

ment springing from faithless fire, but rather outbursts of dissension issuing from robust freedom. We are not in executive session but rather in committee of the whole. We were sent here by the people to slect a candidate; we were not sent here by the candidate to were not sent here by the candidate to netify the people. Our adversaries, by dwelling tenderly on the simplicity of the lamented McKinley, managed to endure for three days the strenuosity of Roosevelt. But, encountering in af-fectionate terms the achievements of the one, they evoked an enthusiasm which they immediately credited to the other. Through tears that were shed for the noble dead they saw a larger outline of the living.

HERO SPIRITS WERE KEPT UP.

Driven by lash and lured by luck they called on all the sacred dust to keep their spirite up. Set to run for three full days the pendulum petered out, the hands stuck fast, and only a three full days the pendulum petered out, the hands rinck fast, and only a strenuous shake would make the wheels go around. Multitless in the suilen task, they worked uphill against the grain and gravity of the hour. With-out the master which they had learned to love, they lingered listless under the whip of one whom they have learned to feer. Stripped of premeditated pomp and shorn of soothing phrase, the occasion meant no more or less than an era of boots and spurs. Take away the tribute to the dead, and all that is left is a horseman on the slopes of Ban Juan. Remove the revered black that tells of a nation's grief, and under-neath is a khaki uniform. Withhold the record made by hands and hearts now still, and all that is left is usurpa-tions bold account. Pull off the mask that wears the kindly smile of peace, and see the grim and firm-set teeth of war. It was the change from sure and certain way to, the shifting eddying currents of the wild unknowh. It was a leap in the darkness of Republican edipse, and four years hence will find them vainly looking for the light. It marks the place where a party rich in years of aervice forsook the beaten path and went on winding, untraveled roads. It marks the gap between path and went on winding, untraveled roads. It marks the gap between the era of the conservative and the radical. It looks now because they do not see where the old force ends

2 10:02

ոլով-լուլով-վուլովակակակակակակակակակակակակակությունությունությունությունությունությունությունությունությունությ Դույ-լուլով-վուլով-վուլով-ովուկակակակակականությունությունությունությունությունությունությունությունությունությու RICHARD OLNEY,

Of Massachusetts, Attorney-General Under Cleveland, Whom Many Delegates Wanted for Presidential Nominee.

mon knowledge. They say that inven-tion under their control has lifted loads of labor from mankind. They say that religion's long sleep was brok-en by the stimulus of Republican virtue and they point with pride to the church-es all over the land. They say that education was unpopular until they took it up, and that now almost every one is willing to be educated. They say that while population was increas-ing some, there was never any steady, advancing, general increase until the Republican party came into power, When attention is called to the econom-ic industrial and administrative vices ic industrial and administrative vices resulting from their incompetency, they say that after all there are some things say that after all there are some things which the all wise Providence insisted upon doing without giving any par-ticular reason for it. And so, on the whole, we may conclude that whatever the good Lord does in administering this good universe that turns out to be good, they credit to themselves, and whatever the Republicans do in admin-istering the government that turns out

istering the government that turns out bad they charge up to the Lord. WHY MET TOGETHER.

Gentlemen of the convention, beyond the exciting passions of war and the distressing panics of peace; beyond the reach of disaster's dread appeal and the dead past's dying wall, we meet in the clear and rational calm of seasoned clear and rational caim of seasoned common sense, to reason together for the well-being of our country and our party. No man here can have his exact way. No leader can take us along the narrow ledge of his unques-tioned logic. No section should swerve us from the course that leads to union and fellowship. No faction can di-vide us into weakened parts and leave us on the field of battle in front of the enemy. No man is greater than his party, and no party is greater than his principles. There is no principle which does not rest upon a condition and there is no condition which may not change. There is no creed set down in black and white to which we are forever strapped, as to a cross. There In black and white to which we are forever strapped, as to a cross. There is no platform which can last forever unles it be made of abstract things incapable of demonstration. The world is moving in its majestic course, and every detail of its toll works out some mighty change. Civilization is night and day working with its countless hands, and its influence runs ahead to where we cannot see or hear. A pohands, and its induced runs anead to where we cannot see or hear. A po-litical party is an agency in the hands of these material and multiplied force, and if it ceases to interpret events with intelligence, it will be deserted.

to obey there were two resolutions of-fered and each of these invites the country to consider the fitness and character of our candidate. The first was correct. The Democrats of New York favor the nomination for presi-dent of the United States of that dis-tinguished Democrat and eminent furtinguished Democrat and eminent jur-ist of our own state—Alton Brooks Parker—and the delegates selected by this convention are hereby instructed to present and support such nomination to present and support such homination at the approaching national convention; and said delegates are hereby further instructed to vote and act as a unit in all matters pertaining to said conven-tion. In accordance with the will of the majority of said delegates. And this was adopted. The other resolution was:

The other resolution was: ALTON B. PARKER.

