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GEORGE Q. CANNON,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OUR SUBSCRIBERS in the country can at any time ascertain the date on which their subscription expires by referring to the numbers attached to their name on their paper i. e., 1-4-8 means first day, fourth month, third year, or April 1st, 1873, 15-7-2 means July 15, 1872, &c. Those names having no numbers close with the end of the volume.

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[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

### HOUSE.

Hill from the post office committee reported a bill providing for a system of penny postage cards. The bill directs the post-master general to furnish cards at a cost not to exceed a cent, including postage; size three and a half by six and a half inches. The face to be used exclusively for the address, the reverse side for communications. All cards containing vulgar, obscene or libelous matter to be excluded from the mails and the sender subjected to fine and imprisonment. The bill, after discussion, was amended by referring the post-master general to advertise proposals for furnishing the cards and to award the contract to the lowest bidder and by providing that the cards shall all have flaps and cover; passed.

### GENERAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—A Mexican, one of the proprietors of the San Pedro rancho, near Half Moon Bay, was killed in a drunken brawl last eve. Valentina Pevnia, who informed, says three others were stabbed in the affray.

A Private dispatch says the crushing of the rock from the Pioche mine has commenced and the yield is fully up to expectations.

Four Italians have come into the city from San Pedro, near Half Moon Bay, to give themselves up, wishing to give their statement of the circumstances of the killing of one of their countrymen last night. They state there are eight of them in partnership on the ranch and that last night Pascuale, a ranchman in the town above, came there, broke into a rage, and threw himself on one of them, when he was shoved out of doors and he fired shots through the window, though without hitting anyone. The party then ran out and he fired another shot, wounding one of them and then seizing a pitchfork chased them, wounding two others, when some one of the party fired a shot, killing him at once. Others sent word that if wanted they would come here and surrender themselves.

Among the incorporations to day were the Jolly Traveler Mining company, capital \$3,000,000, Ely District, Nevada; Utah Silver Mining company, capital \$2,000,000, Virginia District, Nevada; Othello Silver Mining company, capital \$2,000,000, Ely District, Nevada; Web-foot Mining company, Robinson Mining District, Nevada, capital \$1,200,000.

The committee of safety of 100 leading citizens is being formed this evening.

The citizen's committee of safety now forming is intended to represent every

interest in the city, mercantile, manufacturing and tax-paying generally, in opposition to R. R. aggression.

A young man was assaulted and severely stabbed in the side by a gang of young boys on Bryant St. this evening. The assailants were none of them over 12 years old and no provocation was given.

BALTIMORE, 9.—There was a terrible murder at Carroll, Md., on Friday. A. Lynn, a miller, was killed, and robbed of eight hundred dollars; his body was bid in the mill sink. Two men have been arrested charged with the deed.

ALBANY.—The funeral of E. Corning takes place on Friday. The board of trade and other associations have called meetings to take action in relation to his death. The Assembly appointed a committee to adopt appropriate resolutions. There is a general feeling of sorrow in the community.

NEW YORK.—The Atlantic boat crew starts for Europe on Saturday next, for the coming international contest.

SAN MATEO, Cal., 9.—The sheriff today arrested some fifteen Italians who were present at the killing of Pasquale yesterday on San Pedro ranch, and brought them to San Mateo to await the result of a post mortem examination this evening.

LOS ANGELES, 9.—The Republican primary elected four delegates to the State convention, who were instructed to vote for Grant for President.

Small grains suffer from drouth. The late sown grain may prove a failure.

SAN FRANCISCO, 9.—Eleven more Chinese gamblers were convicted or plead guilty and were held for sentence. This makes thirty-two convicted within a week and they pay \$40 dollars each. The American gamblers have paid about \$2,500 to the city treasury and it is thought with proper nursing this business can be made to pay for a long time and perhaps to yield sufficient revenue to avoid the necessity of the city issuing more bonds for running expenses up to January, when the taxes will be available.

