THE UTAH CENTRAL.

Receivers Appointed for the Narrow Gauge Road.

DEFAULT IN PAYMENT OF INTEREST

The Petition Brought in the Third District Court by the Central Trust Company.

This afternoon in the Third district court a petition for foreclosure was filed by the Central Trust company of New York against the Utah Central Railway company, and Judge Zane appointed (in accordance with the petition) James McGregor and Clarence Cary receivers of the defendants' property, as described in the bill of complaint, viz: the railroad of the said company and the branches thereof, with all the equipments and machinery, all the real and personal property, moneys, rights, credits, effects and assets. It was further ordered that the defendants' officers and agents assign and deliver over to the receivers all equitable interests, books, vouchers and other papers concerning the management of said railroad; and the defendants, their officers and agents, are enjoined and restrained from interference with the receivers and the property under their control.

The holders of the first mortgage bonds and the holders of the trust deed have sued, owing to default in payment of interest November 1st, 1892, and since that date.

The road has been in financial difficulties for several years.

Sons of St. George.

The Sons of St. George are requested to be in attendance at 12:30 at the Temple of Honor hall on Tuesday, November 28, to attend the funeral of Johnson Relph, of Pease and Harmony lodge, Butte, Montana.

WM. M. BROWN, Secretary.

About to Come Out.

The following territorial prisoners will be released on the dates below named during December:

Elmer Clark, sent up from the First district court for forgery on Oct. 28, 1893, for forty days; sentence expires on Dec. 2, 1893.

J. W. G. Logan, sent up from the Third district court for robbery, Sept. 16, 1893 for three months; sentence expires on Dec. 3, 1893.

Hans Christiansen, sent up from the First district court for unlawful cohabitation on Oct. 14, 1893, for ten months; sentence expires on Dec. 14, 1893.

Frank Howard, sent up from the Third district court for forgery on Sept. 25, 1893, for three months; sentence expires on Dec. 11, 1893.

John Smith, sent up from the Third district court for fornication on Sept. 28, 1893, for three months; sentence expires on Dec. 11, 1893.

Peter Fraust, sent up from the Third district court for forgery on Feb. 16, 1893, for one year; sentence expires on Dec. 16, 1893.

C. M. Preston, sent up from the Fourth district court for embezzlement on Oct. 3, 1892, for eighteen months; sentence expires on Dec. 18, 1893.

Bismark Faucher, sent up from the Fourth district court for fornication on Nov. 18, 1893, for thirty days; sentence expires on Dec. 18, 1893.

Guy Dumas, sent up from the Third district court for forgery on Feb. 23, 1893, for one year; sentence expires on Dec. 20, 1893.

M. Brash, sent up from the First district court for forgery on May 22, 1892, for two years; sentence expires on Dec. 27, 1893.

Wm. Elmer, sent up from the Third district court for housebreaking on Feb. 27, 1893, for one year; sentence expires on Dec. 27, 1893.

High Council.

A special session of the High Council of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion is called for Tuesday, Nov. 28, 1893, at 7:30 p. m. Members of the Council and all persons having business to present before them are requested to note this.

JAMES D. STORRS, Clerk.

First Precinct Citizens.

The citizens of the First precinct have issued the following call for a non-partisan school convention:

The undersigned enfranchised voters of the First precinct in Salt Lake City, representatives of the various political parties, do hereby call for a mass convention of the voters of the First precinct for the purpose of nominating a non-partisan candidate for a member of the board of education for said First precinct; said convention to be held in Liberty building Friday, December 1, 1893, at 7:30 p.m.

We believe that it is for the best interests of the schools of this city that they should be in the hands of a non-partisan board of education.

C. G. Whitmore, C. E. Pettit, George W. Alder, C. H. Barnett, A. J. Pendleton, Jr., John E. Wilcomb, John P. Meiss, A. M. Park, George A. Alder, Fred C. Bassett, Elias A. Smith, Sam. J. Kenyon, H. V. Duke, T. O. Perkins, C. E. Westland, E. W. Wilson, E. P. Newell, R. O. G. Stowell, J. C. McNally, Geo. S. Brice, Dennis C. Eichnot, E. W. Talbert, Carl J. Birkner, G. Gillett, C. W. Parson.

UTAH AT THE FAIR.

Proposal for a Pyramid of Utah Sugar and a Miniature Salter Beach in Utah Salt.

The Utah Sugar company proposes to make it plain to Californians at the Midwinter Fair that the Golden State is away behind Utah in her sugar production. Regarding the company's exhibit, Manager Cutler has sent the following inquiry to Secretary Snyder, of the Salt Lake Chamber of Commerce, in response to a suggestion from the latter:

"What is your idea of the size of a pyramid that you would like us to make? We expect to place some kind of an exhibit at the Midwinter Fair, and would be pleased to receive your suggestion."

