DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IX. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1876. NO. 139.

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

SEMPLE, BIRGE & CO.,

910 and 912 Washington Ave.,

ST. LOUIS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

AGRICULTURAL and MILL MACHINERY, AND FARM WAGONS!

THE *Largest Stock in the United States.*

d137

W. H. GREGG, Prest. F. W. ROCKWELL, Sec.

SOUTHERN WHITE LEAD COMPANY

SOUTHERN COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

WARRANTED *STRICTLY PURE* WHITE LEAD IN BLEACHED OIL.

Every Package of this Company's Brand of Strictly Pure White Lead bears the following guarantee:

☞ The White Lead contained in this Package is guaranteed by the Manufacturers, the SOUTHERN WHITE LEAD COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, MO., to contain no adulteration whatever. It is composed entirely of perfectly PURE CARBONATE OF LEAD and Linseed Oil, and is sold subject to Chemical Analysis and the BLOW PIPE TEST.

The name of this Company is placed ONLY upon STRICTLY PURE Lead. It is not placed upon a second or other inferior quality. So parties purchasing White Lead branded "SOUTHERN COMPANY" are assured of obtaining a Perfectly Pure Article.

For Sale by Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., Teasdel & Co., and Day & Co.

d137

Wm. Jennings, Sons & Sadler,

Importers and Jobbers and Retail Dealers in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

EMPORIUM

Our Stock of General Merchandise,

JUST RECEIVED,

Consists of the Choicest Stock of Selected

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

NOTIONS, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

LADIES' UNDERWEAR,

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Gauze Merino Underwear.

MILLINERS' AND TAILORS' TRIMMINGS,

Flowers and Feathers; Lisle Thread Gloves, Cheap; Ribbons in endless variety; Parasols from 25c. up; full, regular Balbriggan Hose at 50c Pair; Etc.

Choicest Groceries

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, CLOCKS, ETC.,

All of which we are Selling at the Lowest Prices from the simple fact that we discount and pay

CASH!

The day it is due, for all Goods Bought, which enables us to purchase at BEDROCK FIGURES.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

Mammoth Lime Kilns,

HOT SPRING LAKE.

LIME Delivered in Salt Lake City by the Load at 25 cents per bushel.

BEST LIME IN THE MARKET for every purpose.

Will sell Cheaper for Cash at Kiln than any other firm in the Territory.

MACDUFF BROTHERS.

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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

Carl C. Asmussen
Sells watches, clocks, and jewelry.

F. Auerbach & Bro.
Sell dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps, notions, etc.

Joe. Barker
Sharpens saws, repairs stoves, and does all cutlery, lock and gunsmith work.

Calder & Careless
Sell Mason & Hamlin and other organs, pianos, fancy goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.

Dr. A. W. Calder
Practices in dentistry.

Crismon Bros.
Are agents for Crismon's Coal.

James Coult
Does plastering, whitewashing and calcimining.

G. F. Culmer & Co.
Sell family groceries, window glass, and home-made sashes.

Davis, Howe & Co.
Do all kinds of milling and mining machinery work, wrought and cast iron work, and iron and brass work of all descriptions.

George W. Davis
Sells choice teas, coffees, family groceries and provisions, and buys dried fruits and grain of all kinds.

Day & Co.
Sell groceries, dry goods, hardware, crockery and glassware, provisions, and all sorts of general merchandise.

Deseret Carriage and Wagon Co.
(Walker, Knight, Rees and Oblad) Make and repair all kinds of vehicles to order, wagons and carriages, mining cars, etc., and do all kinds of blacksmithing and carriage painting and trimming.

Deseret National Bank
Does various banking business and receives savings on interest.

Dinwoodey
Sells the very best live geese feathers, walnut lumber and baby wagons.

O. F. Due
Sells window, bedding and basket plants, greenhouse and garden flowering plants, cuts flowers and bouquets, garden and flower seeds, and digs and plants gardens.

George Dunford
Sells boots, shoes, hats, caps, and gloves.

