

of perfect and complete revolution under the influence of this sublime factor of human happiness, the benevolence of Christ. We recommend it to all who are afflicted with this dread epidemic of unrest.

WESTERN NEWS ITEMS.

Helena Journal—Mrs. Ry. Zeigler committed suicide yesterday morning by shooting herself through the head. Her husband, Ry. Zeigler, left her last fall and went to Salt Lake City, and it is presumed that ill health and the desertion of her husband caused Mrs. Zeigler to commit the rash act which deprived her of life and brought grief to her friends. She has been living for the past two or three weeks with Mrs. Robert Stewart, at the depot, and was prepared to leave for the East yesterday. She arose from her bed before 5 o'clock yesterday morning and followed her usual custom of taking a walk. But this time it was noticed that she had a small paper parcel in her hand. She walked down to the Presbyterian Church No. 2, which is about one-quarter of a mile from the railroad track, and entering the church, deliberately proceeded to end her existence upon earth.

Mrs. Ry. Zeigler was from Seaport, Ill., and was married some twenty years ago to Ry. Zeigler in Monroe, Wis. She leaves a husband and a son, about 18 years of age, who is a resident of this city.

Evanston Register—C. J. Quinn, a travelling printer, met with a serious accident at Carter station Monday morning at 2 o'clock. He attempted to climb on the truck of the sleeper just after it had started and while it was going at the rate of five miles an hour. In trying to swing himself on he swung himself too far and his left leg got caught in the wheels and run over just below the knee. His cries for help brought a crew to the rescue. He was carried to the station, where the flowing of blood was stopped by means of a rope just in time to be brought to Evanston on Conductor Clark's freight. On arrival here he was taken to the Rocky Mountain hotel and Dr. Harrison and Hocker, who had been summoned, placed him under the influence of chloroform, and amputated the limb about four inches above the knee. The limb was so badly shattered that it was impossible to save the knee. The patient is resting quietly now, and is not suffering. The probabilities are that it will be a month before he will be able to be about. While under the influence of chloroform he inquired for the free lunch counter and other places of resort generally patronized by the printer, and gave numerous evidences of an unusual amount of grit, and a strong constitution.

San Francisco Chronicle.—That San Francisco did not have a genuine lynching yesterday in the very heart of its most thickly populated district is due to the timely arrival and prompt action of Police Officer Leonard, of the new City Hall station, who rescued G. W. Dennison from a thoroughly enraged and determined crowd of citizens at the corner of Ellis and Leavenworth streets.

The cause of the trouble was a brutal and murderous assault committed by

Dennison on two little boys, Daniel and George McGee, aged respectively 9 and 11 years.

The policeman quickly removed his prisoner from the scene and conveyed him to the central station, where he charged him with an assault with a deadly weapon.

The boys who were assaulted live with their parents at 407 Leavenworth street, where a *Chronicle* reporter found them last night. The younger of the boys, Dan, was lying unconscious in his little cot, while his brother George was tossing restlessly on another couch. He is a bright little fellow, and in spite of the pain which he endured was able to tell the following story of the assault:

"This noon Dan and I went at the cable crossing on Ellis and Leavenworth streets playing. As one of the cable cars on the Leavenworth street road came down the hill and stopped, we—Dan and I—jumped on the hind end. As Dan jumped on the west side Dennison yelled to him in broken Danish to 'yomp off' the car. This made Dan laugh, and he mocked Dennison. Then Dennison rushed at my brother and hit him over the head with a long, heavy hook which he used to lift up the lever. He raised the hook again and sank it into Dan's head and jerked him down on to the ground.

"I picked up a small rock and threw it at the switchman. He then left Dan lying senseless on the ground and rushed at me, striking me over the small of the back with the hook.

"By this time there was a big crowd of people all around us. They grabbed Dennison and were about to take him to a lamppost when the policeman came."

The brutal assault was witnessed by several people in the Hotel Mirabeau, who rushed down from their rooms to the street below and lifted the bleeding bodies of the little boys and carried them to their home. Drs. Vanderbeck and Cleveland were called, and after a hasty examination of the boys' injuries they pronounced them to be of too serious a character to admit of a hurried diagnosis.

The surgeon stated, however, that one of the vertebrae in George's back was shattered, while the symptoms of the younger boy were such as to lead them to believe that the little fellow had received a severe concussion of his brain and possibly a fracture of the skull. His scalp was deeply cut by the sharp point of the switchman's hook.

The injuries of George's back were temporarily dressed, while several stitches were necessary to close the gaping wound in Dan's head.

At a late hour last night the younger boy's symptoms were alarming, and it was deemed advisable to administer opiates to relieve his sufferings.

A *Chronicle* reporter called on Dennison at the central station to get his story of the affair, but the man was found crouching in one corner of his cell and showing all outward signs of extreme fright. When asked why he had struck the boys he refused to make any word or sign of reply.

Adelaide Nellson, actress, died August 15, 1890.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

DUN & Co. in their trade report for the week ending August 8, 1891, says that a feeling of confidence distinctly increases. The prospects of foreign demand for American grain expand with every week's news. Russian crops have so far failed that exports from that country must be small, while requirements of England, France and Germany must be unusually large. Hence a very heavy movement of wheat for the season, receipts at western points exceeding a million bushels a day, depresses the price but little.

Depression in some great industries continues and is real, but may be traced to causes obviously not permanent. The wool manufacture is distinctly improving, and sales of wool at Boston rise, to 5,196,000 lbs., the sales there, at Philadelphia and New York, since January 1, being 148,000,000 lbs., against 138,000,000 last year to the same date.

At Boston trade in merchandise increases, and is very good for boots and shoes, with factories well employed, and Western and Southern reports quite favorable. With active trade in wool and better in goods, the close money market causes some embarrassment. Sales of wool are large at Hartford and of dry goods increasing. Chicago feels the effect of great crops distinctly, wheat receipts being seven-fold last year's, rye five-fold, barley two-fold, wool nearly double, and in corn, beef, butter and hides some increase appears, as also in sales of dry goods.

The report further says:

"Prices of commodities are going down, and for the first time this year the general level is lower than a year ago, having declined 1-2 per cent. the past week. Wheat has fallen three-quarters of a cent in spite of exports greatly exceeding last year's, and the enormous Western receipts make constantly repeated assertions that the Alliance can hold back wheat appear ridiculous. Western estimates, not usually extreme, now allow from 585,000,000 bushels for export. Corn is 1½ cents lower, pork products a fraction lower, coffee an eighth, and oil 1 cent lower."

Financial prospects have not changed, and though money on call is cheap, commercial loans are made with caution. Large failures have occurred, but none threatening financial disturbance. The demand for money to move crops begins to be felt by many banks, and during the week the treasury has taken in from circulation \$600,000 more than it has paid out.

The business failures for the week mentioned number in the United States 207, and for Canada 24. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 179 in the United States and 29 in the Dominion of Canada.

In Shanghai and in many other places in China the crows build and raise their broods in the trees of the city. They are especially abundant in Peking. On account of Buddhist reverence for all life, no one harms them. There is one variety, which, from its having a band of white about its neck, is known as the "Parson crow."