

THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON.
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Saturday, October 8, 1870.

THE OLD SONG.

THE New York Herald is again exercised over the "Mormon problem." In a leader on the 30th ult., the old platitudes about the degradation of woman, opposition to the United States authority, and the "one man power" are repeated with as much unctious as if they were original, and a "rigorous policy" on the part of Federal Officials is applauded. The Herald had better quit this nonsense for the sake of its own reputation. The railroad, which it views as one of the agencies which is to break up "Mormonism," has brought here multitudes of thinking people from the principle parts of the civilized world and they are still coming. They see that in Utah, woman is not degraded, that she does not stoop to "temporal debasement for the prospect of a crown, a celestial exaltation in the eternal world," but that here, above all other places on earth, woman is respected, protected, provided for and cherished as a companion, counselor, and dearest friend, and her chastity, the crown of her glory, guarded from the ruthless hand of licentiousness. They see also that the "Mormons" show as much true loyalty to the Constitution of our country and far more respect to law and order than do their libelers in New York and elsewhere. They see that the much dreaded "one man power" is the expression of the popular will as well, as the voice of inspiration evoked by a concentration of the people's faith; and they see that the "rigorous policy" advocated by the Herald and other rabid opponents of something above their comprehension, is an attempt to rob of their just rights and beautiful homes an industrious, God-fearing and virtuous people.

The Herald is woefully mistaken in the idea that the "Mormons" intend to pack up and move southward. We understand perfectly well that this is what our enemies desire, and why the "rigorous policy" has been inaugurated. But the "Mormons," by the blessing of God, have redeemed these valleys from sterility and desolation, and established themselves in happy homes in a spot which no man desired, and we do not intend to give up our hard-won comforts to the beasts of prey who are prowling among us or howl afar off. We shall hold fast to our rights and the privileges guaranteed to us by our God and the Constitution of our country, and our enemies will not wrest from us an inch of soil nor enough of our property to buy a drink of their much-loved liquor.

The Herald refers to the raid by U. S. soldiers at Provo, and thinks it probable that the Mormons refused to deliver up their arms according to the Governor's proclamation and that the soldiers were called upon to execute the order. The Herald is mistaken again as it always is on "Mormon" matters. We have no U. S. arms to give up, for our kind Uncle has permitted us to dwell in an Indian country for twenty-three years without giving us anything wherewith to protect ourselves. The arms we have are our own, and we know how to take care of them. And if these troops were, as the Herald intimates, acting under official orders, somebody will have to pay a fearful reckoning. Lack of space forbids further comments, but we recommend the Herald, when touching on Mormon affairs, to quit the old rhodomontade style and get better posted as to facts. If not, as the Mormons are becoming so well known, the Herald will become a public laughing stock.

FOURTIH SEMI-ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATTER-DAY SAINTS.

Friday, 7th, 2 P. M.

The Parowan choir sang:
"We shall know each other there."
Prayer by Elder Joseph F. Smith.
Choir sang:
"See all creation joins, to praise the eternal God."

ELDER CHARLES C. RICH
Spoke on the necessity of the Latter-day Saints being united, and on the beneficial results of all the experiences they have been called to pass through as a people.

PRESIDENT BRIGHAM YOUNG
Delivered a discourse on the subject of co-operation, showing that the principle can be applied in every department of industry, and how its application in domestic affairs and all other matters would be the very best system of economy that could be adopted. He advanced powerful reasons in favor of co-operative stock herds.

PRESIDENT GEORGE A. SMITH
Spoke on the strict observance of the words of wisdom, the necessity of sustaining schools, and especially those which have been established for the purpose of graduating teachers, that we may never be under the necessity of engaging teachers of doubtful character. He advised those who attend Conference to take memoranda of the teachings

given and carry them to the various settlements they may be carried out by the whole. For the time will come when we will build a Temple in Jackson County, Missouri, and the Saints will have to be prepared before they can perform the work.

The choir sang:
"O my Father thou that dwellest in the high and holy place."
Prayer by Elder Lorenzo Snow.
Conference adjourned till to-morrow at 10 a.m.

