EVENING NEWS

Published Daily, Sundays Excepted, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE DESERET NEWS COMPANY.

CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Friday, Feb. 15, 1884.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The agitation of the labor question in the New York Assembly, growing out of the introduction of bills to limit the hours of a day's work, has brought out the fact that a statute fixing a day's labor at eight hours has stood on the statute books for fourteen years, inoperative and forgotten. A similar law was once before passed, but it was a dead letter from the start, and was soon repealed. The Chicago *News* remarks in this connection that it is hard to regulate the level of water by a statute.

The British Parliament is to wrestle again with the question of woman suffrage. It will come up in connection with the new bill to extend and regulate the franchise. The leaders of the woman's rights movement in England are actively organizing a campaign. Mrs. Henry Fawcett says in the *Pall Mall Gazette* that she "regards female suffrage as part and parcel of the general programme of Liberalism." It is understood Mr. Gladstone differs from her on this point; yet he has not shown himself to be strongly inimical to the demands of the fair sex.

The discovery that the bottom of the Mississippi river, to the depth of several feet, moves downward in a solid mass, like a glacier, is not encouraging to those who seek to control its mighty current with their puny obstructions. The engineer in charge of the "improvement" at Lake Providence, near Vicksburg, reports that a long pile, driven outside the dyke as a "marker," has "traveled 62 feet down stream, erect and firmly imbedded in the sand." An exchange sagely says that a large part of the money spent in the work will travel in the same direction.

A sensible writer makes this true and beautiful statement: "A consciousness of integrity gives moral strength; an erect man can carry a heavier load than one who stoops, and an upright man a strength which those who bow down to false gods know nothing of. A hollow heart makes a feeble hand. Whenever we try to persuade ourselves that wrong is right, that duty is unimportant, that the thing we wish to do we may do, even though it may be forbidden of God, we may bewilder our conscience and blind our eyes, and drift away from the path of God's providence and our own duty, but we are laying up sorrow for ourselves. And then the day shall come that will demand all our courage, fortitude and faith, we shall find that we have cut the sinews of our own strength, and done ourselves an injury which we are powerless to repair."

WHY NOT SAY THE "MORMONS" DID IT?

The investigation into charges preferred against Chief Justice Axtell, of New Mexico, do not seem to proceed with any greater liveliness than the inquiry into the alleged crookedness of Eli H. Murray's doings as Marshal of Kentucky. There is one merit in the Axtell case which distinguishes it from the Murray case. No friend of the Judge has set up the plea that the investigation was started by the "Mormons," and no one has attempted to whitewash him with any pretended claim that he has done some wonderful thing which should work as an apology or expiation for his alleged misdeeds.

But this has been the chief excuse offered for the Governor of Utah. He has advocated the extremest measures against the large majority of the people whose interests he has sworn to subserve, and therefore a critical inquiry into his acts while occupying a previous official position should not be permitted. And the absurd and untruthful claim that the "Mormons" instituted the pending inquiry has no proper bearing upon its merits. The question to be decided is not who started the investigation, but are the charges true? This applies to the Axtell as well as to the Murray case, and there is just as much foundation for the story that the "Mormons" sprung the action of a regularly appointed Committee of the House of Representatives in one instance as in the other. It shows the inherent weakness of the Governor's defence.

WHO PAYS FOR THE SUPPER?

While in Ogden on Wednesday we found Mr. Beardsley of the Union Depot Hotel very busily engaged in preparing a banquet for the Wyoming excursionists, and learned from him that he had been engaged to provide supper for them on their arrival. Ogden was foraged over for chickens and other delicacies wherewith to regale the coming guests, and all hands and the cooks were kept busy in the work. Supper was to be ready at half past five o'clock. But at four o'clock Mr. Beardsley received a telegram that the company would not arrive in time to sup in Ogden and would go on to the capital. This was a great disappointment to mine host and also a pecuniary loss. We suggest that if the meal was really ordered by the committee it would be a graceful thing to reimburse Mr. Beardsley for his unnecessary outlay and trouble. How is it Messrs. Committeemen?

