

husband, Elder A. W. Carlson, now on a mission in Sweden, and returning home with him in the fall. She is also induced to take the trip in the hope that it will benefit her health, which has, for some time, been rather delicate.

Miss Adams accompanies her uncle for the purpose of visiting relatives in the old country.

The party expect to sail from New York, August 6th, on the S. S. *Montana*, of Guion & Co's line.

Terrific Storm.—Brother F. Beers wrote from Pleasant Grove, Utah County, July 16th—

"At four o'clock yesterday afternoon, a violent wind storm visited this place, accompanied by rain and hail, doing great damage to crops. One and a half miles south of here the hail was so large that some crops of barley and wheat were utterly destroyed. Chickens, birds and even muskrats were killed. A two storey house, owned by James Bush, was struck by lightning, near the chimney. It tore a portion of the roof off, three windows were badly broken and the house set on fire. There were no persons in the house at the time. It was discovered to be on fire by one of the neighbors and the flames were soon extinguished, being limited to a work-bench and some tools. The loss of grain and fruit is considerable."

Brother Robert J. Cobby, writing in regard to the same subject, states that in some places, where the barley crop was expected to be a yield of 50 bushels to the acre, only about five will be realized. Fruit has also been injured. Many of the hailstones were an inch in diameter.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, JULY 19.

Found.—On the road between Pioche and Desert Springs a portmanteau, blankets, letters addressed to Mr. Henry Blackmore and some other articles. The owner will please apply to William White of Summit Creek, Iron County, Utah, for recovery of property.

Dropped Dead.—Yesterday morning, John Skelington, while at work in the field of Mr Henry Browns at Slaterville, Weber Co., dropped dead. Deceased was aged about 28 years. The cause of death was probably heart disease or the effects of the oppressive heat.

The occurrence is mentioned in the *Ogden Junction*.

The Coming Fair.—The coming Territorial Fair, under the auspices of the Deseret Agricultural and Manufacturing Society, will be held on or about the 2nd, 3rd and 4th of October. The stock, which is expected to be a very prominent feature of the affair, will be exhibited at Agricultural Park, and the products of art, mechanism, agriculture, etc., at some suitable place near the central part of the city.

The Tannery.—Because the new tannery has not yet placed its leather upon the market some people may suppose that that establishment is sleeping. Such is not the case. It is getting a good ready, and when it begins to issue its product it will send out a daily stream that will be somewhat surprising. We have great confidence in the success of the tannery. An immense quantity of hides is in preparation.

Coalville.—A gentleman just in from Coalville informs us that matters are exceedingly dull in and around that part of the Territory. The coal traffic upon the narrow gauge line between that point and Echo, which had been suspended for about a couple of weeks, has been resumed, and three trips a week, aggregating 50 tons of coal, are being made.

Owing to the ravages of the grasshoppers, probably only about half a crop will be raised throughout the county.

Returned Missionary.—This afternoon we received a call from John F. Dorius, of Ephraim, Sanpete County, who returned with the company of emigrant Saints which reached here last night, from a mission to Norway. He left here on the 6th of May, 1876, and proceeded to Denmark, where he labored about a year. After that he presided over the Christiana (Norway) Conference, occupying that position for one year. This is the second mission of Elder Dorius to Scandinavia since his first arrival in Utah, in 1857, having gone to that part of the world in 1860, returning in the fall of 1863.

During his late mission he labored diligently for the spread of the gospel, and a goodly number were added to the Church in the fields where he traveled. The prospects in the Scandinavian mission are excellent, and the Elders feel encouraged.

The Emigrants.—The company of Saints that sailed from Liverpool on the *Nevada*, arrived in this city last night, as expected. The Scandinavian portion, numbering about 500, were taken to the "Old Washington House," on Third South Street, where their countrymen of this city, under the direction of Elder A. N. Winberg, regaled them with a substantial supper, and showed them other attentions and kindness.

The company had a pleasant and prosperous journey all the way. The voyage of the Scandinavians from Copenhagen to Hull was remarkable for smoothness, the North Sea, which is frequently very rough, being like a mirror. From Liverpool to New York, on the Atlantic, no stormy weather was experienced.

