

THOUGHTS BY BROWN.

Editor Deseret News:—Inspiration in mortals holds a close grip, an intensity of power, a quick comprehension of facts, that mortals, dwarfed of the inspirational nature, know nothing of. "No man knows the things of God but by the spirit of God."

All the pressure on this people in the past, and at the present, has been simply antagonism to God's government by delegated authority. This was so in Kirtland, Missouri and Illinois, and is so in Utah. It was so in the days of Moses, Elijah, Daniel and Jesus. Jew and Gentile know that Cragin's Bill, and the howabout polygamy is merely a "means to an end."

The power of government in Utah, is the thing and the only thing struck at by any men of calibre, either among us or distant from us. It is woe to any people or age, when the philosophies of men become numerous and sacrilegious enough to gain prestige by weakening the humility, self-abnegation and obedience inculcated by our Savior.

"We ask it in the name of Jesus" has been for ages in the hearts of millions, the cable that has held to mortality a path of immortality with the Gods. The atonement, considered old fogysm; Christ, in the mildest form of wording it, made guilty of great irregularity, not only in eating and drinking with publicans and sinners, but crucified afresh in our day by being made an untrue man. He claimed that he was the only begotten of the Father, that He was the way, the truth and the life, that no man could come to the Father, but by Him; that it was eternal life to know Jesus Christ. There is one God, and one Mediator, between God and men the Man, Christ Jesus, who gave himself a ransom for all. Is this atonement? As for criticisms and the odious spleen of comparison, they have been thrown against all good men, from the time of Abel to the crucifixion of Christ, by the infidel Jews, up to the days of Brigham Young's power, with and of God.

Independent of the testimonies of prophets and apostles, governments, and legislatures among civilized nations have found the absolute necessity for the free exercise of religion that sprung from the belief in the atonement.

The infidelity and atheism of France had its sway. France harvested its reward in its monstrosity of a revolution. Napoleon re-established religion in France; France had internal peace, order and government, a degree of prosperity unparalleled. Napoleon, being opposed in this restoration, replied to his Minister of State, "I tell you, sir, Jesus Christ was not a man. Religion borrows nothing from the world; it lives on its own forces. Your sciences and philosophies have nothing to do with religion. Religion is revelation of God to man's soul." Take the testimony of the magnificent galaxy of talent that has acted in civil, political and literary callings, (not church members) and a man may well pause and ask who are the men who claim to know more than these and others, and ask us in the eye of the nineteenth century to deny the atonement of Christ?

I desire to bear my testimony in the columns of your paper in the name of Jesus and by the revelations of God to me, that the religion of the Latter-day Saints is revelation to man's heart, and without such revelation no man has the religion of Jesus.

That religion lives from its own forces, and this solves the problem for Cullom and all our opposers. Mighty governments in different ages have tried to handle it by the forces of the world. Pharaoh failed. Nebuchadnezzar, lions, fiery furnaces, the Jews—the entire world, combatting a few fishermen. Boggs in Missouri, Illinois mobs and Buchanan's raid, and so with all others. No weapon formed against the Government of God will prosper. This work will live, flourish and triumph.

Most respectfully.

Salt Lake City, May 29th, 1870.

When the weather is wet we must not fret; when the weather is cold we must not scold; when the weather is warm, we must not storm; but be thankful together, whatever the weather.

While Richard Cobden was in the United States he visited an Illinois farmer who owned twenty thousand acres, who told the eminent English statesman, while entertaining him with some fine peach brandy, that he had laid away two hundred barrels of it for his old age. "Certainly," as the great advocate of free trade remarked, "a most extraordinary provision for his declining years."

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

SENATE.

The Senate held a long executive session on the Sandwich Island treaty. Stewart, Cole and Sumner were among the speakers in favor of ratification. The result of the vote was, for ratification 20, against 19; and there not being a two-thirds vote in favor, the treaty was rejected. Many Senators paired.

Sumner introduced a bill incorporating Cyrus W. Field and others, as the Pacific Submarine Telegraph company, in accordance with the plan of the memorialists.

The bill for the relief of Rollin White was passed over the President's veto, 41 to 13.

Stewart called up the House joint resolution, relative to the suspension and sale of certain lands in California granted to the Southern Pacific Railroad, of California.

HOUSE.

In the House the bill reducing the internal tax was considered. During the discussion Schenck stated that it was the intention of the committee on ways and means to wipe out the system of spies and informers, and not to allow any more moieties.

GENERAL.

CLEVELAND.—An oil train on the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad was burned this morning. The fire communicated to the railroad bridge over the Cuyahoga River and the Ohio Canal, and damaged the Kane manufacturing company's machine shop to the amount of \$20,000. The railroad's loss is unascertained.