CANNOT SWALLOW IT WHOLE.

The *Christian Union*., anti-"Mormon" though it be, is unable to swallow the confiscation and robbery clauses of Senator Hoar's Utah bill. It confesses itself puzzled over the reports of the measure, and concludes with the following:

"It may even be legitimate to annul the laws under which the Mormon church is incorporated, though we do not believe such annulment would accomplish any practical end. But to escheat to the United States government the property of the Mormon Church and invest it in schools, and to require the President to appoint trustees of the Mormon Church for winding up its property and business affairs—in other words to put it in the hands of a National receiver—and this, not because it is insolvent, or fails to pay its debts, or has been convicted by legal proceedings of disloyalty or illegality in overt act, but because we do not like its general beliefs and its moral teachings, is to set aside not only all the traditions of the past, but the very principle upon which our government has hitherto been conducted. It is to make a State church for the purpose of destroying that church; it is for the State to take property which has been contributed by its citizens under the laws, both legislative and judicial, for one purpose, and divert it to another and a very different purpose. We have a great respect for Senator Hoar and a great dislike for Mormonism; but if this bill has been correctly reported we must constantly find some other American method to deal with the Mormon problem than that afforded by so arbitrary a measure, or must abandon the problem altogether, as one which is too great for our capabilities."

THE THIN END OF THE WEDGE.

In watching the progress of the warfare waged against the "Mormon" people we have expressed the opinion, privately and publicly, that the crusade would not stop short of an attempt to deprive every member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints of all political rights and privileges, simply on account of their religious belief. The answer to this by conservative people has been, "This is impossible; no one in the United States can be proscribed on account of religious faith; it is only the violation of law that can be lawfully punished."

It appears that our opinion is to be verified. The bill introduced—not originated—by Mr. Poland, the stepfather of the law now in force in Utah which bears his name, aims at this very thing. The disqualification intended to bar out "Mormon" voters in the Territories is membership in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Any person who cannot swear that he is not a member of that Church is not to be allowed to vote at any election. That is the proposition. It is a monstrous one, of course, and a few years ago would have been hooted down at once and have received no consideration whatever. Now it is gravely introduced, with the statement that it is to be pressed, and the assurance that it will be passed. We do not doubt the pressure, but we have no belief in its passage.

However it seems to show the drift of the tide of sentiment towards a complete repudiation of the fundamental principles of our Government, and indifference to the restrictions of our national Constitution, when the subject of "Mormonism" is in view. The danger to the country in this heresy is in the fact that if one religious body can be proscribed for unorthodox belief, another can be treated in the same way when the precedent is established. All lovers of their country, no matter how much many of them may be prejudiced against "Mormon" ideas and doings, should take this into consideration. There is more in it than some people think. Such a proceeding as the denial of common rights to a religious body, no matter what its beliefs may be, is but the thin end of a deadly wedge that may be driven home with such increasing effect as eventually to split up the nation into fragments and destroy the last vestige of religious liberty in the land.

In taking the stand they occupy, the "Mormons" are battling not only for their own rights but the rights and liberties of all believers in religious or political creeds that do not harmonize with dominant powers. This will yet be seen and acknowledged. Now we labor without appreciation. But we shall never give up the struggle, and we are bound to gain the victory at last.

THE PISTOL MUST GO.

It is suggested by a Southern newspaper that while the subject of taxation is worrying our Congressional Legislators, the deadly pistol be taxed so heavily as to crush it out of existence. If anything could be done to abolish the needless weapon it would be a boon to the country. The custom of carrying it as a means of defence is a vicious one and ought to be discountenanced in any community having pretensions to civilization. It is not a handy thing to have in the house, for there are very few persons in whose hands it would be effective in case of attacks from burglars, and it is more likely to do harm through incautious manifestation than to be of benefit in an emergency. A club or a knife would be of more service in a conflict with a robber, and the wielder would be less likely to miss his mark. The pistol has not the same excuse as the gun, it is not used for hunting purposes. Though the instrument is a product of civilization the use of it is a relic of barbarism, and any lawful means that can be employed to suppress it should be encouraged. The pistol should go.

