

(Special to the Deseret Evening News.)

## By Telegraph.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

## SENATE.

A bill to regulate the appraisement and collection of the duties on imports was discussed, pending which, the Constitutional Amendment was taken up on motion of Stewart, who moved to non-concur.

The Constitutional Amendment was taken up. Stewart moved to disagree with the House Amendment and to ask for a committee of conference. Davis moved to postpone the matter, and take up the bill to repeal the Tenure of Office act; lost 14 to 26. Stewart's motion prevailed 32 to 23.

The bill to supply the deficiencies for filling certain Indian treaty stipulations was passed.

The bill authorizing the Western Union Telegraph Company to import a cable free of duty was passed.

A bill to amend the judicial system was taken up, and after some discussion was passed as reported from the Committee.

Wilson, from the Military Committee, reported a bill for continuing the Educational and Collection Departments of the Freedmen's Bureau and certain Freedmen's hospitals; also a bill to repeal an act fixing the headquarters of the General of the army at Washington, and requiring all military orders of the President to be issued through him, etc.

Patterson, from the committee on foreign relations, reported favorably to a resolution declaring that the neutrality laws shall not be held to forbid the sale or chartering of vessels to foreign Governments at peace with the United States, although such vessels be prepared for war, provided that such sale be a bona fide commercial transaction, with no intent on the part of the seller to participate in any belligerent act.

Morrill, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Army Appropriation Bill, with amendments.

Trumbull moved to take up a bill to punish the holding of office in violation of the 14th article of the Constitution. After considerable discussion the bill was postponed.

A bill to amend the Civil Rights' Act was passed.

A bill relative to the Supreme Court in the District of Columbia was taken up, and discussed until recess. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of business from the Committee on Commerce.

Among the bills passed was one to authorize the construction of a bridge at Portland, Oregon; also one to prevent the destruction of fur bearing animals in Alaska, with an amendment reducing the term of the lease of the seal fisheries from 15 to 11 years.

In the House evening session the Legislative Appropriation Bill was considered in a Committee of the Whole.

A bill to allow the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph company to land their cable on the shores of the United States was amended so as to give Congress the right to regulate, by general rule, the tariff for messages, passed the Senate on motion of Sherman, who insisted on its amendment.

A bill to allow deputy collectors and assessors the pay of principals when they perform their duties was discussed and a committee of conference appointed. Adjourned.

## HOUSE.

Under a call of the States, bills and a joint resolution were introduced and referred, but none of general importance.

Williams introduced a joint resolution granting the right of way to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad. After some opposition the previous question was ordered, and the resolution was passed yeas 122, nays 40.

Schenck called up his bill, to strengthen public credit, in relation to contracts for the payment of coin. He moved to suspend the rules, and to limit the debate to two hours. Schofield called attention to the pressing necessity for passing appropriation bills, several of which are still pending.

The Speaker added that there were seven privileged reports from committees to be made, some of which would give rise to a debate. The House refused to suspend the rules. Schenck moved to limit the debate to one hour. The House again refused to suspend the rules, and then went into a committee of the whole on the Post Office appropriation bill. After some time was

passed in its consideration. The committee rose and reported the bill to the House. Several amendments, adopted in the committee were rejected by the House all the amendments, reducing the appropriations, were agreed to, the reduction amounting to about a million dollars, from the original bill; the bill was then passed when the House took a recess.

Buckalew supported the motion; Warren moved to concur.

Sherman, Morgan, and Cameron were appointed a committee of conference on the Currency bill.

The Constitutional Amendment was briefly discussed and postponed for a supplemental bill to the act authorizing the construction of a lateral branch of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad, which was passed. Adjourned.

Washington.—The Senate met at noon, but adjourned till 7 o'clock. On motion of Sherman the bill to repeal the Tenure of Office act was postponed. The currency bill, as amended by the House, was taken up. Sherman moved to non-concur and to ask for a committee of conference, but finally allowed the bill to pass until there was a larger attendance.

Anthony reported the House resolution, forbidding further purchases of stationery from Dempsey and Otoole, which passed.

Sherman renewed his motion concerning the currency bill, The Senate refused to concur in the House Amendment, and asked a committee of conference.

In the evening session the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the Senate amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill. Several amendments, making reductions in minor appropriations, were non-concurred in. The bill was then laid aside.

The Legislative Appropriation bill was taken up. The amendments striking out appropriations for newspapers and stationery for members, and for the public printing, were rejected.

Peters moved an amendment to increase the salary of the President to \$40,000; rejected, there being only ten affirmative votes. Adjourned.

Cook, from the Committee on Elections made a report that J. S. Case-ment was not entitled to a seat as delegate from Wyoming.

The Speaker presented the President's veto of the copper tariff bill, which, after some discussion was passed over the veto, yeas 115, nays 56.

Wilson, of Iowa, and Allison made personal explanations in refutation of newspaper charges.