"Realizing that the electoral votes of New York are absolutely essential to Democratic success, we submit to our brethren throughout the country that Alton B. Parker, a Democrat in the prime of life, has been elected by a ma-jority of over 60,000 to the chief posi-tion in the indical success of this test. jority of over 60,000 to the chief posi-tion in the judicial system of this state, and for over six years has discharged the duties of his high office with such unvarying dignity, such ability and scrupulous fidelity that if his term were to expire this year he would undoubt-edly be chosen to succeed himself by the community value of all his follow the concurring votes of all his fellow citizens."

Therefore, I repeat that this is the Therefore, I repeat that this is the unanimous voice of New York inviting the country to consider the fitness, ability and availability of our candi-date. The country, anxious to win in this great crisis, called upon New York on the battleground as the battleground.

NEW YORK'S ANSWER.

New York answers with a candidate who carried the state by 60,000 major-ity. The country called upon New York answers with a man who cut his way through poverty and toil until he way through poverty and toil until he found the highest peak of power and honor in the state. The country called upon New York for a Democrat and New York answers with a man who learned the simple lessons of Demo-cratic faith in the furrowed field; who took them with increasing strength to the har and finally honored them by his exalted station on the bench; a man throughout his career from poyerty to throughout his career from poverty to power, never in fair weather or foul forsook the standards of his party faith or deserted the colors of his com-mand. The country called upon New York for a Democrat free from faction. al dispute, and New York answers with a man friendly to all factions, but a favorite and afraid of none; a man who will take counsel and courage of both—but who will take the bitterness of neither—a man who will not stir the hatred of the past nor share the acrimony of the present, but who will lead us up toward the future into a cloudless atmosphere of party peace. The country called upon New York for a man who meas-ured up to the stature of this lofty place, and New York answered with place, and New York answered with a candidate who grew from youth to manhood in the humble walks of life; who lived and learned what in all our common folk must live and learn; a man who ripened with advancing years in the rich attainments of the law until he went, by choice of those who knew him heat to hold the even scale of instice went, by choice of those who when the walk best, to hold the even scale of justice at the highest point of our great judi-cial system, where, with the masters who moulded state and nation, and the men who drive commerce o'er the wheel of time, he surveyed to the very ground every inch of this geat repub-lic and, with expanding vision the material growth and glory of his state. WHAT COUNTRY CALLED FOR.

try; whose Jackson reclaimed the lost places of the far south and Demo-cratized the politics of the nation, and whose solidiers showed the wondering world the finest fruits of brain and nervo and hearts that ripen in her tem-perate sun, and who, through all the sons she lost and all the sons she saved and all the tears she shed amid the sorrowing ruins of war-and through all the patient loyalty and labor of af-ter years so wrought for human happi-ness that all the world exciaims. "Her greatness in peace is greater than ker valor in war." We appeal to you of the old south, and the new, to join with us in this contest of the supremacy of our party. HEARST NAMED BY CALIFORNIA For First Time in Her History

Golden State Presented a Candidate.

NOMINEE'S QUALITIES CREAT.

Always a Democrat, Never a Bolter --- His Views and Sentiments No Secrets.

