

Paid Territorial Auditor on acc't...\$ 66,283 00
County Clerk on account.... 67,199 60
Bingham and Alta taxes, uncol'd 199 80
Personal property removed from the Territory..... 177 88
Sundries uncollected..... 179 87

Total amount.....\$134,140 24

REPORT ON COUNTY TREASURER,

We, your committee, have made as thorough an examination of the books and accounts of the Treasurer's office of Salt Lake County as our time and opportunity would permit, comprising only the term of office of the present incumbent, Mr. M. E. Cummings, from June 28th, 1883, to March 1st, 1884. And it is the judgment of this committee that Mr. Cummings' accuracy and system of bookkeeping is above criticism, and that he is a faithful and honest servant of the people.

J. A. TRIMBLE,
A. T. MANNING,
J. W. CAMPBELL,
Committee.

EXHIBIT OF ACCOUNTS.

Receipts.

Cash on hand from predecessor...\$ 358 24
Taxes Received 1879..... 10,587 62
" " 1882..... 15,900 29
" " 1883..... 60,396 88
Received from Licenses..... 6,229 73
" " Bills Payable..... 10,500 00
" " Fines..... 33 50
" " Jordan Canal..... 2,096 50
" " Revenue..... 25 00

Total.....\$106,107 76

Disbursements.

County warrants redeemed and returned to the County Court.....\$ 69,156 09
Bills, payable notes..... 36,114 00
" Receivable on hand..... 705 25
Cash on hand..... 71 42

Total.....\$106,107 76

REPORT ON COUNTY CLERK.

The time allotted the committee was too short to allow a thorough investigation of the County Clerk's books. But from a superficial examination the books appear to be kept in a clear and concise manner. The committee found the Collector charged with \$67,070.12, as shown by the assessment rolls, and credited with sundry payments amounting to \$67,199.50, showing an overpayment of \$129.48.

WM. H. SELLS,
J. H. WINSLOW,
JOHN H. HARDIE,
Committee.

THE CITY JAIL.

The Grand Jury visited the city jail, and with the assistance of City Marshal Phillips and the jailor, were kindly shown through the various departments. At the time of the visit there were nine prisoners confined in the jail, six males and three females. Seven of the prisoners were serving out small fines; one was held for the officials of Davis County, the other was an old man who was there of his own accord, at liberty to go and come when he pleased, and laboring under the belief that the jail was his home. He is of unsound mind.

We take pleasure in reporting that we found the jail clean and well kept, the food good, carefully prepared and wholesome. Adjoining the prison the city furnishes comfortable lodgings free for destitute persons. This we found to be clean and well kept, for which the officials in charge are deserving of the highest praise.

JOHN TIERNAN, Foreman.

REPORT ON COUNTY JAIL.

On April 22nd the Grand Jury visited the Salt Lake County Jail, and were shown the premises by the jailer in charge. At that time there were four prisoners in the jail awaiting the action of the Grand Jury.

The condition of the County Jail is such that the Grand Jury are unanimous in recommending that the place be abolished as a prison or place of confinement for criminals for the following reasons: The jail being in the basement of the County Court House we find the walls and floors damp, some of the cells badly ventilated, and the place filthy beyond description. The prisoners' beds, composed of ticking filled with straw, being damp and mouldy from coming in contact with the stone floors, would be sufficient to destroy health, and make the lives of the unfortunate occupants miserable while there.

The Jury would recommend that the county procure a place more suitable for prisoners, having in view the health as well as safety of persons confined therein.

JOHN TIERNAN, Foreman.

INSANE ASYLUM.

The Grand Jury visited the insane asylum, and were shown through the institution by Dr. Seymour Young, the physician in charge, together with his assistant.

We found 15 males and 11 females, making a total of 26 occupants, 25 of whom were persons of unsound mind, mostly of the milder forms of insanity, while but few were considered violent cases.

The Grand Jury are of opinion that with the increasing population of this Territory and the present crowded condition of the Asylum, it would be advisable for the proper Territorial officials to erect a building more suitable for an asylum, and in accordance with similar institutions in the east, embracing all desirable modern improvements.

