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TRUTH AND LIBERTY

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FIFTY-SECOND YEAR SALT LAKE CITY "LONG TALK" MAN.

Manager Murray of the Bell Telephone Company Makes Arrangements to Build Missing Link.

Mont., Aug. 22.—D. C. Murray, manager of the Bell Telephone Company, is here and announces that arrangements have been reached between his company and the Northwest telephone company whereby there will be at once a complete telephone link between the two oceans. The Rocky Mountain telephone company will build from its terminus at Billings to the city, while the Northwest company will build west from its North terminus to the same place, thus making a complete circuit via Salt Lake City, Portland, from Boston to New York and Los Angeles, undisturbed by the longest line in direct communication in the world.

COMMITTEE AND CHIEF CONFER.

Chief of Police Department Says He Will Not Enforce Sunday Closing Ordinance Unless He is Convinced Improvement Will Follow Such Action.

The members of the Deseret Sunday closing committee waited upon Chief of Police Hilson this morning and held a consultation with him on matters relating to the enforcement of the law. The chief was asked what he had to say towards checking vice among the people and he informed the committee that he had instructed his men to keep a sharp eye on the saloons, and that he was not going to close them unless he was convinced that the saloons should be closed. The committee then discussed the matter and the chief said that he would not enforce the law unless he was convinced that the saloons should be closed. The committee then discussed the matter and the chief said that he would not enforce the law unless he was convinced that the saloons should be closed.

FINE BUILDING SITE IN DENMARK.

Later-day Saints Buy a Valuable Piece of Ground in Very Center of the Danish Capital—Will Erect a Meeting House.

The branch of the Church at Copenhagen, Denmark, has recently acquired the best piece of property in the Danish capital. This is, it is believed, the most valuable site in the city, and is situated in the very center of the city in close proximity to the principal streets. The property cost \$10,000, and the purchase includes a house that is standing on it. It is the purpose of the Saints in Copenhagen to erect a handsome modern chapel on the premises and to begin work at once. It is estimated that the Church will cost about \$12,000. This will make the property the most valuable holdings of the Church in Europe. The lot on which the church will be built contains 65,000 square feet. Heretofore the Saints in Copenhagen have always rented the chapel in which they have held services, and they have been unable to gain access into any house that was centrally located. The possession of a fine church in the very heart of the city will be a source of pride as well as strength.

FORMER UTAH MAN EATEN BY BEAR

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 21.—The remains of John McCarthy, fish and game commissioner of Arizona, who has been missing for some time, were found in the Mogollon mountains near Flagstaff today by a searching party. He had been literally torn to pieces by a bear, presumably, that he had tried to kill.

APPEAL FOR INDIAN WAR HEROES

To the Editor: In your issue of the 15th inst. is a notice of the gathering of the Manila Peninsula association and the great honor accorded them. My heart swells with patriotism for them and more especially for the famous Utah battery boys, for many of them are the sons of the early Indian war veterans who stood through thick and thin in defense of our country and homes with no pay, or equipments only as furnished by the government. We have appealed to Congress for recognition for our losses. Many were killed by the Indians; many were killed by exposure; others were killed by disease. We are now suffering from the declining days of the war veterans. We are as much in the service of the government as a duty authorized governor of a territory can make a territorial militia. We were organized and ordered to arm ourselves and to drill with gun and forty rounds of ammunition as the law directed or be court-martialed and pay a fine of five dollars or more. I do not remember an instance of any delinquent. I remember on one occasion of an Indian outbreak. The wife said: "My dear husband, aren't you afraid that you may be killed by the Indians?" The reply was: "If I ever die short of old age, I want to die on the battle field in defense of my country. I need be."

ASIA E. BIGELOW.

ALL FAVORABLE TO THE MASTERS

Hundred Men Safely Gotten Into the Star Mill Plant.

REPRIMAND ARRESTED MEN

Hereafter, Magistrate McGarvey Says, Full Penalty of the Law Will be Imposed on Peace Disturbers.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 22.—The developments in the steel strike this morning were all favorable to the masters. Early this morning the American Tin Plate company succeeded in getting 100 men safely inside the gates of the Star plant on Twelfth street in this city and preparations were in progress for starting up two mills before the close of the day; another crew was put on at the Lindsey and McCutcheon works in Allegheny and the "Jinney" mill started and 250 men were reported at work in the Painter plant on the south side.

