

with a little more coolness, civility, and consideration on both sides, but especially on that of the deputy who gave the original offence, there would have been nothing at all amiss. It adds nothing to the dignity of the Federal government when any one of its officers conducts himself with gratuitous offensiveness, and there are few Americans of any kind, or men of any nationality, who have the spirit of men within them, who would not resent the overbearing and hectoring arrogance and insolence of men clothed with a little brief authority, and even sometimes when it could not be done safely. Because, when men are needlessly and rudely insulted, they are liable to act upon instantaneous impulse, instead of stopping to reflect upon how their action may be used against them. Every good citizen ought to pour oil upon the troubled waters of political excitement and water upon the fires of inflammatory misrepresentation, instead of seeking to excite conflict and make matters as bad as can be.

### THE WHEELS OF JUSTICE.

THE *Republic* of Oct. 5, is the first number of the new administration newspaper published in New York. It is an eight page quarto of very neat appearance, with a good share of advertisements, and edited with ability.

The sentiments of the *Republic* upon Utah affairs naturally take their tone from the carpet-bagger reports sent from here, and consequently it is not surprising to see such sentences as the following—

"The United States laws have been a dead letter in Utah Territory for years, but the last session of Congress adopted legislation which, though not altogether satisfactory, has at least had the effect of setting the wheels of justice in motion."

If the U. S. laws have been a dead letter here, it is because of the hindrances thrust in the way by the U. S. officials. In no part of the country are good and wholesome constitutional laws more profoundly respected or more faithfully observed than by the bulk of the community in Utah. It is entirely a buncombe falsehood that the laws are persistently disregarded by the people of this Territory.

The *Republic* says the recent special legislation of Congress with regard to Utah "has at last had the effect of setting the wheels of justice in motion." Is the *Republic* sure of that? We have met no man here who is, save the carpet-baggers themselves and those who aid and abet them either out of revenge and malice or from a hope of sharing in the spoils.

If the *Republic* had said the Congressional legislation of last session had set the courts in motion, there would have been some truth in the statement. But unfortunately courts are not inevitably courts of justice. Courts and justice are not always synonymous terms. They sometimes have a precisely opposite meaning, the one to the other. Let our contemporary wait a while before it emphatically declares that justice is administered in the courts here, at least in all of them. Where carpet-baggers rule, as a general thing, justice is the last thing that has its wheels set in motion. Not that there are no honorable carpet-baggers in this part of the Union, but the fact is too patent that most of them are of another class of men entirely, but not a better class by any means.

### THE ARGENTINE TROUBLES.

Revolution and civil war appear to be chronic conditions of several of the central and South American States. The Argentine confederation or Republic has just commenced a new struggle of this kind. The exciting and initiatory circumstances appear to be something like this—the President of the Republic is elected every six years. The term of the present incumbent, Sarmiento, expires the present month. The late elections were not satisfactory to Gen. Bartolome Mitre, formerly President, so he proclaimed them to be fraudulent, and undertook to reverse the decision of the

polls by a revolution, which appears to have attained to serious proportions. The newly elected President, Avellaneda, takes office to-day (12th) and a fierce struggle is apprehended.

**NEWSPAPER SCULLIONS OF SOCIETY.**—T. De Witt Talmage, of the Brooklyn Tabernacle, is a sensational preacher, and he seeks to make brilliant and keenly pointed points. In a late discourse he said, "Newspapers are controlled by the scullions of society," and, "Of the three hundred and ten journals in New York city, two hundred of them are depraving to the public taste and inimical to Christianity."

The Cleveland *Herald* commentingly observes, "We are ashamed to acknowledge that his remark is evidence of his acquaintance with newspapers to some extent," and, "Though Mr. Talmage is a wild man, we fear he is not far from the right in this."

Now we come to recollect, of the score or so of newspapers and journals of that class which have been started in this Territory, a far larger proportion than two thirds, in our opinion, have been "controlled by the scullions of society," and, as a very material result, have been depraving to the public taste, and inimical to Christianity. Some of them have been of a character that is not worthy of toleration in any decent community, and the race of this unworthy class is not yet extinct. Every family should avoid such pestiferous sheets, as they would the poisonous reptilian tribes of animated nature.

**A BRIGHT BEGINNING.**—The recent marriage of Miss Sherman to Lieut. Fitch, at Washington, is considered one of the most brilliant events of the kind that have ever happened in the United States. Archbishop Purcell, though so sick as to be unable to mingle with the company, attended the marriage, out of respect to General Sherman and family, and while officiating wore a robe of cloth of gold, golden sandals, and a mitre set with diamonds. In the wedding sermon he expressed the opinion that "other marriages may be of earth earthy, but a marriage like this is of heaven heavenly," and in concluding indulged in the pious and benevolent wish—"Would to God all marriages were solemnized in this manner." His Holiness the Pope, too, sent his benediction to the happy pair. They ought to have a good time of their married life, the auspices being so exceptionally favorable.