About \$3,000 have been collected here up to date for the Inyo sufferers from the earthquake.

NEW YORK, 10.—The State senate postponed indefinitely the resolution to expel Wood, and adopted a resolution of censure on him, for placing himself under pecuniary obligations to persons interested in legislation.

Greeley prints in this morning's Tribune his programme for the presidential campaign. If two Republican tickets and one Democratic are in the field, he will support the stronger of the former; if the campaign hinges on protection vs. free trade, he will support protection; finally, if only two tickets that have a chance of success are Republican, he will support the one best calculated to promote a return to purity of legislation and administration. The Tribune will not be an organ, and will issue no campaign editions, whoever is candidate.

Shocks of earthquake continue at Visalia, Stockton and other portions of California.

NEW YORK, 9.—A meeting of the Democratic national committee has been called for on Wednesday the 8th of May next, at the residence of the chairman, Augustus Belmont, in this city. The usage, says the World, is to summon the committee by private note, not by published call, and in accordance with which the usual letters have been sent out by Belmont. Although the purpose of the meeting is not specified in all, it is understood that the object is to designate a place and a day for assembling the Democratic national convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President. The same journal adds that the procrastination of Belmont in this will not meet the approval of the leaders of the Democracy. The delay seems occasioned with a view to take advantage of the Cincinnati Convention, the results of which, says the World, may determine as to the time of holding the Democratic National Convention.

A Baltimore dispatch says enough is known of the Houston investigation which the M. E. Conference is conducting to show that the charges against him are true. Houston preferred counter charges against the principal wit-

ness against him, but they proved groundless.

NEW YORK, 11.—There was a mass meeting of the friends of President Grant at the Brooklyn Academy of Music last night. The house was filled. N. D. Morgan presided. Letters were read from D. B. Chittenden and Gov. Jewell of Connecticut, favoring the renomination of Grant and Colfax. A resolution eulogizing the administration, and urging the renomination of Grant and Colfax was adopted amid hearty applause. Henry Ward Beecher was the principal speaker. He eulogized the administration of Grant as honest and successful and said Grant had fulfilled the promises in his letter of acceptance in 1868 to a hair's breadth. Though a military man Grant was the first President to treat the Indians with humanity and even Christianity. There were matters yet to be reformed, but he considered the administration as a whole a noble success, and he believed the old Republican organization would be led to large victories. He referred to Cincinnati. He said if it should force the Philadelphia convention to take a purer and more advanced platform he should be glad, but he could not favor action that will so divide the Republicans that the Democrats will get into power. He expressed his personal respect and admiration for Senators Sumner, Schurz and Trumbull, and his belief in their honesty, but he thought they could not make a new party.

### FOREIGN.

BERLIN, 10.—Forty-seven thousand women of Alsace and Lorraine have addressed a petition to Bismarck, asking that their fathers and sons may be exempt from service in the German army for a few years.

LONDON, 9.—The grand jury at the Old Bailey found a true bill against O'Connor, the assailant of the Queen, charging him with misdemeanor. Prince Leopold will appear as a witness against the prisoner.

The cable dispatch published in New York, giving pretended rumors of Queen Victoria's abdication, is without doubt the purest invention, for which there is not the slightest foundation.

ROME, 9.—The Pope declined a sum of money tendered him by the Italian government, saying, "When it became necessary for him to accept alms, he would only receive it from the Catholic world."

True bills have been found against the Tichborne claimant for perjury and forgery and proceedings will be at once instituted against him.

Vesuvius is erupting with a vengeance. A column of flame shoots up several hundred feet above the crater, and the shower of cinders, stones &c., is immense.

Officers seized a large number of shells, grenades, &c., concealed in market wagons as they entered the gate of the town of Montreuil, France.

LONDON, 9.—The Bavarian Government deny the truth of the report that King Louis has been betrothed to the daughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia.

