TELEGRAPHIC.

A BATTLE IN CUBA.

Spanish Guerillas Surprised by the Insurgents.

GREAT SLAUGHTER ON BOTH SIDES.

Captain General Campos Cables the Spanish Government for Large Reinforcements of Troops.

HAVANA, June 27.—Details reached here today of a desperate fight between a portion of the insurgent force under Maximo Gomez in the province of Puerto Principe, and several of the auxiliary troops of the Spanish government, known as guerillas, under Captain Aguero. The engagement took place on the day of the insurgent raid upon San Geronimo. The seventy guerillas were surprised by the vanguard of Gomez's forces, commanded by "Mirasol, and there was great slaughter on both sides, the fighting being mainly with machetes.

The guerillas unexpectedly came upon the insurgent vanguard, consisting of about 400 men. At first the guerillas imagined they had only a comparatively small body of men to face them. Commander Aguero called upon the insurgents to halt, crying out, "Who goes there?"

"A Spanish force," was the reply of the insurgents, as his men continued to advance rapidly upon the government forces. Two or three times more did the guerillas try to halt the insurgents, but the latter pushed on quickly, until finally their leader, seeing that the guerillas were in an awkward position, cried, "At the machetes."

This cry showed the guerillas that they were confronted by insurgents and not by a detachment of Spanish guerillas, as they had been led to believe, and the mask being thrown off, the guerillas replied to the then oft-repeated cries of "at the machete," with a volley from their carbines, as they commenced to retreat before the vastly superior forces of the insurgents. Then the government soldiers and the insurgent troops became engaged in a hand-to-hand combat, which quickly became little more than a massacre of the unfortunate guerillas.

The insurgents in the meanwhile had been reinforced until they are said to have numbered fully 1,500 men, composing the main body under the command of Gomez.

Against these overwhelming numbers the guerillas fought desperately, shouting, "Viva España!" as they defended themselves as best they could against the enemy, using rocks or anything available behind which to shelter themselves. The insurgents pressed forward from all sides upon the little band.

For an hour the fight lasted, and nothing could be heard but the rattle of musketry and the shouts of the combatants and the clashing of machetes. It is believed that few if any of the guerillas escaped being killed or wounded.

The insurgents engaged with the guerillas are believed to form part of the body of men which recently turned the towns of El Mutto and San Geronimo, after capturing the forts and garrisons of those places, and it is said the news of the fresh disaster has caused a very uneasy feeling in official circles.

The rebels are not far from the capital of the province of Puerto Principe, and the situation of affairs there must be very grave indeed, and may prove much more so when Maceo, who is expected to leave his war ground in the province of Santiago de Cuba, into Puerto Principe, joins his forces to those of Gomez.

That there is real cause for alarm may be gathered from the fact that it is reported to well-informed circles here today that Captain General Martinez de Campos has cabled to the Spanish government, asking for the prompt dispatch of large reinforcements of troops from Spain.

Alleged Murderers Acquitted.

OMAHA, June 27.—A special to the Bee from Butte, Neb., says: The famous Barrett-Scott murder case was concluded today by the acquittal of Sullivan, Elliott and Harris, the three vigilantes who were alleged to have hanged the defaulting ex-treasurer of Holt county, January 1, 1895. This is the final chapter in one of the most sensational affairs in the criminal history of the West.

Scott, while treasurer of Holt county, stole $100,000 and fled to Mexico. He was extradited and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years. Influential political friends, it was charged, prevented Scott's incarceration in the penitentiary, and while enjoying his freedom, pending the supreme court's action, he was taken from his lodging by a dozen masked men and hanged. It was alleged to be the work of the old vigilante who disturbed the northwest Nebraska in the pioneer days.

THE FULL TICKET.

Kentucky Democratic State Convention Completes Its Work.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 27.—The following is the Democratic state ticket in full: For governor, P. Watt Hardin; lieutenant governor, H. T. Tyler; treasurer, R. C. Ford; auditor, L. C. Norman; register of the land office, C. H. Swango; attorney general, W. J. Hendry; secretary of state, Henry S. Hale; superintendent of public instruction, E. Porter Thompson; commissioner of agriculture, L. S. Hale.

