conspiracy. Spies addressed the meeting at McCormick's with a desire of paving the way for the meeting

been killed at McCormick's, which was untrue. Spies had no means of knowing what had occurred when he wrote the circular, and his object was simply to inflame the passions of the people and make the anarchists rule—a doctrine he had been preaching for years.

The court allowed the witness to proceed with his marrative. He said many of the mob were around with revolvers and they alone opened fire upon the police on the latter's arrival on the scene.

MJames L. Frazier, who was employed near McCormick's factory and who witnessed the riot, confirmed Officer West's testimony. When Spies was speaking the crowd became violent. At the conclusion of the speech some cried out, pointing towards the factory, "Let's go and kill those damned scabs." The crowd immediately started in the direction and Spies slid off the platform and started for the street cars.

E. T. Baker also corroborated the testimony of the two witnesses.

A. S. Leckie, a reporter on the Duity News, gave evidence on the subject. He said in his address to the crowd Spies spoke of bomos, revolvers etc. Witness was on the platforn from which Spies was speaking, but was ordered to leave, and on refusing to do so was violently assaulted.

F. Harasser, president of the Lumber Shovera' Usion, testined that the object of the meeting near McCormick's was to hear the report of a committee who had waited on the lamber bosses, he was to make this report but upon his arrival on the scene he found that

who had waited on the lamber bosses. He was to make that report but upon his arrival on the scene he found that violent speaches were being made by outsiders. He jumped on the platform and counseled moderation. He told the men the object of the meeting was to hear the report but they threatened to throw him off the platform if he did bot keep quiet. When the crowd started towards the factory he tried to stop it and warned them against distening to the poisonous speeches that had been made.

The defense made objection to this testimony but the objection was promptly overruled by Judge Gary.

Sargeant John Enright and another officer next testified.

promptly overruled by Judge Gary.

Savgeant John Enright and another officer next testified as to the riet at McCormick's, their testimony agreeing with that of their commides.

Mithael Hahn, a tailor, was the first witness this afternoon. Hahn said that he was at the Haymarket, May 4th, and was standing at the northwest corner of Desplaines and Randolph streets when the bomb exploided. The missile struck him in the tack, rendering him unconacions. The impertance of Hahn's testimony lay in the implication that the police had been deliberately led into a trap, and then by a preconcerted movement slaughtered from every side.

Theodore Fricke, business manager of the Arbeiter Zeitung, was questioned as to well-known facts concerning the relation of Sples, Parsons, and others.

relation of Spies, Parsons, and others to the paper. He identified certain manuscripts seized after the 4th of manuscripts selzed after the 4th of May as being the chirograph; of Splea and Schwab. They are originals of the famous "Revenge" circular and similar effusions.

The defense objected to the testimony, showing that the library in the Arbeiter Zeitung was composed of works similar to Herr Most's "Science of Revolution."

Judge Gray overruled the objection

of Revolution."

Judge Gray overruled the objection and said: "If a man is teaching the overthrow of civil order by force and is engaged in a conspiracy to further that end, the possession of a book or books illustrating the methods of such destruction as advocating their use is competent gridence against him, the weight of which is to be determined by the jury."

raged some of the women and robb the citizens of their horses and are They also report that six prisons were captured resterday by gover-ment troops, and that three were he this morning. Several peaces ranchers from Mexico have cross

Train-Wreckers.

Kansas City, 20.—Six men are in jail at Wyandotte, Kansas, charged with having wrecked the Missouri Pacific freight train between Wyan-dotte and this city at three o'clock on the morning of April 26th last, during the great southwestern Rallway strike, and by which Benjamin Harten, a fire man, and George Carslisle, a brake-man, were killed. The alleged wreck-ers are members of the executive man, were killed. The alleged wreckers are members of the executive board of the local lodge of the Kaights of Labor there, and a Hamilton man who is represented as the ring leader of the crime is chairman of the board. The prisoners are George Hamilton, recently special policeman, Robert Greers, Mike Leary, Fred Newport, (married), a car repairer; R. L. Lloyd, also car repairer, and Wm. Vossman, employe of an ice firm. The case has been worked up by the company's detectives, and the evidence against some of the prisoners is strong. Besides this, it is stated that Lloyd and probably two others have made a full confession of the crime to the officials. There was quite a flutter of excitement There was quite a flutter of excitement here last night among the Knights of Labor over the charges thus reported and imputations made against their order.

Fatal Collision.