The only deaths that occurred was that of Elder Joseph E. Hyde and of a little child. Overland there was some suffering from heat between New York and Omaha, but west of that point it was comparatively cool.

The company, both on sea and land, were treated with great courtesy and kindness. Elder John Cook was in charge of the Saints, and he was ably aided in seeing to the comfort of the people by all of the returning missionaries. The greatest unanimity of feeling prevailed among the Saints on the entire journey.

Scorching Heat.—Mr. W. C. Dunbar has received a letter from Elder A. F. Macdonald, written at Orkney Islands, north of Scotland, and dated June 27th. A short time previous to that date there was a large public gathering there, for the purpose of celebrating the anniversary of the birthday of Tannyhill, the Scottish poet. It happened that the weather was so scorchingly hot that, in consequence of it, the meeting had to break up and the people disperse.

In that naturally cold region this atmospheric condition is indeed extraordinary. The extremely high temperature of the atmosphere appears to be confined to no particular section, but extends to various parts of the world. In several parts of the United States it appears to be unusually oppressive, causing numbers of people to die in their beds, without actual exposure to the rays of the sun.

In speaking of the judgments that were to be poured out upon the people of the earth, in the last days, preceding the second advent of the Saviour, the 8th and 9th verses of the 16th chapter of Revelations say:

"And the fourth angel poured out his vial upon the sun; and power was given him to scorch men with fire."

"And men were scorched with great heat, and blasphemed the name of God, which hath power over these plagues, and they repented not, to give Him glory."

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, JULY 20.

Sick.—The *Junction* states that Mr. Joseph Hall, of Ogden, has been suffering for several days with a severe attack of chills and fever.

Wanted.—Mrs. Ann Rees, Wicktree Street, Morriston, Glamorganshire, Wales, wishes to know of, or to hear from her brother, Jenkin Davis, who emigrated to Utah in 1863, from Pyle, near Kentig, Glamorganshire, Wales. — *Millennial Star*, July 1.

Appointment.—Elder J. Bull, Sen., after five months valued and appreciated labor in the office at "42," and in the Liverpool Conference, has been released, and is hereby appointed to labor in the Birmingham Conference. — *Millennial Star*, July 1st.

Missionary Work.—We have seen a letter from Elder John G. Midgley, now laboring in Nebraska, Iowa and neighboring States. The work is making but slow headway in that section. He has experienced but little difficulty in confounding the "Josephites," who are rather numerous in that part. He has had occasion to several times overturn their arguments.

Great Drouth.—According to a private letter from Elder S. M. Molen, the drouth in the Sand-

wich Islands continues, and vegetation is withered and dried up. To make matters worse, the "army worms" are devouring what little crops have been saved from the drouth. Most of the work on the Church plantation is suspended, stock are becoming poor, and some are dying. The natives already experience some difficulty in obtaining food.

Accidentally Shot.—Yesterday morning, about 5 o'clock, Mr. Abram Cannon, son of the Hon. George Q. Cannon, while handling a pistol, had the misfortune to shoot himself in the left side. The accident took place at his father's farm, south of the city. He was engaged in firing at some cranes, and holding the weapon in his right hand, while he forced the cylinder around with his left, it suddenly turned and was discharged, the ball inflicting a flesh wound just above the waist. Dr. Benedict dressed the injury, which, though painful, is not accounted dangerous and the patient is progressing favorably.

Water Motor.—To-day, we were shown a small ingeniously-contrived, double-reaction water-wheel, the product of the inventive genius of Mr. W. J. Silver, of the 19th Ward. It is designed for running sewing machines, churns, or other light mechanical apparatus, of the household, requiring but a limited power for their manipulation.

The wheel is contained within a spool-shaped iron case, five inches in length, in the side of which is an opening from which proceeds a small piece of rubber nose, and through this the wheel is supplied with water. After spending its force on the wheel the water passes away by means of a similar opening on the under side, and may be conveyed away by a hose, and used for other purposes. Protruding from one end of the case is a pully for the use of a belt, turned by the action of the wheel inside. This is the only part that requires oiling, as the machinery inside the case is lubricated by the water pouring over and around it. The case is fixed on a small stand, and is made water-tight, so that the wheel may be worked in the parlor or sitting room, as well as out of doors or in the kitchen.