The most memorable convention ever held by the Democracy of Kentucky closed tonight at 7 o'clock, when the convention adjourned sine die. Today's proceedings were of a most harmonious nature until about 4:30 this afternoon, when the warmest fight of the convention developed in the race for secretary of state.

Henry S. Hale, the present state treasurer, John W. Hadley, now secretary of state, Charles W. Metcalf and Hoddard Johnson were placed in nomination. There was much excitement over the first ballot, which resulted in no choice. It was then decided that the candidate receiving the smallest vote on the next and each succeeding ballot be dropped. Johnson and Hoadley withdrew, leaving Metcalf and Hale. Then there was much confusion and recapitulation of the vote was decided on. During the wrangle following Hadley of Louisville put in nomination the name of Walter Lenoon.

About this time Virgil Taylor of Ma-

[illegible]

"Forward! Fire! Load! you, the chair-[illegible] considerable convulsion of Kentucky?"

"Gentlemen, or the lady, you are attached to parliamentary rules."

"Drown you, we will have justice," interrupted Taylor, and then he burst into a string of curses which were directed at the chairman. He was finally removed.

Metcalf withdrew and urged that the nomination of Major Hale be made unanimous, which was done.

E. Porter Thompson of Frankfort was nominated for superintendent of public instruction on the first ballot and L. S. Hale for commissioner of agriculture by acclamation.

A "DOG FALL."

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 27.—Senator Voorhees was today asked for an opinion of the result of the Democratic convention in Kennedy. He said: "The result of this convention reminds me of an exposition we had when I was a boy, in describing a wrestling match. When neither party got much of an advantage over the other it was called a 'dog fall.'

"At Louisville one party nominated the ticket and the other made the platform, and they came out about even, with honorabilities in the abstract on top.

"The endorsement of Mr. Cleveland and his administration," said the senator, "was a most natural thing in a Democratic convention, and the endorsement of John G. Carlisle anywhere in Kentucky was a foregone conclusion.

"I have neither fear nor discouragement for the fate of silver money in the United States. The American people, in their own way, and with many a sober second thought, will take full and proper care of that great precious metal. There is over $500,000,000 of silver now in circulation in this country, as much because we gold, and there will never be less. Democrats have no need to quarrel with one another on this or any other question. Freedom of opinion in our ranks does not necessarily mean a free fight."

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Six Firemen Killed and Six Others Seriously Injured.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 27.—The most disastrous fire which ever visited Minneapolis accomplished its work of destruction and death tonight. Within an hour after the alarm rang in at 11 o'clock six firemen had met their death by their habitations in trying to save the property of others.

Several others were seriously injured and it is thought there may be still more dead who have not yet been extricated from under the ruins of the walls, which fell in and crushed them.

The property was occupied by the entire composition of the building occupied by McDonald Bros., dealers in crockery, tinware, glassware, silverware and gas fixtures.

The building was of four stories, brick walls and wooden interior frame work, and was well stocked. The fire originated in the boxes and packing stored in the rear of the building, and was beyond the power of the fire department to control. At a few minutes before midnight the walls fell, one side wall falling in and the other falling out in the alley, where the firemen were at work.

The total loss will aggregate over $100,000; insurance unknown.

THE BLAZE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—The most disastrous fire that San Francisco has experienced for many years broke out at about 6 o'clock this evening in a box factory at the corner of Fifth and Bryant streets. A strong south wind was blowing, and the flames spread with amazing rapidity.

The entire fire department was immediately called out, and for four hours the firemen had such a battle with fire as seldom falls to their lot. They could do nothing to stop the progress of the conflagration, but only a timely change in the wind, which swept the flames back over the burned district, saved the entire district south of Market street from destruction.

Although many scores of buildings were burned, the monetary loss was not large, as the fire was kept away from the richly stored warehouses of the district, and only cheap frame structures, occupied by poor laboring people and small manufacturies, were damaged. The loss will probably be between $500,000 and $1,000,000, with very little insurance, as the insurance companies have long avoided taking risks in that section.