WESTERN FLOATS.

On the morning of the 11th, John Ludwig, a constable at Benson, Arizona, walked into a saloon, sat down and died without uttering a word. He was aged 30 years, and a native of Philadelphia.

A Nebraska farmer has sued a young man for fuel, board and other articles consumed while the defendant was "sparking" his daughter. This will prove an awful warning to the rural swains who take no thought of time in this favorite country pastime and will give the American parent some hold on the girl of the period.

There is a veritable wild man of the woods between New Westminster and Port Moody, British Columbia. His clothes are in tatters and his beard is long and gray. He is harmless, but watches at windows until the food is on the table, when he stealthily enters and snatches it and darts off to the woods, where he hides himself. No cabin can be found, and how he exists this season perplexes all.

Last week, at Oroville, Cal., a son of Joseph Mullen, of Concow Valley, Edward Derrick and three others, were hunting in the hills near Concow. Derrick was on his hands and knees crawling through some underbrush, trying to approach some game, when young Mullen mistook him for a wild hog and shot him with his Winchester rifle, killing him almost instantly. The lad who did the shooting is only about 15, while Derrick is a married man, and leaves a wife and four children.

A five-foot vein of bituminous coal has been discovered about half-way between Tucson, A. T., and Casa Grande, and 12 miles from the Southern Pacific track. A sample of the coal, coked in a retort, gave but ten per cent. ash, against 18 per cent. in a sample of Trinidad, treated at the same time under the same condition. As the sample came from the surface, it is safe to predict that on attaining depth a quality of coking coal will be produced equal to the best English in the market. Parties are now on the ground making further explorations before locating.

Advices from Vancouver, Washington Territory, state that such confidence has Chief Moses in the ability of the Secretary of the Interior to pass a bill confirming the agreement made between himself and the Secretary last summer that he has moved his people upon the Coeltelle reservation and taken up land, and expects to make his home there. Should Congress now go back on the agreement, then General Miles will once more have an opportunity to show the Indian-fighting stuff he is made of. For war will be brought on unless the general nips it in the bud, and he will be on the alert.

At Portland, Oregon, on the night of the 12th inst., Mrs. Jennie D. Schlank, wife of Louis Schlank, proprietor of a restaurant in that city, committed suicide by taking chloroform. The deceased was aged 28 years and a handsome and accomplished woman. She was subject to heart disease and spells of great mental depression. She left the following note:

My dear Adolph: When this is found I shall be no more. My continued ill health and your unfounded jealousy has made me desirous not to live any longer, and so I bid good-by to you and all whom I have known in this world and lie down to die. It is better it should be so.

LEGISLATURE.

COUNCIL.

Friday, 10 a.m., Feb. 15.

President Cluff in the chair.

Minutes of previous session were read and approved.

Mr. Barton presented a petition from Mr. William Wood, praying the Legislature to take such steps as it might deem advisable for the formation of an institution where people may "keep and school their mutes at home." Read and referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Taylor presented a report from the committee on printing, referring back C. F. No. 16 with 100 copies printed. Received, and bill tabled to come up in its order.

Mr. F. S. Richards brought up C. F. No. 15 from the committee on judiciary. The committee recommended an accompanying substitute. Tabled to come up in its order. Also C. F. No. 24, reported back with amendments, and its passage recommended. Accepted and tabled for further action.

H. F. No. 18, a bill for the protection of stock in Utah Territory, taken up, passed its first reading and referred to the committee on agriculture.

H. F. No. 38, a bill to incorporate Provo City; passed its first reading, and referred to the committee on corporations and towns.

C. F. No. 27, a substitute for C. F. No. 15, was taken up on its first reading. The bill amends section 1,444 of the Compiled Laws of Utah, relating to debtors. After discussion the substitute was adopted, and the measure, debated by sections, passed its first and second readings.