O. L. Eliason
Is a practical clock and watchmaker.

Thomas Fenton & Sons,
Farmer's Nursery, sell various kinds of fruit, shade, and flower trees, shrubs and plants.

Geo. C. Ferguson
Does all kinds of watch and clock making, repairing and cleaning.

Fuller's Hill Gardens
Are open for the season. Ice cream, etc., also swings, croquet, quoits, etc.

Daniel Grening.
Sells staple and fancy groceries, provisions, etc.

Dr. W. H. Groves
Does all sorts of Dentist work.

Wm. Jennings, Sons & Sadler
Sell, wholesale and retail, staple and fancy dry goods, ladies' underwear, men's furnishing goods, ladies', misses' and children's shoes, notions and dry goods, groceries and merchandise generally.

B. W. E. Jennens
Is resident agent for Franklin MacVeagh & Co., wholesale grocers, Chicago; Chicago White Lead and Oil Co.; and Liverpool & London & Globe Fire Insurance Co.

Lorimer, Taylor & Co.
Sells lumber, shingles, sash, doors, mouldings, frames, and everything in the building line.

Liddell & Brown
Sell turkeys, geese, finan haddies, Yarmouth bloaters, family groceries, etc.

Lindsey's Gardens.
Are open for the summer, where ice cream, summer drinks, nuts, candies, oranges, etc., can be obtained. Swings, tenpins, quoits, etc.

James McGhie
Sells all kinds of Wasatch woolen mills home-made cloth, and buys wool.

A. Miner
Does business as attorney and counselor-at-law.

Mitchell & James
Do anything in the tin, sheet iron and copper-smith line, also in the gasfitting line.

Morris & Evans
Deal in mantels and grates and fine stonework.

Morton & Tufts
Sell wines and liquors, wholesale and retail.

Dr. Samuel E. Newton
Cures the sick on the botanical system.

Thomas Oakey
Does all kinds of planing and sawing, makes doors, sash-frames and packing, boxes, also does wood-turning, etc.

O'Neil & Co.
Do all kinds of wagon and carriage work, blacksmithing, carriage painting and trimming, horseshoing, etc.

Wm. Paul
Architect and builder, makes seats and desks for school-rooms and meeting-houses, makes designs and estimates for and constructs all sorts of buildings.

C. C Pomeroy
Loans money on easy terms to small borrowers on improved city real estate.

The Provo Co-operative Company
Taylor & Cutler, agents for this city) make and sell business and other suits of Provo cloth.

Reedall & Darling
(Utah Steam Cracker Factory) Make and sell a first-class article of crackers.

E. Reiser
Sells and repairs watches and clocks.

Mrs. Rumel
Makes and sells bonnets and ladies' and gentlemen's hats, does bleaching, etc.

Scandinavian Blacksmith and Wagon Shop
(Malquist and Jacobson) does all sorts of blacksmithing and wagon making and repairing, and pay particular attention to horse-shoeing.

Howard Schree
Sells the Bain Wagon, Wood Mower and Reaper, Paddock Bulky Rake, Concord buggies and carriages, plows, harrows, cultivators, wagon timber, etc.

Siegel Bros.
Sell fine clothing, gents' furnishing goods, hats and dry goods generally.

Stevens Nevada Lumber Association.
Sells sash, mouldings, shingles, doors, blinds, lath, wood pumps and water pipes cheap, at wholesale and retail.

Dr. W. H. H. Sharp
Dentist, sets teeth on gold plates, rubber base, adamantine base, continuous gum work on gold and platina plates, crown filling with gold and other material, etc.

Robert Smith.
Is agent for the Red Canyon Coal.

Taylor & Cutler
Sell all kinds of general merchandise.

Taylor's Hotel
With or without board. Mrs. S. J. Rodgers keeps table.

S. P. Teasdel
Sells family groceries, parasols, summer print, dress goods, gents' clothing, boots and shoes, ladies shoes, children's shoes, and dry goods and merchandise generally.

