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New Government Will Appoint Committee to Investigate Insurance Business.

TO BE MOVED VERY SHORTLY.

May Require Foreign Companies to Keep Part of Assets in Great Britain.

London, March 27 .- The Earl of Granard in behalf of the hoard of trade, replying in the house of lords today to the Earl of Onslow, who on March 9 gave notice of his intention to ask the government whether, in view of the disclosures made regarding certain American insurance companies, it intended to compel foreign companies do ing business in Great Britain to keep in this country a sufficient proportion of their securities to cover the claims of British policyholders, said the govern ment would appoint a select commit tee to consider the question.

In introducing the subject the Earl of Onslow reviewed the evidence of the Armstrong committee, from which he concluded that there was no guaran that policyholders might not awa not awak some morning to find that the assets had disappeared. In England, Lord Onslow said, a quarter of a million people were interested in the affairs of the American insurance companies, and the country could not allow that the slightest risk of loss should exist for those who had invested their small savings in insurance. He hoped the government would introduce legislation such as had been adopted elsewher compelling the companies to deposi available assets to meet their liabili

During the course of his reply th Earl of Granard said that the sugges tion of a guarantee to policyholders on the part of foreign insurance companies was not unreasonable. The government had carefully considered the matter, and had concluded that the best way to meet the request was by the appointment of a select committee, which he hoped he would be able to move very shortly

is understood that Mr. Haldeman It is understood that Mr. Haldeman took the step he did at the suggestion of the larger policyholders, whose prox-ies he will hold in the effort to organ-ize British policyholders to press for reform. Mr. Haldeman probably will go to America when he retires from the British management of the Mutual Life and ally himself with Stuyvesant Fish and his associates in the appoint-ment of committees with the view of legislation. legislation

result of the same agitation which induced Mr. Haldeman to resign has been some talk of the New York Life Insurance company, and the Equitable Insurance company and the Education Life Assurance society withdrawing from Great Britain, since the result of the disclosures of the last year has caused a loss and if the legislation sug-gested is carried out and this will prob-ably be realized. The Mutual Life In-surance of New York, however, is too argely interested in Great Britain to such a sten.

Augustus Julliard of New York, a trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, was interviewed tonight. He said nothing had been decided yet regarding the company business in London, but he was start-ing for New York on board the steamer Baltic tomorrow, and would submit a statement to President Peabody and Joseph H. Choate. Nothing, he sold would be done contrary to Mr. Choate's advice. Mr. Juillard said he had no in terest in the matter except the protect tion of policyholders, and they would save their money by sticking to their policies. "The money is there," he said, "Brit-The money is there, he said, brit-ish accountants have examined the af-fairs of the company and found its as-sets absolutely correct, with a large surplus. I am sure the company will eveloome a further examination by any actuary the British policyholders care to appoint.' Robertson Lawson, the accountant, a leading member of the policyholders' committee, said: committee, said: "What we want is to obtain a trans-fer of assets of the company to Eng-land sufficient to protect the interests of the policyholders. If the head office declines to accede or refuses to cut away its British business and transfer a portion of its assets, it will have to conduct its business in Great Britain at a serious loss, as public confidence is not likely to be restored under the present trustees."



The wife of a leading druggist of Des Moines tells how her brother was changed from a dyspeptic without ap-petite to a prodigious eater.

"My brother, who is a lawyer in Chicago, came to visit me and I hardly knew him on his arrival he was so thin knew him on his arrival he was so thin and run down. I had not seen him for years and was much alarmed at his appearance. He told me not to worry as he had been in this condition for years as a result of chronic dyspepsia. I asked him what he had done for it, and he said he had done everything— taken every remedy he had ever heard of and consulted doctors without num-ber, none of them helped him. I asked him if he ever took Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and he said he hadn't and what was more he wouldn't. He had sworn off taking medicine of any kind, 'T had my husband bring home a box

