DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 209. WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 16, 1890. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIII.

Absolutely Pure—Strongest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BANKS.

THE CITY NATIONAL BANK OF UTAH, SALT LAKE CITY. CAPITAL, $200,000. DIRECTORS.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

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A $65.00 Scoop Platform Scale	$16.00
A 800 lb. Platform Scale	13.00
A $75.00 Top Buggy	65.00
A 2 Ton Wagon Scale	40.00
A $60.00 Road Cart	20.00
A $15.00 Buggy Harness	7.50
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Send for Catalogue of 100 Articles at Lowest Prices. CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

THE Thomson & Taylor Spice Co. Manufacturers of the FINEST SPICES and Flavoring Extracts, KNOWN TO THE TRADE. Proprietors of the Famous Brand of RED CROSS LYE. 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 So. Water St., CHICAGO.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1862. JOSEPH E. TAYLOR. Pioneer Undertaker of Utah.

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Metallic, Wood and Cloth Covered COFFINS and CASKETS. Full line of COTTON FURNISHINGS Kept constantly on hand. Telephone and Telegraph Orders Promptly Filled. Rubber Trimmed to their Natural Death Size, without extra charge. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Factory and Warerooms No. 253 E. 1st South St. One and a half blocks East of Theatre. TELEPHONE NO. 20. SUCCESSOR TO C. C. DRAPER, SR.

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CARRIES THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED PLACE STOCK OF COFFINS, CASKETS And Undertakers' Goods in Utah, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT Immensely REDUCED PRICES! Lower than were ever offered in Utah. LOTS AND GRAVES Furnished to any Cemetery in the City. All Orders Filled day or night in the shortest possible time. OFFICE AND WAREROOMS NEVER CLOSED. 21 and 23 WEST TEMPLE STREET. P. O. BOX 924. TELEPHONE 251.

SIGN WRITERS, PAINTERS, HOUSE DECORATORS, AND DEALERS IN Wall Paper and Painters' Supplies. 167 E. FIRST SOUTH ST., Opp. City Hall, SALT LAKE CITY. Telephone No. 457. Estimates Furnished.

SAPONIFIER. The Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Unrivaled for Softening Water, Making Hard Soap Quickly, Cleansing Pipes and Strength. Ask your grocer for it. SAPONIFIER, and take no other. Penn's Salt Manf'g Co., Philadelphia.

Utah Cracker Factory, Manufacturers of The Silver Brand of Snowflake Sodas AND FINE CAKES, Packed in 1 and 2 Pound Boxes for Pic-nic Parties, Travelers & Families. Sold by All Grocers.

HORROR ON HORROR.

A Fearful Explosion Occurred At King's Powder Mills, Near Cincinnati, Yesterday.

ENORMOUS DESTRUCTION TO PROPERTY AROUND.

About Thirty Girls Employed in the Factory Receive Severe Injuries.

A SWISS TASTER DIES IN HIS ATTEMPT.

Proposed Construction of a Railroad from Sierra Leone to the Nile's Mouth.

[Telegraph to the NEWS.]

SIX KILLED.

Shocking Explosion at Powder Mills Near Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—A terrible explosion occurred late this afternoon at King's powder mills on the Little Miami Railroad, twenty-nine miles east of this city. Six persons were killed and nearly a score seriously injured. Two empty freight cars were being rolled on a side track where a car containing 500 kegs of powder was standing. As the cars struck there was an explosion, and immediately after another car containing 800 kegs of gunpowder exploded, making 1,300 kegs altogether.

Wm. Fenaly, a brakeman, was standing on one of the empty cars when the explosion occurred. No trace of his body has been found. Five other persons, supposed to be employes of the powder company, were killed.

King's Powder Company and Peter's Cartridge works have buildings on both sides along the railroad where the explosion occurred. On the south side the destruction was enormous. There are a number of cottages occupied by workmen of the powder company, and situated close to the track. These were shattered by the explosion and their inmates injured. Twelve or fifteen girls at work in the cartridge factory were crippled by the explosion. A railway freight house belonging to the Little Miami Railroad, together with all the adjacent buildings, were set on fire and totally consumed. The tracks and ties of the railroad are torn up and

A GREAT HOLE EXPOSED

in the ground. The Peter's cartridge factory was burned to the ground and nothing but a mass of blackened, smouldering ruins remain to mark the spot where the building stood.

As soon as the news reached this city a relief train was dispatched to the scene of the disaster, with Superintendent Peters and a large party of surgeons on board, and relief was afforded the sufferers as soon as possible. The work of searching for the missing and caring for the wounded is now progressing.

