

seven miles of Logan, and if it develops into the mine as present appearances would indicate, its discovery will be of inestimable value to Cache valley generally, and Logan in particular. Judging from present indications, the opinion of experts is that the discovery is just the outcropping of a large body of coal. Mr. Palmer is a poor man and cannot afford to develop the claim alone, but will doubtless have offers of assistance, as a coal mine would prove a bonanza to its owners.

A valuable body of mineral paint has been discovered in the vicinity of Hyde Park, by William Cook and Julius Johnson. They have established a mill to grind the paint, and expect to do a rushing business shortly. The paint is of a dark brown color.

Burns, one of the alleged burglars who robbed Wendelboe's jewelry store, and young Smiley, the boy who was helping dispose of the jewelry, were bound over by Justice Smith on Friday evening to await the action of the grand jury. Evans, Burns' confederate, waived examination and was held to answer at a previous hearing.

Frank Benson kindly furnished a weary pilgrim with board and lodging for a few days. The tramp watched his opportunity and repaid Frank's kindness by disappearing with his fine fur overcoat. The thief has been traced, and one of the officers is on his trail.

Sheriff Kimball and his bondsmen have been sued in Commissioner Fletcher's court. The sheriff seized a brewery and its appurtenances supposing it to be the property of a man named Theurer. When about to sell it he found that it belonged to Robert Murdock, who held a bill of sale. The creditor still insisted upon its being sold, and the sheriff would not do so unless he had an indemnity bond. A bond was made out, but the sheriff did not consider it a good one, and would not accept it; hence the suit. The jury decided that the plaintiff had no cause for action.

LOGAN, Dec. 12.

SHOT BY A MOB.

The following is an account of the death of Brother Jacob Wyckoff, who was shot by a mob on Friday morning, July 22nd, 1892, between 1 and 2 o'clock. He departed this life Friday morning, December 2nd, about the same hour that he was shot, in the presence of his wife and one son, after being confined to his bed for over four months, during which time he suffered the agonies of death many times.

His funeral services were held in the Littleton school house, Sunday afternoon at 2 p. m. Brother Joseph H. Denio delivered the funeral address, which was the request of the deceased. There were also present Elders D. H. Jacobs and John Q. Critchlow.

Brother Denio took for his text the First Epistle of John, 3d chapter, 2d verse: "Behold, now are we the son of God, and it doth not yet appear what we shall be; but we know that when He shall appear, we shall be like Him; for we shall see Him as He is."

The speaker's remarks were very appropriate to the occasion and the audience seemed deeply interested with regard to the hope which the Latter-

day Saints have of the resurrection of their dead and of the different degrees of glory assigned to the children of God according to the rewards which they will receive when they are judged for their acts while here in this probation. The remarks were also consoling to the family and friends of the deceased.

TORY OF THE SHOOTING.

On the morning of July 22nd, while Brother Wyckoff and his son John were sleeping out in the peach orchard, a mob came in to steal peaches; after they got enough to satisfy their appetites they began to throw them at Brother Wyckoff to awaken him. He had heard their noise and was already making ready to drive them off. With a musket in one hand and a lantern in the other (which afforded the mob a good target) he started toward them, but they were very stubborn and would not pay any attention to his warning. Seeing that they would not go, he discharged his musket in hopes that it would frighten them off; but the returned they compliment by sending powder and ball instead of salt and pepper, which composed the load in his gun. The mob fired several shots at Brother Wyckoff and one ball took effect in his right breast, just above the nipple. When they heard the exclamation, "Oh, my God, they have killed me!" from his lips they made their escape, and all efforts that have been made since for their capture have been in vain.

Immediately after the shooting took place, two doctors were summoned and they made an examination of the wound but could not locate the ball, which took a downward course through the right lung and lodged somewhere in the back. After making a fruitless search to find it, they gave him up to die, but he lingered along through the remainder of the hot summer months, expecting to die at any time. The day of release did not come until after his right lung was entirely consumed by that dreaded fiend, consumption, which was caused by the wound. His spirit then took its departure.

I will say before closing that Sister Wyckoff and her three sons are not only called upon to mourn the loss of a husband and father but also of a son and brother, George, who was accidentally killed in a stone quarry two weeks after his father got shot, by a large rock falling on him and crushing his skull, which caused death to ensue a week after. The loss sustained to the family by George's death was very heavy, as he was the main support of the family.

Both Jacob Wyckoff and son were baptized into the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints about three years ago.

Your Brother in the Gospel,
JOHN Q. CRITCHLOW.
LITTLETON, Wetzel County, W. Va.,
Dec. 5th, 1892.

Rev. Father Donnelly of St. Mary's Catholic church, Montrose, Colorado, when out hunting, met with a serious accident. While in the buggy the rifle he was using fell from his hand and the hammer catching on some obstruction discharged the gun, the ball entering the left leg just above the knee ranging downward.

KANAB STAKE CONFERENCE.

The Kanab Stake quarterly conference was held in Orderville December 4th and 5th, 1892. Present on the occasion were the Stake presidency, a majority of the High Council and the Bishops of the various wards, and the meeting house was well filled with the Saints. The speakers were filled with a good portion of the Spirit of the Lord, and bore faithful testimonies and instructed the Saints on their duties, encouraging them to keep all the commandments of the Lord.

The general and local authorities were presented and were unanimously sustained. Brothers Wm. Swapp, Edwin Cutler, Hans Sorensen and F. A. Lundquist were sustained as alternates to the High Council.

Our Y. M. M. I. A. Conference was held on Saturday evening, and the Y. L. M. I. A. Conference was held Sunday after the afternoon meeting, while the Sunday School Conference came off in the evening. The meetings were all well attended and a good, quiet spirit prevailed throughout our entire conference.

On Monday evening a class party was participated in by the young people from the various settlements.

We had a short rain storm on Sunday afternoon, the first for a long time, but it passed away soon.

F. L. PORTER, Stake Clerk.

PROTECTING HIGH BUILDINGS.

At the recent meeting of the Fire Chiefs' Convention held in Louisville, Ky., the question was discussed in a paper by Ex-Chief Clerk Hendrick: "Should not all buildings over fifty feet in height, whether used for mercantile, manufacturing or other purposes, be furnished with outside stand pipe ladders and with outside connections at each floor for hose; also with inside connections and a sufficient quantity of hose to reach the rear of any building, on each floor thereof and should not appliances and the construction thereof be under the control and direction of the chief of the fire department?"

All the chiefs in attendance at the convention from the larger cities of the United States were requested to write their views on this question for publication in the various firemen's journals throughout the country.

Affirmative answers have already been published from the chiefs of the fire departments of New York, Boston, Denver, Minneapolis, St. Louis, Chicago, Duluth and Milwaukee. Today Chief Stanton wrote A. C. Hendrick as follows on the same question:

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 12, 1892.

A. C. Hendrick, New Haven, Conn.:

Dear Sir—In my opinion stand pipes and fire escapes are of more service to a fire department than aerial trucks, and more especially a city like Salt Lake, as our sidewalks are 20 feet from building to curb throughout the city. Majority of cities have walks but 12 to 14 feet. This oval throws our trucks so far in the street, and with two sections of poles, electric light, telephone and telegraph, on either side next to the curb, makes it impossible to reach the buildings with our ladders from our aerial trucks on account of the width of our sidewalks and numerous wires from the electric