

Christians and Savages.

WHO COMMENCED AGGRESSIONS—
THE WHITES OR THE MODOCS?

Editor Star:

In command of an emigrating party I crossed the Sierra Nevada Mountains in 1849, at a point intermediate between Goose Lake and the Klamath Lakes, or lava bed district. A few days before I reached the pass, Capt. Warner, of the U. S. Topographical Engineers, with several of his men, were massacred in a canyon, some five or six miles north of the pass. I had been anticipating the pleasure of meeting the captain in the mountains, knowing that he was engaged surveying there. After I reached the then northern settlement of the Sacramento Valley—Lassen's rancho—I had a long conversation with old Pete Lassen, the veteran trapper, who had resided in that wild country for nearly half a century, and reverting to the massacre of Capt. Warner, he told me that when the captain left his rancho, with the intention of traversing that particular locale, he felt convinced that the Klamath (Modoc) Indians would kill him, because, during the previous season, a party of emigrants going to Oregon, were on the margin of the Great Klamath Lake, and their guide (another old and well known trapper), named Hedgepeth, observed the Indians in their canoes quietly fishing on the lake (these Indians hitherto inoffensive), and called to the men of his party to get out their guns and shoot the damned redskins, which atrocity was promptly executed—a deliberate, cold-blooded massacre of inoffensive savages.

Since the perpetration of that diabolical transaction, from time to time, the tribe has committed excesses in retaliation, adding Warner and his men to the victims, and lastly, goaded on by a long series of wrongs, the Modoc war and all of its consequences were the results. Thus we see the alpha and omega of all the Indian troubles in that section. And thus it has ever been, as far as my observations have elicited the facts. And furthermore, amongst all the Indian tribes of the western part of the continent particularly, have been and now are numbers of renegade white men, disguised as Indians, conforming to all their modes of life, teaching them the use of firearms, &c., and instigating them to commit excesses upon the whites for plunder, &c.

In wild adventures among the Piutes of the Sierra Nevada and the coast range mountains of California for nearly two years, spiced with numerous hairbreadth escapes, I learnt considerable of the ways of the white and red men of those countries, and of many murders pro and con, some of which occurred unpleasantly near to where I was. And invariably the first aggression was traced to the unprincipled, reckless whites. In 1850, for the sake of adventure, I joined a party of rough prospectors, among them some old mountaineers, and generally a hard set. In a wild district of the Sierra Nevada, below the pass, and on the eastern slope, where the Piutes were numerous and very hostile, and the first time that their domain had been invaded by the whites, traversing at the time a narrow vale, one of our party espied in the distance a squaw, apparently engaged in digging roots; putting spurs to his horse, he pursued and overtook her, and informed us, on rejoining the party, that he had outraged her. A few nights after that our sentinel, a worthy young man, was killed by arrows. Subsequently, when traveling on foot from Trinidad, on the coast, to the mouth of the Klamath river, I noticed a deserted Indian village in a wooded hollow near the beech; visited it, admired its beautiful, snug location and comfortable huts, and noticed among other things some miniature lodges, and bits of bone, crockery, shells, &c., where the little children had been playing. It appeared to have been very recently vacated. Warned of the hostile character of the Indians of that district, I could not risk stopping to make a sketch of the spot. It was an old village. Why abandoned? A few months before I saw it, a party of miners, going up the beech to the Klamath country, stopped here to rest themselves; soon some of them commenced taking offensive liberties with the females; a row and fight ensued, several Indians

were killed and wounded, and two of the whites slain. When the whites reached their destination, they reported that those Indians attacked them without any provocation and killed their comrades. Thereupon a large party was organized, came down upon the devoted villagers, killed and wounded many, and drove the rest into the mountains. Travelers were occasionally murdered afterwards by the ruthless savages.

I could relate hundreds of instances of like character, showing the white man to have been the first cause of the difficulties with the Indians.

OLD PIONEER.
—Washington Star.

The Institution for Bank Clerks.

Who would not wish to be a clerk in the service of that beneficent body, the Directors of the National Provincial Bank of England? These gentlemen state to the shareholders that they "have again voted a bonus of ten per cent. upon the salaries of the entire staff; under the exceptional circumstances of the year they have thought it right to grant an additional gratuity of five per cent. to those officers whose salaries are not regulated by a scale and are reviewed periodically. To the officers composing the remainder of the staff they have given a permanent increase of salary equivalent to 5 per cent., and the scale under which they are remunerated has also been revised and enlarged." One of the shareholders, not to be outdone by the directors, said he should have been pleased to have seen greater gratuities given to the staff. Commenting on this, the London Civil Service Gazette exclaims—

"What a direction, and what a shareholder! No wonder that the bank paid a dividend of 25 per cent. per annum, for the officers must have worked with a will when so liberally treated, and gratitude will always make itself felt. In this case we wonder how much of the dividend was due to the emulation of the officials in trying to show their appreciation of the generous conduct of the Directors? If this could be demonstrated we have no doubt that the Directors would see that this increase in the pay of the staff was about the best investment they made during the year."