The secretary of the Chamber has written to I. A. Clayton, of the Saltair Beach company, inquiring whether it will not be possible for them to construct a fac simile, from salt from the Great Salt Lake, of the Saltair Beach pavilion. This would prove an attractive feature, and a grand advertisement not only of the salt producing capacity of the lake but of its advantages as a bathing resort.

Woman's Exponent.

The last number of the Woman's Exponent is out with the following interesting table of contents:

In Rural England—A Story. Salt Lake City, W. S. A.—Maggie Benson. U. W. P. Club—Study Woodmansee, Louie Shearer.—E. H. Lyon. Home generation—Annie B. Dennis. Woman's Foreign Affairs—Mrs. Neuffer. Utah County W. S. A. Lodge Community Meetings—L. D. A. Jones, R. S. Reports. Mine Lucas—S. M. Pomeroy. Vanity—Zion's Convert. The War of the Rebellion. Obituaries. Editorial.—A Tribute to Lucy Stone. Editorial Notes.

Poetry—Lucy Stone. Thanksgiving Hymn—Will Carleton. Autumn—Hymenia. Sometime We'll Meet Again—E. L. G. The Trials of Columbus—L. S. Dreyfoos.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARLOW BROS. MINSTRELS play at the Theater tonight. Their brass band and street parade drew a large amount of attention on the streets this morning.

DAILEY'S COMEDY SHOW closed Saturday night to a full house. The engagement was moderately successful financially.

THE TABERNACLE will be open Thursday night (Thanksgiving), for the Juvenile choir contest. There are already many competitors, and a great amount of interest is felt in the event among the various wards in the city whose youthful singers will compete.

MAY BLOSSOM will be first rendered by the Salt Lake Stock company on Thanksgiving evening. It will also form the bill for Friday and Saturday nights.

Church University Theological Class.

The class held its regular session at the Assembly Hall yesterday commencing at 12:30 p.m. After prayer by Elder George Goddard, Dr. J. E. Talmage, the lecturer of the class, proceeded with the catechisation. The students, who numbered one thousand in number, were all provided with leaflets containing an outline of the work in hand. The review was thorough, and covered part of the third and fourth Articles of Faith.

In catechising of this class, the lecturer next considered the principle of Repentance. Faith, he said, must be accompanied by works—and that first work is Repentance. The nature of repentance is godly sorrow for sin, comprising first a conviction of guilt; second, a desire to be forgiven; and third, an earnest determination to forsake sin.

Repentance is essential to salvation. It was at all times the burden of the teachings of every servant of God, as well as of Christ Himself. For repentance rewards were promised, for non-repentance penalties would follow. Since all men are sinful, all are in need of repentance. They cannot repent in pride, for true repentance follows humility. The Lord pronounces that all men must repent or suffer; and His servant declares, "If you would repent, bring forth works meet for repentance."

Repentance is also considered as a gift of God, but faith necessarily precedes repentance, although both are closely related. Many a battle is sought within the heart, and if honor was given where it is due, many a humble soul would be justly numbered with the greatest heroes.

"My spirit will not always strive with man," says the Almighty, showing that repentance is not always possible. Although the chance to repent lies beyond the veil it can be the liberal characteristic of the Gospel, yet if we have received an opportunity once it will be counted as sin against us and it will certainly be harder to repent the longer we delay.

This life is the time, and we must not procrastinate, for that same spirit, which we now possess, will have power to possess our hearts in the next world. A few sighs repentance is possible there, we know not the conditions.

The members of the class were admonished to partake of the spirit of true faith and repentance, that choice blessings may attend them in connection with their study of these glorious principles. Benediction was pronounced by Elder B. T. Burton.

Unpublished Fiction.

Some years ago I ventured to pick up the state volume of Lockhart's "Life of Scott," and, opening on page 410, read what seemed to be a letter written in the reign of James I. of England. The style entirely took me in, and it was not till I turned back for a page or two that I found the letters were of our Walter's own composition. Lockhart says that, in 1821, Scott "amused some leisure hours with writing a series of 'private letters,' supposed to have been discovered in the repository of a noble English family, and giving a picture of manners in town and country in the early part of the reign of James I. These letters were printed as but so he pretend them (this, by the way, is not quite accurate.) in a handsome quarto form, and he furnished the margin with a running commentary of notes, drawn up in the character of a disappointed chaplain, a Kawn Whig, or rather Radical, overflowing on all occasions with spite against monarchy and aristocracy." When seventy-two pages had been printed, Lockhart, Erskine, and James Ballantyne told Scott that he was throwing away, to those writers, the materials of as good a romance as he had ever penned.

