DESERET EVENING NEWS
Published every evening, except Sunday.
GEORGE Q. CANNON, Editor.
Office—Corner of South and East Temple Streets.
Single Copy one year.....$10 00
" six months.....6 00
" three months.....3 50
ANGUS M. CANNON, General Business Agent.
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DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. III. SALT LAKE CITY, MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1870. No. 236

Pioneer Paper of the Rocky Mountain Region
DESERET NEWS, Semi-Weekly
Published every Tuesday and Saturday.)
The DESERET NEWS WEEKLY
(Published every Wednesday.)
TERMS FOR THE SEMI-WEEKLY:
One Copy one year.....$8
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TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY
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[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Per WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line.

Junction between McMahon and Bazaine not yet effected!

PROCLAMATION TO FRENCH PEOPLE BY PRINCE ROYAL!

The Terms of Peace!

FRANCE WILL FIGHT TO THE LAST EXTREMITY!

The Imperial Luggage Stolen!

McMAHON RETREATING!

Split and Typhus Fever in the Invading Army!

FIFTEEN to TWENTY THOUSAND FRENCH SOLDIERS DOWN WITH FEVER!

NEW YORK.

Prussian barbarity and espionage.

NEW YORK 27.—M. Gallairdet telegraphs from Paris, last evening in spite of the order given by the commanders of the enemy's army, that the Prussian invasion of 1870 surpasses in horror the recollections of that of 1814. At the war department accounts are received, from all sides, of pillage and devastation and of the summary executions, and general rapine caused by the resistance of the peasants, to the invasion of their houses. The Prussians concede to them no rights of defense. An additional dispatch says the system of Prussian espionage has even stolen into some of the churches and sacred places, where it would be scarcely possible to discover or prevent it. One or two examples have been made which will probably put an end to this secret connivance with the enemy. In answer to the dispatch which you addressed to me I reply that it is untrue that all Germans have been expelled from Paris. A great number left voluntarily before the opening of hostilities, since which, only a few hundred or so of Germans, suspected of conveying information to the enemy, have been expelled. That is all. Our young guard mobile have performed prodigies, at and out of Pfalsburg they held a superior enemy in check. At Strasbourg they have made a number of successful sorties. Thiers, to whose foresight we are indebted for the fortifications of Paris, refuses, obstinately, to act on the committee of defense. Count Daru accepted this morning.

A London dispatch says it is represented that France, England and Prussia have signed the ratifications of the Belgian treaty.

ILLINOIS.

The plan for Paris—Death from chloroform.

CHICAGO.—New York specials says that trustworthy private advices from Berlin, say, that after four days hesitation and delay, caused by the movements of McMahon, the Crown Prince has been ordered to push forward to Paris without delay; it is not believed that the city will be invested, in fact that would be impossible with the troops under his command. The communications now will be cut and Paris entered by a storming column of 100,000 men, and captured, with the French government. No matter what the French armies are on the field, it is believed in Berlin that would be an end to the war. The French armies under Bazaine and McMahon, according to private advices, received from Paris, are at Montmedy and Messiers, whither they have retired, that the Crown Prince may have a clear field to march to Paris. When once in the clutches of Trochu, who is perfectly able to take care of the capital, McMahon will sweep down in his rear and grind them finer than powder. Up to Wednesday, says a dispatch from Berlin, the army of the king and of Prince Carl, has been reinforced by over 130,000 men, and by next Sunday over 200,000 additional reserves will be at the front. King William telegraphed on Monday last that every man must be forwarded to the front, with the utmost dispatch possible, and it is stated in official circles that on Wednesday he telegraphed to the Queen and Von Wert, that the war would be over in twenty days. Sixty thousand of these reserves, under the Duke of Saxony, will form the reserves of the Crown Prince's army, and they have already united with him, making a total of 200,000.