The seven foreigners arrested for disturbing the peace at the Pennsylvania Tube plant last evening were given a hearing by Magistrate McGarvey this morning and severely reprimanded. All were discharged but one, who was fined for having a dangerous weapon in his possession. The magistrate requested the Amalgamated officials to instruct the foreigners as to the rights of others as well as how far they may themselves go without breaking the law. He then said:

"The recorder, the police and the magistrates mean to maintain civil order at all costs. Hereafter, I want it very clearly understood, any one who is arrested in connection with strike disorders will be made to feel the utmost penalty of the law. The police department, myself, Director J. O. Brown and Superintendent Leslie, no matter how our personal sympathies go, have but one duty to perform, and that is to protect the commonwealth, and this duty will be fully carried out."

Inspector Henry Whitehouse is an efficient officer, and he and other officers were sent down to the various works to do their duty and they will do it. It is not the duty of the officers to Amalgamated association to inform the men that have been arrested and those not arrested, that strikers must not congregate at the mills, at the street corners or even on the streets, and if they do so, especially after warning, it will be the duty of the magistrates to impose on them the utmost penalty of the law. It is a disgraceful state of affairs when the police, as in this case, had to draw their revolvers to protect those whom they had arrested from being taken from the patrol wagon. The excuse that these men did not understand English will not count. On other less important occasions, they understand it very well, but when they get into trouble they plead ignorance of the English language. Let it be fully understood that the laws of this country are to be enforced. When the workers are to be fully enforced at all hazards, and that ignorance of the law will not be accepted as a plea."

The arrival from the east of 20 non-union men for work in the Star tin-plate works was attended by great excitement but no disorder. When the train reached the Union station it was met by Police Captain John J. Cronin and a squad of 25 men who surrounded the new workmen and marched to the mill. Several hundred strikers followed and attempted to talk to the men, but the police kept the strikers on the outside of the pavement. When the workers were reached, the non-union men filed through the gates which were quickly closed, leaving the strikers on the outside. Not a hiss or fear was heard. The police requested the strikers to leave and they at once dispersed. The police were then released and only the regular watchmen were left on guard. All is now quiet and no trouble is apprehended.

Previous to the arrival of the eastern men, 15 men entered the works. They were not molested. The company had a number of men in the works since the strike. The rollers, one of them Homestead and another from the south side are in the plant, ready to go to work. Active preparations are going on for immediate resumption of the work. The strikers claim that in less than a week the entire plant will be in operation.

There was much excitement in McKeesport last night especially about the Denver tin plate works. Several hundred strikers assembled about the plant to thwart any attempt to introduce non-union men which was expected to take place during the night. There was a report circulated that the works would resume today, and the strikers kept up their vigilance until daylight this morning but no non-union men were taken into the works, and all is quiet there now. However, three furnaces were lighted yesterday and everything points to an early resumption of operations. The plant is the pioneer in the tin plate industry in the United States and when running full employs about 500 men.

The report that the Amalgamated association will enter suits against the operating companies of the United States Steel corporation, charging violation of the Pennsylvania law respecting the discharge of union labor, is denied by William J. Brennan, solicitor for the workers' organization who said that the association will not seek to terminate the strike by litigation or attack the legality of the United States Steel corporation in the courts.

Notices have been posted at the National tube works, McKeesport, requesting the strikers to call at the company's office tomorrow and Saturday and receive their money.

NO EVIDENCE YET AGAINST M'BRIDE

Postal Inspectors Watching Him at Boise, Idaho. SAYS HE'S BEEN HOUNDED.

Touching Devotion of Mrs. McBride—How Idaho Paper Treats the Case—A New Turn.