C. F. No. 20, a bill to amend chapter 28 of the laws of 1882, passed to its third reading.

C. F. No. 4, rejected by the committee on ways and means, and on which action was deferred until the views of the mover could be consulted, next came up for consideration.

Mr. Woolley stated the objects of the bill at some length. They were principally to place treasurers in the position they were in before the law was changed. He said the collectors were placed in a very bad position, and a premium was, in fact, put on embezzlement as the law now stood.

On motion, the report of the committee, including C. F. Nos. 4 and 9, was made a special order of the day for Tuesday next.

C. F. No. 13, reported back favorably by the committee a bill for the protection of domestic animals, and guarding against infectious diseases, was taken up on its second reading, pending which, after much discussion, the measure was referred to the committee on public health, Mr. Barton being voted an additional member of the committee.

C. F. No. 16, a bill to amend chapter 23 of the laws of 1880, was taken up on its second reading, and after discussion, was recommitted.

Council adjourned till 10 a.m. tomorrow.

HOUSE.

10 a.m., Feb. 15, 1884.

Mr. Llewellen was granted a leave of absence until Tuesday next.

Mr. Anderson was granted a leave of absence until Monday next.

Mr. Morgan presented a petition from W. C. Spence, asking remuneration for engrossing petitions to Congress. Referred to committee on claims and public accounts.

Mr. Dusenberry presented a petition from the citizens of Provo School District No. 1, asking that an act be passed authorizing bonds to be issued, etc. Referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Cummings presented a petition from Joseph A. West, asking the co-operation of the Legislature in compiling a thorough map of Utah Territory. Referred to the committee on education.

The committee on claims and public accounts to whom was referred the petitions of Z. Snow and Eli B. Kelsey, recommended that they be not granted. Adopted.

Mr. Webb presented H. F. No. 44, a bill to encourage the sinking of artesian wells in Utah. Referred to the committee on irrigation.

Mr. Clark presented H. F. No. 45, A Bill to amend the charter of Salt Lake City. Read the first and second times by its title and referred to committee on municipal corporations and towns.

Mr. Francis presented H. F. 46, A bill to prevent the destruction of animals by dogs. Read the first and second times and referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Snow presented H. F. No. 47, A bill to amend title 10 chapter 2 of the compiled laws of Utah. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Morgan, for the committee on education, to whom was referred C. F. No. 5, A bill to amend section 576 compiled laws of Utah, relating to degrees and diplomas, recommended its passage. Read a second and third time, and put upon its passage. Passed unanimously.

H. F. No. 29, a bill regulating the branding and herding of stock, was read the second time by its title and placed on the general file for its third reading.

H. F. No. 30, a bill providing for the establishment and support of district schools, was read the third time by sections, subject to amendment.

Pending discussion of H. F. No. 30, the House adjourned at 12 m. until Monday the 18th inst., at 10 a.m.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

The Floods Steadily Receding at Cincinnati and Rapidly Above.

Fatal Fire in Cincinnati—Fighting Fire and Water.

Falling.

Cincinnati, 15, 9 a. m.—The river is now 70 feet 4 inches and falling; clear and cold. The river is falling all the way above, and very rapidly a hundred miles or so up the river.

Fatal Fire.

Cincinnati, O., 15.—At 3:40 this morning the fire alarm sounded from a box at Ludlow and Pearl where the water surrounds the houses. When the engines reached the place it was discovered that the rear part of two brick buildings on the south side of Pearl street, near Ludlow, had fallen and ten persons were buried in the ruins or drowned. The occupants of the front portion had given the alarm and before the real cause could be ascertained the fire alarm sounded. The firemen, in conjunction with the police, used superhuman efforts to rescue the living and dead. The building was occupied as a boarding house and had 20 or 30 occupants. The dying were soon brought out, but four members of a family named Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Bailey and Maud Bailey, Lottie Bailey, Willie, Kate and another child were killed and buried in the ruins. Mrs. Wade, the occupant of a room in the part that fell was awakened by the cracking walls and tried to awaken others, but fell with the ruins and yet escaped without injury.

