

It believes that the Marquis of Salisbury offered to serve under Lord Hartington as Premier if the latter would assume the work of forming a coalition government.

Lord Salisbury has convened a meeting of the Conservative members of the House of Commons at the Carlton Club to-morrow. Lord Cadogan will probably be selected as Secretary for the colonies in the new Cabinet.

The government declines to institute an inquiry into the conduct of the police on the occasion of the recent election in Londonderry. The Viceroy's order summoning the inhabitants of Londonderry to deliver up their arms and ammunition before to-day, has been disregarded.

General Baron Willison, Military Governor of Berlin, is dead.

It is stated that Lord Randolph Churchill has accepted the position of Chancellor of the Exchequer and leader in the House of Commons.

Salisbury arrived at noon to-day in London from Osborne where he went to receive the Queen's command to form a government. Great crowds assembled at all the chief railroad stations between Portsmouth and London and tendered the new Premier ovations. He declined to address the crowds anywhere. At London station an enormous crowd had assembled to welcome the Marquis, and they cheered him lustily when he alighted from the train.

Salisbury, while at Osborne, performed the ceremony of kissing the hands of the Queen and was appointed her Prime Minister.

In the libel suit of Cyrus W. Field against James Gordon Bennett, the sheriff to-day awarded plaintiff \$25,000 damages. The defendant was also condemned to pay all costs of suit. John Ruskin's ill health has changed for the worse.

Michael Davitt starts for New York Thursday, to make a lecturing tour of the United States.

Paris, 26.—A violent anonymous attack has been made here on the Panama Canal enterprise. The attack is made in a pamphlet strongly written and containing seventy pages. The title is "An Engineer's Letters on the Panama Canal." The cover bears the imprint of a sarcophagus, and the work is dedicated to "The Victims of the Panama Craze." The pamphlet describes the mortality among the workmen employed in making the canal, describes in anecdotal form the state of things on the isthmus; tells of the heedless squandering of the French public's money, and in conclusion states that of twenty-one sections of the canal, only five are in anything like an advanced state of construction.

AMSTERDAM, 26.—Serious conflicts took place yesterday between the populace and the police and the troops, arising from the prohibition of popular games on Sunday. The disorders were continued to-night, when the troops fired into the crowd. The rioters are erecting barriers. It is reported that a number have been killed and many others wounded. The Socialists are fomenting disorder. The prohibited game is the killing of eels attached to a cord over the canal, a degrading pastime popular among the lower classes. Eighteen policemen were wounded. Twenty-eight persons have been arrested, including two Socialists.

LONDON, 27.—Salisbury, Churchill and Michael Hicks-Beach had a long conference this afternoon. It is reported that Salisbury is having great difficulty in the work of filling the post of Chief Secretary for Ireland, no suitable man desiring to take the office under the new Government.

Lord Hartington was consulted about the Irish Secretaryship before to-day's conference, and the hitch which has occurred over the question may necessitate his return from Goodwood, whether he has gone to attend the races.

The Carlton club is rapidly filling up with Conservative members of the commons in answer to Salisbury's call for a general meeting of the party in the House.

Long before the time appointed for meeting, the Carlton Club building was surrounded by a large crowd. The people were evidently strong sympathizers with the dominant party and cheered each leader as he appeared. Lord Idlesleigh, Lord John Manners and Lord Charles Beresford were welcomed with applause that was specially enthusiastic. Right Hon. Wm. H. Smith, who was Chief Secretary for Ireland for a fortnight preceding the close of Lord Salisbury's last government, was cheered heartily when he arrived, and the applause which greeted his appearance amounted to an ovation.

The new Premier was even more heartily received by the people inside. He made an address on the political situation. He congratulated his hearers on the success of the Conservative party in the recent elections, and dwelt on the wisdom and necessity of acting in accordance with the Liberal Unionists in Irish politics. The Marquis spoke for twenty minutes. Among the announcements he made was that the Right Hon. W. H. Smith had been agreed upon as Chief Secretary for Ireland.

AMSTERDAM, 27.—It is believed that 20 persons were killed and 80 wounded in the riots yesterday and Sunday, caused by the police preventing the "eel killing" games.