James Townsend
Keeps the Townsend House.

Walker Bros.
Sell dry goods, groceries, hardware, glass and crockery ware, and merchandise generally, wholesale and retail.

Z. C. M. I.
Sell dry goods, groceries, carpets, hardware, crockery and glassware, boots and shoes, hats and caps, leather and findings, and all sorts of general merchandise, wholesale and retail.

Zion's Savings Bank and Trust Company
Does a general banking business, and receives deposits in sums as low as one dollar.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

For Sale Cheap.

A Large, Commodious Dwelling, with seven rods front, and twenty rods back, situated on First West street, one block south of Orthopedic Seminary, 14th ward. For further inquiry, enquire of

W. EDDINGTON,
On the premises.

By Telegraph.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 4.—Manager Lord replied to Blair's argument, asserting that the Senate had jurisdiction in the case, and in support of his position cited numerous legal authorities.

HOUSE

WASHINGTON, 4.—Soon after meeting the House went into committee on the post office appropriation bill.

By unanimous consent a bill was introduced appropriating $9,000 for the expenses of a committee to investigate the federal offices of Louisiana, which was passed.

The House agreed to adjourn from the ninth to the twelfth, in order to visit the opening of the Centennial.

Blaine offered a resolution directing the committee of ways and means to consider at once some measure for the relief of the country from the threatened scarcity of fractional currency. Efforts were made to amend, during which Kelly spoke of the mistake of substituting silver for currency. He said we were getting along well enough, but we got some Nevada doctors to physic us by depleting the treasury of a couple of millions of gold every year. What has been said of the first project of this kind now comes to be true, that whenever it was done people would be without currency, that fools would be made to believe that because it looked white and bright it was valuable, that it was money, it was not silver. It was not money, according to the standard dollar. Nobody will allege that it is money (laughter). It is a token, it is not legal tender for more than five dollars. It is a token coin, debased, so that it is not exportable, and yet it is in danger of being exported.

Garfield—Why?

Mr. Kelly.—Because it is made of a floating commodity (shouts of laughter). I shall object to any extraordinary legislation on the subject. Our legislation ought to be good for a fortnight at a time (laughter). We have submitted the question to Providence and I am willing to give Providence a month to knock at it. By that time I think we will conclude that we have not done a good thing in undertaking to "bull" the silver market by making fractional change for the people.

Mr. Blaine—Nevertheless I shall ask the house to adopt this very innocent resolution and let it go to a committee that will be enlightened with all the knowledge of the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. Kelly—Yes, but I shall be overshadowed by the folly of all the rest of them (laughter).

Blaine—The gentleman is used to having eleven obstinate jurymen of his financial trial (laughter).

Mr. Kelly—Do you not know that he who has the Almighty on his side is in a majority, although he seems to be beaten (laughter)?

Blaine demanded the previous question, which was seconded, and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Payne then asked leave to report his bill.

The message from the President, declining to furnish the House with information as to his various absences from Washington, was read and was received with cool disdain on the democratic side, and with evident enjoyment on the republican side.

MacDougall then offered a resolution instructing the select committee for investigation of federal offices in Louisiana to make a full and complete investigation of the circumstances attending the assassination of M. H. Twitchell and Davis King on Red River, Louisiana, particularly if the cause was or was not of a political character.

Beebe desired to have an investigation also into the killing of two negroes and the wounding of eight others at the late election at Indianapolis.

Townsend remarked, amidst much uproar, that republicans carried the election and democrats killed the niggers.

MacDougall's resolution was adopted.

EASTERN.

Stabbed and Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, 4.—A man named Crawford was stabbed and instantly killed, to day, by Jas. McDermott. The altercation arose between a son of Crawford, and McDermott, when the father interfered and kicked McDermott, who in turn drew a knife and plunged it into the neck of Crawford. The murderer has been arrested. The deceased was 40 years old, and leaves a family.

Alaska.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 4.—The Senate committee on territories to-day heard an argument from Mitchell in advocacy of his bill to annex Alaska to Washington Territory as a county.