By the kindness of Mr. Maxwell Scott I was permitted, when staying at Chalmers, Lockhart's subject, to read the one surviving set of sheets on which the "Private Letters" were printed, with the wrinkles of margins. On the final page I found written, in the well-known and perfectly secret hand of Sir Walter himself, nearly to Finis. March, 1821." He therefore contemplated the publication of the romance, and in a letter written from the continent in his last journey thither, he reminds Lockhart of the "Private letts.," and of Lady Louisa Stewart's share in their composition.—*From an unpublished work of Sir Walter Scott. Introduction by Andrew Lang, in the Christmas number (December) of Harper's magazine.*

MANTI TOMORROW!

The Sanpete Valley Railroad Rapidly Nearing Completion.

GREAT REJOICING WILL FOLLOW

The Citizens of Sanpete County's Chief City will Celebrate the Day and Make it Memorable.

A NEWS reporter this afternoon met Manager Birdsall of the Sanpete Valley railroad and learned from that gentleman that the road will reach Manti tomorrow. The rails are now within three miles of a mile of that place and whatever they will be said. There is great rejoicing on the part of the citizens of the little town into their town and they are preparing to celebrate the event in Brigham style.

The officers of the road will have a banquet tendered them on Wednesday next by the mayor and city council of Manti. Superintendent Joseph Young of the Union Pacific and other prominent railway men of this city will go down for the purpose of witnessing the celebration, as will also a number of Salt Lake business men. When completed the road will be 41 miles in length.

For Burglary.

The police at an early hour this morning arrested an Indian with an unpronounceable name for burglarizing a fruit store on West Temple street. He was taken before Justice Lee and placed under $500 bonds to await the action of the grand jury.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS BUDGET.

(Prepared from Special Collections for the DESERET NEWS.)

NORWAY.

Five strawberries were found the other day on an farm Hamarfest.

Flower from Germany is being imported to Lardowall in large quantities.

This is a country of expositions. A large exposition of Crown is to be held at Stockholm next February.

Influenza and typhoid fever are raging epidemically in many of the parishes in Vestmanland.

The telephone line between Malmo in Sweden and Copenhagen has now been opened for the public.

A new sugar factory will be built in Saxtorp, Skane. A stock company has been organized for the purpose, and shares, representing a value of twenty crowns, have already been taken.

The crown prince will probably pay a visit to the German emperor next January, and the crown princess will at the same time visit her parents in Carlsruhe. She intended first to spend the whole winter in Sweden, but it now said to have changed her mind.

The dedication of the large monument of Gustavus Vasa, the great Swedish king, took place at Rattvik last Monday (the 20th). The monument was unveiled by Governor C. Wennall. Divine service was afterwards held in the church.

During the last few years 40 per cent of the population of the Boldsal parish in southern Dal has emigrated. The most peculiar thing is, that it is not the poor class, but rather, the well-to-do people, who have made their way to the United States.

Transmission of power from the Trollhattan water falls will probably soon be used for furnishing the whole city of Gothenburg with electric light. Engineer De Laval whose patent steam turbine was one of the wonders of the Chicago exposition, has manufactured a dynamo of hitherto unknown power. It will be sufficient for at least 15,000 electric lamps.

University education in Sweden is imparted at two complete national universities, Upsala and Lund, each with four faculties or departments, or also at two private high schools recently founded in Stockholm and Gothenburg; this latter having a department for the humanities, while the former has departments for mathematics, natural science, and, in part, the humanities, and will very shortly start a department of law. There is also at Stockholm a medical high school which is a state institution. The amount of teachers at these establishments amount to about 300, and that of the students to about 3000.

A splendid institution is the gymnastic-orthopedical institute of Stockholm, which obtained a state grant in 1887. The special objects of this institute are: 1. To receive gymnastically patients requiring treatment. To administer free medical gymnastics; and, 3. To give instruction in medical gymnastics and orthopedy to medical men and medical students. The institute is annually frequented by forty to fifty foreign doctors besides foreign "gymnastics" who generally stay from one to four months and attend the courses of instruction. Several American doctors have taken courses at the institute.

Ever since the surplus of population in Sweden had, as known, been much weakened by vast emigration. The surplus of births to deaths is yearly about 40,000 but the increase of population is not a third of this figure, the rest finding their way to other countries, chiefly to the United States. Since 1865 Sweden has lost various individuals by emigration, and remembering this and the vast Swedish population in Finland, and also in Norway and Denmark, it may be taken for granted that, though Sweden has barely two million inhabitants, yet the Swedish language is the mother tongue of at least six million individuals.