It was the most fierce fire since that San Francisco has had in many a day, and the most alarming reports of the progress and magnitude of the fire were current throughout the city. As it was, the flames wiped out one entire square and made holes in the surrounding blocks. Probably 100 poor families have been made homeless, besides losing all their possessions. Another hundred or more of small manufacturing establishments, such as furniture factories, machine shops, etc., have been destroyed.

Three big wineries, containing millions of gallons of wine, and warehouses, liquor houses and railroad yards, docks, lumber and coal yards had narrow escapes. Only one fatality has been reported. Miss Gilmy was covered with burning oil and perished.

Later estimates make the loss at least $1,000,000, with a probability that it will amount to $1,500,000. The greatest part of four blocks were burned.

Bids for a Torpedo Boat.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—Secretary Herbert declines to confirm a report that the Herreshoffs have offered to build a torpedo boat for the navy having a speed of twenty-seven knots, for $100,000 on the ground that it would not be in the interest of a free and fair competition to divulge any information of this kind in advance of the formal opening of bids. Therefore the bids, however, that may have been made, will not be made public. It is revealed that when the bids for three small torpedo boats which subsequently went to the Cramptons Iron Works were under consideration, Mr. Herreshoff, as well as the Union Works of San Francisco, made a substantial similar proposition, which could not be entertained, owing to the limit placed on the appropriation by Congress.

In the course of a few days the navy department will issue advertisements calling for proposals for building three twenty-six and torpedo boats, but Mr. Herreshoff will not be permitted to bid on either of these boats, as the department fears, as it thought unfairly, to obtain a reasonable bid from builders on the Gulf, the Mississippi or the Pacific coast.

TROUBLE BREWING.

Probable Controversy Between the United States and England.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—Congressman Livingston, of Georgia, author of the resolution which passed the last Congress directing the President to urge Great Britain to arbitrate the British-Venezuela question, returned to Washington today from an extended trip through Venezuela, where he went to make a personal inspection of the merits of the controversy. He went as a guest of the Venezuelan government, and was given an official reception throughout his stay in that country. He returned with a fund of information which promises to have a bearing on the action of the United States in extending the Monroe doctrine to the British-Venezuelan troubles.

He brings also important news concerning recent events in Venezuela, including a rebellion in Caracas, which was quickly suppressed by the government, and the news that at a recent meeting of the cabinet the English concession for a railroad of the Orinoco company, including the famous Dorada gold mines and part of the territory claimed by Great Britain, was forfeited, and a new concession granted to an American company. The latter immediately sent its men to take possession of the concession, and Representative Livingston expects that if the British company refuses to yield, the American company will make a speedy representation to the authorities at Washington. As a result of Mr. Livingston's trip he is convinced that the United States will assert a strong policy on the British-Venezuelan question, perhaps through the executive branch this summer, and certainly through Congress when it reassembles.

Colonel Livingston was asked as to the result of his investigation of the British claims.

"I found," said he, "that upon our part information has been very meager, and I brought back many maps and documents, which, I hope, will throw light on the subject. The British have made no less than seven lines as their boundary claim. The first four lines were found not to include the gold country and the land commanding the mouth of the Orinoco river. As a result the British have been pushing their lines farther inland, until they now claim all the gold fields and the lower Orinoco country. It is believed beyond question that much of this country belongs to Venezuela, and in any event it is only just that the subject should be passed upon by an impartial commission of arbitrators, as the United States has suggested."

"But suppose Great Britain declines to arbitrate, what will the United States do?"

"Congress will certainly take up the question, as soon as it reassembles, if indeed, the executive branch of the government has not passed upon it in a very definite form by that time."

Colonel Livingston was asked what would be the ultimate result if Great Britain rejected all arbitration and commission.

"Then," said he, "the United States will protect the interests of its citizens in Venezuela. With the granting of the American concession there is a definite something which it is the duty of this government to protect, and I have no doubt the responsibility will be assumed by the executive branch and by Congress, with every requisite to insure a respectful enforcement of the attitude of the United States."

Fired Dynamite.

COLUMBUS, O., June 27.—A house in Adams county, occupied by Dyas Matthews and Mrs. Peace, was blown to pieces last night with dynamite, and both were terribly injured. The cause was desperation of the couple residing together.

William on the New York.