St. Louis, July 8 .- When at 10:15 o'clock, on the call of the roll of states, California was reached, D. M. Delmas, one of the most prominent lawyers of the Golden State was recognized and he presented as a candidate for the chief magistrate, the name of William Randolph Hearst, a native son. Mr. Delmas said:

APPEAL TO EVERY DEMOCRAT. We appeal to every Democrat from everywhere to forget the bitter warfare of the past; forget the strife and an-ger of the older, other days; abandon all the grudge and rancor of party dis-content and, recalling with ever-in-creasing pride the triumphs of our 50 years of constitutional government of ubacty and nearce-here and now re-For the first time in history Califoriberty and peace-here and now re-olve to make the future record that resplendent reach of time in which lib-

ւկովուկովովակակակակակակական խվուկակական վակակակակովուկովուկովուկությունի փոխոխոխոխովակակակական



COLONEL HENRY WATTERSON,

The Noted Kentucky Editor Who to the Astonishment of All Democrats Has Had Little to Say During the Convention.

erty and peace went up and down the nations of the earth, building their kingdom in the hearts of men and gathering the harvest of genius and toil; in which Reason struck from the hand of Force the sword of hate, and plucked from the heart of War the germ of greed: in which Conscience smote the thoughts of wrong and filed the mind with mercy's sweet restraint; in which power grew in the human brain, but refuse the shelter of a glittering grown; in which the people of all lands and tongues, awakened to hope by the inspiration of our example, followed with the march of years the luminous pathway leading to a destiny beyond soll. She bespeaks your indulgence while she sets forth the motives which animate her hopes and the claims which justify the aspirations of her with the march of years the luminous pathway leading to a destiny beyond the reach of vision, and within the province of God. In this spirit New York nominates for president of the United States Alton B. Parker.

Was such a percentage ever before Was such a percentage ever before equalled? Was such a majority ever before attained? Was a triumph so complete ever before achieved in any congressional district of New York? Never. If, instead of running in a mere district, he who won this unprecedent-ed victory had been a candidate in the whole municipality, he would, accord-ing to this ratio, have carried the city of New York by a majority of 230,000. of New York by a majority of 230,000, Has he been running in the state at large—even conceding to his adversary

the preponderance customarily claimed by the Republicans in the rural dis-tricts—he would have carried the state by a majority of 120,000. Gentlemen, if it be true that the state

Gentlemen, if it be true that the state of New York is indispensable to your success, who is the man that affords equal guarantees of his ability to carry it? Will you find him in a stranger to that state? Or will you find him in either of the men whose majorities our candidate has thus already eclipsed at the polls?

OF PROVED FIDELITY.

OF PROVED FIDELITY. Do you want a nominee of proved and unquestioned fidelity to your party? Where you will find one whose party fealty can claim superiority to his in hours which tried men's souls? Others have deserted the ships in the days when idolatrous allurements were spread forth: others have forsworn the faith of their fathers and have pros-trated themselves before the golden calf. His allegiance has not wavered; his devotion has been marred by no scheme. In prosperity and in adversity, in sunshine and in storm, through good and evil repute, his Democracy has reand evil repute, his Democracy has re-mained steadfast and "Constant as the northern star,

Of whose true fixed and resting qual-

ity, There is no fellow in the firmament.' ALWAYS PATRIOTIC.

During the five presidential elections which have taken place since he has reached manhood's estate he has ever abandoned personal preferences, sur-rendered individual opinions and un-grudgingly acquiesced as soon as tr party's choice has been made and its creed proclaimed. Three times did he support Grover Cleveland, and twice him who yonder sits and him who, un-touched by ephemeral obliquity, mis-representation and slander, will be-queath posterity a name as pure, a character as lofty, and a fame as bright as any recorded in the annals of Dem-During the five presidential elections as any recorded in the annals of Democracy.

Nor does the fealty of our candidate belong to the past alone. It exists to-day in amplitude as complete, in de-votion as absolute as of yore. Though aspiring to this nomination, yet if your assembled wisdom shall deem another worthier, he will not be found a dis-contented grumbler, sulking in his tent; still less will he be found organizing fellow deserters into maurauding bands of hastile malcontents. No, and

would not permit even the enumera-tion of countless acts of benefaction-of asylums founded, hospitals established, universities endowed, of private dis-tress relieved, of the thousands nightly sheltered during the long and bitter winters of the great metropolis.

"HEAR ME FOR MY CAUSE."

Indulge me, then, in one single illus-tration, and of that I need not in per-son, speak to you who sit under the con-stellation of the Lone Star, to you, re-presents of that great state whose im-perial bounds embrace the vast terri-tory stretching between the Rio Grande and the Caribbean sea, to you I turn and bid you speak for me. When, on that never-to-be-forgotten night of four years ago, the breath of the hur-ricane swept over the southern coast NO STRANGER TO PUBLIC LIFE.

vain in the very heart of Massachusetts,

WHERE IS HIS EQUAL?