A Priesthood meeting, which was numerously attended, was held at half-past six p.m., in the Tabernacle. On the stand were the First Presidency, the Twelve Apostles, First Presidency of the Bishopric and many Bishops and other leading elders. The spirit of God was powerfully manifested. Bishop Hunter, and Presidents Daniel H. Wells, Geo. A. Smith and Brigham Young were the speakers and much valuable instruction was given.

Another meeting of the same kind will be held this evening at half-past six o'clock, in the same place.

Saturday 8th, 10 a.m.

The Choir sang:
"Give us room that we may dwell"
Prayer by Elder Erastus Snow.
The Parowan Choir sang:
"There is no time like the present time."

ELDER ERASTUS SNOW
Spoke on the first principles of the gospel. In the course of his remarks he alluded to some of the causes which induce people to apostatize from the truth. He also treated upon the transient nature of worldly honors and pleasures, and the consequences which result to those who are engrossed by them, and the glorious destiny of those who become grounded in the love of God in Christ Jesus through a faithful observance of His laws. He alluded to the calling of missionaries to settle new sections of country, and stated that many who had been called on such missions, and had run well for a season and then given up, are now going into darkness. Such are in danger of forsaking the service of God. He showed that it is the duty of the Saints to go where the Lord and His servants want them and to labor as they are directed.

PRESIDENT GEO. A. SMITH.
Spoke: He advised the brethren to work for a reasonable remuneration, and to do all the labor that has to be done in this Territory, instead of making it necessary for those who want it done to import it, on account of the high price demanded for it. If the brethren go to mining, he would advise them to work for pay instead of taking up claims for, in most cases, those who invest in mining speculations fail, financially. If those who own mines want the brethren to work for them, do so and get money. He continued at some length on this subject and gave some very practical illustrations.

PRESIDENT D. H. WELLS
Spoke on the religious beliefs and practices of the world, showing that whatever of a saving nature may be inculcated in the various systems extant, is comprehended within the purview of the gospel of Jesus which we have received, and what is lacking by them to make up the plan of salvation is also incorporated in the gospel which is a complete system. He showed that the principles of the gospel would yet infuse themselves into the minds of the Saints to such an extent that they would be sought after to fill positions of trust all over the world.

PRESIDENT BRIGHAM YOUNG.
Spoke briefly on the labor question. He advised the brethren to work for strangers who come here if they desire it, and use the money they receive in payment for the building up of the Zion of God.

The choir sang:
"Awake ye Saints of God, awake."
Prayer by Elder Jacob Gates.
Conference adjourned till 2 p.m.

Saturday 8th, 2 P. M.
The choir sang:
"Glorious things of thee are spoken."
Prayer by Elder Elias Morris.
The Parowan choir sang:
"Hark! the song of Jubilee."

ELDER GEO. Q. CANNON presented the Authorities of the Church to the Conference. The votes to sustain them in the following order were unanimous: Brigham Young, President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints; George A. Smith, his first, and Daniel H. Wells his second counselor. Orson Hyde, President of the Quorum of the Twelve Apostles, and Orson Pratt, Sen., John Taylor, Wilford Woodruff, Charles C. Rich, Lorenzo Snow, Erastus Snow, Franklin D. Richards, George Q. Cannon, Brigham Young, Jun., Joseph F. Smith, and Albert Carrington, members of said Quorum.

John Smith, Patriarch of the Church. John W. Young, President of this Stake of Zion, and George B. Wallace, and John T. Caine his counselors. William Eddington, John L. Blythe, Howard O. Spencer, John Squires, Wm. H. Folsom, Emanuel M. Murphy, Thos. E. Jeremy, Joseph L. Barfoot, Samuel W. Richards, John H. Russell, Miner G. Atwood, Wm. Thoren, Dimick B. Huntington, Theodore McKean and Hosea Stout, members of the High Council.

Elias Smith, President of the High Priests' Quorum, and Edward Snellgrove and Elias Morris as his counselors.

Joseph Young, President of the first seven Presidents of the Seventies, and Levi W. Hancock, Henry Harrison, Albert P. Rockwood, Horace S. Eldredge, Jacob Gates and John Van Cott, members of the first seven Presidents of the Seventies.

Edward Hunter, Presiding Bishop; Leonard W. Hardy and Jesse C. Little his counselors.