KIEL, June 27.—The dinner given by Admiral Kirkland and the officers of the United States cruiser New York to Emperor William was a very successful affair.

In addition to his majesty, Prince Henry of Prussia, Admirals Von Knorr, Hoeder, Valois, Sendes, Freudmann and Captain Evers, Sumner, Sheppard and O'Neill were present. Captain Evans had previously been summoned to come the fastest racing boat of the New York the Victoria Louise, after the banquet of the emperor and empress of Germany, the Princess Victoria Louise, who was born September 12, 1892.

The arrival of Emperor William and his party on board the New York was the signal for vociferous cheering for the princess and emperor.

Admiral Kirkland toasted his majesty, and in so doing thanked him on the reception accorded the United States warships at Kiel. In reply, the emperor requested Admiral Kirkland to convey his thanks to President Cleveland for sending the United States squadron to take part in the celebration in honor of the opening of the Kaiser Wilhelm canal and expressed himself as being highly gratified at the fact that the Americans were pleased with their visit. The emperor concluded his remarks with calling for cheers for President Cleveland.

SICK-HEADACHE

Makes life miserable. All other ailments are as nothing in comparison. Women especially know its suffering, and few escape its torture.

THE RELIEF AND CURE IS

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Many people take pills, which gripe and purge, weakenene the body. Mine take Simmons Liver Regulator, liquid or powder, becomes more pleasant to take, does not grip, and is a mild laxative, that also tones up the system. The relief is quick. It is Nature's own remedy, purely vegetable.

[illegible]

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. Genuine Simmons Liver Regulator put up in red wrapper with our trade mark, Z, on the front, and J. H. Zeilin & Co. on the stamp. Take no other. Sold by druggists everywhere. J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Macon, Ga.

REVERY PACKAGE bears 2 Stamps in red on wrapper. J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

SHE IS ENGAGED.

The Most Beautiful Woman in New England.

Will Her Sons Be Statesmen, Her Daughters Models of Perfect Womanhood?

If the half of what has been said and written of women's loveliness in woman were true, the girl whom you now see here given would not be long fancy. According to her own words, it was some years before the world knew her. Good as she is, she is not so good that she is not willing to say that she is today the most perfect specimen of female loveliness in New England.

She is the embodiment of that true of beauty which, arising from within, and cause by perfect health, is the most

illustration any more than it can be produced by outward means on the face of the living subject.

PERSONAL CHARMS.

To her personal charms she adds accomplishments and social standing. The fact that she is engaged to be married may cause susceptible young men to lose interest in her, but there are reasons why she becomes of particular interest to every woman in the land.

When a girl is engaged she is preparing to make the history of the world. Whether she be poor she shall be the mother of day laborers and whether her daughters are invalids or models of perfect womanhood depends chiefly upon the engaged girl herself. Another particular girl considered herself a fit subject for a maximum less than a year ago.

A HAPPY LIFE.

Through childhood she had been carefully guarded that she had not known suffering or misery, totally ignorant of womanly ailments. But suddenly there came to her a terrible revelation of woman's woes to her own exceeding experience. She found herself stricken with one of the torturing ailments peculiar to her sex. The agony she endured in silence caused so complete a breakdown in body and mind that she became an object of pity to her friends and a puzzle to physicians. A terrible attack of eczema, which so disfigured her that she was ashamed to show her face, added to her misery. Her case attracted wide attention, medical aid was freely sought here, there and yonder but without avail. Travel, medical springs, and health resorts proved equally futile. It was while in the South, when she had been brought to the verge of human endurance, and when her recovery seemed about to be swallowed up in suffering that her friends learned how Mrs. J. F. Smith, of Cleveland, Cuyahoga Co., Ala., had been restored from a similar ordeal.

PRONOUNCED HOPELESS.

The lady wrote: "Four of the best doctors treated my case for years and gave me up as hopeless. Died I could not be cured and I could not live. I suffered untold pains and misery, such as no pen can describe, for six years. I was confined to my bed most of the time. I expected to end my hand of death every day. I was afflicted with 'Female Weakness'—bearing-down sensations—pain in the small of my back—my bowels active, also palpitation of the heart. When I began taking the wonderful medicines that cured me I could not sit up a few minutes at a time, I was so weak. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription three times per day, his Golden Medical Discovery three times per day, and one of Dr. Pierce's Pellets every night."