WHERE IS HIS EQUAL? Gentiemen of the couvention, men of the north and of the south, of the cast and of the west-accredited her-resentatives of the Democracy, to you I say: Should your nonlines he a man whose views on public questions are questions which at the time confront the American people accords with the principles of your party? If he should where will there be found one equal to him whose cause we are here to advo-tate? THE ONE ISSUE

THE ONE ISSUE.

THE ONE ISSUE. It has been said, and truly said, the no campaign even decides more that one issue. What, then, is the issue which divides today the Democratic and Republican parties, what is the fund-imental principle upon which they are in antagonism? What is the essential thing which Democracy stands for and which Republicanism antagonizes fisit a question of tariffs or of tariff rel-ring and tariffs or of standards. which Republicanism antagonizes? and a question of tariffs or of tariff ref. ion? A question of standards of currency or controlling the banks? A question of expansion or of imperia-ing the server than any or all of these. It includes them all, it is tra-question which touches the very found at the very existence of our govera-question which touches the very found at the very existence of our govera-ment. Let explaemistic babblets for over as they may; let trimmers who break the servers who usurp the name of shift their sail to every political still the question which confronts the American people today—which has con-fronted them with ever-is who usurp the servers that usurp is the shift whole people or whether it shall be ments, executive and judicial, shall be perpetuated for the people, and of the whole people or whether it shall be manify and the protection of the genal rights of all, or whether the shall be perverted into the plastic for the user of all, or whether the shall be perverted into the plastic for the struments of all, or whether the shall be perverted into the plastic for the struments of syndicated capital. WHAT IS ISSUE, THEN?

WHAT IS ISSUE, THEN? Gentlemen of the convention, if this

NO SULKER.

fellow deserters into maurauding bands of hastile malcontents. No, and above all, will he not be found work-ing for the party's defeat and exulting in its overthrow. Even though disap-pointed in his aspirations, he will re-main at his post, ready as of old, to battle for the cause, and if not chosen to lead as a commander of the fight-ing, as private in the ranks.

Do you want for your nominee a man Do you want for your nominee a man of truly Democratic impulse, one ever in sympathy with distress, ever ready to stretch out a succoring hand to suf-fering humanity? Not here is the place to recount the numberless instances in which those traits of our candidate's nature and disposition has been displayed. Time would not permit even the enumera-

ricane swept over the southern coast and the waters of the deep, defying the laws of gravitation, stood like fluid

your confidence and enlist your

HIS ANCESTRY.

HIS VIEWS NO SECRET. Nor are his views and sentiments a

Upon the momentous questions which

WHAT IS ISSUE, THEN? Gentiemen of the convention, if this not the paramount issue of this can-paign, what is the issue? If this is not the fundamental question upon which the two parties different, in what do they differ? If the Republican party does not stand classes and as the exponent of the money power, for what does it stand? and if the Democratic party does not represent the antithesis of all this what does it represent? If the cause of the people-of the plath people-of the unnumbered multitudes who each more the ease to give them their daily bread, and who by daily toll earn the right to the fulfilment of their prayer, is not the cause of Democracy, what is its cause? If its mission is not to defend the equal rights of those who constitute the countless hosts of labor-not of labor in a narrow or restricted sonse, not of labor confined to those only who receive a daily wage, not of labor organized in guids of unloss and who, whether in fields of waving stand, in the glare of the forge, in the smoke of furnace, amid the whith is duite sense-of labor which includes all those who work with hand or brain, and who, whether in fields of waving stand, in the glare of the forge, in the smoke of furnace, and the whith is duites the desk of the counting house, in the smoke of furnace, and the whith is duites of the counting house, in the smoke of furnace, and the whith is duites who work with thand or brain, and who, else for ever upon the ever-restless wheels, in the depths of mines, in the mephtic air of collieries, upon the decks of floating crafts, at the desk of the counting house, in the smoke of furnace, and the whith is due the great creator's law that menshall eat his bread in the sweat of his brow-eth may be found those who fulfilled the great creator's law that menshall eat his bread in the sweat of his brow-fue the sweat of his brow-thes, the unprivileged and the less fa-vored be not the mission of Democrasy. vored be not the mission of Democracy, what mission has it? If to protect them from the schemes of spollation and from the schemes of spollation and plunder of syndicated wealth is not the justification for its existence what just-fication has it to exist? Aye, gentle-men, if the cause of the plain people is not the cause to which you are pledged, devoted, consecrated by the very name you bear, by what title do you call yourselves Democrats? By what right do you usurn the name of him whose do you usurp the name of him whose memories you profess to venerate, whose precepts you approve in your platforms, whose example you claim to emulate, by what right do you syle have of gravitation, stood nice independent mountains, threatening to deluge a continent, and in a few brief hours the metropolis of the guif was made a scene of desolation; when human sympathy was stricken dumb and huvourselves followers of him who said

