Elder E. R. Smith of the Rifth Elders' quorum reported the condition of his quorum; they held regular meetings, but the meetings were not attended as they should be. Prior, Celler and Baxter reported their wards as being in good working order. Eider James H. Hart spoke at length on the duties of Bishops ing the quorums of the Lesser Priesthood full, advancing the young men as they deserved from a lesser to a higher quorum. His remarks were bigher quotum. His remarke

Notice was given of a Priesthood meeting to be held in the court house at 10 a.m. tomorrow, Sunday, so as not to interfere with the Bunday echool. Conference adjourned until

Sunday at 2 p.m.

Ten a.m. Sunday 28th.-Priesthood meet convened Eider Budge presiding. He stated that on account of Bear River valley heling so far from headquarters (Paris, Idaho,) after Priesthood meetings would be beld at Randolph. Often breihreh wanted information on points of doctrine, that in those meetings questions could be asked a d answered for the benefit of all. At this meeting ab bour was spent in asking and as swer. of Lake Town was ordained and set spart as Bishop of Garde. City Bushop Robe. Calder having been bonorably released. The following brethren were set apart as home missionaries, to report at our next district confer-etc.: Wm. H. Lee, Ribt. Caller, Jos. Gibbour, Henry Hoffman, Ansou C. Call, A. W. Nebeker, Wm. Rex, N. M. Hodges and J. W. Saterthwaite. John Snowball was appointed districtions by Eluer Budge and instructed to procure a suitable record book.

2 p. m - We again met in confer-The sweet songs of the choir put all present ready for the good instruction that followed the administration of the holy Sacrament, Elder R.B. Spence, of Paris, Inabo, preached a good Gospel sermon, after which Eider Budge laid down the law and the Gospel in such a way that all could say amen. Our choir leader Peter McKinnow and choir received words of praise from Elders Hart and Budge, in feet from all present, for their sweet and beautiful singing.

Randolph has a call for four more massionaries and David Jackson, Jed Muir, Walter Graham and Emanuel Mult, Walter Granam and Emanuer Tyson are of the kind to say "we will be on hand." This makes thirteen missionaries for Rand the, with one just returned. Very Respectfully, just returned. Very Respective.

John Snowball,

Conference

Cierk of Conference.

RULE AND OBEDIENCE.

There are two eternal principles which from the base of all govern. ment in heaven and earth. Deprived of either of these basic principles society would be disintegrated, obsotic, a prey to its own iswisse forces. All society, human or divine, embodies them. They are the warp and woof of its fabric, the essetlats of its structure. When chaos presented a discordant scene of conflicting elemeats, while, as yet, order had no throne, and atom trespassed on atom in wild confusion, there, only, could be found an illustration of the dire

factors. By the fiat of the eternal Father, through the agency of His beloved Son, order arose from chaos. The elements were disenthralled. Law held dominto. Light shone out of darkness. These eternal opposites were marked and distinct. In the language of revelation "God divided the light from the darkness." Night and day were alternate periods. And the Gods said, "We will organize them and hehold they shall be very obedient," This expression of the Gods refers to the beavens and the earth, which were now created, also to the fishes of the sea and the fowls of the air, indeed, to the whole payelest and and animal creation. Mark, "They shall be very obedient." Thus the obedience of the animal creation is secured by an unalterable decree. Order design, adaptation of means to now proves the agrocy of an all whe intelligence. The stunendons parts o our solar system influence and are influenced by one snother; all move on a botoumeter. One giance at this marvelous -ystem impresses the mind with an infinite skill acting in chedience to law, light spreading its etherial force throughout the whole. By obedience, Euch sanctified his people so that earth could not retain them. Moses was Gud's oracle to the Disobedience to these men, as the oracles of the Divine will, brought most awful consequences; in the latter almust universal destruction, in the tormer neath by thousands, bantatment, exile, captivity, the rupture of their temple, famine and plague, savery of the worst type, their once renowned nationality annihaed, and they "a bise and a Dy-word among the nations, trouden down of the Gentiles, for nearly two thousand years.

Obedience defined, may, in my judgment, De classes under four beads, Perieci, imperieci, voluntary luntary. The Savior is, perhaps, in voluntary. the only example of perfect obsulence. He fulfilled the law to all points. Man, in the weakness of his fallet estate, may aim at the perfect sulfil-ment of the law, yet, in some instances fail, however . great uis efforts. Buou obedience is voluntary, but imperiest Involuntary obedience is that ren-dered by Satau and the fallen angels who are compelled to obey against their own volltion, and who, through the at use of their agency by open rebellion against the will of the Father, have for eited their right to its exercise, their crime being that of high treason against heaven. The agency of man nas always been given him, although in some cases God has sucrous ded nim with circumstances pl a very adverse and trying character, 'n order to secure his obsuleuce. Buch an instance is recorded of Josah, who sought to get away from what appeared to him an irksome duty. His eubsequent obedience may not have been altogether voluntary.

The Lord, in Book of C.v speaks of the Saints "learning obedi-nos by the things they suffer," a very

effect of the abserce of these potent tises at times a disonedient son for the purpose of enforcing obedience, to the Litt chastite bis Saints. All the commande of God call for obedie os which means compliance with a com-mand, probibition or known law or law or iule of duty prescribed. Webster says "to constitute obsulence the act or forbearance to act must be no to substitute obsulence the act of the substitute of the substitute of the person, and his compliance must to the person, and his complication must be in consequence of it or it is not obedience." The following commands include probibition:

"Thou shalt not steal."

"Thou shalt not commit adultery."
"Thou shalt not bear false wit-D ess."

The following enjoin performance: "Remember the Sanbatu day to keep

"Thou enalt love the Lord thy God,

etc."

One very mistaken idea with regard to obedience, which is prevalent of late, is that man's first allegiance is une to the state, his next to G.d. Vox Populi, Vox Dei has become a sentiment, almost a maxim, but lacts reute it as a principle. The voice ur the autediluvians was egainst G.u., with right exceptions only, so with that of the Exyptian and Assyrian nations, the former of whom arose in open rebellion against blm, and upon whom be sent the most grievous curses, and against the latter of whom the Lord sent an angel, who cut of in a single night; the flower of the in a single nigut, the navet of the Assyrian nation, or an army of 185,000 men. All of the nations of Palestine tought against leraet. The Palestine tongut against herael. The Roman empire persecuted the Saints unto ceath, and the voice of Judah sent the Son of God to Ualvary's cross. The voice of the state may and should be the voice of God. The state may he en rapport with the divine will. It may be pure. To use the language of lealah "its officers should be peace and its exectors righteousness, Cupris should a minister justice, law or no law; the wrongs of the poor should be redressed, money or no money. A murierer should not be turned looked through the influence of friends, or the pleatitude of his pures ro prey upon the defenceless. people long for a day of right counces. May it come speedily.

CHARLES D. EVANS.

FOURTH IN THE SOUTH.

PANGUIICH, Utab, July 5, 1897.Independence Day was appropriately observed here today. At daybeat observed here today. At daybrest the rost of artiflery caused every one to arouse from their peaceful slumbers, and reminded them that it was time to begin to beisprate the 121st appiver begin to delection's birth. Soon attellion Glary" was waved proudly is the morning breeze.

At an early hour the streets welf bronged with patriotic cutizens are xious to take part in the day's enjoy

me ts.

Ab ut 10 a.m. salutes were fired as signal for the people to assemble at the theater ball, from which point a parade was formed. One important feature of the parade was a Carefully *noe by the things they suffer," a very unpleasant but sometimes necessary with the national colors and sufference. As a kind father chat mounted by a fine American fig.