**MORE WAR OF RACES.**—The whites and the negroes in the South do not appear to have all the war of races to themselves. According to reports, a contest of that kind is threatened at the Wilkesbarre, Pa., coal mines, between the Irishmen and the Welsh, between men who will strike and won't let other men work, and these other men who want to go in and work. If excitable Paddy and irascible Taffy get fairly into a quarrel of blows, some lively times may be expected.

### POSTAL AFFAIRS.

#### Rates of Domestic Postage.

**LETTERS.**—The standard single rate weight is  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. avoirdupois. Single rate letter throughout the United States, ..... 3 cents. For each additional  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. or fraction, ..... 3 " Drop Letters, single rate, ..... 1 "

**NEWSPAPERS.**—The standard single rate is 4 oz. avoirdupois. Daily (seven times a week) 85c. per quarter (six times a week) .30c. Tri-weekly, ..... 15c. " Semi-weekly, ..... 10c. " Weekly, ..... 5c. " Monthly, ..... 3c. "

These rates must be prepaid quarterly or yearly at the office where the newspaper is received.

Single newspapers, 1 cent. prepaid.

**PERIODICALS.**—The standard single rate is 4 oz. avoirdupois. Semi-monthly, ..... 3c. per quarter. Monthly, ..... 3c. " Quarterly, ..... 1c. "

Samples of merchandise not over 12 oz., 2c. for each 2 oz. Miscellaneous printed matter, 2c. for each 4 oz. or fraction thereof.

The maximum weight of any package

of printed or miscellaneous matter is 4 lbs. avoirdupois.

#### Registered Letters and Money Orders.

**REGISTRATION.**—Letters may be registered on payment of a fee of eight cents, but the government takes no responsibility for safe carriage or compensation in case of loss.

**MONEY ORDERS.**—All principal post offices now receive small sums of money and issue drafts for the same upon other post-offices, subject to the following charges and regulations:

On orders not exceeding \$10, ..... 5 cents.  
On orders not exceeding \$20, ..... 10 "  
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30, 15 "  
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40, 20 "  
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50, 25 "

**INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS** on Great Britain, Germany and Switzerland, to be transmitted by the Postmaster at New York, may be obtained upon the payment of the following fees, viz:

**GREAT BRITAIN:**  
On orders not exceeding \$10, ..... 25 cts.  
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20, 50 "  
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30, 75 "  
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40, \$1.00 "  
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50, 1.25 "

#### Rates of Foreign Postage.

The standard single rate to Great Britain is half an ounce avoirdupois; to France and the Continent (by French mails) it is 11 grammes, or one-quarter ounce avoirdupois. The asterisk (\*) indicates that prepayment is optional.

Letters not News-exceeding paper-half oz. each.

England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales,.....	*6 cts.	2 cts.
German States and free cities, including Austria, Bavaria, Baden, Bremen, Brunswick, Frankfurt, Hamburg, Hanover, Lubec, Luxembourg, Mecklenburg, Oldenburg, Prussia, Saxony, Saxony, Coburg-Gotha, Meiningen, Weimar, Saxony and Wurtemberg, by North German Union,.....	*10 cts.	3 cts.
By closed mail, via England, Australia, British mail, via Southampton,.....	*7 cts.	4 cts.
Belgium,.....	16 cts.	4 cts.
Central America (Pacific Coast),.....	*10 cts.	4 cts.
China, American Packet, via San Francisco,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
Cuba,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
Denmark, via North German Union,.....	*9 cts.	6 cts.
Denmark, closed mail via England,.....	*10 cts.	7 cts.
East Indies, British Mail via San Francisco,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
France, direct packet,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
Greece, via North German Union direct,.....	14 cts.	9 cts.
Greece, closed mail, via England,.....	15 cts.	10 cts.
Hong Kong, American packet, via San Francisco,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
Italy, direct closed mail, via England,.....	*10 cts.	4 cts.
Italy, via North German Union direct,.....	10 cts.	6 cts.
Japan, American packet via San Francisco,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
Mexico,.....	10 cts.	8 cts.
New Zealand, via Southampton,.....	16 cts.	4 cts.
Norway, via North German Union direct,.....	10 cts.	6 cts.
Norway, closed mail, via England,.....	11 cts.	7 cts.
Portugal, via England,.....	*23 cts.	8 cts.
Russia, via North German Union direct,.....	*10 cts.	8 cts.
Russia, closed mail via England,.....	*11 cts.	6 cts.
Sandwich Islands, by mail from San Francisco,.....	6 cts.	2 cts.
South American States, Atlantic Coast, via England,.....	28 cts.	4 cts.
Brazil alone, from New York,.....	15 cts.	2 cts.
Argentina Republic and Uruguay, via American packet from New York,.....	18 cts.	4 cts.
Pacific Coast, Peru, Ecuador, Bolivia and Chile,.....	22 cts.	4 cts.
Spain, via New Orleans,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
Spain, open mail,.....	4 cts.	....
Sweden, via North German Union direct,.....	*10 cts.	8 cts.
Sweden, closed mail via England,.....	*11 cts.	9 cts.
(Newspapers under 2 oz., 6 cts. each by direct mail, and 7 cts. by closed mail via England.)		
Switzerland, direct closed mail via England,.....	*10 cts.	4 cts.
Switzerland, by North German Union direct,.....	*3 cts.	3 cts.
West Indies, (British and Danish.) American packet from New York,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
(British, British mail via St. Thomas,.....	10 cts.	2 cts.
Not British).....	8 cts.	4 cts.