We take pleasure in stating that we found the Asylum clean and in good order, the inmates apparently well cared for, and the food, so far as we

could observe, good, well prepared and wholesome.

JOHN TIERNAN,
Foreman.

CONUNDRUMS.

Editor Deseret News:

One quotation from unholy writ and then a question or two:

Edmunds 1; 3: "That if any male person in any Territory or other place over which the United States shall have exclusive jurisdiction, hereafter cohabits with more than one woman he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$300, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court."

1st—Would the grand jury indict a libertine under the above section?
2nd—As this class of offence is the crying evil of the day, and easily proven, why is not the whole law vindicated?

3rd—If a libertine refused to answer questions that would criminate himself, would he be in contempt, and sent to the pen?

4th—Would even Russia compel a Nihilist to testify against himself, or imprison him because he wouldn't?

5th—Is there another place on earth where such compulsion is used? If so, where is it?

6th—How many centuries has the "wheel of time" been turned back by this inquisition?

7th—Is America the "home of the free," or the home of a people subject to inquisitions, etc?

G. WASHINGTON.
Salt Lake City, May 24th, 1884.

Give it up. Give us something easier.

MORE HOAR AMENDMENTS.

FOLLOWING are a new set of amendments which Senator Hoar has added to the piece of legislative patchwork now awaiting action in the U. S. Senate:

SEC.—(a) A widow shall be endowed of the third part of all the lands, whereof her husband was seized of an estate of inheritance, at any time during the marriage.

(b) The widow of any alien who, at the time of his death, shall be entitled by law to hold any real estate, if she be an inhabitant of this State at the time of such death, shall be entitled to dower of such estate, in the same manner as if such alien had been a native citizen.

(c) If a husband, seized of an estate of inheritance in lands, exchanges them for other lands, his widow shall not have dower of both, but shall make her election, to be endowed of the lands given, or of those taken, in exchange; and if such election be not evinced by the commencement of proceedings to recover her dower of the lands given in exchange, within one year after the death of her husband, she shall be deemed to have elected to take her dower of the lands received in exchange.

(d) When a person seized of an estate of inheritance in lands, shall have executed a mortgage of such estate, before marriage, his widow shall nevertheless be entitled to dower out of the lands mortgaged, as against every person except the mortgagee and those claiming under him.

(e) Where a husband shall purchase lands during coverture, and shall at the same time mortgage his estate in such lands to secure payment of purchase money, his widow shall not be entitled to dower out of such lands, as against the mortgagee or those claiming under him, although she shall not have united in such mortgage, but she shall be entitled to her dower as against all other persons.

(f) Where, in such case, the mortgagee, or those claiming under him, shall, after the death of the husband of such widow, cause the land mortgaged to be sold, either under a power of sale contained in the mortgage or by virtue of the decree of a court of equity, and if any surplus shall remain after payment of the money due on such mortgage and the costs and charges of the sale, such widow shall nevertheless be entitled to the interest or income of the one-third part of such surplus, for her life, as her dower.

(g) A widow shall not be endowed of lands conveyed to her husband by way of mortgage, unless he acquire an absolute estate therein during the marriage period.

(h) In case of divorce, dissolving the marriage contract for the misconduct of the wife, she shall not be endowed.

MR. GOUGH.

JOHN B. GOUGH, who will lecture at the Theatre, to-night, is doubtless the most popular living temperance advocate in the world. The most striking compliment that could be paid him exists in the host of imitators of his peculiar style of oratory. But all the simulators necessarily fall far short of the original.

Mr. Gough's matter is largely anecdotal, and his chief power lies in his ability to tell a story in a manner that is positively electrical. His descrip-

tive faculty is so remarkable that he is enabled to alternate between the humorous, pathetic and horrible with such facility that the audience is impelled to follow the genius of his discourse with outbursts of laughter, tears of sympathy and thrills of horror. Added to the other elements of oratory so conspicuously exemplified in him is an intense earnestness, which brings his whole being into play while in the act of speaking. In gesture he is energetic, almost to extravagance, and in general style explosive. In any other person the methods he exhibits would be considered exaggerative, but in John B. Gough any less demonstrative oratorical demeanor would be tameness.