The arrest on suspicion of Frank McBride in Baker City, Ore., as the probable author of the big robbery of registered mail at the Salt Lake postoffice on the night of July 31st, has occasioned considerable comment around town, and opinion seems to vary regarding his guilt or innocence. No one can be found who saw the accused man in this city on the 31st or in the neighborhood of that date, and besides he claims that he can prove his presence in Logan at that time. If he can do this, and the postoffice people cannot establish any better case than they have so far, McBride must be considered as innocent of the crime, and in addition, a much persecuted man.

SHERIFF FIRES ON MOB OF LYNCHERS

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 22.—A News staff correspondent at Asheville wires at 12:50 p. m. that Sheriff North and deputies have just fired on a mob who were seeking to lynch Jim Brown, the negro rapist who was today tried and convicted at that place, and that Walter Blankenship and Jamie Blankenship, two members of the mob, were fatally wounded. One hundred shots were fired, and the mob retreated, but were reforming to make another attack. The sheriff is trying to get communication with the governor to secure the military.

SAM STRONG, MILLIONAIRE, SHOT

Had a Row with Grant Crumley, a Cripple Creek Saloon Zepp.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Aug. 22.—Sam Strong, the millionaire mine owner, was shot and killed this morning by Grant Crumley, the shooting took place in the Newport saloon, owned by Crumley. John Neville, Strong's father-in-law, and Crumley got into an altercation. Strong, believing that his father-in-law was in danger, drew a revolver, Crumley jumped behind the bar, grabbed a shot gun and blew a hole through Sam Strong's head. He gave himself up to the police a few minutes later.

Strong formerly owned the famous mine at Victor which bears his name, and he had other valuable mining properties in the Cripple Creek district.

Royal Scottish Clans Convene.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 22.—The Royal Scottish clans continued their 25th biennial convention at this place today. The following officers were elected: President, John Neville, Strong's father-in-law, and Crumley got into an altercation. Strong, believing that his father-in-law was in danger, drew a revolver, Crumley jumped behind the bar, grabbed a shot gun and blew a hole through Sam Strong's head. He gave himself up to the police a few minutes later.

Overshadowed Turkish Incident.

Paris, Aug. 22.—The approaching visit of the czar to France largely overshadows the interest taken in the Franco-Turkish incident. The apathy of the public is reflected by the comments of the newspapers. They generally express confidence in a peaceful settlement of the dispute.

Mrs. Beckman Better.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 22.—The physicians state that she is much encouraged. Mrs. Beckman's condition this morning. She slept almost all night, and her temperature has come down to 100. All of Mrs. Beckman's family are with her.

Mr. Hay at His Desk.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Secy. Hay was back at his desk at the state department today having been absent only one official day during his conference with the President at Canton.

ARRESTED FOR ABDUCTION

Negro Induces White Girl to Live With Him.

Mary Moore, a Handsome Blonde, Leaves Her Home in Idaho—Was Infatuated.

[Special to the "News."]
Ogden, Aug. 22.—George White, colored, whose real name is George Lewis, was arrested here last night by Detective Pender and Officer Farr, charged with abduction. Lewis is a porter on the Oregon Short Line, and runs between Ogden and Dubois, Idaho. It seems that in the latter place Lewis met a very prepossessing young woman who gives her name as Mary Moore. She fell in love with him and about three weeks ago he brought her to Ogden, where they lived together in a rooming house. The negro seems to have tired of his fair victim and of late he has been absenting himself from her rooms. By way of retaliation she swore out a complaint against him, charging him with abduction and the officers prepared to arrest him, when he came in on his train Tuesday evening. His friends, however, sent him warning that he would be arrested, so he jumped from the train before it reached the city. He went on to Salt Lake later in the evening and remained there all night. Yesterday he received word from some of his friends here advising him to come back and face the charge. He made up his mind to act upon the advice and returned last evening, when he was arrested.

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No evidence to show that he is guilty of the robbery has yet been adduced beyond the fact that a rumor of a very indirect character was abroad today to the effect that he visited the city at about that time and kept himself pretty well concealed. That is not very direct evidence, as may be seen. In Baker City, the postoffice inspectors have released him, but are keeping him under close surveillance. They are just as convinced that he is the man they want, and if he isn't as Inspector Sharp put it, they are "wasting time fooling with him."

