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At the last Territorial Fair, in 1878, I was awarded one bronze medal, one diploma and six prizes, for the best Cut Flowers, Flowering Plants, Variegated Plants, Stocks, Roses, Hand Boquets, Table Boquets and Flower Baskets. I will also take contracts on Landscape Gardening. d130

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TO LEARN HOW TO DO IT READ AND HEED WHAT FOLLOWS.

SAVE YOUR HAIR.—The laws of Health and Longevity demand it, the customs of social life require it. The matter is of great importance in every way.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR.—It is the surpassing crown of glory, and for the loss of it there is no compensation.

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Discovered thirty-five years ago by Prof. Lyon, of N. Y., is the most perfect preparation in the world for preserving and beautifying the hair.

Besides being the best hair dressing ever produced, Lyon's Kathairon will positively prevent grayness, and will restore new hair to bald heads, if the roots and follicles are not destroyed.

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I had been entirely bald for several years, constitutional, I suppose. I used a few bottles of Kathairon, and, to my great surprise, I have a thick growth of young hair.

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He Makes the Best and Cheapest Dress and Business Suits in Salt Lake City. Give him a trial.

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WM. SALMON

Has opened a new depot for the sale and delivery of the celebrated

WEBER COAL.

At the City Meat Market, West Temple St., where he will be pleased to see old and new friends and customers. His prices will be: A ton delivered, $8 75. A ton at his new depot, $8 25. (Part in good Stovepay.)

GRAIN, BALED HAY AND KINDLING WOOD

Will be kept by him in full supply, and sold at lowest living figures.

Orders left at Squire's Barber Shop, the HERALD Office or at the Depot, West Temple Street, a block west of Kimball & Lawrence's store, will receive prompt attention. d11

NEW LAW ON

LAND!

ALL parties wishing to enter land, under the new homestead law or to do any business connected with the Land Office, are requested to call on CHAS. W. STAYNER, at his office between the Salt Lake Herald and Squires' barber shop, as he attends to the locating of Pre-emptions, Homesteads, Desert Land and all other land claims in Utah.

MR. STAYNER'S Office will be pointed out to visitors by calling at the General Tithing store, or the Deseret News Office, and parties will find it to their advantage to see him and get information before going to the Land Office or elsewhere.

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Last Nights Dispatches.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 15.—Hampton rose to a personal explanation. He said that Windom, in a recent speech stated that he (Hampton) had put into the democratic national platform of 1868, the plank declaring that the reconstruction acts of congress were usurpations and unconstitutional and void. He had time and again denied that he did so, and had proved that he did not before the Ku Klux investigating committee. He was satisfied the Senator did not intend to do him an injustice.

Windom—I did not, but during the campaign I saw what purported to be a speech of the Senator in which the Senator had used language implying the same thing.

Hampton—Perhaps I had used the words quoted.

Windom—The Senator does not deny that he made the speech, and this is all I want.

Thurman argued that trial by jury was a shield of the people and safeguard to liberty, and that the laws proposed to be repealed were enacted in the interests of the republican party. Though no Jefferies may hold his bloody assizes in this country, yet in a minor degree, if not to the full extent of these enormities, should be continued the court of justice, as Hallam says, would become caverns of judicial murders, and were instrumentalities of party feeling and personal advantage. He proceeded to analyze the laws proposed to be repealed and argued they were in the utmost degree oppressive as they shut out intelligence from the jury box, and punished those who could not take the ironclad oath because they had given a cup of cold water even to any one who had opposed the government. If the law were justifiable in war it was not so at the time when all should unite in the pacification of the country and to restore harmony everywhere. We should go back to the old paths of justice. Passing from the subject of juries, Thurman spoke of the subject of elections and their freedom from political interference and the necessity and justice of repealing the present laws which were instrumentalities of corruption and fraud.

Even if constitutional they should be repealed. He repudiated the idea that the democrats sneered at the Constitution. He reviewed the various sections of the election laws, objected to by the democrats on the ground of unconstitutionality and oppression, and made legal argument to show that they should be wiped from the statute books. The President, in his veto, had cited two provisions as warranting the enactment of these laws. First he cited article I, section 4 of the Constitution. The fifteenth amendment does not support the statutes, but the statutes go further and undertake to regulate the right of every citizen to vote, no matter what was his color or what was his previous condition. The Supreme Court has decided that these provisions are unconstitutional. The 15th amendment confers no rights upon any man to vote, but guarantees those otherwise qualified, against discrimination of any sort against voters. There is abundant provisions in these sections to prevent men from voting but not for their protection, and ample provision for black-guard deputy marshals drawn from the lowest purlieus of New York and Philadelphia. There is power for them to arrest without a warrant the most peaceful and reputable citizens who offer to vote, and bring him before the United States commissioner. They can tear a State justice from his seat where he is executing State laws; it is not a law to secure, but to prevent the right to vote.