The noted temperance orator is well worth hearing. Having listened to several of his addresses we do not speak from mere report, but because of pleasure derived from attending his lectures.

ONE THING OR THE OTHER.

OUR local columns of Wednesday's issue contained an account of the fourth annual session of the Ancient Order of United Workmen for Nevada, Utah, Wyoming, Idaho and Montana, held the day previous. It appears that another meeting of the order was held on Wednesday. At this latter conference a motion was made to exclude from membership all members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. The chair ruled that no question of faith should be a bar to admission. The ruling was sustained by a vote of 50 to 10.

Another motion was offered to the effect that all polygamists or those who become such should be excluded from the order. This was unanimously carried.

We understand that a number of people claiming membership in the Church are identified with the order. We do not believe that secret societies are in unison with the genius of the Gospel. Therefore looking at the matter from a general standpoint, it seems a little remarkable that people professing identification with the work of the Lord should assume connection with any association of that nature. The objects of the A. O. U. W. are doubtless worthy, but the entire secret combination movement now gaining a broad and deep foothold in every part of the world will yet cause the most terrible conflicts between different classes of the people in this and other nations ever witnessed in the history of the world. And while many of them are established with good motives and intentions there is an alarming general tendency in them to run into extreme and evil avenues. With any movement subject to such liabilities no Latter-day Saint can afford to be identified. Recently President Taylor, in a discourse delivered in the Tabernacle, gave some excellent advice to the Saints in reference to this subject, taking a similar position to that which we are now assuming.

The action taken by the A. O. U. W. on Wednesday, furnishes a special and conclusive reason for members of the Church keeping aloof from it or any similar society. While it was decided that no matter of mere faith should be a bar to membership, no person who had taken a practical step in relation to a doctrine comprehended within the scope of the faith of the Latter-day Saints should be deemed eligible for membership, and any person connected with the society who should in future take that position should be expelled. This is a direct assault on the faith of any Latter-day Saint who may be now in the Society, and if he is not a mere professor of respect for the doctrines of the Church withdrawal must be his only consistent course. How he could retain his connection with the Church and a society that takes the position regarding it that the A. O. U. W. has done without laying himself open to the charge of incongruity of conduct would be somewhat difficult to explain. The water in the bucket on either or both shoulders is almost certain to spill.

Postmaster General Gresham has ordered all mail matter sent from here to-day, or sent from New York, New Orleans or Galveston to Mexico by sea shall hereafter be sent by El Paso, Texas, over the Mexican Central road.

Senator Mitchell reports favorably to the Senate from the committee, with an amendment, a bill introduced by him early in the session, to provide for an amendment of the pension laws in conformity to the suggestions made by the Commissioner of Pensions in his last annual report.

"CERTAINLY A GREAT SHOW."

Another Graceful Tribute Paid to W. Cole's Huge Circus.

The highest tribute that can be paid to any public enterprise is to say that it deserves public patronage and is free from all unsavory surroundings and W. Cole's Great Shows have the reputation of being clean, pure and well conducted, as attests the following extract from the Lawrence Journal of May 4th. It says: "Yesterday Cole's mammoth show exhibited in our city as previously announced. The street

procession was all that could be asked, and fully up in every particular to what had been promised. On entering the show tent one was struck with the bright and new aspect of everything. Mr. Cole's attendants were gentlemanly and extended every courtesy possible, a most acceptable change from the surly, crossgrained people so often met at similar places. The menagerie contained many rare animals, some never before seen in this city. An hour was given before and after the entertainment for inspecting them. The circus proper presented many very entertaining features. The trapeze performance especially was vociferously applauded several times, and the many other attractions were greatly enjoyed. Mr. Cole certainly has a great show, and he has the good fortune to have a first-class management in all respects. He will be welcomed back should he return to our city again. Cole will exhibit in Salt Lake, June 10 and 11.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

That is daily bringing joy to the homes of thousands by saving many of their dear ones from an early grave. Truly is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Loss of Voice, Tickling in the Throat, Pain in Side and Chest, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs, a positive cure. Guaranteed. Trial Bottles, free at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. Large size \$1.00.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE. In Debility.