APPEAL TO THE WEST. We appeal to the west, whose fron-

We appeal to the west, whose fron-tier struggles carried our civilization to the Pacific slopes, whose courage con-quered the plain and forest, whose faithful labor has built beautiful cit-ies, clear through to the Rockles; we appeal to you as he did follow your leadership through eight long years of controversy, you turn and follow him now when victory awaits us in No-vember.

APPEAL TO NEW ENGLAND.

We appeal to New England's faith-ful sentiment among her historic hills, in the name of all her unfaitering and brilliant Democrats, living and dead, to join us in our labor for success.

APPEAL TO EVERY DEMOCRAT.

our party

solve

and the new begins. But as they drive away to set the over-widening span 'twist craft and land will set many a lifeboat toward the shore. There much talk of twisting terdons in There is the ray of life; of running out of breath to-ward the open grave. The old and honored way is still the best; be not so strenuous as to strain yourself, no yet so simple as to fall asleep.

COWARDS AND WEAKLINGS.

There is much said by those who sit on cushioned chairs, about cowards and weaklings in the nation's life. The sunburnt farmer is just as brave as the star-crowned soldier. The man of natural peace is hero a hundred times to where the men of artificial war is to where the men of artificial war is hero once. Somehow of late the at-mosphere of our national life is filled with a spray of blood: somehow the march of progress sounds of ham-mered steel: somehow, although the sunlight of peace is all about us, there is now and then the glean of bayonets in its radiant fire and a flash of in its radiant fire and a flash of swords in its silver beams; somehow, although the constitution is still in force? there is a sense of failing pow-er and growing disconcet which makes us feel that the venerable old man, so speak, is halt and blind with years and burdens the strenuous household of his grandchildren. Somehow at times there runs a sort of shock right down to the foundations of this repubwhich makes the structure tremble and all the country pauses and listens and then returns to work.

A UNIVERSAL FEAR.

Somehow, although the future weicomes us, it does so with a mailed hand, somehow although you cannot put your finger on the cause, there i a universal fear; the mother watching while her children sleep, nods an then she hears the bugle call, the tramp of toes, and, staring into the darkness of a dream, she sees the "rigid upturned face." The toller, turning all his time and sinew to gain turning an ins time and snew to gain which others get, begins to doubt that the government is just. The man of millions who puts it out in the active currents of tide and sees the peril of this doubt and the government's com-promise with beth, begins to feel that the better bearded then complayed it is better hoarded than employed,

NORTH AND SOUTH FEEL IT.

The north and south, each wearing scars that tell of war, almost forgiven and forgotten, feel the fear again that a problem which only time can settle right will be forced upon them wrong. right will be forced upon them wrong. Behind these fears and doubts and startled dreams and various misglv-ings is many a hidden cause. But over them is one at least revealed. For Lincoln said in the sadness of his great soul "With mulice toward none, with charity for all, with faith in the right as God gives us the wiscom to right as God gives us the wisdom to see it." And Roosevelt said, in the glory of his self-contemplation, "Tread softly and carry a big stick,"

WHAT REPUBLICANS CLAIM.

And between these, the beginning And between these, the beginning and the ending of Republican growth, in time and temper, in all their wild descending flight, with all they know and feel of the country's question of their course, the Republican party yet claim every fruit of soil and sun, of brain and soul. They say that by a wise administration of nature's laws, they brought abundant harvests from the soil. They say that by careful dithe soil. They say that by careful di-rection of scientific search they added untold volumes to the store of comTHE RECENT PAST.