"I had my husband bring home a box out the store and I actually made him take one or two of the tablets after he and Mr. McCumber divited the time had eaten. They made him feel so much better that he offered no further of the senate today, the North Dakota senator devoting himself to the railroad objection. He had not taken the one box before he was greatly improved and three or four boxes cured him of rate question exclusively and the South and three or four boxes cured him of dyspepsia and gave him a wonderful appetite. He came near eating its out of house and home. My, but it did me good to see him eat. He gained fifteen pounds before he returned home, and he writes me that he has not been troubled with dyspepsia since." Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets actually do the work assigned to them. They relieve weak and overburdened stom-achs of their work of digestive action. Their component parts are identical Carolina senator discussing various questions. Mr. Tillman made especial inquiry concerning the status of his resolution relative to the use of national bank

funds in politics, and incidentally spoke of Dist.-Atty. Jerome's recent utter ances and of Judge Humphrey's decision in the beef trust cases, declaring Their component parts are identical with those of the digestive fluids and secretions of the stomach and they in the latter matter that the decision against the attorney-general had mere y reaped what he had sown in the case of former Secy, Paul Morton. Mr. Foraker defended Judge Humsimply take up the grind and carry on the work just the same as a good, strong, healthy stomach would do it. phreys, and Mr. Tillman declared that he had not meant to attack the judge, On this account Stuart's Dyspensia Tablets are perfectly natural in their action and effects. They do not cause out the law Mr. McCumber picked innumerable flaws in the rate bill, predicting that if enacted into law it would fail entirely to meet the demands of the public. He

Washington, March 27.-Mr. Tillman

action and effects. They do not cause any unnatural or violent disturbance in the stomach or bowels. They them-selves digest the food and supply the system with all the nourishment con-tained in what is eaten and carry out Nature's plans for the sustenance and maintenance of the body. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, by thus relieving the stomach of its work, enable it to recuperate and regain its mormal health and strength. Nature said, however, he would vote for the if properly amended. Tillman spoke of Judge Hum-Mr. phrey's recent decision in the beef packers' case, and declared that the tendency was to punish a man of straw, the corporations, without pay-ing attention to the individuals. He declared that we were "too in-fernally anylous" about this artificial

ormal health and strength. Nature epairs the worn and wasted tissues ast as she heals and knits the bone of fernally anxious" about this artificial man; he wanted the beneficiary looked a broken limb, which is of course not used during the process of repair. after.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50 cents a box. One box will frequently effect a per-fect cure.

rel with the minority leader, well and

ood." (Applause.) Mr. Shakleford replied in the midst good of the confusion which ensued: "I deny, Mr. Speaker that my quarrel with you has any such foundation."

TO SAVE NIAGARA FALLS.

President Submits a Report on the Matter to Congress.

Washington, March 27 .- In submitting to Congress the report of the interna-tional waterways commission regard-ing the preservation of Niagara falls, President Roosevelt sent a recommen-dation that a law be enacted along the lines of the recommendations of the report. The report has been published. The message of the president concludes as follows: "I hope that this nation will make it evident that it is doing all in its power

to preserve the great scenic wonder, the existence of which, unharmed, should be a matter of pride to every dweller on this continent." this continent

DESERET EVENING NEWS: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1906.

vote was announced.

pain in any part.

yo' self,"

Walker Bld's.

NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA SERIOUS CASE CURED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS Showing That This Remedy is Suited To the Most Delicate Stomach. Brought to the very verge of starva-tion by the rejection of all nourishment, her vitality almost destroyed, the re-covery of Mrs. J. A. Wyatt, of No. 1159 Seventh street, Des Moines, Iowa, seamed hopeless. Her physicians utterly failed to reach the seat of the difficulty and death must have resulted if she had not pursued an independent course sug-gested by her sister's experience. Goes After Judge Humphrey's Decision in Beef Packers' Case. not pursued an independent course sug-gested by her sister's experience. Mrs. Wyatt says: "I had pain in the region of the heart, palpitation and shortness of breath so that I could not walk very fast. My head ached very badly and I was scized with vomiting spells whenever I took any food. A doc-tor was called who pronounced the trouble gastritic, but he gave me no re-lief. Then I tried a second doctor with-out benefit. By this time I had become very weak. I could not keep the most delicate broth on my stomach, and at the end of a month I was scarcely more than skin and bone and was really starving to death. PUNISHING OF STRAW MAN. "Too Infernally Anxious" About Him Instead of the Responsible Individuals.

than skin and bone and was really starving to death. "Then I recalled how much benefit my sister had got from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to take them in place of the doctor's medicine. It preved a wise decision for they helped me as nothing else had done. Soon I could take weak tea and crackers and steadi-ly more nourishment. In two weeks I was able to leave my bed. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were the only thing that checked the vomiting and as soon as that was stopped my other difficulties left me. I have a vigorous appetite now that was stopped my other dimensions left me. I have a vigorous appetite now and am able to attent to all the duties of my home. I praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to all my of my home. I praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pals People to all my friends because I am thoroughly con-vinced of their merit." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are absoulutely guar inteed to be entirely harmless to the most delicate constitution and may be taken without fear. They have cured thousands of cases and if you will write to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., stating your trouble, you will re-ceive a frank reply. If the pills will

N. 1., stating your trouble, you will re-ceive a frank reply. If the pills will cure you, proof will be furnished: If they are not suited for your trouble, you will be honestly told so.

ritories to be one rich realm of liberty, fraternity and equal prosperity from beean to ocean."