The whole affair is as simple and neat as it is ingenious and useful, and reflects credit on the ability of its inventor.

Book of Mermon in Swedish.—Elder A. W. Carlson wrote to the *Millennial Star*, June 11th:

"I have worked twelve hours a day on an average to make a little headway with my work, and if nothing happens to prevent, I expect to be through in September or October at the latest. My health is pretty good now, but it has not been anything extra during the winter months. The weather over here has been very wet and chilly, and it is very trying before a person gets used to it. Lately, I have had a rest for about ten days and had a trip to Stockholm, attending Conference there. There was a fine lot of people collected there; we had many meetings and they were all crowded.

"During the Sunday we had several hundred strangers present in a large fine hall, and all paid good attention to what was said. They had baptized a good many there during the winter; I think over one hundred. Nearly all over the country the people come often to our meetings, but there is also a good deal of opposition, and the priests of the established church do all they can to prevent the brethren from preaching and administering the gospel. However there is a great change coming. The legislators are preparing more liberal laws, and it will not be long before the "black coats" will have but little to say out side their own churches."

The Welsh Mission.—We have been permitted to read a letter, dated July 2, from Elder Joseph H. Parry, Liverpool, England, to Elder George Reynolds, of this city, containing some items of interest regarding the work and movements of the Elders in the Welsh mission. The summer weather had furnished opportunities for outdoor meetings, and the brethren north and south had been busy taking advantage of them.

Elders John G. Jones and George R. Emery, on their arrival in Liverpool, had been assigned to the Welsh Conference, the former going to the south, the latter remaining in company with Elder Parry,

who speaks in commendable terms of the zeal and earnestness displayed by both these new assistants, as well as all the other brethren who were laboring in the same field. Elders Parry and Emery had been operating in the North Wales district, preaching wherever chances were offered, and though meeting considerable opposition, feeling encouraged to continue in the good work. They were still together, and expected to leave Liverpool the next day for their missionary field, and after working a few weeks in northern Wales, go down along the English border to the south.

Elders Walter J. Lewis and Williams N. Williams, understanding the Welsh language better, would take the side of the sea shore, west, and go through the central parts towards the north, expecting to join with Elders Parry and Emery about the beginning of August, to hold a general meeting, at which it was expected Elder Joseph Bull, Jr., and Wm. S. Burton, of the Birmingham Conference, would be present.

These arrangements left Elders Thomas F. Howell and John G. Jones to labor in South Wales for a while, for which they were well qualified.

The brethren were all active in the discharge of their duties, and much good was expected to result. The distress in Wales was increasing, many of the Saints had emigrated to Utah, who made the Elders so welcome to their homes while there, and now they are compelled to look elsewhere for aid and sustenance, trusting in God to administer to their wants.

Among the other Elders in the British mission, who are working with a will, Elder Parry, mentions Royal B. Young, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Alma Smith, Sheffield, and Nelson Empey, Nottingham.

President Budge was expected within a week to take charge of the European mission, as successor to President Joseph F. Smith.

The Saints generally were in the enjoyment of good health and spirits.

Elder Parry closes with these words:

"If the Saints at home (in Utah) would write here to their old acquaintances and relations, and send them newspapers once in a while, their efforts would be productive of good. We might then find good places in which to stay occasionally, instead of wandering as outcasts without a place to lay our heads."

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, JULY 22.

Postal Affairs.—James Livingstone has been appointed postmaster at Granite, Salt Lake County, and Jared Taylor postmaster at Marysville, Piute County.

Slaughtering Fish.—The *Territorial Enquirer* complains that persons are killing fish in the streams of Provo Cañon by means of giant powder. This unlawful method of depopulating the streams of their finny inhabitants should be stopped.

"Lusus Naturæ."—Mrs. N. Jensen, of this city, in breaking some eggs for breakfast, this morning, found a singular looking creature in the cup. It somewhat resembles a lizard, and has been sent to a scientist for examination, to determine the nature of this unusual phenomenon. The egg from which it was produced will also be preserved and sent for examination.