Professor Elliott, late special agent of the Treasury Department in Alaska, was then heard in opposition of the bill, which he condemned as wholly unnecessary.

Presidential Message—None of Your Business.

The President to-day sent the following to the House—

"To the House of Representatives:

"I have given very attentive consideration to the resolution of the House of Representatives, passed on the third of April, requesting the President to inform the House whether any executive officer's acts or duties, and if any, what, have within a specified period been performed at a distance from the seat of government established by law, etc. I have never hesitated, and still I not hesitate to communicate to Congress and to either branch thereof all information which the constitution makes it the duty of the President to give, or which my judgment may suggest to me, or a request from either house may indicate to me, will be useful, in the discharge of the appropriate duties confided to them. I fail, however, to find in the constitution, authority given to the House of Representatives, one branch of the Congress in which is vested the legislative power of the Government to require of the executive independent branch of the Government, co-ordinate with the Senate and House of Representatives, an account of his discharge of his appropriate and partly executive office, acts, and duties, either as to when, where, or how performed. What the House may require as a right in demand upon the executive for information is limited to what it is necessary for the proper discharge of its powers of legislation or of impeachment. The enquiry on the resolution of the House as to where the executive acts have, within the last seven years, been performed, and what distance from any particular spot, or for how long a period at any one time, &c., does not necessarily belong to the province of legislation. It does not profess to be asked for with that object. If this information be sought through inquiry of the President as to his executive acts in view or in aid of the power of impeachment vested in the House, it is asked in derogation of the inherent natural right, recognized in this country by a constitutional guarantee which protects every citizen, the President as well as the humblest in the land, from being made a witness against himself. During the time that I have had the honor to occupy the position of President of this government, it has been, and while I continue to occupy that position, it will be, my earnest endeavor to recognize and to respect the several trusts and duties and powers of the co-ordinate branches of the government, not encroaching upon them, nor allowing encroachments upon the proper powers of the authority which the people of the U. S. have confided to me, but, daring to preserve in their proper relations the several powers and functions of each of the co ordinate branches of the government, agreeably to the constitution and in accordance with the solemn oath which I have taken to preserve, protect, and defend that instrument in the maintenance of the rights secured by the constitution to the executive branch of the government, I am compelled to decline any specific or detailed answer to the request of the House for information as to what executive officer's acts or duties and if any have been performed at a distance from the seat of government established by law, and for how long a period, at any one time, and in what part of the U. S. If, however, the House of Representatives desires to know whether, during the period of upwards of seven years, during which I have held the office of President, I have been absent from the seat of government, and whether, during that period, I have performed and have neglected to perform any of the duties of my office, I freely inform the House that from the time of my entrance upon the duties of my office, I have been in the habit, as were all of my predecessors, with the exception of one who lived only one month after assuming the duties of his office, and one whose continued presence in Washington was necessary from the existence at the time of a powerful rebellion, of absenting myself at times from the seat of government, and that during such absence I did not neglect nor forego the obligations or the duties of my office, but continued the discharge of the executive offices, acts and duties which were required of me as President of the U.S. (Applause from the rep'n side). I am not aware that a failure has occurred, in any one instance, of my exercising the functions and powers of my office in every case requiring their discharge, of my exercising all necessary executive acts, in whatever part of the U. S. I may at the time have been. Fortunately the rapidity of travel and of mail communication, and the facility of almost instantaneous correspondence with officers at the seat of government which the telegraph affords to the President, in whatever section of the Union he may be, enabled him in these days to maintain as constant and almost as quick intercourse with the departments at Washington as may be maintained while he remained at the Capitol. The necessity of the performance of executive acts by the President of the U. S. exists and is devolved upon him whenever he may be within the U. S. during his term of office. By the constitution of the U. S. his civil powers are no more limited or capable of limitation as to the place where they shall be exercised than are those which he might be required to discharge in his capacity of commander-in chief of the army and navy, which latter powers, it is evident, he might be called upon to exercise possibly without the limits of the seat of the government. Had the efforts of those recently in rebellion against the government been successful in driving the late President of the U. S. from Washington, it is manifest that he must have discharged his functions, both civil and military, elsewhere than in the place named by law as the seat of government. No act of Congress can limit, suspend, or confine this constitutional duty. I am not aware of the existence of any act of Congress which assumes this to be the limit, or restricts the exercise of the functions of the Executive. Were there such acts, I should nevertheless recognize the superior authority of the Constitution, and should exercise the powers required thereby of the President. The act to which reference is made in the resolution of the House relates to the establishment of the seat of government, and the providing of suitable buildings, and the removal thereto of the offices attached to the government, &c. It was not understood at its date and by General Washington to confine the President in the discharge of his duties and powers to his actual presence at the seat of government. On the 30th of March, 1791, shortly after the passage of the act referred to, Gen. Washington issued an executive proclamation, having reference to the subject of this very act, from Georgetown, a place remote from Philadelphia, which then was the seat of government, where the act referred to directed that all offices attached to the seat of Government should for the time remain. That none of his successors have entertained the idea that their executive offices could be performed only at the seat of Government is evidenced by the hundreds upon hundreds of such acts performed by my predecessors in an unbroken line from Washington to Lincoln. A memorandum of the general nature and character of some of which acts is submitted herewith, and no question has been raised as to the validity of these acts or to the rights or propriety of the Executive to exercise the powers of his office in any part of the U. S.