The force of the exploding dynamite jolted all the wires in the vicinity, and it was impossible to get any news from there until midnight, when a delayed Pan Handle train arrived. Even the passengers could not say much, as everything about King's Mills was in the demoralized condition when they left to leave much about the actual state of affairs. They describe the scene in the vicinity of the explosion as awful. Fences, trees and buildings for hundreds of feet in all directions from the explosion were wrecked. The cartridge factory was

LITERALLY DEMOLISHED

by the explosion, and a fire from its combustible contents completed the work of destruction.

About thirty girls are thought to have been at work in the factory at the time of the explosion, and most of them are thought to be badly hurt. The passengers who arrived on the train say that ten persons were killed and that it is possible that more bodies are in the debris.

1 a. m. — A messenger of the Adams Express Company has just arrived from the scene. He says that when he passed King's Mill station at 11:50 it was as bright as day all around. Everything comfortable was burning, and the people everywhere for a great distance around were fighting the fire.

The roadmaster of the Little Miami road had information that there were three families in a little cottage near the place of the explosion, and that six hours' diligent search had failed to find any trace of them. He said, furthermore, that all was confusion there and such a thing as ascertaining names was next to impossible.

Death of a Pioneer.

GALENA, Ill., July 15.—John Roth, the Swiss who cut-dancered Tanner in his celebrated New York fast, died last night, after a period of sixty days of total abstinence from food of any description. He was 57 years old and a victim of progressive paralysis, which so affected the muscles of the throat that he could not swallow.

An African Railway.

LONDON, July 15.—Commander Cameron, R. N., has written an article which will appear on Wednesday next, advocating the construction of a railroad from Sierra Leone, Senegambia, on the west coast of Africa, to the Nile. Such a road, he argues, would cost no more money than was required to complete the Central Pacific Railroad in America, nor would its construction involve any greater difficulty by reason of the physical characteristics of the country. Indeed, the undertaking would be of slight magnitude in comparison with many accomplished and projected engineering enterprises in the world, while the results of the operation of the road would prove of incalculable value in opening to civilization a vast productive area of Africa at present inaccessible.

Aluminium Bronze.

BOSTON, July 15.—A series of tests to determine the tensile and transverse strength, ductility, elasticity and compressional strength of aluminium bronze, under the auspices of the government, was begun at Watertown Arsenal this afternoon. The tests were private. The tensile strength was shown to be something over 90,000 pounds to the square inch, which is largely in excess of anything before shown. The transverse strength developed was 6000 pounds on a one-inch square bar. This result is not equaled by any other metal, with the single exception of first quality crucible steel. The other qualities will be tested tomorrow.

If the Bill Passes.

KANSAS CITY, July 15.—Ex-Governor Crittenden of Missouri, in a letter to the *Times*, states that none of the Southern States will represent themselves at the World's Fair if the North passes the Lodge Federal election bill.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

House Committee on Elections.—Mexican White Caps, etc.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The House committee on elections today heard arguments by Judge John McClure of Arkansas, Clayton's representative upon the Breckinridge election case.

Judge McClure began his argument by attacking Breckinridge in style to certain statements made by that gentleman, as exhibited in the record. He charged that Breckinridge had sought to incite his partisans to treat him (McClure) as they had treated Clayton. He resented the effort, which, he said, had been made to make the people of Arkansas responsible for a series of crimes which he sought to show were part of a general plan, carried out by politicians who are ballot-box stuffers and stealers, with the deliberate purpose to reverse the will of the people at the polls.

REAR ADMIRAL BELKNAP,

commanding the naval forces on the Asiatic station, has informed the Navy Department that there is no truth in the report that he took possession of the King's palace at Hawaii, during the recent trouble in Oahu, and that all he did on the occasion in question was to station troops in the United States legation building for the protection of American subjects and property. They were subsequently withdrawn, as affairs resumed their usual state.

JOHN FREEMAN'S PENSION.

In the House today Vandever (Cal.) introduced a bill granting a pension of $100 a year to the widow of the late General John C. Fremont.

AN ARMY REORGANIZATION.

The President and Secretary Proctor are seriously considering a proposition advanced by several prominent army officers for the abolition of the present system of division commanders, and to have military affairs administered hereafter through department commands. In case the change is made, a major general will be placed in command of each of the two important departments, the Atlantic and the Pacific, and the intermediate departments will be commanded by brigadier-generals, all of whom will report to Major-General Schofield, commanding the army.