The building that fell this morning was occupied as a boarding-house by Robert Kyle and George Oyester. There were about thirty-five people in the building at the time. The following are known to have been killed, either by falling timbers or drowning: John W. Kyle, son of the proprietor, Libby Collor, Maud Ellis, James Ogden, Barney Winkler, Mrs. Winkler, Thomas Burk, Mrs. Lena Burk and two children, William and Louis Burk, making ten lives so far known to have been lost.

The accident has spread terror among the occupants of similar old buildings in the flooded districts. Many who can do so are getting out to safer quarters.

The Worst Over.

Louisville, Ky., 15.—The river on the standpipe at 44¾ feet; falling above. Clear and cold. The worst is over. No threats up or down.

The D. & R. G.

New York, 15.—The annual report of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway shows gross receipts $7,476,000; net $3,732,000.

No Public Banquet.

Boston, 15.—Wendell Phillips makes no public banquet. His property, $200,000 in value, being devised to his widow and adopted daughter.

Failures.

New York, 15.—Business failures of last week 298 against 278 previous week.

FOREIGN.

LATEST TRANS-ATLANTIC DISPATCHES.

The War in Egypt.

The Rebels have Invested Kassala.

An Expedition Started From Suez for Tokar.

Criticising the Policy of Great Britain.

England's Dilemma.

London, 15.—The *Post Dispatch* from Berlin says: Germany has three times insisted that England should proclaim a protectorate over Egypt, but England appears to be afraid of irritating France.

Kasala Invested.

Suakim, 15.—The principal chiefs of neutral tribes met at the Well of Handouk, situated three hours distant from Suakim, and decided to request Osman Digna, leader of the rebel forces, to respect their territory or they will march against him. The rebels have invested Kasala; tents for one thousand men have been sent from Aden to Suakim.

Assailing the Government.

London, 15.—A mass meeting was held at Guildhall this afternoon, under the auspices of the Patriotic Society, which was attended by 2,000 persons. The Lord Mayor presided. The meeting condemned the Egyptian policy of the government and the control of Egypt by the Egyptians which had caused the sacrifice of thousands of lives. It declared the revival of slavery, and the slave trade must be prevented, and a trade route to Central Africa must be secured.

A Dispatch from Gordon.

Cairo, 15.—Nubar Pasha, prime minister, received the following telegram from Gen. Gordon: "I am sending down the river many women and children from Korosko. Send some kind-hearted European to meet them there."

Relief for Tokar.

England has refused Sir Evelyn Wood's proposal to sanction the co-operation of the Egyptian army in the relief of Tokar.

England approves, however, the dispatch of Egyptian battalions furnished with English officers, to Assouan, if this proves necessary. An expedition for the relief of Tokar has started from Suez. The last transport leaves Suez on Monday, carrying Gen. Graham, the supreme commander of the expedition.

Captured by Brigands.

Athens, 15.—Brigands have captured a judge and other officials of Monastier, on the Albanian frontier.

The German Press on the Situation.

London, 15.—The *German Press* says: The Submission of the tribes of Merv to Russia is worse for England than the disasters in the Soudan. It comments upon the remarkable success of the Russian policy in central Asia which is always directed against England. If the Russians should stand again before the walls of Constantinople the English would be disabled from commanding them to halt as in 1878. Russia will become the immediate neighbor of India and will be able at any moment to create disturbance in Northern Asia. Now only Afghanistan is between Russia and India. The frontier tribes are always ready to invade the rich Indian provinces if their rear is covered, and they (Russia) can now guarantee that.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

Cutler Bros. have another car of those fine Valencia Bernando Oranges, also best Messina Lemons and Oranges. d2w

BUY A FARM.

We pride ourselves on having the best list of Farms for sale. Come and see us. S. W. DARKE & CO., Real Estate Agents.

A RUN ON A DRUG STORE.