Crime seems to be decreasing in Sweden, as in certain other countries, at all events as regards more criminal offenses. The annual number of commitals for felony—or crimes that cannot be expiated by fines—was per mean quadrennium:

Period.	Average.
1851—55	5,[illegible]
1856—60	5,[illegible]
1861—65	5,[illegible]
1866—70	4,[illegible]
1871—75	4,[illegible]
1876—80	4,[illegible]
1881—85	4,[illegible]
1886—90	4,[illegible]

There is little doubt that this favorable result greatly depends on the decrease in the consumption of spirits.

NORWAY.

Influenza is raging epidemically in the parishes around Christiania.

The falling of "fat herring" has been very rich all around the coast.

The immigration of foreign workingmen to Norway has increased very much during the present year.

The first locomotive manufactured in Norway was turned out from the Strand works the other day.

The Norwegian emigrants to America can all read well. Generally they write also a good hand, and good people will.

The exponent of the state revenue in Norway were about 2,000,000 crowns in 1892, and the receipt were about 7,000,000 crowns.

Ullmann the President of the Storthing has now returned home from a tour in the United States. The other day at Skien, he lectured on the Western land.

A large House auction was sent to Mr. Malone's houses in Minneapolis silver, and paperware, which had served under the French general in Africa.

Some of the Norwegian colonists have gone so far in their hatred of Sweden as not to accept Swedish money in payment, even if it has been issued by the Swedish Bank of the union.

DENMARK.

The football team has returned Copenhagen.

Danish butter commands a higher price than the French product in the market of England.

The estimated receipt of the gas works of Copenhagen for the past year were 2,025,000, the actual receipts $[illegible].

Fernandy Lindenberg is the author of an extensive work on the Religion of Labor and other American labor organizations.

The wife of Rentmester Thun the Danish minister of foreign affairs will establish an asylum for the children of the laborers on the Gamle estate.

A project is said to be on foot by the Cronia Steamship Co., of Copenhagen, to establish a new line of steamers between that port and New Orleans.

The Kjellerup Technical School, the largest technical school in Denmark, was dedicated the other day.

Prince Christian, eldest son of the Danish Crown prince, is soon to marry Princess Helen of Orleans, the daughter of the Comte de Paris.

Le Figaro has an allusion to the Czar's visit to Copenhagen. The prominent French paper believes it is necessary for Denmark to "keep her" neutrality, and to have sympathies for France and Russia. The author reminds one of the Danish, of their very plucky fight against and lost his fleet during the play.

LOGAN.

LOGAN, UTAH, Nov. 25, 1893.

Hurt By a Fall.

Last Wednesday Mr. D. C. Henderson, representing the Fairbanks Soap company, met with quite a serious accident at Mrs. Hacke' hotel. He came out on a landing that was unprotected by a hand rail or banister, and fell a distance of from ten to fourteen feet. Luting the descent the edge of his shoes caught on a nail, somewhat breaking the force of his fall. One of his ribs was broken, his face was badly scratched and bruised, and his arms and shoulders were badly hurt. Dr. Parkinson attended him.

Notes and Personals.

On Thursday evening Barlow Bros.' minstrels will hold forth in the Theater opera house. This will make the second lively theatrical attraction during the week, as on Tuesday evening the Skipped by the Light in the Moon company will amuse the people.

The regular monthly ball of the students of the Agricultural College was held on Saturday evening. The invited guests pronounced it a very enjoyable event.

The sale of university lands is announced for February 8th. Many parties in Cache county are interested. Probably many pieces will be sold prior to that date, at the place affixed by the commissioners.

The weather has been quite stormy during the last few days, and some new sleighs have been out, but sleighing is still poor.

The course of lectures delivered during the past week in the basement of the tabernacle by Prof. Biddell, have been of intense interest to all who attended.

The citizens of Logan view with extreme disfavor the proposal to move the Agricultural college from Logan to unite it with the University of Utah.

Mr. Al. Scott, a widely known and highly respected citizen of Smithfield, is lying seriously ill of la grippe and pneumonia.

Frank L. Villett, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Villett, died one night last week of what the doctors term inanition.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harris, formerly of Logan, but now of Montpelier, have returned to spend the winter here. Both are much improved in health and will add much to Logan's store of amusements during the winter.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

DAILY WEATHER BUREAU.

[illegible]

LOCAL FORECAST

[illegible]

GEO. E. FERNOW, Chief.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $[illegible].

SUNDAY'S QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK—Silver, 69 1-2 bid, $1.24 asked—Silver, 32 1-2c.

ORE AND BULLION.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today: Mixed bullion, $[illegible].

McCornick & Co. received today: Hardsaw bullion, [illegible] silver and [illegible] gold. Total, $14,000.

T. R. Fisher & Co. received today: Ore, 18,000 pounds, bullion, [illegible]. Total, $[illegible].

[illegible]

DEATHS.

[illegible]

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

[illegible]

DELINQUENT SPECIAL TAXES.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]