The recent past is filled with a record The recent past is filled with a record of our disagreements. Many of us would change that past if it were within our power-most of us would not — but whether we would or not, the point is, it is past. If we intend to settle here the question as to who was right and who was wrong then we are foredoomed to fail. For if we did not settle it then, how can we succeed now? If you tell me I was willing and I tell you we are wil-ling, and if we thresh it out that is the end. But if you tell me right or wrong, we meet again after a short, sharp separation at the Democratic al-tar and that we must clasp hands in a tar and that we must clasp hands in a natural alliance of Democratic faith and find some common ground upon which we each may stand with honor, I say it does not matter who was willing. The point is, we are together again. The science of sensible government is founded on compromise. The integrity of party existence rests upon the home-ter who of meeting each other bait way of party existence rests upon the home-ly rule of meeting each other half way. A platform is not an appolograph of party faith—it is a composite sketch of party compromise. A policy is an ap-proximation not a precise plan. It is better to give up some untimely doe-trine and occasionally succeed than to hold them all faithfully and always fail, for if we could become master of bold them all faithfully and always fail, for if we could become master of a few things we might become ruler over many. To plan success in disre-gard of principle is mere intrigue; to plan failure by holding to an outlawed issue is mere folly. Winning is not worked; strategy is not a sin. It is far better for the country to relight the first of Democratic hope by success coming from concession than it is to put out shat is left by failure fastened

put out what is left by failure fastened RESOLVE OF DEMOCRATS

to a formula.

Gentlemen of the convention, we come together in the historic valley of the Mississippi at the time when united enemies are making patriotic pligrim-age to a shrine cretted by Democratic wisdom and foresight. Surely, as you within been with the asseant breaking wisdom and foresight. Surely, as you gather here with the present breaking up on your raptured vision, and the past filling your heart with songe of praise and joy; surely as you contem-plate the commonwealth filled with happy homes that stretch out in be-wildered sun to the southern seas, and recall with unaffected pride that your party gave this kingdom of wealth and courage to the world's advancing reach; surely, here, close to the quickened pulse of the great southwestern glant as he comes to strike hands across the pulse of the great southwestern glant as he comes to strike hands across the years with the splrit of the Oid Domin-ion; here swept by the memories of long ago, and inspired by a spectacle which makes these memories dearer and no-bler still, surely you are urged by every impulse and entreated by every recol-lection to forever sink the differences that distract and the causes that con-fuse, and, gathering afresh from this exhaustless headwater of our hope the spirit of 50 years of ascending party faith, resolve to restore our party to its place of power, and pride in the hearts and affections of our countrymen. and affections of our countrymen.

NEW YORK IS UNITED.

The state of New York, hearkening the demand from every quarter of to the demand from every quarter of the country, comes to you united upon one who will bring peace into our council, patriotism and power into our campaign and success to our contest. I say New York is united and in saying so I deny the charge that has been spread broadcast over the country that there is dissension. In the con-

The country called upon New York for a man to fit this the critical hour and place of our national life, and New York answers with a man who against the strenuous sword-play puts of a swaggering administration a simple faith in all the perfect power of the Constitution; a man who puts against an executive republic the virtue of a constitutional republic; a man who puts against executive usurpation a know-ledge of and a deep love for the poise and balance of its three great powers;

henge of and a deep love to the poise and balance of its three great powers; a man who puts against the stealthy hunt "with a big stick" a faithful ob-servance of constitutional restraints. The country called upon New York for a man of stabiless character in pri-vate and public life, and New York answers with a man whose path leads from the sweet and simple fireside of his country hono, where he enjoys the simple society, where he enjoys the gentle quiet of his family, to his place of labor and honor at the head of one of the greatest courts in Christendom, And nowhere, through his active and useful life has aught but honest praise found utterance upon the lips of those who know him best. If you ask me why he has been silent, I tell you it is because he does not claim to be the master of the Democratic party but is content to be its servant. If you ask matter of the Democratic party out is content to be its servant. If you ask me why he has not outlined a policy for this convention, I tell you that he does not believe that policies should be dictated, but that sovereignty of the nethed, but that governmeled judgment and wisdom of its members: if you ask me what his policy will be, if elected, I tell you that it will be that policy which finds expression in the platform of his party.

APPEAL TO THE SOUTH.

New YORK IS UNITED. state of New York, hearkening demand from every quarter of mtry, comes to you united upon to will bring peace into our particitism and power ir campaign and success to our . I say New York is united and ng so I deny the charge that has pread broadcast over the country it whose instructions we delight With these as some of the claims up-

ON THE PYRAMIDS.