Never was such a rush made for any Drug Store as is now at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store for a trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds. All persons affected with Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs or any affection of the Throat and Lungs, can get a Trial Bottle of this great remedy *free*, by calling at above Drug Store. Regular size $1,00. 5

THE DOCTOR'S ENDORSEMENT.

Dr. W. D. Wright, Cincinnati, O., sends the subjoined professional endorsement: "I have prescribed Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs in a great number of cases and always with success. One case in particular was given up by several physicians who had been called in for consultation with myself. The patient had all the symptoms of confirmed Consumption—cold night sweats, hectic fever, harrassing coughs, etc. He commenced immediately to get better and was soon restored to his usual health. I found Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs the most valuable expectorant for breaking up distressing coughs and colds.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

In Impaired Nerve Function.

Dr. C. A. Fernald, Boston, Mass., says: "I have used it in cases of impaired nerve function, with beneficial results, especially in cases where the system is affected by the toxic action of tobacco."

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money returned. 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 7

DEATHS.

Dudley.—In Willard, February 4th, 1884, of pleuri pneumonia, Mary Ann, wife of Oliver H. Dudley.

Deceased was born at Deerfield, N. H., March 11th, 1811; received the Gospel in Boston, Massachusetts, and was baptized in January, 1843; moved from Boston to Nauvoo in 1844, arriving on the 8th of June; shared, in connection with her husband, in the exodus to Winter Quarters in 1846; moved to Kanesville in the spring of 1848, and in the fall of 1850 arrived in Salt Lake City, remaining in said place till 1858, in which year she moved to Willard, Box Elder County.

Deceased was the mother of seven children, twenty-eight grand children and five great-grandchildren. She died as she had lived, in the hope of a glorious resurrection.—[Com.

Smith.—In Brooklyn, Utah, of inflammation of the lungs, Nellie, infant daughter of Levi and Harriet C. Fuel. Born Jan. 19th, 1884, aged 2 days.

G. L. Shurtliff, please copy.

Glass.—At Rockport, Feb. 6, 1884, of consumption, John Cooper Glass. Born Jan. 16, 1833, in the parish of Alston in the County of Salop, England, aged 47 years, 22 days.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Matinee and Night Only!

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16th,

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT

Tendered by the Management of the Theatre to Mr.

GEORGE HOLLAND,

On which occasion, in addition to the entire and favorite

HOLLAND COMEDY COMPANY,

MISS CONSTANCE MURIELLE,

The following ladies and gentlemen, whose excellence and artistic capabilities are so well and favorably known in this city, have, in the kindest manner, volunteered their services: MR. D. MCKENZIE, MR. PHILEP MARGETUS, MISS ANNIE ADAMS, MISS LULU ADAMS, MR. JOHN LINDSAY.

The following extraordinary programme has been arranged for this double occasion:

MATINEE, AT 2 P. M.

Our American Cousin

Mr. George Holland as Lord Dundreary.

EVENING AT 8.

The most realistic of all modern dramas,

Ten Nights in a Bar-Room!

To be followed by the delightful farce,

The Spectre Bridegroom!

The whole concluding with, for the first time in many years,

ROBERT MACAIRE,

— OR —

THE TWO MURDERERS!

Reserved seats ready Friday morning at the box office of the Theatre. Prices as usual.

WALKER OPERA HOUSE.

ONE WEEK,

COMMENCING

Monday, Feb. 18th, '84.

Triumphant Tour of the Favorite Artists,

MR. AND MRS.

H. A. KENDALL.

Full and Complete Orchestra and Superb Band.

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 18, '84,

MY AWFUL DAD!

With a Strong Cast of Characters.

ADONIS EVERGREEN, MR. H. A. KENDALL,

A youthful father, engaged in sowing his wild oats, to the constant terror of his aged son.

KENDALL'S POPULAR PRICES:

25, 50 and 75c.

Seats can be secured in advance, without extra charge at Box Office.

CHANGE OF BILL NIGHTLY.

DIPHTHERIA.