Jubilee.—Yesterday the Sunday schools of Lehi and Cedar Fort, Utah County, joined in a jubilee, at the former place. The occasion was a most pleasant one, the large meeting house being too small for the assemblage. The exercises were all that could be wished. Brothers Goddard, Willes and Evans, from this city, were present and took part in the proceedings.

Lye Poisoning.—The other day Mrs. Samuel Brown, of the 5th Ward, left a quantity of lye in a brass kettle. While she stepped into a neighbor's for a few moments, her seven-year-old son, picked up the vessel and drank the contents. It was thought for some time that he would not recover from the effects of the poison, but we are informed that his symptoms are more favorable.

It is certainly remarkable that people will not be more cautious in reference to having lye within reach of children.

Cheap Books.—Elder Joseph F. Smith has a quantity of Church

works, which he will dispose of at a very slight rising on Liverpool prices, very cheap. They include the old edition of the *Doctrine and Covenants*; *The Key to Theology*; *The Voice of Warning*; all strongly and elegantly bound. Also *Answers to Questions*, *The Only Way to be Saved*, and other useful pamphlets, together with a number of volumes of the *Millennial Star* and *Journal of Discourses*.

This presents a good opportunity for Young Men's and Young Ladies' Mutual Improvement Associations to procure books that will be of excellent service to them. Presidents or other authorized agents of those Associations can obtain the works enumerated on communicating with Brother Smith. Address—Salt Lake City.

Y. M. M. I. A.—Last night, the first quarterly conference of the Y. M. M. I. Association of Weber Stake, was held in the Tabernacle, at Ogden City; under the direction of Joseph A. West, President of the Stake Associations. His first counselor, Austin C. Brown, tendered his resignation of that office, on account of his duties, as Sunday School Superintendent of the Fourth Ward of the city, engrossing most of his time. The resignation was accepted and Richard Taylor was selected to fill the vacancy.

Favorable reports were read by several of the presidents of their respective associations in the country, as well as from the ward associations of Ogden City, after which the meeting was addressed by Elders Wilford Woodruff and F. D. Richards. The conference then adjourned for three months.

A Thriving Settlement.—By letter from Hillsdale, Iron County, a little town on the Sevier, about 200 miles south of this city, we learn that the general condition of the place, at present, is one of prosperity and promise.

The location was one of the healthiest in the Territory, little if any sickness being manifest throughout that region.

The crops looked well, plenty of timber and water were available, as well as land for diverse purposes.

Sabbath meetings were well patronized, and a good Sabbath school, under the superintendency of Brother D. J. Wilson, formerly of Santaquin, was doing a beneficial work among the young folks.

The Young People's Mutual Improvement Association was in a flourishing condition; in the winter it had met once a week, but held its meetings, during the warm weather, every month.

The Ladies' Relief Society was also active in its noble work of relieving the poor and comforting the distressed, and was presided over by Mrs. Lydia A. Johnson.

The only thing the inhabitants felt to complain of was the frequent depredations of thieves, who carried off their stock, but they hoped that time would rid them of even these nuisances.

The Little Colorado.—Advices from Sunset, Yavapai County, Arizona, report the settlements of the Little Colorado as flourishing, the general health of the people good, and the prospects excellent, for a bountiful harvest. The wheat would be cut within 10 or 12 days. The saints at that place were living in the United Order, and felt desirous of forwarding the upbuilding of the kingdom of God. At Taylor, about 20 miles from Sunset, the brethren had sustained repeated embarrassments in the loss of their river dam which supplied their crops with water. It had been washed away three times, the river bed being of quicksand, and as a consequence some of their wheat would likely suffer for want of irrigation.

The region had an unusual supply of rain this season, for which the people were thankful, and the range was also better than at any time since the Saints had settled there, while east of the Rio Grande, in New Mexico, there was scarcely any grass at all on account of the prevalence of drouth. A vast amount of freight was being shipped from Santa Fe, New Mexico, to Elmira, Colorado, the terminus of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad, which seemed to be the chief market for the products of New Mexico. This being the case, the wool growers of that State would perhaps suffer for supplies, this season, as they were unable to haul their wool, which is their chief dependence, at present prices, to so great a distance, and realize anything from the sales.