BUFFALO.—The Fenian General Starr has been arrested and held to bail here.

UTICA.—The cornerstone of a monument to Baron Stuben, over his grave, in the town of Stuben, was laid to-day by Horatio Seymour, in the presence of 5,000 people.

A collision occurred to-night between some Fenians and troops at Williams-town and North Rome. The troops fired on the Fenians, wounding several, and drove them into the cars.

Red Cloud and his party of Sioux have arrived. Spotted Tail and his party visited Commissioner Parker, who explained to them that the intention of the government, while desirous of peace, was to protect the people. The Indians persist that they have no other desire than peace.

ST. ALBANS.—Marshal Foster has found, in Franklin, over six tons of ammunition left by Fenians. Three hundred Fenians passed here for New York this evening.

ST. ALBANS.—All is quiet. More U. S. troops have arrived, and proceeded to Malone. Gen. Foster has made no demand for the guns taken this side of the line.

There were only thirty-six Canadians engaged in the fight at Richards' farm.

The receipts of the internal revenue for the current year, to date, amount to a hundred and fifty-five millions, indicating that those of the year, ending June 30th, will reach the estimated figure, of a hundred and seventy-five millions.

NEW YORK, 30.—A Montreal special to the Tribune says that information received from the west shows that preparations for a descent upon Niagara are more extensive than had been imagined, and fears are entertained that the Fenians in that locality will be across before the government is ready.

Toronto has regarded the affair with so much indifference up to yesterday, that no thought of danger to the western line was entertained. Nearly all the available volunteers have been called out, with the exception of a battalion further to the rear, and those are ordered to be in readiness. The Toronto artillery and infantry are ready for active service. The 70th Highlanders will probably be stationed at Quebec for orders. Cornwall is protected by the 59th Infantry; Ottawa is garrisoned with the 36th Rifle Brigade.

The police were called into the negro church, on Bleeker St. and West Tenth St., last night, to suppress a free fight in which the brethren were engaged. Several worshipers were badly pounded.

A frightful scene occurred at the Bowery Theatre on Saturday night. A young woman who performs in the cage with the Puma lions was seized by the throat by one of the beasts, and terribly lacerated before she could be

rescued; her piercing shrieks threw the audience into a panic, and many people fainted. She was taken home and received prompt surgical attention.

MALONE.—Flannigan's and Hogel's hotels, where the officers stop, are in the possession of Gen. Meade, who has ordered the arrest of all the Fenian officers, and Gen. Gleason, Col. Lindsay, Lieut. Donnelly and Capt. Mann have been marched to the guard house. The Fenian camp has been scoured by the U. S. troops, and a hundred rifles and some other arms captured. No arrests were made. The Fenians gave up their arms after a short search by the Lieutenant commanding the regulars. The boy who piloted the soldiers was assaulted by the Fenians, but was rescued. The Fenians arrested will be brought before the United States commissioners to-day. United States troops are on the border, taking from the store houses of the Fenians the arms and ammunition which they contain. Col. Boggle and the 69th British have gone to Quebec and the volunteers now hold the Canadian frontier. The prisoner Murphy will be turned over to the civil authorities in Canada, against the wishes of the volunteers.

Ottawa is in a state of terrible and undefined excitement and much sensation because a telegram from Washington announces that Thornton, the British Minister, has demanded his passports.

The Grand Trunk brigade was ordered to be in readiness to turn out yesterday, and all the men are ready. They could be shipped for any point in sixty minutes. There may be trouble about the field piece that was taken from the Fenians, while in position on U. S. territory. The facts are that fire was opened by the Fenians on a knoll 120 yards from the line, and that the home guard made a rush down the hill, and shot down five Fenians, captured the gun and returned with it. There is not the slightest doubt that they crossed into Vermont territory.

CHICAGO.—The Fenian excitement here is about over. Many gathered about the headquarters yesterday, but there were no enlistments, and no appeals for funds were made. Maj. Finnerty, attached to the press of the city, and one of the most trusted Fenians, telegraphs from Malone that the affair is ended and the men are demoralized; that a number of the officers are arrested and the only question now is how to return.

The Times' Washington special says the time for the ratification of the San Domingo treaty will be extended to July 1st. Fabenz, who represents Baez, has signed the extension, which has been accepted by Secretary Fish. The prospect for ratification is now improved.

The State Department has received, and will send to the Senate, this week, a ratification of the naturalization treaty recently concluded between the United States and Great Britain, which is based upon the protocol made by Minister Johnson, a year and a half ago.

NEW YORK.—Gen. Rosecrans is about to publish an address to the people of the United States on the subject of the national policy towards Mexico. He urges the policy of a formal declaration by Congress, assuring the Mexican Government of their firm sympathy and moral support, in return therefor, asking that our citizens and their rights be protected in whatever legitimate enterprise they may undertake in Mexico.

