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EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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SALT LAKE CITY, November 11, 1876.
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OF

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All widths of Cotton Canvas, Ravens Duck Stripes, Bags, Twine, Colored Ducks for Overalls, Bunting, Etc.

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E. A. Brinckerhoff, J. Spencer Turner, Henry D. Polhemus, NEW YORK.

These goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I. w15

Local and Other Matters.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 8.

Scarce.—We have not had many "two-thirds republican" dispatches over the wires to-day.

Arrived.—We learn, from Brother John N. Pike, that Elder Henry Grow and accompanying missionary party arrived at Philadelphia on Monday morning, all well.

Another.—Mr. Jas. B. McKean's organ adds still another to the numerous pet names his admirers have applied to him. Now it calls him the "overthrown jurist." There must be a famine for compliments if that is to be considered as one.

Home-Made Blacking.—Messrs. R. Matthews & Co. are manufacturing a very good article of blacking. Besides its giving a strong lustre to the leather, it keeps it soft and helps it to resist the action of water.

Demonstrative.—A stalwart member of the Salt Lake City bar, created some stir to-day, in front of the Federal Court House, by doffing his hat, waving it aloft and shouting, in stentorian tones, "Hurrah for Tilden and Hendricks!"

Entertainments.—Mr. George Rowley, of American Fork, a blind organist, is in the city, giving entertainments at the school-houses of the various wards. Besides instrumental and vocal musical exercises, he exhibits exterior and interior views of the Centennial Exhibition, also views of various parts of the world, by means of a scripticon. He appears at the 14th Ward Assembly Rooms to-night, at the 15th Ward on Friday evening, and at the 20th Ward School-house on Saturday evening.

A feature among the views is a series showing the stages of progress of the work on the St. George Temple, and of its present advanced condition.

District Court.—Wednesday, Nov. 8th, morning.

Morris and Evans vs. P. E. Connor; on motion of George C. Bates, attorney for plaintiff, that this case be referred to D. Cooper to take testimony and report findings.

Henry Wagner vs. Thomas Girard; judgment by default for the amount claimed in the complaint.

August Cozzens vs. S. W. Taylor; ordered that this case be dismissed at plaintiff's cost and leave to withdraw all the papers on file.

D. R. Firman vs. assignee Buel and Bateman; by consent to be taken up Nov. 21, 1876.

P. E. Connor vs. Benjamin Hampton; by consent, passed for the present.

John Tiernan vs. Nicholas Treweek; by consent to be taken up November 22nd, 1876.

Brigham Young vs. J. E. Tyler; same order as in previous cases.

George P. Livenford vs. Wm. J. Smith et al.; jury trial; W. C. Hall appearing as attorney for the plaintiff and no one appearing for the defendant, the case was submitted to the jury, who rendered the following verdict—

"We, the jury, find for the plaintiff, and assess his damages at five hundred and seventy three dollars and thirty cents."

Centennial Relic.—An old dinner plate, of much interest, has been received at the Deseret Museum. In the centre is the well known constitutional expression:

"Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech; or the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government for a redress of grievances." CONSTITUTION U. S.

On the margin of the plate are escutcheons and devices. The upper one represents a primitive printing press, from which the Genius of Liberty is distributing copies of the Constitution, surrounded by the legend, "The Tyrants' Foe, the People's Friend." The other escutcheons contain respectively, the scales of justice:

"We hold that all men are created equal; of one blood are all nations of men." Heraldic achievements of the United States displayed very artistically in blue and white give us a good idea of the state of the potter's art during the latter part of the last century.

Members of the political ring herabout should eat their viands from plates with such extracts on them from the Constitution, that they might be reminded at every meal that they have no constitutional right to interfere with the "Mormon" or any other religion.

The Election in the City.—The election in this city went off in peace, good order and quietude from the opening to the closing of the polls, and not a single arrest was made. The special deputies appointed by the United States Marshal deported themselves in a gentlemanly and respectful manner, confining themselves to their own particular duties, without infringing upon the rights of anybody, and the supervisors, judges and other officials conducted matters fairly and courteously. The lovers of good order cannot but be gratified at the satisfactory manner in which affairs passed off yesterday.

Election Returns.

SALT LAKE CITY.

	Cannon.	Baskin.
First Precinct,	580	136
Second "	832	305
Third "	706	44
Fourth "	413	26
Fifth "	633	406

Total,

Majority for Geo. Q. Cannon, ... 2,247

Beside the foregoing there were two scattering votes, cast for C. W. Bennett.

OUTLYING PRECINCTS OF SALT LAKE COUNTY.

	Cannon.	Baskin.	Total.
Sugar House,	152	6	158
Big Cottonwood,	126		127
Draper,	122	3	125
Brighton,	23		26
Mill Creek,	215	10	225
Pleasant Green,	18		18
North Jordan,	82		82
South "	76		76
South Cottonwood,	191	7	198
Sandy,	52	62	114
West Jordan,	177		177
Granite,	30	2	32
Big Cottonwood, Pat Lannan l.			

The official returns have not yet been received from Fort Herriman, Little Cottonwood, Silver, and Bingham, but it is known that in the latter precinct 476 votes were polled, all "liberal" excepting six.

PER DESERET TELEGRAPH LINE.

FILLMORE.

Fillmore, 8.—George Q. Cannon 193, R. N. Baskin 11.

LOGAN.

Logan, 8.—Cannon 375, Baskin 25.