From London it is reported that a battle began about 11 o'clock this morning, about ten miles from Montmedy, between the French under Bazaine, and the Prussians under Steinmetz. Nothing is known of the result; but while this confirms the statement that the French have retired to open the road to the Crown Prince, it is believed that the Prussian attack is for the purpose of holding Bazaine where he is, and compelling McMahon to abandon his threatening position at Messiers, and assist his colleague. Another terrible series of battles is expected, similar to the seven days' fighting around Metz. The general opinion among military clubs is that even though the Prussians may be still more prodigal of blood than they were before, the result will be still as barren. The army of Bazaine fighting on old historic ground in the woods of Ardennes, will possibly be able to hold their own, and the utter destruction of the Crown Prince's army is regarded as a conclusion.

W. Leonard, a wholesale merchant in this city, died to-day in the physician's office from the effects of chloroform, while undergoing an operation for the removal of a tumor in his eye.

MISSOURI.

Car robbed.

ST. LOUIS.—The U. S. express car, on the Missouri Pacific railroad, was entered early this morning by two disguised men, who beat, bound and gagged the messenger, and robbed the safe of nearly $11,000 in cash, leaped from the train and escaped.

FOREIGN NEWS.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN.—The following are the particulars of the recent violation of the flag of truce: On August 19th a farm house on the field of battle was filled with French wounded. Our surgeons were so busy that they could not immediately attend to them, and Colonel Verdi, with a flag of truce, went to the enemy's lines to request the French to send surgeons to the sufferers. As he approached, waving the flag, he was fired upon as before reported, and the laws of humanity were defeated. A similar base violation occurred at Marselot, where the besieged fired on a flag which brought a summons to surrender.

There are now 20,000 French prisoners of war in Germany.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Killed and leaves Eleven Daughters—Proclamation from the Prince Royal—Soldiers Sick of Fever.

General Legrand was killed at Gravallotte; he has left eleven daughters, for whom a national subscription has been started.

Field Marshal, Sir Alexander Woodford, Governor of Chelsea hospital, who served in the Peninsular war, died on the evening of the 26th, aged 88 years.

The movement in aid of the French and German wounded has become universal in England.

Notifications of a treaty for guaranteeing the neutrality of Belgium have been interchanged here by the representatives of various European powers.

The junction of Bazaine with McMahon has not yet been effected.

The Prince Royal of Prussia has issued a proclamation to the people of France, wherein he says Prussia makes war against the Emperor, not against the people of France; the people have nothing whatever to fear. The Prince announces his purpose to instantly restore the lines of travel which have been interrupted or destroyed by the army movements, so that labor and commerce may everywhere be resumed. All of the French officials have been requested to remain at their posts, and their personal safety is guaranteed. The Prince further says that only the surplus of food will be taken for German troops, and of that, only that which is not required by the peaceful French.

The Hessians, according to French accounts, are again distinguishing themselves by their traditional pillage and brutality.

It is predicted that the terms for peace between France and Prussia will embrace the following points: the Vosges to be the future boundary; Bar-le-Duc to remain French Territory; the Province of Alsace to be partitioned between Bavaria and Baden, Wurtemburg, being anti-Prussian, to get nothing.

Fifteen thousand to twenty thousand French soldiers are disabled by hospital and typhus fever.

The railway station at Rheims was recently pillaged by bummers; the imperial luggage was stolen and has since been disposed of, by the thieves, to various dealers in the city. The value of the property taken was immense.

The Emperor accompanies Marshal McMahon, who is on his retreat by way of Vanuseirs.

LONDON 27.—Bourges, the capital city of the department of Cher, is fortifying. It is said that the Emperor and members of the Senate and Corps Legislatif will go thither. The right wing of the French army has already gone in that direction. Austria has concurred in the declaration of neutrality as proposed by England, and already, accepted by Italy. The Russian minister has returned to St. Petersburg from a visit to Vienna. The object of the visit was to express, on the part of Russia, a strong desire to improve their relations. Austria reciprocates, and is anxious to contribute to its fulfillment.

FRANCE.