That the giving the employees a share in the prosperity of an institution is almost invariably productive of profit to the same, we heartily believe, and always rejoice to see a recognition of this conviction. It may be added that the bank in question has long been exceptionally prosperous. In December, 1868, it declared a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent., with a bonus equal altogether to 20 per cent. a year.—Cincinnati Times.

EASTERN NOTES.

No man can be a successful poet whose liver is not diseased.—Ex.

A Hudson River railroad locomotive, in use seven years, has killed three persons, and no engineer will run her unless he is paid extra.

Milwaukee talks of arming her police with mallets, having handled five feet long, so that unruly folks can be pounded at a distance.

A woman in Litchfield, Ill., was ridiculous enough to sew her peach trees up in bed ticking last fall, and now she has an orchard full of peaches and her neighbors have none.

Rebecca Jones, you are singing through your nose again," exclaimed a Wisconsin music teacher, and Rebecca was so mortified that she ran out and jumped into the river, but was rescued.

The Reedsburg, Iowa, Free Press employs women exclusively. It says: "We have a calico foreman, two dimity 'compositors,' and the sweetest little 'devil' in pink muslin to be found anywhere."

There is a project on foot, suggested by the Iowa outrage, to have each train of cars on the Western railways provided with a 'mitrail-leuse,' to be worked from the roof of the car by an experienced gunner.

In Brown's saw mill, White Haven, Pa., Frank Donnelly fell while at work near a circular saw, and struck his head against it. In an instant the whole of his head above his eyes was cut off.

TO THE LIQUOR TRADE.

I TAKE this method of making myself known to the Liquor Trade in general in Utah. After several years' experience in the business I have learned what wines and liquors are most in demand, and which please the public best.

I get my wines and liquors direct from growers and manufacturers, so that the retailer who buys from me has no three or four profits to pay.

My California wines and brandies come from the best vineyards of California, and are made of choice and carefully selected grapes. They have been kept for several years and are now ready for the market, and I will sell at a less price than California wines were ever before sold in Utah.

I get my Whiskies direct from the distilleries in Kentucky and Ohio, so that I can sell them at Eastern wholesale rates, freight only added.

I DEFY ANY HOUSE IN UTAH.

1st, To sell better or purer wines and liquors.

2nd, To sell cheaper, or with less profit.

3rd, To please customers better or give more satisfaction.

I guarantee all liquors to be as I represent them. I am in company with no one. I am a whole team in myself. I have no profits to divide, no large dividends to make.

I have no other business but that of the liquor trade, and to that I give my whole attention.

I can supply the trade, however small or large the order may be, according to the amount of business or the means of my customers.

All dealers in the trade will do well to send for my terms and prices and compare them with those they are now paying.

Whenever you come to Salt Lake City please call at the California Wine Depot and sample my stock.

Every Liquor Dealer will do me a favor by sending me his address.—Address.

A. M. SMITH,

Box 526. w18 3m Salt Lake City.



MRS. M. J. CLAY,
The Famous
EYE AND CANCER DOCTRESS.

Who resides and has established her infirmary at the 14th Fourteenth Ward Store, west of the assembly rooms, would inform the public that she intends continuing in this location during the next six months, and refers all who wish information regarding her skill to the following affidavits.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Mrs. Elizabeth H. Grundy, of Minersville, Beaver County, Utah, being sworn, says that prior to the 9th day of December, 1872, at which time she placed herself under the treatment of Mrs. M. J. Clay, doctress in the City of Salt Lake, she had been afflicted with a granulation of the eye-lids with films over the eye-balls to such an extent as to be unable to walk alone, read, or sew; that within seven weeks after the commencement of such treatment, her sight was restored, so as to enable her to both read and sew without trouble.

E. H. GRUNDY.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of May, A. D., 1873.

W. M. GILLESPIE,
Notary Public, Salt Lake County, U.T.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Isaac N. Turnbaugh, of Bountiful, Davis County, Utah, being sworn, deposes and says, that for ten years, he has been afflicted with what is now called a spider cancer, on the thigh; that in the month of February, 1873, he placed himself under the treatment of Mrs. M. J. Clay, Doctress, in the City of Salt Lake, and that after her treatment of certain medicinal applications for the period of six weeks, a perfect cure was effected, the cancer and the roots thereof being nearly the size of a hen's egg at the time of its removal.