A touching feature of the case is the devotion which Mrs. McBride has shown her husband all through the postoffice trouble in 1898, and in the face of the new charges which confront him. She is living quietly at her home in Bonfield, with her two children, waiting for her husband to get settled in business some place, when he has promised to send for her. She does not believe that McBride was guilty of the first offense, and she has implicit confidence in his ability to prove an alibi on this occasion. Regarding his association with the Claypool woman, Mrs. McBride avers that her husband has been pursued and hounded by the former, and that it was she who caused his original downfall. He has visited his wife, Mrs. McBride says, nearly every day since he has been away, such letters as no man could write who did not love his wife and children.

SAYS HE WAS HOUNDED.

Associated Press Dispatch from Baker City—Shows New Turn.

Postmaster Thomas stated yesterday that he had received no word concerning the arrest of McBride, and was in ignorance as to the details or possible outcome of the affair. Inspector Sharp is on his way to Oregon. It is not known whence the inspectors have, or that they have anything tangible, unless it was discovered when he was searched at the time of his arrest. On July 28, Revenue Collector Callister saw McBride at Cache Junction. The young man was on his way, he said, to Logan, where he claims to have been on July 31, the date of the robbery. No one has yet been found who saw McBride in Salt Lake on the day of the robbery, but a rumor reached Postmaster Thomas from an indirect source yesterday that he visited the city somewhere about that time and had kept himself pretty well concealed.

CHARGES AT BOISE.

daho Paper Handles McBride as an "Oily Crook."

The following from the Boise Statesman will be interesting to McBride's friends in this city. The claims which are alleged to have been made by the inspectors are denied by them, but the reporter asserts that he took their statements down in shorthand. It is interesting anyway:

"A quartet of postal inspectors have been making some investigation in Boise for the past few days. They left the city Sunday without having accomplished their object, although they may have obtained clues here that will lead to the arrest of the man they are after."

"The fellow goes by the name of F. M. McBride. He is wanted for using the mails for the purpose of defrauding."

McBride, who is said to be a very oily article, claims to represent certain eastern periodicals, the owners of which have informed the postal authorities he is not authorized to act for them, but that he is a rank impostor.

"His plan of operation is to call to people, whose names he has in some manner received, announcements that he will be in their city on a certain day to present to them certain propositions, presumably concerning the sale of whereby they can secure at a very low price leading publications."

"The postal authorities, by intercepting his mail, traced him to Boise. He had left orders at Nampa to have his mail forwarded here."

"The inspectors are still hot on his trail, however, and believe they will land him."

"Inspectors Mullen and Sharpe were in the party of inspectors."

CAPT. T. F. SCHLEY'S OFFICIAL REPLY.

Says He Has Had No Interview—Remarks Made in Private Conversation Were Distorted and Extended.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Capt. Thomas F. Schley, Twenty-third Infantry, has made an official reply to the war department regarding the alleged interview credited to him in the matter of the Schley court of inquiry. Capt. Schley says that he has had no interview and has talked for publication with no person. He also says that some remarks made by him in private conversation were picked up, distorted and extended upon and the publication misrepresented what he said in a friendly conversation with other gentlemen. The letter is regarded at the department as completely exonerating Capt. Schley and as a satisfactory explanation of the alleged interview.

THE PREPONDERANCE OF AMERICA

Prof. Edwin Suss of Berlin Gives His Ideas—Confirms Anti-American Views of Continental Manufacturers and Economists—Interview Attracts Attention.

Berlin, Aug. 22.—Prof. Edwin Suss, the eminent publicist and paleontologist, has given an interview respecting the industrial and political preponderance of the United States that attracts much attention, especially as it confirms the anti-American views of continental manufacturers and economists.