The Prussians advancing—No reprieve for the Prussian spy—Split in the invading army—Typhus among the Prussians—Penalty of death on all helping the enemy—No peace proposals to be entertained—Moving on the Capital.

PARIS, 26, Midnight.—The following news has been made public at the office of the Minister of the Interior: The Prussians are passing through Nancy and going towards Chalons. The siege of Toul has been abandoned, owing to the vigorous resistance by the garrison. A Prussian scouting party cut the railway at Lamonilly, between Montmedy and Mestines. This body was repulsed by French sharp shooters, and the railroad has been repaired.

The Council of Ministers upon revision, have rejected the appeal of the Prussians in the case of Herbet, sentenced to death as a spy and condemned to be executed immediately.

The English journals having announced the arrival in England of the wife and family of Marshal Canrobert, Madame Canrobert writes to the Paris journals indignantly denying the statement, and asserting that she has not been an hour out of Paris.

The Mayor of Rheims received, on Wednesday, a copy of the proclamation, declaring that the penalty of death shall be visited on all civilians who commit acts of hostility.

The *Moniteur* announces that the time for which German vessels, going to or from certain ports, were exempt from seizure, has expired, and they will be made prizes wherever found.

A great disturbance prevails in the invading army: separate camps are necessary for the Bavarian and Wurtemburg troops, who quarrel continually with the Prussians. A similar spirit prevails in Berlin, where a riot occurred in which Bismarck's house was attacked. The hotel Meyerber, in this city, kept by the Germans, was attacked last night, and only saved from total destruction by the intervention of the police.

Ex-Queen Isabella, of Spain, has given her palace for the use of the wounded.

Typhus fever is raging in the Prussian army.

Two thousand vagrants were arrested yesterday; they will either be put to work on the fortifications or expelled.

There are now in the city 150,000 sheep, 40,000 hogs and 25,000 beeves. The authorities, in case of a siege, will regulate the price of provisions. Several more Prussian spies were arrested this morning. The approach of the Prussians creates the most intense excitement. There is a sudden and immense increase in volunteering throughout the provinces, for the defence of the capital.

The *Presse* affirms that the forces of the Prussian General Steinmetz have been cut off from Prince Frederick Charles' army, and driven off to the northward; also that the Prussians have been decidedly checked at Messiers.

The King and Crown Prince are moving on the city by way of Marne; they commit fearful pillage and unheard-of outrages as they move along.

It is reported that the government is preparing a note, to be addressed to its representatives abroad, announcing that France will prosecute the war to the last extremity, and that no proposal looking to peace, will be entertained as long as the enemy is on French soil.

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Yours most respectfully
C. G. HAMMOND, Gen'l Sup't.
OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD, Gen'l Sup't, New York, Jan. 17 1870.
T. M. AVERY, Esq., President National Watch Co.:
Dear Sir:—The Watch made by your company which I have carried the past two months, has kept excellent time. I have carried it frequently on engines, and have been on the road with it almost daily. During this time it has run uniformly with our standard clock.
Truly yours
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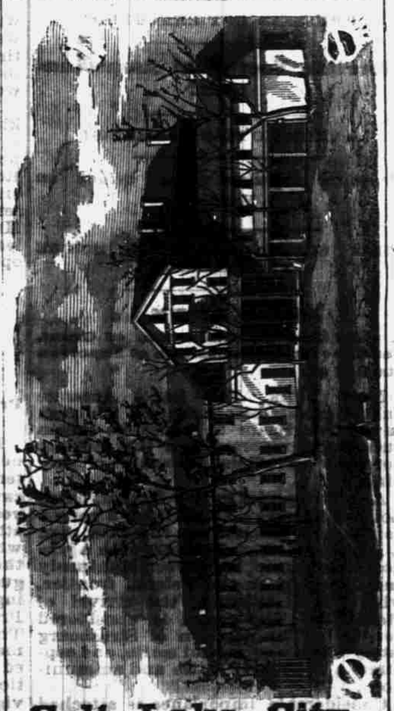

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