WHITE CAPS IN ARIZONA.

The Secretary of the Interior received from a gentleman now in New Mexico an account of outrages committed in that territory the last few months by White Caps, in the persons of several hundred Mexicans, who, armed, masked and mounted, about eighty parade through the country for thirty miles around Lordsburg, dispersing crowds, beaten and taking out shooting and terrifying citizens. Governor Prince has been ordered to report, and troops will probably be sent to the affected districts.

Shooting of Sexters.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 15.—Sunday night twenty-five armed men broke into Hoffman's plantation near Lake Ridge to make their way into Arkansas. They were pursued by a party gathered by Hoffman and found this morning in the woods. After a parley they agreed to surrender but when the men went forward some shots were fired. Surgeons returned the fire and two negroes were killed. Much indignation prevails among the planters on account of the running away of colored men whom they brought here from North Carolina at much expense.

Died in South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 15.—A fire in repairing near Summerville, Berkeley county, three hundred negroes stood with rifles ready to confront twenty-five white men. One negro was killed. Assistance has come from neighboring towns.

Torn to Pieces by Lightning.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 15.—Bernard Coulford, a worthy farmer near La Grange, was struck by lightning yesterday and instantly killed. He was just going into his stable with his little stepson, Willie Smith, when the light was seen to envelop him and the crash was heard. The current struck him just over the left ear, turned a hole through his head, glanced down the left arm, tearing the flesh from the bones. In a twinkling it was done and the unfortunate victim suffered no pain. His stomach was frightfully mutilated, literally burned out, leaving every stitch of clothing on were torn to shreds and the shoes were wrenched from the charred and bloody feet.

The boy was knocked down by the shock, but he managed to rise, and he has been on his feet again but a minute when another current struck him. This rendered him insensible, and he lay in a semi-conscious state for over an hour before he was discovered by some men who was passing.

New York's Aqueduct.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Twenty-five million gallons of water started on its way to Central Park reservoir yesterday morning from Croton Lake through the new aqueduct. Chief Engineer Birdsey started the stream and then opened the new Croton Aqueduct. There was no ceremony about the opening of what is one of the most remarkable examples of engineering skill in the world. The new aqueduct is over thirty-three miles long. In round figures it will cost $25,000,000 before entirely completed. About 100,000,000 bricks have been used in its construction. The capacity of the new aqueduct is 200,000,000 gallons a day. When all is completed, the total storage capacity will be about 60,000,000 gallons. It has taken about five years to complete the work. Underneath the Harlem River the aqueduct takes a big dip. At this point it is 50 feet below mean high water.

Against the Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 15.—There is strong irritation among the authorities here, owing to the fact that some of the prisoners convicted in Paris of being implicated in the nihilist plot are Jews. Stringent measures against the Jews are being prepared by the authorities. They include the suppression of the newspaper *Nosvik*, whose editor has been warned to settle his affairs and leave the country by 1892.

British Ships at Victoria.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 15.—Captain St. Clair, senior officer of the English war vessels now here, said today that the reason for the gathering here in such force was to welcome the new admiral, Botham, who was coming. They have, he said, received no orders regarding Behring Sea and doubts if any of them—certainly not more than one—will go there.

Shot at a French Schooner.

NEW YORK, July 15.—A Halifax dispatch says that more trouble is reported from St. Pierre, Miquelon. It is reported that a Newfoundland fishery cruiser, while endeavoring to capture a French fishing schooner, fired a shot at her. The Frenchman got away, however, but there is tremendous excitement. The British warships have suddenly left Halifax.

ON THE "RED WING."

The Captain Accused of Improper Conduct During the Catastrophe.

STATEMENTS MADE BY PERSONS ON BOARD.

The House of Representatives Takes Up the Question of Appropriations.

SEARCHING FOR LAKE GERVAISE VICTIMS.

Strike of Ironworkers at Trenton N. J.—Chinese Fined for Playing "Fan-tan."

[By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

ON THE RED WING.

Accounts Given By Survivors.—Charges Against The Captain.

LAKE CITY, July 15.—Nothing new was developed along the lake shore, no more bodies having been recovered up to noon. It is probable that no more bodies will be found for two or three days, and the hope at Lake City is that there are not over a dozen more in the lake, but at Red Wing the number is placed at two or three times that number.

Captain Wetherell, who has not been seen accessible yesterday morn, told the citizens of Red Wing that the number on board at the time of the disaster would not exceed 170. A Red Wing man denied the Captain's figures as over thirty below the truth, and accused both the captain and the crew of being drunk and unfit to have charge of the boat at such a time.