Article 1, section 4 of the Constitution gives Congress power to regulate times, places and the manner of holding elections for Representatives. The laws sought to be repealed have nothing to do with the time and places as at first proposed by the league. These laws almost disfranchised every naturalized citizen of the United States and made it almost impossible to become naturalized. Senator Morton had confessed he could not support those sections, and had opposed them, and they were defeated. Of the 4,383 Supervisors appointed in 1876, there were 1,776 appointed in New York State. Of 11,610 Marshals over one quarter were in New York. Of $285,921 expended, how much went to protect poor Freedmen from the Night Rider, White Leaguer and Ku Klux who oppress him. In 1876, in the ten Southern States, $48,719 was expended, and in other States, $237,250. About one sixth South, and five-sixth North. Thus were Freedmen protected. For every dollar they gave to protect the negro, they spent five to corrupt elections North and deprive men of their right to vote there. Conkling had enumerated the various qualities of thugs and roughs which formed his constituency, but were New York City raked from Harlem to the battery there could not be found a worse set of men than the Deputy Marshals selected in 1876 and '78 were. More than half of the amount of money spent in the North was sent to New York State or $156,000. Some was sent to pacify the roughs in Pennsylvania, about $47,000. Then about $12,000 went to Maryland and $12,000 to Jersey City. This left only $63,000 for 30 other States. In 1878 there were 4,881 supervisors, of whom 1,953 were in New York, 1,862 in Pennsylvania, leaving only 1,066 for all the other States. Of the 4,725 marshals, over half were in New York. Of the $222,714 expended, only $18,241 went south. The gains in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey made by republicans will show why money was spent. The greatest gains were where the most money was spent. There was evidence that money was spent corruptly. Only deputies were appointed who promised to work for the republican candidates. If the democrats get the President in 1880, the republicans would clamor for a repeal of these laws. Another ox would be gored then. He said Davenport had made a nice sum from fees on affidavits for false registrations. This man should be held up to eternal infamy. Davenport got $34,000 of the secret service fund and never accounted for it. This man Davenport was a bigger man than half a dozen such Presidents as we have now in controlling elections. Davenport was not a pismire but an elephant.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 15.—Consideration was resumed of the Warner silver bill, the pending question being of Killenger to lay the bill and amendments on the table, which was decided in the negative—yeas 100, nays 126. The question then recurred on the second previous question, and it was seconded—yeas 119, nays 107. The result of the last two votes was greeted with applause on the democratic side. The question as to whether the amendments could be voted on gave rise to much discussion.

Haskell asserted he would have voted to lay the bill on the table, if he had supposed the House would be prevented from voting on all the amendments offered for the various sections separately. He regarded some of the provisions of the bill as a monstrosity, and he would not vote for it unless it could be amended.

Stephens also stated it as his understanding all along that the bill should be voted on by sections.

Clymer asserted that he would not have voted for the previous question unless he supposed the bill was open for an amendment.

On the other hand it was argued by Springer, Kenna and Warner that, under the previous questions the bill must be voted on as a whole. Finally it was agreed that the previous question would only apply to the first section of the bill which provides that gold coins shall be one dollar pieces, or a unit of 25.8-10 grains, a quarter eagle, or $2.50 for a three dollar piece. An eagle and a double eagle section was agreed to by a vote of 105 to 94. The question then recurred on the second section, which provides that silver coins shall be a dollar, of unit, a half dollar, a quarter and a dime. The weight of the dollar shall be 412½ grains, troy; the weight of the half dollar, 12½ grains and the weight of the quarter and dime, one-half and one-fifth respectively of that of the half dollar. Also that silver dollars in the Treasury, when reduced in weight by natural abrasion more than 1 per cent. shall be re-coined.

Kimmel moved an amendment by making the weight of the silver dollar 460 grains, and argued in support of his amendment.

Morton opposed the section.

Bright argued against the amendment and in favor of the section.

Deuster opposed the whole.

Buckner opposed the amendment and supported the bill.

Price, although avowing himself a silver man, opposed the bill because its tendency was to create unrest and uneasiness throughout the country.

Monroe said he had two or three weeks ago introduced in the House a proposition upon which the yeas and nays were taken, and in which he was supported by the members on his side of the chamber to the effect, that in the judgment of the House the business interests of the country required there should be no financial legislation during the present session. I would have the present law on silver remain in view of a resolution taking place in Europe in favor of a double standard. The present was the most unfavorable time for Congress to legislate on the subject. Twelve months hence all elements of the question would be changed. His own judgment was that within a year or two such an understanding would be reached between England, France and the United States as would fix the weight of silver dollars as low as 412½ grains, and would probably restore the old ratio of 15½ to 1 as between gold and silver.