ISAAC N. TURNBAUGH.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 6th day of May, A. D., 1873.

W. M. GILLESPIE,
Notary Public, Salt Lake County, U.T.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Albina Beckstead being duly sworn, deposes and says: For the past seven years she has been afflicted with blindness, the cause of it being the granulation of the lids, and felons over the balls of the eyes, to such an extent as only to observe a very strong sunlight, without the ability to read or sew. That on the 10th day of December last, I placed myself under the treatment of Mrs. M. J. Clay, Eye Doctress, in the City of Salt Lake, and that under her treatment this deponent's sight was so fully restored on the twenty-fifth day of January following, that she has since been able to read common printed matter and do plain sewing.

ALBINA BECKSTEAD.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 6th day of April, A. D., 1873.

W. M. GILLESPIE,
Notary Public, Salt Lake County, U.T.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Isaac Rogers, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is a resident of Benjamin City, Utah County, said Territory, that he was blind for a period of one year, being afflicted with granulated eye lids and felons over the ball of the right eye, that he placed himself under the treatment of Mrs.

M. J. Clay, eye doctress, in the City of Salt Lake, on the 3d day of January last, and that within three months from that date he had entirely recovered his sight, so as to easily read common printed matter.

ISAAC ROGERS.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 14th day of April, A. D., 1873.

W. M. GILLESPIE,
Notary Public.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Mrs. Maria L. Nebeker, of Salt Lake City, Utah, being sworn, says that she had been afflicted with a total blindness, resulting from an inflammation in, and nervous affection of the eyes. That she placed herself under the treatment of Mrs. M. J. Clay, Doctress, in Salt Lake City, and that three weeks thereafter, under and as the result of such treatment, her sight was restored, so as to enable her to read the smallest print.

MARIA L. NEBEKER.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 10th day of May, A. D., 1873.

W. M. GILLESPIE,
Notary Public, Salt Lake County, U.T.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Mrs. Elizabeth Ennis of Draperville, Salt Lake County, Utah, being duly sworn says, that prior to the 1st of November, 1872, for the period of nearly one year she was nearly entirely blind, unable to walk alone, from the granulation of the eye lids and films over the eye balls; that she placed herself under the treatment of Mrs. M. J. Clay, Doctress, Salt Lake City, Utah, on the foregoing mentioned date, and that within two months thereafter her eye sight was so fully restored as to enable her since to walk alone, and readily read and write.

ELIZABETH ENNIS.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of May, A. D., 1873.

W. M. GILLESPIE,
Notary Public.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Mrs. Fanny Thatcher, being duly sworn on her oath says, she resides in Salt Lake City, that for eighteen months previous to Sept. 1st, 1872, she had been suffering from granulated lids and a felon over the ball of one eye, so that during that period affiant was unable to use her eyes, and could hardly see. Affiant's eyes were pronounced by the doctors whom she consulted, incurable; that about Sept. 1st, 1872, affiant commenced treatment under Mrs. M. J. Clay, doctress, and continued the same with great relief to affiant for eight weeks. In the course of three months affiant's eyesight was so fully restored as to enable her to read coarse print, and her eyes have been continuously gaining strength, and she is now able to read fine print. Affiant has, since Sept. 1st, 1872, been following Mrs. Clay's directions in the treatment of her eyes.

MRS. FANNY THATCHER.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me, April 28, 1873.

W. W. WOODS,
Notary Public.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } S.S.

County of Salt Lake. }
Miss Sarah Sagers, being duly sworn, on her oath says, that she resides in Salt Lake City; that for about five years she was afflicted with a cancer upon her tongue; that about Oct. 1st, 1872, she placed herself under the treatment of Mrs. M. J. Clay, Doctress, of Salt Lake City, and that in the course of about four weeks from that time, under the effect of the medicine administered, the cancer was removed, and in the course of another month affiant's tongue was entirely well.

MISS SARAH SAGERS.
{SEAL} Subscribed and sworn to before me April 28th, A. D. 1873.

W. W. WOODS,
Notary Public.

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NOTICE.

I WILL pay \$50 for the recovery of a span of American Mare Mules, lost, stolen or strayed, on the night of the 17th of June, from the gravelly ford south of Salina. One is four years old, iron grey; the other is a darker brown, three years old, the tallest and slim built. Both had halters on, and were shod all round and roached. No marks or brands known to me.

WM. MORRISON.
Richfield, Sevier County, Utah,
August 8th, 1873. w27 1t a

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