#### United States and British North American Provinces.

**LETTERS.**—The standard single rate is  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. avoirdupois. To or from the Dominion of Canada, irrespective of distance, if prepaid 6 cents; otherwise, 10 cents. To and from other British North American Provinces, for distance of not over 3,000 miles, 10 cents.

**SUSTAIN HOME MANUFACTURE** by purchasing Boots and Shoes at the Workingmen's Co-op., 90 Main St., and send there for Leather, Shoe Findings and Kit. w29 tf.

### ESTRAYED.

FROM the 20th Ward, a white MULE, 1 me in the right hind leg. When last seen had a halt on, and when last heard from she was in the 2nd Ward, near President Young's mill.

Any person knowing anything concerning the whereabouts of the above described animal will be suitably rewarded by communicating with Fred Goss, at United Order of Tailors, at south end of Old Constitution Building. d&w1c

# DUNFORD & SONS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

Have received Large Shipments

For Fall and Winter Trade

OF

# BOOTS & SHOES,

Hats and Caps,

Ladies' Furs, Gents' Gloves, etc.

They invite the public to call and examine their Stock, feeling assured that they can please, both in VARIETY OF STYLES AND PRICES.

ORDERS FROM TOWN AND COUNTRY carefully and punctually filled, and at the Lowest Possible Prices.

d263 1y

To BISHOPS AND OTHERS. — For the benefit of those who desire a complete and faithful record of their families, when born, blessed, confirmed, etc., in their respective wards, and with a view of securing uniformity of information under suitable headings, a Bishop's Record has been carefully compiled by the authority and sanction of the bishops and the leading men in Israel, and as such, is recommended, hoping the bishops and brethren of wards will avail themselves of a correct record that may be handed down to posterity.

Respectfully yours,

EDWD. HUNTER,  
L. W. HARDY,  
J. C. LITTLE.

## NOW READY!

New and Enlarged Editions

OF THE

## KEY to THEOLOGY,

Voice of Warning,

AND

## SPENCER'S LETTERS.

Printed in clear Type, on good Paper and well bound.

TO INSURE AN EXTENSIVE CIRCULATION of these works we have put the prices down at a very slight margin above cost, so that they may be easily accessible to every person in the community. By them being sold at low prices they are brought within the reach of all the Schools in the Territory, as well as the adult portion of the community, and many persons will be enabled to purchase them not only for themselves and their children, but to send abroad to friends and acquaintances, to inquiring strangers, and any other persons where the works might do good.

#### PRICES:

Key to Theology, cloth embossed, .... \$1 00  
" im. morocco, ..... 1 50

Voice of Warning, cloth embossed, .. 1 00  
" im. morocco, ..... 1 50

Spencer's Letters, cloth embossed, ... 1 25

☞ Sent by Mail on receipt of price.

A discount on one dozen copies of each work or over.

### NOTICE

#### TO TAX PAYERS.

THE Territorial and County Taxes for the year 1874 are now due, and if not paid in fifteen days from date, will be collected as provided by law.

W. H. LEE,  
Assessor and Collector for Tooele County, Utah Territory.  
Tooele City, Oct. 5th, 1874. w37 2t

## KENTUCKY BLOOD,

WE HAVE AT HON. L. FARR'S, OGDEN CITY,

Over SEVENTY "Short-horn" (Durham) Bulls and Heifers,

Thoroughbred, just imported from Kentucky, all young, reds and roans, will be sold at low prices and upon reasonable terms.

Also pure English-Kentucky Cows, wold Bucks, at \$75, such as are sold in Kentucky at \$250.

PETER SAXE & SONS.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 20, 1874.

d255 w34 tf

### NOTICE.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } In the Probate  
County of Kane. } Court.

PURSUANT to an order of said Court, made on the twenty-first day of September, A.D. 1874, notice is hereby given that Monday, the second day of November, 1874, at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, and the Public Hall of Tooeleville in the county aforesaid, have been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application made by the officers of Kanab Agricultural Association, for the purpose of dissolving said Association, when and where any person interested may appear.

Dated September 22nd, 1874.

w36 4t M. SLACK, Clerk.

## LAWS OF UTAH.

HAVING ON HAND A FEW SURPLUS copies of the revised LAWS OF UTAH, 1851 to 1866, bound in half calf; and also a few copies of the sessions of 1867 to 1870, bound in full calf, we offer them to Territorial and County Officers and the legal fraternity generally.

#### PRICES:

1851 to 1866, half calf, \$1.25  
1867 to 1870, full calf, \$2.00

☞ Sent by mail on receipt of price.

Address, Desert News Office,  
w35 s69 tf SALT LAKE CITY.

### Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Probate Court of Iron County, U. T., Administrator on the estate of George Marshall, deceased.

All persons having demands against said estate will present them for settlement; and all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to present the same for settlement without delay.

JAMES HENRIE.

Panguitch, Iron Co., Sept. 27, 1874.

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