The professor, surveying international relations from the standpoint of a political philosopher, observes that while the French revolution was occasioned by the abuses of the privileged classes, the present situation has been caused by a revolution of material conditions. The declining national sentiment and the common defense of the central European states against the American trusts which are moving to conquer the foreign markets more surely than they could be conquered by battleships. The American balance of trade has reached an unparalleled figure. It was a serious question if the present political units of central Europe were strong enough to make an effective defense, taking into account the physical conditions. The present shifting of the center of gravity of the world's forces would create three great units—China, Russia and America. When China was equipped with railroads the people would find that she had the most capable merchants and the cheapest labor. Russia would have the largest army and be the greatest peasant state. European capital would flow to the United States and would be an important increase of her economic prosperity. Of the three the United States had decidedly the lead. Its policy was commercial aggression beyond doubt and states like the American union and Russia had gained far more in the way of mobilization of their powers from the construction of railroads than such countries as Germany and France.

ANADARKO IS ALMOST DESTROYED

El Reno, O. T., Aug. 22.—A wind and rain storm amounting almost to a tornado, nearly demolished the new town of Anadarko last evening. W. P. Levis, of Weatherford, Texas; John Antonio, of Paris, Texas, and Dr. Mayse, of Wichita, Kansas, were killed by falling buildings and a number of others were injured. About twenty buildings were almost completely wrecked, and hundreds of tents and great quantities of merchandise were strewn over the prairie. The wreckage will soon be cleared away and buildings replaced. The damage will amount to thousands of dollars, but cannot be estimated accurately.

KNOWN INJURED.

Sam. P. Nelson, Kansas City, may not recover. Dan Warren, Storey county, Internally and seriously injured. Others are reported injured, but it is believed none will die. The storm struck without warning about 8 o'clock. The postoffice building was completely wrecked as were the frame buildings of W. H. Kitchener, drugs; J. C. Bell, hardware, and a dozen others of the largest business firms. The buildings used by the county officials were damaged but none of the occupants injured. After the storm had spent its fury, the moon shone out beautifully over a scene of hundreds of wrecked tents and scattered debris, and displayed hundreds of people running here and there, gathering up their families and belongings together. At Hobart there was almost a cloud-burst, two and one-half inches of rain falling in a hour. Thousands of dollars worth of merchandise in unfinished buildings and tents was ruined, but as far as can be learned no one was hurt.

BAR ASSOCIATION MEETING.

Congressman Littlefield Makes an Address on "The Insular Cases."

Denver, Colo., Aug. 22.—The general council of the American Bar association has decided that women are not eligible for membership in the association under the present constitution. This decision was reached in the case of Mrs. Jane B. Ott, of Des Moines, Iowa, who had applied for membership. The council was almost evenly divided on the question. It was finally decided to let the matter go over a year and then take up the question of appointing a committee to draft an amendment to the constitution which will make women eligible.

The feature of the morning session today of the American Bar association's meeting was the annual address, which was delivered by Congressman Charles E. Littlefield, of Maine. His subject was "The Insular Cases." These cases, he said, considered in the manner in which the results were reached, the incongruity of the results, and the variety of inconsistent views expressed by the different members of the court were without a parallel in our judicial history.

Taking up the first case, known as DeLima vs. Bidwell, stating the opinion of every member of the Supreme Court on the same, the speaker said Justice Brown did not announce his conclusion, and judgment of the court, affirming the judgment of the court below but rendered none of his own. Referring to the opinions of Justices White, Shiras and McKenna, in the same case, the speaker said:

"Technically speaking, there is no opinion of the court to sustain the judgment. If the DeLima case (known as DeLima vs. U. S.) is controlled by the 'Downes cases,' said Mr. Littlefield, 'there would seem to be no good reason why it should not have been decided. That it was not, raises the inference that it would be decided adversely to the government, or that there is a greater difference of opinion than usual in the cases of this kind.'

Fight for Will Favors.

Oklahoma City, O. T., Aug. 22.—There is to be a determined fight for the possession of Will Favors, the negro porter charged with the murder of Miss Isabelle Wild at Pecos City, Mo., where three negroes, innocent men were lynched for the crime. Habeas corpus proceedings were begun today in the district court here for the release of Favors, a number of prominent Oklahomans, who have employed attorneys to defend him. Officer Saunders of Pecos City, who is here to secure Favors, declares that he is the real culprit, and he employed attorneys to represent the state of Missouri. Governor Jenkins will be misinformed until after a requisition for Favors until after all danger of a lynching has passed.