LONDON, 28.—The theater at Tinnovelly, British India has been destroyed by fire. One hundred Hindoos were killed and many wounded.

LONDON, 28.—Abbe Lefz, the pianist, is dangerously ill at Bayreuth.

LONDON, 28.—A convention between England and China has been signed at Peking. By the terms of the convention China agrees to the occupation of Burma by the English and promises to encourage trade between China and Burma. A commission is being formed to delimit the Burmese frontier.

ROME, 28.—Reports from the cholera-infected provinces for the twenty-four hours ended at 6 o'clock last evening are as follows:

Teevise, 43 new cases, 21 deaths.  
Padua, 19 new cases, 4 deaths.  
Venice, 22 new cases, 8 deaths.

AMSTERDAM, 29.—Two more of the men wounded in the late riot have died, making the total number of deaths resulting from the riot 27. Many additional arrests have been made. There is no doubt that the Socialists instigated the riot.

BERLIN, 29.—The Sultan of Somanli has expelled members of the German East African Society from his dominions.

Political Correspondence says: Russia will soon recall the Mediterranean squadron, and that Vice-Admiral Kaznapoff, commander of the squadron, will be transferred to the Black Sea fleet.

LONDON, 29.—Sir John Eldon Gorst, member of Parliament elect for Chatham, has informed his supporters in that constituency that he will probably have to seek a re-election as he expects to accept a post under the new government.

BUENOS AYRES, VIA GALVESTON, 29.—Gold here is at a premium of 13 1/2 per cent. The price of land has greatly increased.

Government has presented to Congress the estimate for the year 1897. The total income is estimated at \$48,000,000, and expenditures \$47,500,000.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 29.—Turkey is making large additions to her armament. Herr Krupp has received a large order from the government, and a Turkish officer has gone to his works at Essen to oversee the manufacture of guns. It is proposed to purchase 400,000 American rifles.

PARIS, 29.—At the annual meeting of shareholders of the Panama Canal Co. to-day, DeLesseps, on behalf of the board of directors, presented a voluminous report which was read. In this he took a very favorable view of the situation. He expressed confidence in the completion of the canal by June, '99, within the cost estimated by the congress of '79, and said he believed there would be little difficulty in securing the necessary funds.

VIENNA, 29.—Three new cases of cholera and two deaths from the disease are reported at Gaspich.

At Flume, a distressing state of affairs exists. Exorbitant prices are charged for provisions and there is a general stagnation in trade. The sufferings of the poor are intense and the dread of cholera is increasing.

#### OUR OGDEN LETTER.

OGDEN CITY, Utah,  
July 26th, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

For some few days past some of our people have thought that the crusaders would let up and take a rest for a little while, that the domiciles of the quiet citizens would be

#### FREE FROM INVASION

and that there would be no more arrests for the present. But there is "No rest for the wicked" schemers and plotters against the peace of the upright, true citizens. If the mills of the god-less grind slow, they grind none the less sure. Mark Lindsey resides on Fifth street in this city, and keeps a grocery establishment, and has for sale ice cream, summer drinks, etc. About 5 o'clock last evening while he was dispensing these commodities, and Mrs. Lindsey was in the rear room attending to her domestic duties, and had just placed her little ones at the table to partake of their evening meal,

#### A BOMBHELL

was thrown into their house, upset their equilibrium and threw everything into confusion. Deputies Steele and McLennan entered the establishment; Steele stopped and read a writ for the arrest of Lindsey on a charge of unlawful cohabitation, burly Pat rushed through into another room and read a summons to Mrs. Lindsey to be ready to repair, as quickly as possible, to the court room to give evidence against Mr. Lindsey. The latter accompanied the officers to the office of U. S. Commissioner Black, where he was examined, and gave bonds in the sum of \$1,500 to appear before the grand jury when wanted. James Owen and J. O. Stevens were accepted as sureties. They also furnish bond in \$200 for the appearance of the Mrs. L. as witness.

#### "THE DISTRICT COURT"

will hold session on Monday, and I presume the grand jury will have a brief sitting, but I do not think that the case of Lindsey will be brought before them, as it is then they expect to be discharged, to retire to their own peaceful homes and rest upon their own virtuous couches! They have worked hard during the term, found many indictments, and surely they now need rest.

