

to that end the case be referred to a special master for findings and report; that the defendants pay all losses or damages which may have resulted to the Beach company by reason of their illegal or willful violations of duty as directors; that the Salt Lake and Los Angeles railway company and the Inter-Mountain Salt company be required to account for and pay to the Saltair Beach company all moneys or property of the latter paid or delivered by its directors for their own uses and benefits, together with the value of the use and occupation of the lands, etc., of the Saltair Beach company by the other two defendant companies while constructing their respective works; that the Salt Lake and Los Angeles railway company be required to remove its track from the lands and shore front of the Beach company, and in the meantime be restrained from operating its line within the premises of the same, or be decreed to pay compensation, etc., should it appear that the Saltair Beach company is not entitled to other relief; that the Inter-Mountain Salt Co. be required to reconvey the easement and premises conveyed to it by the Saltair Beach Co., and enjoined from further maintaining its canal or ditch over the Beach company's lands; to fill up and level the same.

C. S. Varian and E. W. Taylor are the plaintiff's attorneys.

#### WITH THE MANUFACTURERS.

There was a good attendance, at the Chamber of Commerce Feb. 27, of local manufacturers, who met for the purpose of organizing an exchange. The sentiment was unanimous in favor of combination and effective work in pushing home industries to the front. The meeting was called to order by A. M. Grant, chairman at the previous meeting, who stated the purpose for which the assemblage had been brought together. He then moved that George Arbogast be elected temporary chairman. This motion was carried, as was also one nominating W. R. Mesick for temporary secretary.

Jacob Moritz moved that the name of the proposed association be the Salt Lake Manufacturers' Exchange. Adopted.

Elias Morris stated, for the benefit of those not present at the former meeting, that the exchange was being organized for the mutual advantage of all manufacturers who desired to enroll their names as members, and for the further purpose of aiding each other in every way calculated to build up and sustain home manufactures.

On motion of A. M. Grant, a committee of three—Jacob Moritz, Elias Morris and W. R. Mesick—was appointed to draft constitution and by-laws, and report at the next meeting.

Professor Hirschling advocated a display of home manufactured articles in the Chamber of Commerce building. He was also in favor of an exhibit at the World's Fair. It would be a good idea, he thought, for the exchange to publish and distribute a pamphlet giving the names and extent of the business carried on by the members. He moved that a committee of three be appointed to arrange for his suggested display in the Chamber of Com-

merce building. This motion was regarded as premature, and was laid on the table until after a permanent organization should be effected.

Mr. Arbogast expressed the opinion that the people of Utah would sustain home manufactures, if a proper representation was made. He believed the principal difficulty in the past had been unjust rate discrimination, but thought the exchange could bring about an alteration in this state of affairs.

J. G. Cutler and Elias Morris made brief and pointed remarks, showing the necessity of local manufacturers combining and of the people retaining money in the Territory by purchasing and using goods made at home.

A motion by Mr. Moritz, that the sense of the meeting was in favor of the free coinage of silver, was unanimously carried.

A. M. Grant stated that in reference to his own business, that of foundryman, he had been making investigations, and had ascertained that not more than one-tenth of the iron work used in Utah was manufactured here. There were many buildings in the city that were fitted up with iron work purchased in the east, when it could have been bought here in the city. The exchange would be in a position to demand favorable rates and other concessions from the railroad companies.

C. E. Wantland, of the City Council, made a speech in favor of patronizing home manufacturers in preference to outside industries.

Arthur Robinson related the difficulties he had met in getting the home-made shoes of his company on the market. He could not make enough sales to the merchants for the business to pay, but had worked it up by going from house to house and taking orders.

This closed the speech making for the evening, and the meeting adjourned till next Monday, at 8 p.m., at the Chamber of Commerce building. Before the motion for adjournment was carried the following were enrolled as members:

A. M. Grant, machinery.  
B. A. M. Froiseth, brickmaker.  
Sam Levy, cigars.  
C. W. Nunn, medicines.  
Thos. Slight, paper boxes.  
F. Platt company, saddles and harness.  
H. F. Kincaid, soaps.  
Carlson Bros., cigars.  
F. B. Allen & Co., machinery.  
Jacob Moritz, brewery.  
J. Heil, ice.  
W. R. Mesick, ice.  
Geo. Arbogast, candy.  
Salt Lake Foundry, machinery.  
Gustave Johnson, baskets.  
Elias Morris, representing several manufacturers.  
Eakin & Stalker, baling ties.  
J. C. Cutler & Bro., hosiery and clothing.  
Sears & Liddle, glass show cases, etc.  
David Frey, brick.  
F. J. P. Pascoe, paints.  
W. S. Simkins, brick.  
R. M. Jones, electrical supplies.  
John Lyle, silks.  
D. L. Ross, clothing.  
Robinson Bros., shoes.  
J. W. Jenkins & Sons, harness and saddles.

H. Hirschling, candies.  
Henry Wallace, crackers.  
C. E. Burton, cornice works.  
Garrick & Holmes, boiler makers.  
Joseph E. Taylor, coffins.  
F. W. Gardner, lithographer.  
Salt Lake Vinegar company, vinegar.  
Jabez Taylor, builder.  
M. Kopp, candy.

A number of manufacturers were unavoidably detained from being present at the meeting, but express their hearty approval of the work and their intention to actively co-operate in the movement.

#### MR. McBEAN AND THE CHAMBER.

A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce directors was called at 4 p. m. yesterday to consider the proposition of P. G. M. McBean, on behalf of Gladden, McBean & Co., to start a tile factory in this city. Mr. McBean's communication is as follows:

W. E. Hubbard, Esq., President Chamber of Commerce:

Dear Sir—It has been suggested that we communicate to you our intentions regarding the locating in your city, or vicinity, of a plant for the manufacture of wares similar to those now produced at our California works.

We would say that if your city and county authorities conclude to fireproof with hollow tile your new city and county building now under construction, and will enter into a contract with us at a reasonable price for doing this work, and in addition, your city council will assure us that they purchase of us what sewer pipe they may require for the next few years, and at 10 per cent less than they are now paying for it, we will, at our own expense, within thirty days after such contract and assurances are given us, commence the erection of a model plant, second to none of its size in the United States. We will manufacture the same class of goods that we are now producing at our California works, or such as architectural terra cotta, hollow tile fireproofing, sewer pipe, fire brick, etc., etc.

We herewith hand you a copy of our catalogue, showing what we are now manufacturing. Some of the products of our California work may be seen in your city engineer's office, city hall.

At present time we propose investing about \$50,000 on the plant, and would increase this, should the demand warrant it. We should employ about forty men at the start, and this number would be increased as business demanded.

We have employed as many as 250 men at one time in our California works.

If we are awarded the contracts asked for, we will guarantee that our hollow tile, fireproofing and sewer pipe, etc., will equal in quality the best manufactured in the United States.

We are informed by Mr. Bowman, contractor for erecting the city and county buildings, that the fireproofing, if used, will not be required before July. If the contract for this work is given us within the next two weeks, it will give us ample time to erect our works and make the tile and have it ready when wanted. We have found in the vicinity of your city a bed of fire clay suitable for our purposes.

To make the matter plain to you we would say that we are not seeking a bonus donation of any kind. We want simply to be assured of sufficient business to warrant the investing of the necessary capital to erect the proposed works.

If you wish to learn anything of our business or financial standing, we would respectfully refer you to the Commercial National bank, Union National bank, Bank of Commerce, to whom we brought