"U. S. GRANT.

"Washington, May 4, 1876."

It will be observed that the message is dated "Washington," without the U. S. or the prefix, "Executive Mansion." Accompanying the message is a memorandum of absences of Presidents of the U. S. from the national capital during each of the several administrations, and of executive acts performed during the time of such absences. Washington was absent 181 days and did some of the most important official business in our history at a distance from the capital. John Adams was absent 385 days, Jefferson 796 days, Van Buren 181, Tyler 163, Polk 37, Taylor 31, Fillmore 60; Pierce 57; Buchanan 57. No mention is made of the absences of President Lincoln or Johnson.

Blaine to Riddle—Blaine Surprised

Blaine replies to Riddle thus—

"Washington, May 3.

"Hon. A. G. Riddle:

"Dear Sir—I am totally surprised by the tone of your note touching Mr. Knowlton. I was especially careful to make no reference to him that in my judgment could offend the most sensitive feeling. You cannot but be aware that Knowlton's name has been used for some years past and with vindictive force and frequency this Winter to injure me. Testimony reported as coming from him, but which you know he never gave, has been carried and quoted in all directions, and I had to choose between disproving it and tacitly admitting it with all its damaging implications. But no one, save yourself, can see in my reference to Knowlton's name the slightest disrespect to his memory. On the contrary, it relieves him from the authorship of unfounded calumny. If, however, you judge it to be wise or prudent inexpedient to seek a personal controversy with me over Knowlton's grave, I shall greatly regret and I think in the end you will regret it still more. Nor can I believe that, on cool reflection, you will permit yourself to do anything so uncalled for and in all respects so extraordinary.

"Very respectfully,

"J. G. BLAINE."

Silver Coin Paid Out.

The amounts of silver coin actually paid out at the treasury and sub-treasuries from the 19th of April to the 3rd of May are as follows—

Washington $421,309, Boston $168,990, Baltimore $79,481, New Orleans $87,243, Cincinnati $151,821, Buffalo $44,589, New York $439,450, Philadelphia $172,926, Charleston $29,392, Chicago $172,733, St. Louis $107,326, Pittsburg $59,000.

Custer—Schenck Investigation Closed.

Orders have been issued from the War Department directing Custer to resume his command of the Indian expedition under Terry, which has already started. Custer will not take part, but returns to his post whence he came to obey the summons of the congressional investigating committee.

The Schenck investigation was formally closed to-day.

POSTAL AFFAIRS.

Rates of Domestic Postage.