Benjamin L. Peart, President of the Elders' Quorum; Edward Davis and Abinadi Pratt, his counselors.

Samuel G. Ladd, President of the Priests' Quorum; Wm. McLachlan and James Latham, his counselors.

Adam Spier, President of the Teachers' Quorum; Martin Lenz and Henry I. Doremus, his counselors.

James Leach, President of the Deacons' Quorum; Peter Johnson and Chas. S. Gram his counselors.

Brigham Young, Trustee-in-Trust for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

Truman O. Angell, Architect for the Church.

Horace S. Eldredge, President of the Perpetual Emigration Fund to gather the Poor.

Albert Carrington, Historian and General Church Recorder, and Wilford Woodruff, his assistant.

Elders Lorin Farr, of Ogden, and Wm. L. Paine, of Kaysville, were called to go on missions to England.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Per WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.—The Herald's special Paris letter of the 3rd, states that the statue of resistance, and on the 2d was decorated by the citizen soldiers and women in honor of Ulrich. The Tuilleries are a crowded camp ground, and all places of amusements are closed.

There have been a few encounters at night between organized bands of ruffians and the military. Should further reverses occur, it is feared the dangerous classes would inaugurate a convulsion.

Under date of the 4th, the same correspondent states that the news of the surrender of Strasbourg and Toul had a depressing effect, and troops lined the streets to preserve order.

General Burnside and a letter from Bismarck to Jules Favre. They went to the American legation, and had an interview with Favre.

Burnside declares the fortifications of Paris most formidable.

The Prussians fall in their attempts to plant batteries and build redoubts at night, by reason of the electric lights discovering them to the French gunners on the bastions.

Minister Washburne has abandoned his residence, as the whole quarter is barricaded and undermined.

The ministry declare their inability to forward more arms at present.

All Americans will leave Paris when Washburne leaves.

A balloon company offers to take people out of the city for two thousand francs per head.

The Jacobins demand an equal distribution of food.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, 7.—The Postal Convention is concluded between the United States and Vancouver Island and British Columbia, establishing an exchange of correspondence with these colonies on the same basis as that applied in the Postal Convention with Canada. The Convention goes into effect immediately.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, 7.—The Belgian Echo says there is great activity everywhere to protect the frontier. The siege of Metz and the Boeroy-French fortifications near the Belgian border, by the Prussians, is thought to be the motive for these precautions.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Emigration to Canada—Guns for Russia. Earthquake in Italy—Provisions plentiful in Paris—Serious question of food—Terrible effect of the needle gun.

LONDON, 7.—A new impetus has been given to the Canadian emigration scheme by the Liverpool authorities who have encouraged it. There is a prospect of a large exportation. Within a week or two many fatherless children are to be sent to the new world.

Col. Bungapowski has arrived on his way to Birmingham, to receive rifles manufactured for the Russian government.

A dreadful earthquake has just occurred in Calabria. Many lives have been lost and several villages utterly destroyed.

General Bourbaki has been allowed to re-enter Metz, orders to that effect having been given by King William before the General left on his fruitless errand to England.

A Paris correspondent of the London Times writes that supplies of meat, vegetables and breadstuffs are plentiful; also plenty of guns and ammunition.

Special to the Times.—The following is an extract from a Paris letter, dated October 3rd: the socialists' opposition is still at work and growing bolder. They now demand the confiscation of the property of all who have left Paris, for the benefit of the national defenders and the property of all accomplices in Bonapartist usurpations. The government has been weak enough to yield, in some points, to these men.

The question of food begins to be serious, and food riots are feared already. The club men are urging people on, saying that the provisions belong to the people, and that Paris had no right to take them. Five thousand beavers and four thousand sheep are killed daily, which is perhaps enough for all if a just distribution were made, but unfortunately money buys the best in quality and quantity and little or none is left for the poor. Many groceries have been closed by the people for raising the prices.

Speaking of the engagement at Chevilly, our Paris correspondent on the 3rd inst. says that Dr. Sevinbairns describes the wounds of the needle gun as terrible. The balls are of larger size than any other used. The ambulances went farther into the Prussian lines than into those of the French, and in the last battle it was fortunate the party fell into the hands of intelligent Prussian regiments, or they would not have escaped in safety. The officers told the Rev. Mr. Lamach that if by chance he had fallen in with Prussian regiments composed of ignorant fellows, they would not answer what the consequences might have been. They were treated with the greatest courtesy.