The Fenians here have improbable stories afloat, some of them stating that Col. O'Leary has entered Canada and captured sixty prisoners; that the Fenian troops were crossing at Detroit and Buffalo; that a general movement along the lines will be made to-night, and that Mosby is organizing at Malone for a move. These rumors stimulate subscriptions and recruiting. More Fenians leave to-night for the border.

Decoration day has been celebrated here and throughout the East and West. The ceremonies at Washington were very imposing, including an oration by Gen. Logan.

BUFFALO.—The Fenian leaders are in council here investigating the late disaster and adopting measures for reorganization.

OGDENSBURG.—All is quiet along the lines. The Canadian authorities at Prescott arrested a number of persons supposed to be Canadian Fenians returning from Malone.

The United States Marshal is furnishing transportation for the Fenians returning home. Two hundred passed for the South to-night.

MALONE.—The excitement continues, and the Fenians are demoralized, but orderly, and are all anxious to get home.

ST. ALBANS.—J. Boyle O'Reilly has been arrested by the Marshal and lodged in jail.

RICHMOND.—There was an affray on broad street this evening, in which Congressman Porter and Collector Humphreys were roughly handled.

DETROIT.—Several Fenians who left here to take part in the invasion, arrived home to-day, thoroughly disgusted. They refuse to have anything more to do with the brotherhood. No more men will be sent from this quarter and appearances indicate that the Canadian movement is at an end. All rumors of invasion from this city or neighborhood are without foundation.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—The annual decoration of the soldiers' graves of the Grand Army of the Republic were participated in by the Federal troops, the militia and civilians.

The editor of the *Mazepa*, a flash paper, was shot through the head, to-day, on Montgomery street, for publishing a scurrilous article; it is probable he will not die. The owners of the Mexican grant in northern California, encourage immigration and have thrown 50,000 acres of land in Shasta valley, near the California and Oregon Railroad, into the market at three dollars per acre.

MALONE.—A special says that the escape of Edward J. Maux, the Fenian, has caused extra precautions to be taken against similar attempts by the remaining prisoners, and Captain Harlon, in command of the guard house, states that the first man who moves ten feet beyond the sentry lines, will be shot down without any mercy. The efforts of the United States troops and the Marshal for the recapture of Maux have, up to now, been futile. The United States Marshal is determined to arrest every Fenian officer he can find.

At a meeting in Brooklyn, last night, \$500 were subscribed to aid in bringing home the Fenians.

MALONE.—The Catholic church was searched last evening without any result, for Fenian arms. The Fenian leaders have been taken to Canadaigua jail.

ALBANY.—The Governor has authorized Colonel Levery to proceed to Malone and furnish the Fenians with transportation home. Hon. W. M. Tweed advances the money for the New Yorkers.

The proposed race between the Tyne watermen and St. John's crew will be rowed in September, on the St. Lawrence. The prize is a thousand pounds, and the course six miles.

SAN FRANCISCO, 31.—The ship *Niagara*, from Hong Kong, was released from quarantine to-day, when several hundred Chinese landed, who were shamefully maltreated while passing through the streets.

WHEELING.—While the daughter of the jailor, and his assistant, were taking breakfast to the prisoners in the county jail this morning, they were forced into a cell and locked up by means of a false key. Twelve prisoners then succeeded in opening the hall door, quietly walked out and escaped; only four, so far, have been recaptured. One prisoner, indicted for murder, refused to join the conspiracy, and gave the alarm upon the escape of his companions.

A letter from the Darien Ship Canal Expedition received here, indicates that Commander Selfridge will shortly complete his surveys and he will report that he can find no practicable route for a ship canal over the Isthmus of Darien.

The supervisor of Eastern Pennsylvania says that the whiskey ring is suppressed in Philadelphia and that the thirty-three distilleries running in his district are all complying with the revenue laws.

MADISON, IND.—John Gavin was engaged in a quarrel this evening with one Messmore, when Judge Lucks, of the criminal court, interfered to separate the parties; when Gavin turned upon the judge, and the friends of Gavin joining, the affray became general. The county marshal attempted to arrest Gavin, who resisted and threatened to shoot the marshal, and drew a pistol, when the latter fired at Gavin, killing him instantly.

MEMPHIS.—Reports from Arkansas, Northern Mississippi, and North Alabama, represent the corn crop as unusually good.

The Northern Pacific Railroad bill has been signed by the President.

The government has information that a first-class European power, possessing only a few sea ports, has offered the Dominican government two million dollars for the bay of Samina, in case the treaty with the United States is not ratified.

(Continued on ninth page.)