Warner moved the previous question on the second section and it was seconded.

The amendment offered by Kimmel was rejected, yeas 52, nays 177.

The second section was then agreed to and the third section was taken up. It provides that any owner of silver bullion may deposit the same at any mint to be formed into bars or into standard dollars of 412½ grains for his benefit.

Beiford moved to amend by inserting after the word "bullion," the words "produced from the mines in the United States." Yeas 105, nays 130.

Calkins moved to add to the section a proviso that the Secretary of the Treasury may purchase silver bullion for coinage at its market value, and that all gains and profits arising therefrom shall inure to the United States.

Warner opposed the amendment on the ground that it would close the mints against silver.

The amendment was rejected, yeas 114, nays 115.

Warner moved to reconsider the vote and lay the motion on the table, but the yeas and nays being demanded he withdrew the motion.

Adjourned.

EASTERN.

A Puny Workingmen's Mass Meeting.

NEW YORK, 15.—A mass meeting was called for to-night in Union Square, of workingmen to rejoice over the recent victory of the workingmen in California. Not 100 persons attended and the whole affair was a fizzle. David Conroy, one of the speakers, after denouncing nearly every one, said he had just come out of prison, where he was unjustly sent by Recorder Hackett and a stuffed jury. Resolutions were adopted endorsing Californian events, denouncing all subsidizing of railroad or steamship companies, denouncing Chinese importation, and lauding Dennis Kearney.

The South American War.

The Panama *Star and Herald* says: Last week Pisaqua was bombarded and destroyed, causing a loss of about 1,000,000 soles. The launches at Moltendo were sunk. Several shots were fired into the town and one coal ship was relieved of her cargo. Iquique was bombarded for half an hour. The loss was trifling. The Peruvian fleet remains at Callao. At the bombardment of Pissqus, at the commencement of the fight, Rear Admiral Rodgers of the *Pensacola* was putting off from shore to his ship, with his family, when a shot from the Chilian boat carried away his ensign. On his arrival on board the *Pensacola* he signalled the Chilian flag ship, informing them what had happened. Admiral Wm. Robelledo then went on board the *Pensacola* and apologized, and seeing the boats were returning repulsed from the shore, he left, asking Admiral Rodgers to warn the town that in three hours more he would bombard the place. Accordingly three hours later the bombardment commenced, lasting two hours, when the town had been reduced to ashes.

The South American War.

Direct communication by cable and trans-Andene line between Peru and Europe, is for the present interrupted; Admiral Robelledo, of the Chilian squadron, having cut the coast cable at Iquique and taken the Chili end on board his vessel, in order to place himself in direct communication with his government at Santiago.

A Rebellion Terminated.

The *Star-Herald* of Panama, on the 8th of May, says: Gen. Garces, who had been proclaimed a rebel, made an attack with some 1,400 troops upon a party of Hurtadistas, 600 strong, under Gen. Lopez, with a complete defeat. The dead are estimated at 250 to 500. Call was taken by the Hurtadistas with a loss of 11 killed. Garces and his men were later taken prisoners and the arms and ammunition were captured. The rebellion of Garces was thus terminated.

Remarkable Billiards.

CHICAGO, 15.—A remarkable billiard match was played to-night between Jacob Schafer and George F. Slosson. The game was played at McCormick's Hall for the three-ball championship of the world, 1,000 points up, and $500 a side with the following result:

Schafer 5, 690, 305; total 1,000. Average 333 1-3.

Slosson 14, 9, 21; total 44. Average 14 2-3.

Time 65 minutes. Schafer's average is unprecedented. The largest previous run made was 404 which his second run exceeded by 226 counts.

Illicit Distilleries in the South.

CHICAGO, 15.—The *Tribune* has a letter written by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Roum, giving an account of the condition of affairs in the south as experienced by his officers in the execution of their duty of enforcing the revenue laws. The letter covers four columns and gives, *seriatim* the result of the work done in each southern state, and the resistance met with. The following headlines appear to the letter: "The solid south, as found by Commissioner Roum's revenue agents and helpers;" "The region where regular troops are still exceedingly unpopular, especially when the southern election method is endangered;" "Tragic tales of a most dangerous and lawless class of people, who are systematically and deliberately robbing the government, whose natural enemy is the officer of the internal revenue, and who frequently get aid and sympathy from the State militia;" "A list of nineteen officers killed and thirty-five others wounded;" "Twenty distilleries seized in the south to one in the north."