There is no proof of such a state of affairs. There were those on the large among the passengers who had been drinking and whose actions drew women and children to the cabin. This fact may be the ground for the rumor.

Another rumor that caused great indignation accused the captain of opening the cabin door locked and keeping the people inside. It would be natural for the captain to do this, as it was intensely dark and the rain and hail made it extremely disagreeable to remain on the forge. On the other hand, the engineer says the captain thought the barge safer than the steamer, and sent an order down to the cabin for the women and children to go on the barge. Instead of carrying his order correctly, the man told them to stay in the cabin and lock the door, which they did. Previous to that, the mate of the women left the barge for the steamer, telling the engineer that a party of men on the barge were drunk and had been acting in an objectionable manner and they would not stay there. Whether these be the facts or not, it is certain that the doors were shut, if not locked, when the rescuers reached the steamer, and everything indicated that they had been closed throughout the gale.

JOHN FATHELL OF ANDOVER,

who was on the boat, gives positive evidence against the charge of drunkenness. He says the captain was on duty when, but was fully conscious of the presence of the storm, although not fully appreciating its gravity. The captain walked through the cabin quietly, trying to calm the excited passengers, telling them he did not think there was any danger, but if any wished to do so they could put on life preservers and prepare for the worst possibility. A few minutes later he once made the same suggestion.

The charge against the crew probably originates in the behavior of some of the drunken passengers on the barge.

Seeing the severity of the storm, the captain wished those who were on the barge, at the mercy of the wind, calm and hail, to seek refuge in the cabin, but later he considered the barge a safer place, and ordered the women and children to remain there. His order miscarried, or at least such seems to have been the case.

LAWYER GREER

of Lake City believed that if the people had known that part of the lake, many could have escaped, and cites the experience of Harry Maley. Young Maley was on board the Red Wing, and when she drifted ashore below the point, she grounded for a short time on a bar. Knowing the water there was shallow, he jumped overboard and reached the land easily. From that far the steamer drifted along the shore, keeping about forty or fifty yards out. All along the bottom slopes very gradually down, so probably all could have escaped to the shore had they known this fact. This evening

A CORONER'S JURY

assembled and were about to begin an inquest when County Attorney Wilson said that the statutes provide that the coroner hold an inquest only where there are marks of violence on the body. As there were none such in the present case no inquest could be held. He said, further, that he believed, taking into consideration the frame of mind the community is in, it is advisable not to hold an inquest now, even if it could be held. He assured the jurymen as citizens that the matter would be laid before the grand jury at once and a rigid investigation be had. The jury acted on his opinion, and the coroner dismissed them.

This evening one more body was found, that of Rilla Vellis, aged 13.

The Lake Gervaise Victims.

ST. PAUL, July 15.—Thousands of curious people today visited the scene of Sunday night's cyclone at Lake Gervaise. The search for the bodies of the three missing victims has not yet resulted in success. All day today parties of searchers were scouring the woods and swamps in the vicinity and dredging the lake, but absolutely no trace can be found of the bodies. The injured, with two or three exceptions, are doing well, and are all under the best of medical treatment. The seven families that rushed in the path of the storm were left destitute and appeal to the public for aid.

Strike of Iron Workers.

TRENTON, N. J., July 15.—Five hundred iron workers at the New Jersey Steel and Iron Company's works struck this morning. This mill is principally owned by Abram S. Hewitt, ex-mayor of New York, who is traveling in Europe for his health. The strike is the result of a refusal to sign the scale of the Amalgamated Society of Iron and Steel Workers. Superintendent Stokes says, in Hewitt's absence, no one has authority to sign the scale.

Suicided From Home.

BERLIN, July 15.—An American girl, Josephine Nuendorf, who has been studying music in this city, committed suicide here today. Her mind is said to have been affected by overstudy.

APPROPRIATIONS.

The Question Comes Up in The House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Cannon moved that the House go into committee of the whole on the bill appropriating $25,180 for additional clerical force to carry out the provisions of the dependent pension act. Pending this motion, he moved that general debate be limited to two hours. Agreed to—yeas 114, nays 84. The previous question was then agreed to—yeas 135, nays 57—and the House went into committee of the whole.

Dockery (Mo.) criticised the majority of the committee on appropriations for not reporting a bill making appropriations to pay pensions which would be granted under the dependent pensions bill, and intimated that the failure was attributable to political reasons. The appropriation would not be made before the November elections.