John Bright, in reply to an address of Rome Republicans declaring that they desired him for the first President of the Republic of Great Britain, says he hopes it will be a long time before the English people are called to decide between a Republican and a monarchy. He expresses a doubt whether the Republicans are his friends.

O'Connor pleads guilty to the charge of assaulting the Queen.

In the case of O'Connor for assaulting the Queen, the prisoner made an ineffectual attempt to withdraw his plea of guilty to the charge, with mitigating circumstances, on the ground of insanity. A jury was empaneled to enquire into his mental condition.

A dispatch to the Times from Paris says Thiers has abolished the passport system. Travelers will be registered at the frontiers, but no tax is to be levied on them nor are they to be subjected to the scrutiny of civil officers while in the country.

"TELL IT ALL."—The old adage says, "A fool tells all he knows."

## Correspondence.

COPENHAGEN, March 2nd, 1872.

President A. Carrington. — Dear Brother: I have just received the quarterly report from the conferences, by which I am happy to learn that the work of God is progressing slowly but surely. During the last three months there have been 178 baptized. While the papers were making so much stir concerning President Young's trial, it seemed as if the people were waiting to see the issue. The excitement has partially died away now and there have been nearly as many baptized during the last month as in the preceding two.

There seems to be a spirit of persecution making itself manifest among the people. In Blekinge, Sweden, some of our brethren have been severely beaten. The mob bragged that they were not afraid of the consequences, as they had men who would back them up and were able to shield them from the law. They were armed with knives and other weapons and our brethren were forced to run for their lives.

In Denmark also mobs have tried to disturb our meetings, so that in a good many cities the elders have been obliged to call in the assistance of the police. A few arrests of some of the mobocrats have had a good effect on the rest, but if they dared, they would not let us live in peace. Bro. Lund has been on a tour to Jylland. He says the people there are very anxious to hear the elders—in some places they walked several miles to attend meetings and listened with great interest. Our opponents are doing what they can by forming "Inner Mission Associations" and holding meetings to warn the people against us, but where they are most active, there appears to be more inquiry among the people, so that they are only helping us to make them think. Aalborg conference, where so much preaching has been done and whence so many have emigrated, has the largest number of baptisms, nearly forty during the quarter.

All the conference presidents are doing splendidly. I hardly think a better set of men could be found. They have gained the confidence of the Saints, and the priesthood are united. Some of the presidents have been here now three years and some two; I think they ought to be released.

There are a good many native elders, who make good missionaries.

During the winter the elders have sold a good many pamphlets and held a large number of meetings among strangers. I hope the seed thus sown will bear fruit by and by.

K. PETERSEN.

MISSIONARIES RETURNED.—Elder Edson Whipple, of Provo, got back from his mission to the Eastern States about a week ago. In the course of his travels he visited the States of Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York and Vermont. Although at times he met with considerable opposition he was generally well received, and on many occasions was invited to visit the houses of strangers, and public places were kindly provided for him to preach in, which gave him excellent opportunities of declaring the gospel, of which he was not slow to take advantage.

He was very successful in obtaining the genealogy of his forefathers, having been able to trace it as far back as 1633. He was much aided in his researches in that direction by getting a pamphlet giving a genealogical sketch of the Whipple family, and having a sketch of his own he was enabled to link it on to the one given in the pamphlet in a direct line.

Elder George Hancock of Payson has also arrived from a mission. He visited Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, and Iowa. He met with many friends and relatives, some of whom are now believers in the gospel, and have expressed a desire to come to Utah. Brother Hancock enjoyed himself on his mission very much and returns in good health.

Elder Richard Bird, of Springville, returned at the same time as Brother Hancock, and his experience was somewhat similar. He visited New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Michigan and Missouri. He visited many of his relatives and old acquaintances, among whom he found much prejudice existing against the "Mormons," but after talking to them he invariably succeeded in leaving a more truthful and consistent impression than he found with regard to the people of Utah.