NASHVILLE, Tennessee, 20.-News of going south, killing Engineer Beach, Henry Laughlin, conductor of the ac-commodation train, Robert Brown, Mouroe Dodson, Ralph Master and

To Fortify the Pacific HALIFAX, 20.—A party of royal engineers under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel O'Brien, left here yesterday for British Columbia. They go to look over the ground with a view to reporting to the imperial authorities as to the best manner of fortifying the Pacific coast. The Calispel Endians said to have

Milled Two White Men. SPORANE FALLS, Wyoming, 20 .- Re-BPOKANE FALLS, Wyoming, 20.—Re-liable information regarding the ru-mored Indian troubles in Calispel Val-ley has not yet been received. That there are grave fears of an outbreak the following special to the Riview from Fort Spokane received at a late hour this morning under date of the 19th will show:
| Can Indian runner arrived at the fort
to-day direct from the Calispel coun-

track direct from the Calispel Coun-tracked reports that the Calispel In-dians, tilled two white men on that reservation Sunday afternoon. Gen-eral Carlin left Fort Cour d'Alene at eral Carlin left Fort Cour d'Alene at daylight this morning with two companies of infantry for the Calispel country, and it is expected they will arrive there to night. The volunteers who left here yesterday returned at moon to day. They went as far as the Wild Rose prairie, where they found the settlera congregated in two or three different points. Under a strong guard of settlers from the surrounding country, but they saw but few Indians. They returned for supplies, but hearing that General Carlin had gone in these with soldiers, decided not to return till further particulars could be obtained. There are now two companies of infantry and one of cavalry its Calispel Valley. The excitement here to day has been greatly intensfied by the rumor that the murdered men mentioned in the above dispatch are Constable Joe Warren of this place and in decides where of this place and in decides where of the two Calespaths brother, who left here about leaders and indianated in the case of the two Calespaths in the case and in search of the two Calespaths in the case and in search of the two Calespaths in the case and in the case a ten days ago in search of the two Cal-ispel indians who are wanted for the murder of Geiger over a year ago and Ufficer Rusk three months ago. Sheriff Whittier with an Indian guide left this atternoon for the Calispel country to investigate matters."

Sr. Paul. 20.—Ploneer Press special:
At moon on Saturday six mounted and
marked highwaymen robbed. Her Majesty's mail coach 25 miles south of
Humboldt Station, obtaining \$20,000
from the mail bags. The coach had
seft Qualley on Friday. It is reported
the trible was killed. The coach contained two passengers. It is supposed
to be the work of Montana road
agents. Mounted police are scouring
the country.

Severe Storms of Wille, Hail and Rain-Several Milled by Lightning. St. Hillaire, Minn., special to Piones Pess o Buring a violent storm yester-day afternoon four Indians were killed

Manna, California, July 20.—A fire tast night destroyed the entire business period of the city. Loss, \$70,000; maurance, \$45,000.

BACRAMENTO, July 20.—It is asserted by many of the most prominent members of the Legislature that the extra session will not adjourn without the election of a United States Senator to succeed Senator Hearst. It is claimed that the States constitution and Resisted States of the United States compet the election of a Senator; that the Governor having called the Legislature together has now no power to prevent the election.

SOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

en Yors Marsden, administrate of Z. Snow, 71s E. Second Lake, City, in the Control of the Contro

CLOTH and TRIMMINGS

By the Yard. The Trade Supplied.



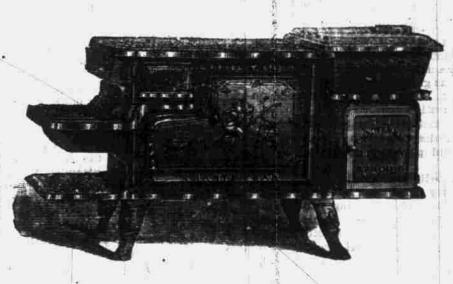
Mar Sample Fashion Plates and Rules for Self-Measurement mailed to any address on application. M Correspondence solicited.

BUCKLE & SON

TAILORS AND WOOLEN DRAPERS, 235 s. MAIN ST., Opposite Walker House, Salt Lake City. P. O. BOX 682.

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.,

CHARTER OAK



OVE

TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, STAMPED WARE & TINNERS' TOOLS, 612-18 N. Main Street, St. Louis, Missouri,

Sole Agents in Salt Lake City.

. H CE

DEDUKET THE TAND COMMENTS

Manufacturers and Dealers in NEWS PRINT, BOOK,

MANILLA AND STRAW

PAPERSI

Parties desiring any of the above, are invited to call and examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

DESERET NEWS COMPANY, CORNER EAST and SOUTH TEMPLE STS., SALT LAKE CITY