Marshall's Canker Cure and Hamburg Oil will positively cure diphtheria in its most malignant form. For sale at every drug store. d&w

FARM FOR SALE.

Forty acres of good farming land about eight miles south-west of this city, with water right. For information apply to MILANDO PRATT, d&w 1mo at Historian Office.

WEIHE & OLSEN,

Repairers of Organs,

AND

ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Work Guaranteed. Commercial St.

FOR SALE.

As I contemplate retiring from active business I offer for sale my real estate at Kaysville, consisting of a grist mill with two run of buhrs (never freezes), house, barn and eighty acres of land, all fenced with Cedar Posts, Lumber and Poles. Come and see. For full particulars apply to JOHN WEINEL, Kaysville, Davis Co., Utah d&w

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

In consequence of the increase of business beyond my personal supervision, I have this day entered into a co-partnership with my two sons, D. W. and H. C. James, and Mr. W. H. Schister, who will unitedly with myself, constitute the firm of David James & Co.

I am grateful for the patronage received in the past, and I commend the firm to the public, assured that in the future we shall be more able, by promptitude and attention, to command the continued favors of all our old patrons, and to make by good workmanship many more new ones.

I am, with respect, DAVID JAMES.

HOWARD SEBREE COMPANY.

Having incorporated my business in Salt Lake and Ogden, as well as my trade in Idaho, hereafter will be known as Howard Sebree Company, main office, Salt Lake City, Utah; branch houses at Ogden, Utah, Shoshone and Caldwell, Idaho.

P. S.—The undersigned continues to manage the business, no change having been made, except to consolidate for the purpose of carrying on the well established Rain Wagon and Agricultural Implement trade more vigorously than it has ever been done before.

Howard Sebree Company starts out with all the former attaches and the bright prospect for a big trade in 1884.

Thanking friends and patrons for past favors and hoping to merit a continuance for the new Company. HOWARD SEBREE.

LUMBER YARD

AND

PLANING MILL,

HALF-A-BLOCK EAST OF DEPOT.

LUMBER,	DOORS,
LATH,	SASH,
SHINGLES,	MOULDINGS,
CEILING,	FRAMES,
FLOORING,	PICKETS,
HARDWARE,	RUSTIC,

SASH WEIGHTS, GLASS, Etc.

ALL BILLS PROMPTLY FILLED

BUILDERS,

Contractors and Manufacturers.

TAYLOR, ROMNEY & ARMSTRONG,

Late Latimer, Taylor & Co.

P. O. Box 639.

DRUGS

— AND —

MEDICINES.

PURE WINES

— AND —

LIQUORS.

English and French Crucibles,

IMPORTED BY US from EUROPE.

ASSAY and MILLING MATERIALS.

All our patrons may rely on being treated with courtesy and liberality.

GODBE, PITTS & CO.

d 17

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Are Sole Agents for the Jackson Ventilating Grate, and Fire on the Hearth Grates, Stoves and Mantles.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Are Sole Agents for the Otto Silent Gas Engine.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Are Sole Agents for the Garry Iron Roofing.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Have in stock a large supply of Iron, Hose, and Lead Pipe, Pumps and Fittings.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Are Sole Agents for the Haxton H. B. Smith, and W. H. Warner Steam Heating Apparatus.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Are Sole Agents for the Hartford Glass Water Closets, and keeps in stock the Hellyer, Hygela, Zanes, Jennings, and White's Sanitary Closets, all of which are first class.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Keeps in stock the Latest Improved Plumbers' Materials to be found in the Eastern Markets.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Have in stock the latest designs in Gas Fixtures, selected personally while in the East the past winter.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Are prepared to lay Water Pipes from the water mains on short notice.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Have a large force of First-class Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters, and is prepared to do Plumbing and Steam Fitting on the very latest improved plans as adopted by Eastern cities, and solicits the continued patronage of the citizens of this city and vicinity.

DAVID JAMES & Co.,

Have in stock a large assortment of Tin Plate, Sheet Iron Roofing, and Galvanized Iron, and are prepared to do all kinds of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Work. Stove Furniture a Specialty.