The complaint against Mr. Lindsey was sworn out by one "Mrs. Emma Kelley," who has a number of aliases, and I don't know how many living husbands. She swore that, to the "best of her knowledge and belief," Mr. Lindsey was living and cohabiting

with two women as his wives—namely, Mrs. Emma Munn and Mrs. Elizabeth Munn, which statements, to the best of my "knowledge and belief," are bare fabrications, and just what we might expect from such a virtuous (?) source. The defendant does not yet know when he will be required to appear before the inquisitors.

#### THE WEBER STAKE

Quarterly Conference was held yesterday and to-day. A more interesting time has not been experienced in Ogden for a long period. There were four sessions, which were well attended—especially those of to-day—the Tabernacle was filled to its utmost capacity, and large numbers of others were unable to gain admission to the building.

Among the visitors, besides those of our own Stake, were Apostle F. D. Richards and President Jacob Gates, of the Presidency of the Seventies. The reports of the Bishops were not complete so the statistics were not presented, but from the reports of the general condition of the Wards it was ascertained that a material improvement has taken place since the last conference, three months ago. There has been considerable increase both natural and by immigration—all of which adds to the strength of the community. There has been little or no backsliding, and but few have been excommunicated from the Church, but it was demonstrated that the Latter-day Saints are increasing in faith and good works, and the examples of those brethren who have been incarcerated in prisons for honoring their convictions have had a salutary influence on the minds of others, and they express a determination to stand by the truth, to sustain and honor God in more fully observing those laws which He has revealed for the salvation of His people, and trust in Him for the outcome. All the institutions in the Stake are in good working order, making satisfactory progress in their theological education. I was especially pleased to hear the cheering reports of

#### THE SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Without an exception I believe they were all said to be well attended, and that the superintendents and teachers were indefatigable in their labors in these indispensable institutions of learning for the little ones of this people. Parents, guardians, Bishops and all the leading men and women in Israel realize and appreciate their importance, hence they take delight in rendering ready and willing aid to promote their advancement and establish their permanency. I may have more to say on this subject hereafter.

We, like all other communities, have our quota of poor with us, but I am pleased to say the reports showed that they were all well looked after and their needs supplied.

Among the speakers to-day was Elder James H. Nelson, who, on Tuesday last, was released from the penitentiary, where he had served a term of six months for violating the Edmunds law. He also served thirty days extra instead of paying \$300 fine, which amount he was unable to meet. He looks well and feels happy. He bore a faithful testimony to the great work of God, and expressed his gratitude to Him that he had been found worthy to suffer a little for truth's sake.

The instructions given by Apostle Richards, President Gates and Shurtliff, and the other speakers were seasonable, and suited to the circumstances of the people at the present. They were inspired and uttered by the Spirit of truth, justice and judgment. Their counsels were wise, fatherly, encouraging, and replete

#### WITH SOUND DOCTRINE.

And were deeply appreciated by the vast assembly. They inculcated uprightness, purity, virtue, living lives of honesty, integrity to God and to each other. The evils of intemperance, division and strife were passed upon and denounced, and the people were exhorted to be united, and cultivate the spirit of peace, love and concord, and to sustain each other, as their interests are identical, and their object is the building up and firmly establishing the kingdom of God upon the earth. Everything during the conference passed off harmoniously; there was not a far to mar the happiness of the occasion. When the authorities of the Church, general and local, were presented the Saints expressed their

#### UNSHAKEN CONFIDENCE

in them by a hearty unanimous vote which was manifested by the upraising of a vast forest of hands. And if any crusaders were present they doubtless were fully convinced that "Mormonism" has lost none of its charms for the true Latter-day Saints.

WEBER.