A correspondent writing from Rome on the 3rd inst. describes the proceedings attendant upon the plebiscite. He visited most of the polling places during the day, and saw a fairer one than that adopted by the municipal council, could not be desired. Every class of the population voted except the priests and

those associated with them. All the material damage done within the city by the Italians was that done to the walls of Port Pia. The large palace of Villa Bonaparte was burnt by flying missiles. The papal arms are fast disappearing from the public buildings.

ITALY.

Jesuits leaving Rome.

ROME, 7.—The Jesuits are leaving the city.

TURIN, 7.—It is credibly reported that the Italian government has taken the initiative in a declaration that they have no intention of claiming Nice from France.

FRANCE.

Garibaldi in France—Foreign help for the French—Another engagement—The French hold their ground—Prussians repulsed—Court martial to be organized—Pontifical Zouaves to assist the French—Prussians killed—Apernay captured by the Prussians.

TOURS, 7.—The capitulation of Gen. Ulrich is fully approved by the government here, notwithstanding the statements to the contrary. The Gen. is free from all reproach and in full accord with the government.

Pontifical Zouaves, 500 strong, arrived at Tours to-day, and will enter the French service.

MONTAIGNE, 5th, via Tours 7.—A Prussian post at Rendarcy, comprising thirty men, have all been killed by the Tuross.

CHARENTS 6th.—Epernay has been evacuated by the Prussians, who are retreating.

General Cambriels reports to the minister of war from Epinal, on the 4th, that the enemy is going towards New Brisack.

A circular from the Ministry enjoins it upon the Generals to at once prepare for the organization of courts martial to insure discipline.

TOURS, 7.—The villages about Epinal are full of troops.

The Prefect of Epinal telegraphs at midnight on the sixth to the Minister of the Interior, that a combat took place yesterday, between the towns of Cam and Bronchy, against eight to ten thousand Prussians supported by artillery.

The French troops, aided by the national guard, held their position. A dispatch from Epernay shows that great enthusiasm exists on the part of the national guard, who are rising en masse to resist the Prussian requisitions.

ROUEN, 7, via TOURS.—The Prussians at Gisors have been repulsed by the national guard. The enemy have formed a camp near Gisors, of two thousand men. Telegraphic communication with that point is interrupted, and also to the eastward.

TOURS, 7.—Such telegrams as have been received show a steady advance by the Prussians invading the East and South-east of France, on their march to Lyons.

The Journal says there is a general raising in the Vosges. There are no regular troops there, but all the men are aroused and France tireurs are in all the passes and give no quarters.

MARSEILLE 7.—Garibaldi has arrived here.

The Pontifical Zouaves who are to come to Tours will form a complete corps of 50,000 or 60,000. Ten hundred thousand Italian volunteers have arrived at Chambers.

The people of Lyons, who attach great importance to every action of the United States Government, are much excited over the visit of General Burnside to France. Burnside is now in Paris, and it is reported that he is to visit M. Cremieux.

Special Notices.

WAGONS, WAGONS.—The farmers of Cache Valley would do well to call and see L. M. Barretts, Studebaker wagons at Corinne, before purchasing elsewhere: he will trade for cash or produce.

Live Stock and Bees.—Bro. Wm. D. Roberts, purposes going east to purchase on commission and import Live Stock of all kinds; he also guarantees to deliver Italian Bees in patent movable frame Hives, at \$25 per colony. For further particulars apply to C. H. Bassett, at Kimball & Lawrence's Store or himself, at Provo City.

CONFERENCE FOLKS and Strangers, wishing the latest Authentic Maps of Utah, Great Salt Lake Valley and City, with Portrait and Autograph of Pres. Young, in pocket form or in single sheets, convenient for mailing to friends abroad, can now be supplied by Calder Bros., or James Dwyer, News Dealers, Salt Lake City.

PIANO FORTE RAFFLE.—Tickets \$1.00 each. Apply to Mrs. Colebrook.