LETTERS:—The standard single rate weight is ½ oz. avoirdupois.

Single rate letter throughout the United States	3 cent
For each additional ½ oz. or fraction	3 "
Drop Letters, single rate	1 "

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS.—The postage on newspapers has to be paid at the office of publication.

Newspapers are not charged postage when sent from the publication office to subscribers in the country where the paper is published.

Single Newspapers, not exceeding 2 ounces in weight, 2 cents to any part of the United States, prepaid.

PACKAGES.—Parcels, unsealed, 1 cent per ounce.

The maximum weight of any package of printed or miscellaneous matter is 4 lbs. avoirdupois.

Registered Letters and Money Orders.

REGISTRATION:—Letters may be registered on payment of a fee of eight cents, in addition to the regular postage, but the government takes no responsibility for safe carriage or compensation in case of loss.

MONEY ORDERS:—All principal post offices now receive small sums of money and issue drafts for the same upon other post-offices, subject to the following charges and regulations:

On orders not exceeding $15	10 cents
On orders not exceeding $30	15 "
Over $30 and not exceeding $40	20 "
Over $40 and not exceeding $50	25 "

INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS on Great Britain, Germany and Switzerland, may be obtained upon the payment of the following fees, viz:

GREAT BRITAIN:

On orders not exceeding $10	25 cts
Over $10 and not exceeding $20	50 "
Over $20 and not exceeding $30	75 "
Over $30 and not exceeding $40	$1.00 "
Over $40 and not exceeding $50	1.25 "

GERMANY.

Fees same as Great Britain.

SWITZERLAND.

Rates of commission, in United States currency, charged for issuing international money orders to be transmitted by the Postmaster at New York to Switzerland:

On orders not exceeding $20	10 cents.
Over $20 and not exceeding $30	15 "
Over $30 and not exceeding $40	20 "
Over $40 and not exceeding $50	25 "

Rates of Foreign Postage.

Greece, closed mail, via England	5 cts.	2 cts
Hong Kong, American packet, via San Francisco	10 cts.	2 cts.
Italy, direct closed mail via England	*5 cts.	2 cts
Italy, via North German Union direct	5 cts.	2 cts
Japan, American packet via San Francisco	15 cts.	4 cts.
Mexico	10 cts.	2 cts.
New Zealand via Southampton	12 cts.	4 cts.
Norway, via North German Union direct	5 cts.	2 cts.
Norway, closed mail, via England	5 cts.	2 cts.
Portugal, via England	*5 cts.	2 cts
Russia, via North German Union direct	*5 cts.	2 cts.
Russia, closed mail via England	*5 cts.	2 cts.
Sandwich Islands, by mail from San Francisco	5 cts.	4 cts.
South American States, Atlantic Coast, via England	20 cts.	4 cts.
Brazil, alone, from New York	15 cts.	4 cts.
Argentine Republic and Uruguay, via American packet from New York	20 cts.	10 cts.
Pacific Coast, Peru, Ecuador, Bolivia and Chili	17 cts.	4 cts.
Spain, via New Orleans	5 cts.	2 cts.
Spain, open mail		cts.
Sweden, via North German Union direct	*5 cts.	2 cts.
Sweden, closed mail, via England	*5 cts.	2 cts.
Switzerland, direct closed mail via England	*5 cts.	2 cts.
Switzerland, by North German Union direct	*5 cts.	2 cts.
West Indies, (British and Danish), American packet, from New York	5 cts.	2 cts.
(British), British mail via St. Thomas	5 cts.	2 cts.
Not (British)	5 cts.	2 cts.

The starred single rate to Great Britain is half an ounce avoirdupois; to France and the Continent (by French mail) it is 2 ounces, or one-quarter ounce avoirdupois. The asterisk (*) indicates that prepayment is optional.