Orders Received by Telephone.

At office and Workshops, No. 39 Main Street, or residence

ANOTHER NEW MOVE!

I am pleased to announce that my New Art Bazar will be opened on Thursday, October 4th, with everything New. New instruments, New and finest Photographic Parlors in the West. New Goods of all description. New ideas. New frames, startling reductions in Books and fancy goods. Come and see us. Yours for Art and Low Prices.

C. R. SAVAGE.

IDAHO STORE

REMOVED

Half a block North of Corner to Fitzgerald's Hall Building.

Wholesale Commission.

Manufacture Fine and Coarse Salts, Liquid Stock, Neatsfoot Oil, Soaps, Mountain Bath Salt for Stock.

LUMBER, CEDAR POSTS,

Cedar Chewood—Stone—Foster Billiard Table—Old Butter for Sheep Stock—Columbia 300 lbs Product and Saltpeter—Rolled Hay, Lucerne and Straw.

SIX HORSE BAKER ENGINE.

General Agents Chicago Stock Company and Dressers Exhibit. Can tell you to Half a Cent in five minutes.

HORSES—MERCHANDISE.

CALL AND SEE US.

JOHN W. SNELL.

WANTED.

A good girl to do housework. Apply at this office.

A. PEMBROKE

FINE TOILET SUPPLIES, STATIONERY

Blank Books, Fancy Goods.

69 Main St., Salt Lake

Z. C. M. I.

GREAT REDUCTIONS!

CARPETS ZERO!

Moquette,
Velvet,
Body Brussels,
Tapestries,
Three-Ply, all Wool,
Ingrain and Extra Supers,

AT BOTTOM PRICES!

C. M.

RUGS AND MATS.

Moquette,
Smyrna,
Velvet and
Tap Rugs and Mats,
Cocoa and Napier Matting.

TURKEMAN GOODS.

Lace Curtains,
Reversable Silks and Plushes,
Poles and Cornices of Latest Design.

M. C.

WALL PAPERS

And Decorations in Great Variety.
Oil Cloths,
Linoleums,
And General House Furnishings to Please the most fastidious, at

NOITUTITSNI ELITNAGREM EVITAREPO-OC S'NOIZ.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

I. M. C. Z.

STOVES RETAIL

We have received several car loads of

RANGES,

COOK & HEATING STOVES

Which we will Sell at Wholesale Prices to all Purchasers.

THEY EMBRACE THE CELEBRATED

BISMARCK RANGES,

RENOWNED EMPORIUM COOKS,

AND AN IMMENSE LINE OF

HEATERS,

FOR HARD AND SOFT COAL

We deliver Stoves in any part of the city, set them up and guarantee satisfaction.

PRICES LOWER than Ever. Call and Examine our Large Stock.

WM. JENNINGS & SONS.

B. M. ELLERBECK. J. C. HEESCH.

HEESCH & ELLERBECK,

PLUMBERS, GAS & STEAM FITTERS,

— DEALERS IN —

Iron and Lead Pipe and Plumbers Supplies.

— AGENTS FOR —

Mitchell, Vance & Co. Gas Fixtures,

PAGE STEAM HEATERS, TUERKS WATER MOTORS.

Salt Lake City, 40 E. First South Street.

Spencer Clawson

Wholesale

DRY GOODS

SALT LAKE CITY.

(HOOPER & ELDREDGE BUILDING)

TAKING INTO ACCOUNT

Our small way of business we realize that we have an

IMMENSE STOCK!

Which we shall be pleased to sell at

Very Reduced Prices.

MR. S. JOHANSON

Having extensive reputation of all orders; Customers may rely upon having their garments turned out First-Class in Every Particular, at prices no other Tailors

Dare Venture to Touch.

GENTLEMEN, COME ON.

Leave us your orders and prove what we advertise is correct.

BUCKLE & SON,

Tailors and Woolen Drapers, 220 S. Main Street, Salt Lake City. P. O. Box 893.