OGDEN CITY, Utah,  
July 26, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

A lively sensation was created on the streets of this city at an early part of the morning by the rumor that

#### PRESIDENT CHAS. O. GARD,

of the Cache Valley stake had been arrested. Many of the "anties" rejoiced at this intelligence, which was shared by federal officials in and out of the court room. One large legal limb said to this writer, with much glee, that they had been on the watch for this man for some time and they had at last turned up a big trump Card! His arrival in this city was anticipated with

smiles, jokes, and visions of fees for services in the United States Commissioner

#### BLACK'S COURT,

and preparations were made to receive Mr. Card with appropriate honors. But, oh! what a "dunce" of a "trump" that "Card" did turn up! Long before the arrival of the train the cry of the crusaders was turned into mourning—by the rumor that the ace had been tricked by a left bower; and later that the Card had played them a trick the devil never did, by leaving them. They were much chop-fallen when it became known that their prisoner had actually made good his escape.

When the delegates arrived this morning from the various precincts, to the County Convention, it was learned that a young female child of John Knight, Jr. of Staterville had met with an accident which might have proved fatal. The little girl was in the field hidden in the grain so that she was not seen. The grain cutter passed along and the knife struck the little one in the left leg making an

#### INCISION CLEAR TO THE BONE.

By the surgical skill of Dr. John Driver of this place the wound was dressed and the young maid is now doing as well as can be expected.

Following is the ticket which was formulated at the convention of the People's party held in the County Court House this morning:

#### COUNTY OFFICERS:

Probate Judge, L. W. Shurtliff,  
Selectman (full term), Jos. Stanford,  
Selectman (unexpired term), Thos. Wallace,  
County Clerk, Chas. C. Richards,  
Prosecuting Attorney, C. C. Richards,  
County Assessor, H. H. Rollapp,  
County Collector, Hyrum Belnap,  
Sheriff, G. R. Belnap,  
Surveyor, Washington Jenkins,  
Treasurer, James Plingree,  
Coroner, Mark Hall.

#### PRECINCT OFFICERS:

Constables: Ogden, M. F. Brown;  
West Weber, Anna Hardy.  
Justices of the Peace: Wilson, J. G. Bingham; West Weber, H. D. Petterson; Eden, L. A. Pritchett; Staterville, James Hutchins.

#### TERRITORIAL OFFICERS

To locate University land: F. A. Mitchell, Charles W. Stayner, Isaac M. Waddell.

#### CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Of the People's Party for Weber County: L. W. Shurtliff, C. F. Middleton, Thomas D. Dee, E. Stratford, R. McQuarrie, T. J. Stevens, Barnard White, James M. Ferrin, Nathaniel Montgomery, G. Belnap, B. H. Bingham, John A. Alford, and George H. Carver.

Thomas D. Dee was Chairman, and G. H. Carver was Secretary of the convention, which passed off in peace and harmony.

When the election comes off in August there will be no doubt about the people voting solid for the above ticket.

Yesterday an accident happened to a boy about 14 years old, in Ogden Canon. He is the son of Mr. George Chugg, conductor on the U. C. R. R. The boy was in company with a number of other youths about his own age, scaling the sides of the mountain, when a rock supposed to have been loosened by one of his companions, rolled down, struck young George and

#### FRACTURED HIS COLLAR BONE.

The surgical aid of Dr. John Driver was called to reduce the fracture. He is still under his care.

The Sabbath day was desecrated at the railroad depot by a number of circus men, employees of Selis Bros. A quarrel arose between them, in which some trumps took a hand. A light ensued in which knives were, freely used and some of the combatants were so badly cut up, that the assistance of surgeons was required to dress wounds and patch up

#### BROKEN HEADS.

Marshal T. H. Ballantyne and his aid also rendered some valuable assistance to the unfortunate victims of the affray. The marshal tendered the use of the cooler in his hotel to which half a dozen of them were conveyed, including three tramps.

To-day Justice Dee interviewed them, when two of the circus men contributed \$3 each, and one \$15 for the improvement of the city. The remainder were let off without contributing anything.

#### THE DISTRICT COURT-

room to-day was a dull place. Justice Powers was on the bench. There was scarcely anything done, few to do it, and still fewer spectators present to see it done. The chief matter that was attended to was the issuing of an order for the court reporter to furnish the prosecuting attorney with a transcript of the trial of young Greenwell, who, it is expected, will be sentenced on Tuesday.

The grand jury expected the grand bounce to-day, but did not get it. They will to-morrow.