Lawrence presented the report of the committee on the New York election frauds, with a bill for withdrawing jurisdiction in naturalization cases from certain courts in New York, which passed under a suspension of the rules. The bill deprives the Supreme Court, the Circuit Courts, the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and the Superior Court of the city of New York of the power to naturalize aliens.

Kerr, from the same committee, presented the minority reports for committees of conference, which were agreed to, on the Constitutional Amendment and the Naval Appropriation bill. Boutwell, Bingham and Logan were appointed a Committee of Conference on the Constitutional amendment.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill to strengthen public credit. After several speeches Schenck moved the previous question. Holman moved to table the bill; lost. The House took a recess.

## GENERAL.

Washington 23.—The new movement, by Congress, for a Cabinet appointment has failed, finally and irrevocably. Cheseman is here and is vainly seeking the sub-treasuryship. The additional candidates for the marshalship are William Jones, James McClatchy and E. B. Vreeland; neither is promising. Lucien Curtis, it is thought, is certain to succeed. Gould is endorsed by supervisor Wiggins for efficiency.

The removal of Generals Halleck and Kirkham and Captain Hoyt will occur soon after the inauguration. General Ord will probably command the Pacific.

Washington's birthday was more generally observed in this city than ever before; business was mostly suspended. The streets were thronged to witness the procession of the Military and Civic Societies. The Courts, Schools and all public offices were closed.

Railroad connection between Sacramento and San Francisco will be complete in time for the first through train of the Overland Pacific Railroad.

Eight companies of United States troops will soon be forwarded to rein-

## OUR LOCAL'S CORRESPONDENCE

OGDEN, Feb. 23rd, 1869.

## RAILROAD MATTERS.

The near approach of the cars is the topic with everybody here. "How far is it to the mouth of Weber Cañon? The track is only seven miles from the mouth," ventures one. "The cars will be here in two weeks," remarks another. "The engine was at Mountain Green yesterday; a very short time will see it here," chimes a third. And so it goes. By two different persons who came down the cañon yesterday, I learned last night that the end of track was yesterday morning half a mile east of Weber bridge, or ten miles and a half from the mouth of the cañon. There is some snow on the track along the bottom where the grade is, from Weber bridge by Mountain Green nearly as far down as Devil's Gate, which will make track-laying somewhat tedious; but in a few days the cars will be at the last named point, where they may probably be detained a little—not long—waiting for the completion of the bridge. A heavy slide occurred a few days ago on the work of John W. Young, Esq., so heavy that I learn that they have concluded to lay a temporary track around it, so as not to detain the progress of the cars, while it is being cut through. The spile-driver is at work a little north of Ogden, with another south of here nearly two miles. Graders are on the move north in squads, in camps and in twos and threes; and the tide of railroad making is surging along.

## BELLIGERENT.

Considerable whisky now walks through Ogden, and passes out at the northern extremity, in twenty-four hours. On Friday, after I had written my last communication to you, two individuals "valorously inclined," and stimulated by potent draughts, went up on to the bench to arrange "a little difficulty" according to the rules of "bruising" as they understood them. Their pugilistic efforts were not of long continued duration, and when a policeman arrived he had to enquire for the combatants. A Mr. Leach, who drives the Boise stage, it seems, was pointed out as one of them and was arrested by the officer. But Mr. Leach had been a bystander and a non-combatant and would not be arrested; and instead of quietly going with the officer, he felt disposed to stand upon his muscle. He struck the policeman, and acted like anything but a sensible man under the circumstances, resisting all efforts to take him until mastered by main force. For this and for profanity he was tried and the lowest fine allowable assessed against him—\$100 for assaulting and resisting an officer, and \$10, including costs, for the profanity.

## BRUTAL ASSAULT.

This morning as a young man was driving his team out of the north side of the city, another man being in it, he was attacked by several graders going north, because he declined giving them a ride. Some angry altercation having occurred they pulled him from his wagon, kicked him severely, fired a couple of shots at him, and laid his head open with a revolver. I saw him some little time after in the drug store of White & Brown, where he had been getting his head washed, and obtained the facts from his own mouth, corroborated by a boy who was witness of the affair. The ruffians are not yet in custody as I write. These and other occurrences are the results of a free use of bad liquor. Vigilance and energy on the part of the police officers and the people are necessary to prevent an increase of them as the track reaches here and passes along.

I suppose you have had a keen change of weather in the city. In Ogden the cold has been almost intense during the past two nights.

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AND

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## ESTRAYS!

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals—  
One Bay HORSE, 5 years old, the nigh hind foot white; no brands visible.  
One Dark Grey HORSE, some saddle marks, 5 years old, a brand on the nigh shoulder illegible.  
Had ropes on their necks when found.  
These horses will be sold at public auction on the 23rd of March, at the Estray Pound, Nephi City, unless previously claimed.  
ISAAC GRACE,  
Poundkeeper.

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