Indians at Washington.

WASHINGTON, 15.—A delegation of Cheyenne Indians to-day had an interview with the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with a view of procuring the consent of the government to their return from Indian Territory to their recent homes. They will have another interview with the same officials to-morrow.

WESTERN.

Notes from the Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, 15.—At the Grand Opera House, last night, Marie Roze, in the first production of "Carmen," made the most decided hit of the season.

Edward Redmont, convicted of sending swindling letters to parties east, was to-day sentenced to one year in the house of correction.

The Nevada Bank has sold 100,000 ounces of silver to government for the mint here, at $1.10⅝. The tender of a small quantity by the Bank of California, at 1.10½, was declined.

Progress of the sub drain of the Sutro Tunnel for the first week's full work, nearly 3,000 feet. Total length excavated to May 8th, 6,445 feet. At this rate the excavation will be completed before the middle of June, but it is expected as workmen become familiar with the work the rate of progress will be improved. One thousand feet of boxes are laid thus far.

WANTED.

A PARTNER, with a capital of $6,000, who is capable of taking the charge and oversight of the books and financial arrangements of a good paying business, now firmly established in this city. For special information, apply by letter to

ENQUIRER,

Post Office box, 1139, Salt Lake City. d91 eSwtf

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Utah Central Railroad Company, for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held on Monday, June 2d, 1879, at 10 a. m., at the Deseret National Bank, Salt Lake City, U. T.

GEORGE SWAN, Secretary.

VALUABLE INFORMATION

To those interested. I wish to inform the Wool Growers that I am prepared to make arrangements for buying and will pay the highest market price in cash for

FOR WOOL

Wool Sacks, Twine and a No. 1 article of Sheep Shears furnished. I also deal in Hides, Pelts, Tallow, Furs, &c., for which pay liberal prices. Corner of South and East Temple Streets, Salt Lake City. H. B. CLAWSON.

PERRY TRADE MARK & Co's

STEEL PENS

Of superior flexible points, famous for durability and elasticity, great variety of styles suitable for every kind of writing. For sale by dealers generally.

TWENTY-FIVE assorted samples for trial, including the celebrated

"D" AND "FALCON"

Pens, by mail, on receipt of Twenty-two Cents.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR THE U. S.,

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DESERET NATIONAL BANK

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Paid up Capital, - - $200,000
Surplus, - - - - 50,000

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H. B. CLAWSON, Vice-Pres't.,
WM. JENNINGS
WILFORD WOODRUFF,
JOHN T. CAINE,
JOHN SHARP,
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Buys and sells exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal continental cities.

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Makes Collections, Remitting Proceeds Promptly.

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FASHION.

Punctuality. Economy.

GENTLEMEN:—We have on hand a Stock replete with the novelties of the season, and would be pleased for you to call and inspect, when we will quote figures never before touched by any firm west of Chicago.

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UTAH DIRECTORY

FOR 1879-80.

H. L. A. CULMER & CO., PUBLISHERS.

OFFICE OF

SALT LAKE DAILY TIMES.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, March, 1879.

TO THE CITIZENS OF UTAH: WE ARE about to publish a general and complete Directory of Salt Lake, Utah, Davis and Weber Counties, giving name, occupation and residence of every citizen, and in addition, will be a correct Business Directory of every City and town in Utah, giving name, business and residence of every merchant, dealer or manufacturer in the Territory; thus constituting a work long needed and that will be of immense value and interest to the country, and especially to the business portion of the community.

Incorporated into the Directory will be a concise and reliable account of the various advantages which each city presents, whether manufacturing, mining or commercial; its public buildings and institutions, together with all other practical information that will be of value to the general public.

An efficient corps of experienced men have been engaged in this work throughout various parts of the Territory, and are now making a record of the residents and business houses of SALT LAKE CITY. They will also dispose of the limited number of pages which the book will devote to advertisements, and we respectfully solicit for them the information and support that a work of this character deserves. The Directory will be sold only by subscription. Price Three Dollars.

Respectfully,

H. L. A. CULMER & CO.,

116 P. O. Box 507, Salt Lake City, Utah.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

The Great Trunk Line from the West to Chicago and the East.

It is the oldest, shortest, most direct, convenient, comfortable and in every respect the best one you can take. It is the greatest and grandest Railway organization in the United States. It owns or controls over

2100 MILES of RAILWAY

PULLMAN HOTEL CARS are run alone by it through between

COUNCIL BLUFFS & CHICAGO!

No other road runs Pullman Hotel Cars, or any other form of Hotel Cars, through between the Missouri River and Chicago.

The Great Overland Route should bear in mind that this is the

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