Dr. W. H. Holcome, New Orleans, La., says: "I found it an admirable remedy for a debilitated state of the system, produced by the wear and tear of the nervous energies."

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money returned. 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 7

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer.

The Best is the Cheapest.

Safety! Economy!! Certainty of Good Results!!!

These qualities are of prime importance in the selection of a preparation for the hair. Do not experiment with new remedies which may do harm rather than good; but profit by the experience of others. Buy and use with perfect confidence an article which everybody knows to be good. HALL'S HAIR RENEWER will not disappoint you.

PREPARED BY

R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Druggists.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

OGDEN, UTAH.

GEO. A. LOWE,

GENERAL DEALER IN FIRST CLASS

Agricultural Machinery.

NEW MODEL VIBRATOR THRESHING MACHINES,

WITH NEW IMPROVEMENTS.

Also, the Popular

MINNESOTA CHIEF THRESHING MACHINE.

The Eureka Mower Six foot cut. The Buckeye Light Mower.

The Furst and Bradley Sulky Hay Rake, The Thomas Sulky Hay Rake.

THE "FOUST" HAY LOADER. THE "CHAMPION" HAY RICKER AND STACKER.

THE BUCKEYE CORD BINDER,

And a Large Stock of the Best Quality

BARBED STEEL FENCE WIRE.

BUCCIES AND CARRIAGES.

A large and well assorted stock of First Class Vehicles of all kinds at very low prices.

Correspondence solicited. Enquiries answered promptly.

s & w

A high mandarin of China, in his letter of thanks to Dr. Ayer for having introduced Ayer's Pills into the Celestial Empire, called them "Curing Seeds"—a very appropriate name! They are sweet, they cure, and are, therefore, the most profitable "seeds" a sick man can invest in.

By the Use of Ely's Cream Balm for Catarrh, I have overcome a disagreeable discharge from my nostrils, and am free from pain in my eyes and head.—J. W. Lane, Hardware Merchant, Newton, N. J.

AYER'S PILLS.

A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangement of the stomach, bowels, and liver. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS act directly upon these organs, and are especially designed to cure the diseases caused by their derangement, including Constipation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Dysentery, and a host of other ailments, for all of which they are a safe, sure, prompt, and pleasant remedy. The extensive use of these PILLS by eminent physicians in regular practice, shows unmistakably the estimation in which they are held by the medical profession.

These PILLS are compounded of vegetable substances only, and are absolutely free from calomel or any other injurious ingredient.

A Sufferer from Headache writes:

"AYER'S PILLS are invaluable to me, and are my constant companion. I have been a severe sufferer from Headache, and your PILLS are the only thing I could look to for relief. One dose will quickly move my bowels and free my head from pain. They are the most effective and the easiest physic I have ever found. It is a pleasure to me to speak in their praise, and I always do so when occasion offers."

W. L. PAGE, of W. L. Page & Bro., Franklin St., Richmond, Va., June 3, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S PILLS in numerous instances as recommended by you, and have never known them to fail to accomplish the desired result. We constantly keep them on hand at our home, and prize them as a pleasant, safe, and reliable family medicine. FOR DYSPEPSIA they are invaluable."

J. T. HAYES, Mexico, Texas, June 17, 1882.

The REV. FRANCIS B. HARLOWE, writing from Atlanta, Ga., says: "For some years past I have been subject to constipation, from which, in spite of the use of medicines of various kinds, I suffered increasing inconvenience, until some months ago I began taking AYER'S PILLS. They have entirely corrected the costive habit, and have vastly improved my general health."

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS correct irregularities of the bowels, stimulate the appetite and digestion, and by their prompt and thorough action give tone and vigor to the whole physical economy.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

YOUNG, OLD, AND MIDDLE-AGED. All experience the wonderful beneficial effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Children with Scrofulous Eruptions, Ears, or any scrofulous or phlegmic taint, may be made healthy and strong by its use.

Sold by all Druggists; \$1, six bottles for \$5.