"These medicines cured me. I feel as well as I ever did in my life. Through the will of God and these medicines, I have been restored to the best of health."

HUNDREDS OF DOLLARS LOST.

Another letter figures in the remarkable revelations of life Massachusetts girl. It was written by Mrs. John H. Fuller, 23 Chapin Street, Cohoes, N. Y., and read: "I was troubled with eczema, or salt rheum, seven years. I doctored with a number of our home physicians and received no benefit whatever. I also took treatment from physicians in Hudson, New York, Philadelphia, New Jersey City, Brooklyn, and received no benefit from them. In fact, I have paid out hundreds of dollars to the doctors without benefit. My health became so that I could not walk from the house to the gate without fainting. My husband urged me to visit our home in the West and he told me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It was only then I took heart to try medicine of the "Old Doctor" and am entirely cured."

"It was these letters," says the beautiful young woman whose picture is here given, "that saved my life, for they induced me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and the Golden Medical Discovery."

"These remedies restored me from a nervous, impatient condition of mind, suffering from which neither my physicians, friends nor I, can have words to express."

Her pencil, pen, features, and form all conspire to make her seem, indeed, the most lovely of her sex. Her medicines combined strong, sure, constantly, to thoroughly regulate, establish a sensible and effective course of remedial treatment for a great variety of complaints, or disorders incident to women.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has cured thousands of suffering women. It is a potent specific for the ailments peculiar to them. It promotes the general health of the delicate, strengthens the system, allays the irritability, invigorates, and imparts a healthy vigorous, natural way, building up the weak and nervous, and giving refreshing sleep, health. It will cure, heal, and restore health. It will put roses into pale faces—solid flesh in sunken places. It does away with the humiliating examinations and "local treatment" so much dreaded by modestly sensitive women.

Every disorder that can be reached through the blood, yields to the purifying qualities of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Besides, it tones up the whole system, gives strength, and sweeten and invigorate the blood. Over all but solid results. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, to rouse disease and build up the needed flesh and strength, there's nothing to equal it. It rouses every organ into healthy activity, purifies and enriches the blood, invigorates the whole system, and restores health and vigor.

A HINT TO WOMAN.

One reason why women suffers in silence, agonies which would make a coward of the strongest man, is because her inborn modesty causes her to shrink from the ordeal of submitting to examinations and "local treatment." Years hardly future drives her to seek advice, she, unfortunately, only too often falls into hands that lack the rare delicacy upon which her peace of mind, her happiness, and her life depends. Instead of treatment based upon a vast experience, which makes experts of practitioners, cures a certainty, and failure almost an unheard-of accident, she receives that which means failure a certainty and cure a mere accident.

The eminent specialists of the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, treat all their correspondence as strictly confidential. No letter ever passes beyond the eyes of the Medical staff, of which Dr. Pierce is President, and none is ever published unless the writer requests it for the benefit of other sufferers. Both men and women in any position of life may, therefore, apply for and receive advice by letter without risk to their vocations or fear of publicity.

THE HONEST HONORS.

Such is the confidence of his fellow-citizens in his ability, integrity, and honesty that Dr. Pierce has been elected by electors to the highest offices in the gift of the people of Buffalo, Erie, to the State Senate, and twice to Congress. Such, however, is the success of his medicines and his professional skill, that he has never yet sought any high office to enter that he may test even the power by serving his fellows who are sufferers over every State and Territory in the land. Dr. Pierce can so his many thousand letters from grateful people, many of whom were cured by his remedies after having been given up as incurable by local physicians and noted specialists. Many of these grateful patients have specially requested that their names be published for the benefit of other sufferers. Statistics show that there are not three cases of female disorder in a hundred that Dr. Pierce's remedies will not cure promptly and permanently. No matter how serious the case may be, no matter what female ills, pains and specialists may say, no matter how hopeless and hopeless the patient may feel, it she will write to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffalo, N. Y., of which Dr. Pierce is President, she will promptly receive, free of cost, such plain, straightforward, commercial advice as will enable her to cure herself at home. If, as it sometimes happens, her case calls not full entirely to medicine, the treatment, the remedies she need by visiting Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute and placing herself under the treatment of the corps of skilled specialists, who have successfully treated thousands upon thousands of cases, she will soon go forth a well, strong and happy woman. After years of experience it has been found that there are very, very few cases, not curable by Dr. Pierce's medicines on sale throughout the land, and when you consider that the patient is not asked to incur any risk, but, on the contrary, is offered the best medical advice, free, it is not to be wondered at that the World's Dispensary Medical Association is the most famous institution of its kind in the world.