	Letters not exceeding ½ oz.	Each additional ½ oz.
England, Ireland, Scotland	*5 cts.	2 cts
Belgium, Prussia, France, Austria, Bavaria, Baden, Bremen, Brunswick, Frankfort, Hamburg, Hanover, Lubeck, Luxemburg, Mecklenburg, Oldenburg, Prussia, Saxe-Altenburg, Coburg-Gotha, Meiningen, Weimar, Saxony and Wurtemburg, by North German Union	*5 cts.	2 cts.
By closed mail, via England	*5 cts.	4 cts.
Australia, British mail, via Southampton	15 cts.	4 cts.
Belgium	*5 cts.	2 cts.
Central America (Pacific coast)	10 cts.	2 cts
China, American Packet via San Francisco	10 cts.	2 cts.
Cuba	5 cts.	2 cts.
Denmark, via North German Union	*9 cts.	6 cts
Denmark, closed mail via England	*5 cts.	2 cts.
East Indies, British Mail via San Francisco	10 cts.	2 cts.
France, direct packet	5 cts.	2 cts
Greece, via North German Union direct	5 cts.	2 cts

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That, whereas Enoch Reese, by his certain deed of trust, made, executed and delivered on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1875, did grant, bargain, sell and convey unto Le Grand Young, of the city and county of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, who is the party of the second part in said deed, the following described real property, situate, lying and being in the City and County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, and particularly described as follows, to wit—

An equal and undivided one quarter interest of, in and to that certain lot, being a portion of Lot five (5) in Block Seventy (70), described and bounded as follows, beginning five (5) feet north from the southwest corner of said lot, thence north fifty-one and one quarter (51¼) feet, thence east ten (10) rods, thence south fifty-one and one quarter (51¼) feet, thence west ten (10) rods to place of beginning; containing thirty-one square rods sixteen three-tenth (36 3-10) square feet, as platted in Plat A, Salt Lake City Survey, together with and including all the appurtenances thereon, which said deed was filed for record in the office of the County Recorder for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah, March the 29th, 1875, and was, on the 3rd day of April, A.D. 1875, duly recorded in Mortgage Record Book E, pages 1027-28 and 29.

That said deed of trust was made by the said Reese to secure the payment of a certain promissory note of even date with said deed, which is in the words and figures following, to wit:

"Salt Lake City, March 24th, 1875.

"Six months after date I promise to pay to W. Riter or order the sum of two thousand dollars, lawful money of the United States, with interest at the rate of two per cent per month from date until paid; interest payable monthly.

"ENOCH REESE."

And whereas said sums of money mentioned in said suit, to wit, two thousand dollars, with the interest thereon since November 24, 1875, is still due and unpaid.

Now therefore, I, Le Grand Young, in pursuance of the powers and authority in me vested by virtue of said deed, and at the request of the holder, owner and payee of said note, and in accordance with the terms of said deed, will sell, between the hours of two and three p.m., on the 25th day of May, A.D. 1876, at the west doors of said premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, terms cash, the premises above described, for the purpose of paying said note and interest and costs of this trust (for so much as it may pay), and upon such sale being made will, pursuant to the authority and power in me vested, make, execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof a deed in fee simple to the premises aforesaid, thereby conveying all of the interest held or owned by the said Enoch Reese at the date of making the deed aforesaid, and which I hold by virtue of said conveyance.

LE GRAND YOUNG, Trustee.

d td

WOLCOTT'S

PAIN PAINT!

Entered according to the Act of Congress in the Eastern District of the State of New York, in the year 1869.

CURES ALL PAIN.

And permanently cures the worst ulcers, piles, cancers, burns, etc., and removes pain in the stomach, lungs, etc. Invaluable for broken limbs, burns, cuts and sprains.

If PAIN PAINT be kept in the house for all emergencies, accidents, and sickness it will save many dollars thrown away on doctors.

DOES NOT STAIN.

IS COOL and SOOTHING.

TRY IT BEFORE YOU BUY IT.

25c., 50c. and $1.00 per Bottle.

NO DRUGGISTS HAVE IT!

—:o:—

LOCAL AGENCIES,

SWANER'S JEWELRY STORE, next Post Office.

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