Cannon said the money would be appropriated and paid just as rapidly as the pension certificates were issued.

Dockery charged that the majority was frightened by the startling appropriations made at the present session for pensions and that it was the intention of the majority to bring in an enormous deficiency bill after elections.

Sayers (Texas) predicted that the next session of Congress would be called upon to appropriate not less than $40,000,000 to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for pensions.

Enloe (Tenn.) thought that before any increase of force were granted the Pension Bureau it should be ascertained whether the charges brought against the present commissioner in the resolution offered by Cooper (Ind.) were true.

Cooper (Ind.) said that he was ready to prove before a competent committee that the

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS

outrageously sold out a ruling on behalf of a firm of pension attorneys in Washington. If the commissioner of pensions would devote his time to the discharge of the duties of the bureau, instead of becoming president and chief manager of a retrograting institution, based, possibly, on no substantial foundation, there would be no necessity for a considerable number of clerks.

Cannon said he did not know until last Friday that Cooper had introduced an investigation resolution. If he (Cannon) had introduced such a resolution and a hearing was in progress, he would wait until the hearing was completed.

Cooper replied that the committee on rules, after hearing his statement, adjourned to meet last Monday, but it did not meet to grant the hearing because the gentleman from Illinois (Cannon) and other members absented themselves.

Cannon said he had been in Monday for the first time in eighteen years. The gentleman's statement would seem to show an anxiety to force in the newspapers. It might be that the administration of the Pension Bureau was corrupt. If it be corrupt, let it be known. From an acquaintance of twenty years with Green B. Raum, from his honorable career in responsible positions held by him for years in the Treasury Department, and his uniform good character—from all these things he would say that it is highly in the time that in these last days to lay

FALSE UNDER TEMPTATION

it was a rare case, and for one he would not condemn him until proof was shown.

McMillin said, owing to serious illness in his family he had not been present at the meeting of the committee on rules to which Cooper had alluded. So far as the investigation was concerned, if any gentleman would file and charge irregularities or corruption or dishonesty or unfair dealing on the part of the commissioner, that would be sufficient reason for him to give his vote for an investigation.

Cannon said he did not go so far as the gentleman from Ohio. A charge on the part of a member of Congress, who frequently did not weigh his words, of maladministration against an executive officer, was not sufficient to authorize the House to order an investigation. It must be a specific charge, for which the representative made himself responsible. He must state such facts and circumstances as would satisfy the House that an investigation ought to be made.

Houk (Tenn.) offered an amendment providing that persons employed under this bill be apportioned among the congressional districts of the several States and Territories not now having their quota of employes under the existing law. Ruled out on point of order.

During a colloquy between Cannon and Houk concerning the civil service law there was considerable warmth of expression. Finally the committee rose, passed the bill and the House adjourned.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—In the Senate Sherman reported a substitute for the bill introduced by him on the 9th of May to reduce the amount of United States bonds to be required of the National banks, and to restore to the channels of trade the excessive accumulation of money in the Treasury. It provides that the compulsory requirement deposit of United States bonds with the Treasurer of the United States by National banks, be limited to amount to $1000 of bonds for each bank; provides that the voluntary withdrawal of bonds for the retirement of National bank notes shall not exceed three millions in any month, and also provided that the act shall not apply to deposits of bonds to secure deposits of public money; also providing that National banks shall be entitled to receive circulating notes not exceeding the whole amount of value of bonds deposited, and that at no time the total amount of such shall exceed the amount of capital stock actually paid.

The Senate resumed consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill, the first item being $200,000 for surveying public lands, the committee recommending an increase to $600,000. Without disposing of the amendment the Senate adjourned.

A Game of "Fan-tan."

LOWELL, Mass., July 15.—Nearly all the Mongolians of the city have been devout members of the fold of the First Baptist Church for some time. They have been baptized in the church and a whole Sunday school class of pigtailed laundrymen have been under the charge of Miss Hattie Morris. Miss Morris had grown a little suspicious of her flock lately, and in her quiet way did a little detective work, and the result was that last night she put the police on to her Bible class playing a quiet game of fan-tan and smoking opium. In court this morning the Bible class was heavily fined, while Miss Morris stood by and abbet the prosecution.

The Pope's Encyclical.

ROME, July 15.—The coming encyclical of the Pope urges the nations to resort to papal arbitration for the settlement of social questions and national wars.

Tennessee Democrats.