KILLED BY A CAVE-IN.

KILLED BY A CAVE-IN. Butte, Mont., March 27.—One man was killed and three injured, one of whom may die, in a cave-in in the Bell mine this afternoon. Robert McCauley was so badly crushed that he died soon after being taken to the hospital. John R. Lynch, his partner, is in a precarlous condition. Foreman W. G. Flood and Michael Joy, shift boss, were able to leave the hospital after having their in-juries dressed. The ground had been loosened by dy-namite blasts and the fall came without warning. fter. No doubt, he said, the law was orrectly interpreted, but that was the rouble-he wanted the law reformed "Now there's Mr. Jerome," he said 'He, too, has fallen from grace and he out against reform. So here we go. The dear people are told that we are do-ing our best for them, but that the

was the direct progenitor of the doc-trine that the corporations could be warning. punished, but not their officers and stockholders. He had laid down the principle in the case of Mr. Morton, and the president had accepted the doctrine, both exclaiming, "he's clean and honorable and should be immune; so office the diver relieved"



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3:40 a.m.

3:40 p.m. 5:15 p.m.

4:00 p.m. 10:50 a.m. 5:40 p.m.

No. 6-From Ogden and Local West No. 12-From Ogden and Local

No. 101-From Park City No. 9-From Heber, Provo and

Marysvale No. 113-From Bingham No. 115-From Bingham No. 4-From Ogden and the

of his jaundice," remarked Mr. Spooner, "and put aside some of his suspicions of his fellow senators, he would get on better." Mr. Tiliman declared that he could not accept legal refinements in the

place of common sense. Mr. Foraker made an inquiry as to what question was before the senate. "I am before the senate," responded

dear old Constitution stands in the He declared that the attorney-general LIQUOR TAX RAISED.

Columbus, O., March 27.-The Aiken bill, increasing the liquor tax through-

SPEAKER CANNON ANSWERS MR. SHACKLEFORD'S ATTACK

Washington, March 27.—Hardly had the reading of the journal been com-pleted in the house today when Mr. Littauer of New York called up the urgent deficiency bill.

Explaining the provisions of the bill, said, the first item related to the third third international conference of American states which is to be held h Rio de Janeiro, beginning July 21, 1906.

Mr. Shackleford of Miss ouri secured Mr. Shackleford of Miss suri secured permission to complete the remarks which he had been interrupted in making last week regarding a bill put-ting Missouri soldiers on the pension list. He read a carefully orepared statement in which he accused the speaker of holding up a most meri-torious bill, and said that the speaker's heavy hand had been placed on the measure. Speaker Cannon hereupon arose and to the surprise of the house said:

Vatupa

NAVAL SHIPBUILDING PROGRAM.

the South Carolinian. Washington, March 27 .- The house ommittee on naval affairs decided t torted Mr. Foraker. Mr.

own petard.'

committee on naval affairs decided to-day to report a building program for new ships in the navy as follows: One battleship to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, \$6,000,000, the ship to be of the largest type, the tonnage to be determined by the secre-tary of the navy; three torpedoboat destroyers, to cost \$750,000 each, and \$1,-000,000 to be expended by the secretary of the navy for submarine boats at his discretion. discretion

naval bill will carry a total of \$99,750,000. The current law aggregates \$103,000,000. The committee placed an item of \$100,-

000 in the bill for the repair of the old

000 in the bill for the repair of the old ship Constitution. The construction of a dry dock at Bremerton, Puget sound, was author-ized, with an appropriation of \$100,000 to begin the work. The total cost of the dock is estimated at \$1,250,000. A floating steel dock for the Atlantic coast was also authorized and \$100,000 coast was also authorized, and \$100,000 appropriated to begin construction. The cost of this dock is estimated at \$1,400,-

GREAT GOLD FIND

AT MANHATTAN.

Goldfield, Nev., March 27.--Two great trikes have settled the future of Manhat-an as a remarkable gold camp. The first was made last week on the property of he Manhatan Consolidated Mining comthe Manhatan Consolidated Mining com-pany and ran \$1 a pound or \$2,600 to the ton. The second strike and one of equal importance to the camp, is the wonderful finding just made on the Annie Laurie cluim of the Manhattan Mining com-pany of Nevada, where one panning 25 cents to every panning made from less than half a pound of ore, was found in a streak is inches wide. This means a valu-ation of over a thousand dollars to the ton.