WEBER.

New Post Office.—A new post office has been established at Kays' Creek, Davis County, with the name of Layton. All mail to that locality should hereafter be addressed to Layton post office.

#### OH! WHAT A "JUDGE!"

Mr. W. H. Dickson must be bilious. A black draught and a blue pill would probably relieve him. His harangue in the rink gave symptoms of his condition. A strong cathartic properly administered might save his body from much sin. He might tell less falsehood if he was treated with a purgative. His spleen is out of order and his tongue must be in a terrible state. He is very fond of accusing the "Mormons" of perjury. The only thing that saved his speech from that, characterization was that he was not formally under oath.

We challenge Mr. Dickson—falsely introduced as "Judge," to name and prosecute the man to whom he referred as having married a girl and her mother and grandmother, and having begotten children by each. We do not believe that he believes there is such a person, although he claimed to know of his whereabouts. We challenge Mr. Dickson to produce the order which he told the crowd in the Rink was published by the Presidency, "commanding office-holders to take more wives than one or sacrifice their positions." We challenge him to produce a person who has been "boycotted by the 'Mormons' for promising to obey the law." When he stated these things we believe he knew they were not true, also when he said "There was never an election held here but what the ticket was voted for solidly by all the Mormons." It was the same in effect when he said "There was never a man convicted of polygamy but could have escaped punishment, both of fine and imprisonment, by promising to obey the laws of his country." He knows that what men are required to do is to obey the law as construed by the courts, and that the courts have so construed the law that no honorable man could make such a promise. By leaving out that qualifying clause his statement was rendered about as big a falsehood as the others.

It is a great argument in favor of the truth and justice of our cause, that its enemies cannot fight it with truth. They invariably attack it with untruth, often wilfully and maliciously concocted for the occasion. Their statements seldom fit well together. For instance, in one breath Mr. Dickson denounced the "Mormons" as a set of "perjurers," and in the next breath said they could escape punishment, even when convicted, by simply making a promise. Perjurers who will not make a promise to save themselves from prison would be a new kind under the sun.

We do not intend to waste space on Mr. Dickson's further attempts to vent his bile and pour out his venom. If there were any sensible people in the crowd they could perceive his contradictions and see through his sophisms, and readily understand that only in a community of law-abiding, peaceable and patient people would he be permitted to belic and abuse good men without chastisement and without notice. If he had the least sentiment of honor, or the smallest spark of manhood, he would be ashamed to show his face among truthful people, after such an exhibition of brutal mendacity.

The Rev. Dr. Dunning was one of the speakers at the G. A. R. reception, at the Pavilion, on Sunday evening. He had only been in the city a few minutes, comparatively, but was fully master of the situation. He berated the "Mormons," and denounced their marital practices, and in splendid style illustrated the distinction between the Saints and the party of which he was a member. Said he: "We marched our wives and daughters up from the depot ahead of us this evening, to show how much we thought of them." We have no acquaintance with the Rev. Dunning, but we know that a man who will talk such unmitigated twaddle, which appears like the result of unadulterated idiocy, will always be eclipsed by the weakest and most incapable of the tender sex, who will always be marching ahead of him in common decency, good breeding and other desirable qualities. We do not know that Mr. Dunning was ever in the war. We gravely doubt it. If he were, however, we should think that he would be one of those who delighted to sniff the smell of battle from afar. The farther off the better it would suit him. Otherwise he might, on a pinch, march into the conflict as he did from the Utah Central depot to the pavilion, with a column of wives and daughters ahead of him, to show how much he thought of them, and how lightly he regarded his own personal safety. A man who comes into a community and immediately begins, without investigation, to denounce the people and their practices, was characterized ages ago, by Solomon, as a fool. The reverend Dunning said the stench of polygamy would be blown out of the nostrils of the nation. If the poor man ever had any brains they probably were similarly disposed of.

A Heavy Sentence.—To-day, in the First District Court at Ogden, Ambrose Greenwell, Jr., the young man recently convicted of perjury, in the notorious scandal case in which Judge O. W. Powers figured conspicuously, was sentenced to serve a term of five years in the Utah Penitentiary and pay the cost of the prosecution.