Fruit Wanted.—A limited amount of fruit wanted for preserving purposes, at Deseret News Office.

WANTED.—At the DESERET NEWS Office, 1,500 feet of Long-leaved Pine, 7 or 14 feet long, 4 inches thick, and from 4 inches wide upward. Also a lot of Maple Plank 2 1/2 inches thick, and from 8 to 10 inches wide.

ATTENTION, MORMON BATTALION! Come to Conference. By Order of THE COMMITTEE.

Z. C. M. I.

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DRY GOODS and BOOT and SHOE

AN IMMENSE JOB LOT OF

Dress Goods

Now on exhibition (up stairs), will be sold at Prices without reference to Cost.

STAPLES in great Variety, as usual selling on small margin.

H. B. CLAWSON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Doors open at 7.30. To Commence at 8.

CONFERENCE WEEK!

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 8, 1870.

INTENSELY EXCITING DRAMA!!

CAPTAIN CROXALL'S BRASS BAND!

NEW AND EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA!!

Will be presented, the Intensely Exciting Romantic Drama in Four Acts, entitled THE

CARPENTER OF ROUEN!

OR, THE MASSACRE OF ST. BARTHOLOMEW.

With an Immense Cast.

NEW AND EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA, under the direction of Mr. E. BEZLEY.

CAPTAIN CROXALL'S BRASS BAND will be in attendance.

Grand Pot-Pouri Brilliant, Piano, Mr. A. A. NEEDHAM.

To conclude with the Side splitting Farce, entitled,

JOHN BUTTERCUP.

With an Excellent Cast.

REDUCTION OF PRICES: Second Circle, Front Seats, 50c., Second Circle, Back Seats, 30c., Third Circle (all parts) 20c.

Other parts of the House will remain as before.

BOX OFFICE open for the Sale of Tickets on the Day of Performance at 11 o'clock.

LOST! ON the evening of the 7th inst. on the cars, between Ogden and this city, or the Depot and the Townsend House, a Portemoneau, containing loose papers, baggage checks, Nos 143 and 152, and a sum of money.

The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this Office, or the Townsend House, d271-1

NOTICE. PERSONS having business with me may find me in the rear of the Telegraph Building, First South Street, from 8 a.m. till 6 p.m., when Conference is not in session.

I have a Buggy that I will sell cheap for Cash or exchange for a two horse wagon. G. D. KEATON. d:7-2

A GOOD BARGAIN!!!

FOR SALE. A NICE little House and Lot, in a very pleasant situation—one block east and half block north from Bishop Sharp. Apply to the 2th Ward Co-operative Store. d267-6

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP!

A NEAT COTTAGE, containing five rooms, with lot full of choice-bearing fruit trees, situated on South Temple street, six blocks east of the Tithing Office, in the 11th Ward, S. L. City; also one full city lot, fenced and under cultivation, and ten acres of land.

The above will be sold in separate lots and on very reasonable terms, for cash or stock. For particulars apply on the premises or of Jas. L. Bunting, at his shop, first door north of Kimball & Lawrence's Store, Main street, S. L. City. d270-3

OCTOBER CONFERENCE AND DOMESTIC DISPLAY!

Z. C. M. I.

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Blankets, Carpets, Cloths, Boots and Shoes ever brought to this city, at simply and truly remunerative profits.

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B. A. HICKMAN & Co.,

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SALE ROOMS: 303 & 305 N. Third Street, near Post Office, ST. LOUIS, MO. d267-3m

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Send for Price List, 27 56 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill. d270-3m

GREAT WESTERN MATCHES!

MANUFACTURED BY

PAUL LECHTENBERG,

19th WARD, SALT LAKE CITY.

Parties desiring these Matches can obtain them through Z. C. M. I., or at the manufacturer's depot, at the 19th Ward Co-operative d270-1m

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ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE five Doors south of Groesbeck & Sons Furniture Store, Groesbeck Block, Salt Lake City. Calls attended to at all hours. d254-3mon.

Z. C. M. I.

Attention! Attention!

MILITARY MEN READ THIS! An Immense Lot of

MILITARY CLOTHING,

ALSO Guns, Sabres, and Military Trimmings,

Of All Kinds, at Astonishingly Low Figures!