Over eight million dolliars is now invested in the camps of southern Nevada. The Venture corporation, with its \$10,000,-600 capitalization, is represented. Men like Schwab, Newbouse, McCornick, Rice, Far-rell, Posep, Keith and Kearns are be-coming more heavily interested every day,

NEW SPANISH TARIFF.

heavy hand had been placed on the measure. Speaker Cannon hereupon arose and to the surprise of the house said: "Just a second, and a second only. I have listened to the gentleman from Missouri, Mr. Shakleford. If it affords him any consolation to make me a stalking horse on account of the quar-

Is to love children, and no

home can be completely

happy without them, yet the



from getting togteher again."

Atlanta, Ga., March 27.-The memo-rial exercises in honor of Gen. Joseph Wheeler were held here today. Repre-sentatives of the veterans of the Civil war and the Spanish war, in both of which Gen. Wheeler served, united to do him honor and to speak of his deeds and character. The parade was not given here of rain

character. The parade was not given because of rain. Daughters of Gen. Wheeler were the honored guests of the day. Gen. Clement A. Evans of Georgia, in the absence of Gen. Lee, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate veterans, spoke of "Wheeler, a Type of the South-ern Soldier and American Citizen." He said in part:

spoke of "Wheeler, a Type of the South-ern Soldier and American Citizen." He said in part: "Gen. Wheeler was a true type of the patriotic soldier of our tree nation, whose sword is never drawn except at the call of duty and always sheathed when that duty has been discharged. "I submit to the generous thought of all our countrymen that in the facts of his life. Wheeler simply illustrated in a grand way the characteristics of Confed-erate soldiers and the southern people. Their sensibilities were cut to the quick by any distrust of their fidelity to the terms of surrender, or any challenge of their complete loyalty to the govern-ment. Their deeds have redeemed their works at the golden value of honor's sa-cred piege. As it was with Wheeler, so it was and so it is with all his people. "The attempt to reconcile the south is a waste of philanthrophy. It reconciled help and now halls all reciprocal recon-ciliation, let it come as it will." "The south recognizes its share of ro-sponsibility for the good government of the Union. It would have the entire iand to be all south from Canada to the Guif of Mexico, all north from the guif to the lakes, and all the states and ter-

lakes, and all the

spices, sugar, raisins, currants, bolled cider, and sait, without other preserva-tives or adulterants, no artificial color-ing, produced under conditions as near "Nothing unusual in that; the sen-ator is always before the senate," resanitary perfection as possible

This guarantee, which could not be bought at any price, ought to satisfy the most particular house-wife. The Tillman said if the Ohio senator desired to take him off the floor he could do so, but he would give him warning that he would make his speech on some other bill. Mr. McCumber addressed the senate

on the rate bill. He had read a resoluthe one. tion, offered several weeks ago, setting forth a number of subjects that should be provided for by amendments to the bill. These included terminal charges of all kinds, private car line charges and many other subjects not covered by the bill. Gardner Daily Store News

by the bill. He referred to the popular demand for the passage of the pending bill, and contended that when it becomes a law the people will not find in it all they expected to find. He pointed out defects in the bill, saying that an effort to fix rates would not result entirely to the disadvantage of the corporations or to the advantage of the public since the

to the advantage of the public since the lack of opposition on the part of the trusts. He traced the popular dissatis-faction to a world-wide restlessness, and not to the narrow field of the fixing of railroad rates. It is a contest be-tween the individual and the corpora-tion, he said.

"The trusts fix everything for us far in advance; each of them has a definite mortgage on the future of all of us.

off in all directions, and there could be no wonder that he is restless under the circumstances." he remarked. The gen-eral animsoity is directed at the rail-

roads most especially, he said, because they are more in evidence than other corporations. He did not believe that

relief would be secure until a way was found of controlling the corporations

that control the railroads. "Of what avail is it," he asked, "to reduce rates on beef 5 per cent if the beef trust gets

the benefit of the reduction? What we want is a law that will break each of

the trusts in a thousand pieces and then another that will prevent the pieces

sale of one million packages a month seems to prove the statement to be true. oYur grocer sells None-Such. Try it, and satisfy yourself. You are

It takes just such days as

we had yesterday to remind

one of what a good thing a

Better get one today, then

every rainy day will be a

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\$15.00 buys a very good

The better grades come as

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