NASHVILLE, July 15.—The democratic State convention for the nomination of governor met here today. Hon. W. W. Rapley was chosen temporary chairman and Hon. J. B. Richardson, member of Congress from the Fifth district, to be permanent chairman. The usual committees were appointed and a recess taken.

At the afternoon session a platform was adopted. It endorses the administration of Grover Cleveland, denounces the McKinley bill, demands the free coinage of silver, denounces the importation of pauper labor, condemns the republican party discrimination against the agricultural interests, for revolutionary methods in legislation to perpetuate its power, for a reckless squandering of public money for party purposes, for corrupting the American franchise, for efforts to foment sectional strife, for attempting to pass a federal election bill designed to engender conflict between the races in the South, for disregard of the will of the people in unseating duly elected democrats in Congress, etc.

One ballot was taken for governor and a recess had.

Destroyed by Fire.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 15.—The large seven-story warehouse of the Security Warehouse Company on First Street and Fourth Avenue, owned by Wood & Morse, was entirely destroyed by fire, together with the contents, this afternoon, entailing a loss of nearly a million dollars. The fire is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion. Two men, W. W. Morse, one of the proprietors, and an engineer, were rescued by means of ladders from the fourth floor. They were almost blinded and suffocated by the smoke. Three stories of stone buildings on the north side of the warehouse were occupied as a dwelling-house by a number of Jewish families. It was feared that by the falling walls. No one was injured.

The Bishop Replies.

DUBLIN, July 15.—Dr. O'Dwyer, bishop of Limerick, published yesterday an extraordinary letter in reply to the criticism passed upon him by Mr. Dillon, the Parnellite member, in the debate on the relief of the bishop's salary. The bishop says he would have passed over Dillon's attack had it not been for the dirt flung at the successor of St. Peter, Pope Leo XIII. Even the admirers of Dillon's Brand will not, he says, launch the Pope's personal honor. Dr. O'Dwyer quotes a passage in which Dillon describes Balfour and his uncle, Lord Salisbury, crawling to Rome, and says, "Was ever so reckless and desperate a charge made by any Catholic in the disobedience of some responsible bishop?"

The Bellingham Bill.

LONDON, July 15.—The Bellingham bill passed its third reading in the House of Lords with only verbal amendment.

Accident on the Burlington.

BURLINGTON, Ia., July 15.—A wreck on the Burlington express and a freight occurred across the river from here at 11 o'clock.

Labor advices show that the engine and baggage car were derailed and five passengers shaken up, but no one seriously hurt.

Like "Jack the Ripper."

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 15.—The people of Robeson County are hunting for a fiend of "Jack the Ripper" nature named Stann Ward. He was enamored of Mary Sellers, a handsome young lady of Maxton. Meeting her alone her house, named Crawford, he ordered the latter to make himself scarce. As Crawford was not armed he went, but stopped behind a clump of bushes. Mary refused to wait to the chagrin with Ward, and he drew a razor, cut her throat and then completely beheaded her. Crawford dared not show himself, but as soon as Ward disappeared, hastened to town and gave the alarm. Ward has not been caught yet.

No matter how infirmed or lame, Good health is either sure or near On men who use a cane or spear. And those who would the gift procure, A pure MAGNESIA water receive, Should buy it at the bottle wine.

Several months ago, Mr. Henry Plummer, of Clements, Cal., who is subject to cramps, was taken with a severe attack. He had been accustomed to get relief by dosing with paregoric, but the disagreeable effect that followed would make him miserable for hours after the cramp had been relieved. A friend tried him to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He was much pleased with it, as its effect was almost instantaneous, and no disagreeable after effects accompanied its use. CHAS. RAMSEY, Mariposa, Farmers' Trade Union, Clements, Cal. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department.

All Run Down

From the weakening effects of changing weather, by hard work, or from a lingering illness, you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you have never tried this peerless medicine, do so now. It will give you strength and appetite, purify and vitalize your blood.

"I have been in poor health for several years, suffering with indigestion, sleeplessness in the night, and in the morning I would get up with a very

Tired Feeling.

After taking only a part of the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I could rest well all night and feel refreshed when I woke up. I must say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is all it is recommended to be." MRS. H. D. WIGGIN, 289 E. Huron St., Jackson, Mich.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier and am well pleased with it, it being in my opinion the proper medicine for the purpose." WM. G. WUERTZ, organist, St. Mary's Church, Detroit, Mich.

"My daughter received much benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla as a tonic after a protracted attack of pneumonia." REV. F. H. ADAMS, New Hartford, Ct.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

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