A GREAT BOOK FREE.

When Dr. Pierce published the first edition of his work, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, he announced that after 50,000 copies had been sold at the regular price, $1.50 per copy, the profit on which would repay him for the great amount of labor and money expended in producing it, he would distribute the next half million free. As the number of books has already exceeded, he is now distributing, absolutely free, 50,000 copies a month, the demand keeping pace with the supply. Cloth binding and 168 pages, sent to any address on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only, or in paper covers, only 21 stamps required. Address, in the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which Dr. Pierce is President, the little common sense work treating on the only cause in consent stamps to pay for postage and packing only, and the book will be sent by mail. It is a veritable medical library complete in one volume. It contains over 1000 pages and more than 300 illustrations. Several finely illustrated chapters are devoted to the careful consideration, in plain language, of those peculiar to women and their natural management without the aid of a physician and without saving treatment is dreaded "exploration" and the accompanying "local application," so repugnant to the modest and delicate women. The Free Edition is precisely the same as that sold at $1.50 except only that the leaves are bound in strong manila paper covers instead of cloth. Send your address to-day, as the given away. They are going off rapidly. Remember, do not delay sending unfortunately if in want of one.

For sale by J. C. M. L. Clark Hardware & Co., Western Hardware Co., Salt Lake Hardware Co., and Geo. A. Lowe, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A BICYCLE ABSOLUTELY FREE OF COST OR A SUIT OF CLOTHES GIVEN AWAY.

Or Half the Purchase Price of Your Suit Refunded.

Or a Discount of Ten per cent. on Purchase Price.

BEGINNING MAY 1st, every fifth customer will be given ten per cent. discount on his purchase. Every fifteenth customer will get a discount of 50 per cent. Every ten hundredth customer will have the entire amount of the purchase refunded. Every two hundredth customer will get a free bicycle free.

Count is made from the payment of orders. Our goods and prices are absolutely correct.

D. L. ROSS,

Merchant Tailor,

41 WEST SECOND SOUTH, SALT LAKE CITY.

BEST IN THE WORLD.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

THE SUN PASTE POLISH

MADE BY THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH CO., CHICAGO, ILL., U.S.A.

SALT LAKE CITY BREWING CO.

We are again in the lead against all competition, with our Extra Pale Pre-mium Lager Beer, Half and Half, and Extra Fine X X X Stout Porter. In any quantity, in kegs or bottles.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Fireworks and Japanese Lanterns and Chinese Goods. Prices lower than ever before.

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277 South Main.

THE PUREST IS THE CHEAPEST.

The purest is the cheapest. We guarantee the purity of our liquors and wines, hence you will find them the cheapest in the end. The well-known reputation of this house for fair dealing is established beyond a doubt.

Choice brands of Whiskies, Brandies, Gin and Wines always on hand. Purest California Wines by the bottle or gallon. Choice brands of Cigars.

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PEPSIN WINE BITTERS

Prepared from pure Pepsin, Calisaya Bark, combined with the mild and still aromatic Wine of California, and PURE WINE, makes a combination for all Diseases arising from any form of Stomach, viz:

DYSPEPSIA,
BOWELS AND LIVER,
CONSTIPATION,
LOSS OF APPETITE,
ENNUI (or BLUES),

and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

For men, women and children recuperating by sickness or exposure, it has no equal; for those given to excess of the much abused, it is an equal—enhancing the appetite for food, and giving a healthy tone to the system. Long or Annapolis Wine guaranteed unfermented, it will give an appetite and will repay for fifty times its cost if it is unfavorable to it.

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