It is said that Richard Harding Davis once made a joke about the Pyramids that is still repeated at Shep-heard's hotel, the fashionable hostelry of Cairo.

Mr. Davis was studying the Pyra mids, and a guide approached and said to him: took hundreds of years to build

them monuments, sir." "A government job, eh?" said the novelist.

No STRANGER TO PUBLIC LIFE. Do you want as your nominee a man whose past political career stands as an assurance of victory in the future? California's candidate is no stranger to public life. He is today the represent-ative in Congress of the imperial state which is now his home. To the realiza-tion of your hopes the vote of that state is indispensable. Without New York it is confessedly idle to look for victory next November. Can he carry victory next November. Can he carry New York? Let the experience of the past answer. Less than two years ago he ran for Congress in a district which the year before had given the Demo-The year before har mayor of Greater New York a majority of only 1,800. That district he carried by more than 16,000. Such a majority exceeds by over 2,000 that given in the same district a few years ago to the learned and distinguished jurist who was then elected chief justice of the state; and it is greater by nearly 5,000 than that given a year later to the Democratic candidate for mayor, though he threw into the contest that which posterity ac-cords to an honored and historic name. That majority represented 72 out of every 100 votes cast.

man energy stood paralyzed in the presence of the countless dead and the spectacle of universal havoc, who was spectacle of universal havoc, who was the first to come to the succor of the ruined city? Under whose inspiration was it that from New York and from Chicago and from San Francisco sim-ultaneous trains bearing stores of food and of clothing, of medicines and of medical stores, of nurses and physi-cians and surgeons, sped like a trinity of ministering angels flying on wings clans and surgeons, spee like a trinity of ministering angels flying on wings of mercy to the relief of afflicted hu-manity? Tell us, ye gallant sons of Texas, for you know. MEN OF THE SOUTH.

JEFFERSON QUOTED

"I hope we shall crush in its birth the aristocracy of our moneyed corpo-rations, which dare already to chai-lenge our government to a trial of strength and bid defiance to the laws of our country"--of him whose cardinal maxim was "equal rights for all, special privileges for none," of him whose whole life was one incessant battle waged against the oppression of the many for the benefit of the few. I repeat it, sirs, if the cause of the unprivileged and the less favored be not your cause; if to secure them equal rights be not your mission; if to pro-tect them against the oppression of syndicated capital be not the justifica-tion of your existence as a "I hope we shall crush in its birth

tect them against the oppression of syndicated capital be not the justifica-tion of your existence as a party; aye, girs, if you are here today bent upon outdoing Repub-licans in truculent auberview, of Republican to the money oligards of Wall street, if you are here trems-lous with apprehension for fear of giv-ing them offense; if you are here cher-ishing the hope of placating their ar-tagonism, winning their favor by sub-serviency and regaining office and place by the aid of their influence and the corrupting power of their gold; if the party has sunk so low, if it has reached this depth of contemptible degenerar, rise from thy grave, immortal split that sleepeth under the sod of Monti-cello, rise, rise and rebuke the recreast Democracy which with hypocrisy in its heart and with a lie upon its lips dares usurp the name of Jefferson. WHERE HEARST STANDS. Men of the south, you upon whose sol American Democracy first saw the light, you, the hereditary custodian of light, you, the hereditary custodian of its purest traditions, you whose politi-cal importance, if not political life, is bound up with its fate, you in whose annals the events of this day may mark an epoch more fatal than any which has gone by since the war-men of the south, to you I next speak. Do you want as your nominee a man whose descent, whose past career and whose present attitude afford irrefrag-able guarantees of sympathy and give proof of accord upon the great ques-tions with which the very existence of your people as a race are involved? If your people as a race are involved? If you want such a nominee what lacks the candidate of California to com-

WHERE HEARST STANDS.

WHERE HEARST STANDS. Not among these shall our candidate be found. His political practice and political creed find fitting expression in his address accepting his nomination for Congress, where, in words that Jef-ferson might have uttered, he said: "I have always devoted my energy and ability, whatever they may be to the cause of the plain people, and I shall continue to do so. The laws must now be applied, and, where necessary must be strengthened to protect the people against that powerful and un-sorupulous criminal combination known scrupulous criminal combination known

HIS UNSWERVING DEVOTION.

nervering in this devotion to the second sec



Long Island Man Who Has Been Talked of For Chairman of the Democratic National Committee.