NEPHI.

Nephi, 7.—There was no disturbance at the election to-day. Number of votes polled in Nephi precinct, 363, of which 340 were for George Q. Cannon. Juab county will give Mr. Cannon a handsome majority.

BEAVER.

Beaver, 8th.—Beaver precinct, only one counted, 312 for Cannon, 45 for Baskin.

ST. GEORGE.

St. George, 8.—For George Q. Cannon 414. For Baskin none.

PROVO.

Provo, 8.—George Q. Cannon 638, Baskin 26.

Quiet and Peaceable.—The following was received to-day—

WEST JORDAN PRECINCT,
Salt Lake County,
November 7th.

Editor Deseret News:

The election passed off very quietly here to-day, the "People's Ticket" being the only one polled. Not only the "Mormon" electors turned out *en masse*, but many who are not "Mormons" came forward and supported Hon. George Q. Cannon with their votes, and all seemed to be well satisfied with him as a Delegate.

Yours respectfully,
R. H. SMITH,
Clerk of Elections.

City Council.—The Council met last evening, Mayor Little presiding.

Petition of Barratt Bros., for an auctioneer's license; granted.

Petition of David Love, for the privilege of running a skating rink on the Old Adobie Yard during the approaching winter; granted, under the direction of the Marshal.

The Marshal presented his report of expenditures for the month of October, amounting to \$209.57; report received and amount allowed appropriated.

The following bills were also allowed and appropriated—W. Hyde, for boarding city prisoners, in October, 1,314 meals at 15 cents, \$197.10; Treasurer, for one month's salary, \$200; Captain of Police and City Marshal, salary for October, \$155; City Hall janitor, for one month's salary, \$52; street supervisor, for month's salary, \$150; W. E. Hyde, salary for lighting lamps and guarding waterworks tanks, \$60; C. M. Donelson for work in connection with fire department, in October, \$70; R. Simpson, engineer of fire department and janitor of Fireman's Hall, salary, \$33; expenditure in the fire department \$2.50.

The sum of \$500 was appropriated to pay interest for October on borrowed money.

The sum of \$1,000 was appropriated, for public improvements, to be held subject to the order of the Supervisor.

Council adjourned till next Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock.

The Universal Topic.—The universal topic on the streets to-day has been the presidential election. Groups of men have been gathered on the sidewalks discussing the situation, according to the latest news. The Democrats have been exceedingly jubilant, being confident that Tilden's chances for the White House are away ahead of his opponent's, and although the Republicans hereabout have not altogether lost hope, they generally concede that appearances are very much against the ultimate success of the candidate of their party. However, although the matter can be pretty correctly prognosticated beforehand, in a political contest where the parties are so apparently evenly divided absolute certainty can not well be attained until the matter has been decided by the votes of the electoral college.

It will be seen by a dispatch to-day that the Republicans claim 181 for Hayes to 174 for Tilden, but it is admitted in the same that the Republicans don't claim North Carolina, and that being included in making up Hayes' total, and having 10 electors, this would probably reduce his quota to 171 and increase that of Tilden to 184. The Republicans appear to consider Wisconsin, which has 10 electoral votes, and Florida, 4 votes, doubtful; and as States considered doubtful by the Republicans have been going almost invariably for Tilden, should that rule hold good in these instances, Tilden's total would run up to 195, giving him a majority of 27.

Another dispatch has just come to hand, which states, in effect, that unless Florida, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, Louisiana and South Carolina, the States not heard from, go republican, Tilden will be elected for certain, as it will take the whole of these to give Hayes a majority, while any one of them going democratic will secure Tilden's election. If this be the case, the strong presumption is in favor of the democratic candidate. Besides, it is asserted that private dispatches state that Florida has gone for Tilden, which, if true, makes his election almost a matter of certainty.

DIED.

At New Harmony, October 30, after a lingering illness, of neuralgia in the head, WILLIAM PACE.

Deceased was born in Clark County, Georgia, July 3d, 1805; his parents emigrated to Tennessee, Rutherford County three years after, he embraced the Gospel in May, 1841; emigrated to Nauvoo in 1843, and suffered with the Saints in their persecutions; was called to be one of Brother Joseph Smith's police in 1843, and was ordained a seventy about the same time; emigrated to Council Bluffs, and furnished a son for the Battalion; afterward came with Brother Brigham Young's camp to the valleys in 1848, and was called on a mission to Provo; afterward moved to Spanish Fork, where he presided as Bishop; was called on a mission to Great Britain, which he honored for two years; was called on the Southern mission in 1862, and has since resided in New Harmony. He lived and died a Latter-day Saint, and was universally respected, and we trust will come forth in the first resurrection. [Com.]

In Payson, U. T., October 6th, 1876, PRUDENCE, wife of Joseph Thatcher, formerly from South Wales, aged 52 years and 18 days.

Millennial Star, please copy.

IMPURE AND PURE STARCH.

No amount of skill or trouble can prevent trouble and poor finish in the use of impure starch, and consequent dissatisfaction to the laundress and the wearer. Nor does the trouble end here, for impure starch is not only troublesome to use, and in consequence of its lack of lustre and golden or yellow hue, annoying to the wearer, but it soon so discolors the fabric as to render frequent bleaching necessary, which being usually effected by the use of strong alkalies or acids, destroys the fabric before it has rendered one-half its natural service.

Merchants too frequently give little or no attention to the subject. While they make the nicest distinctions in the quality of soap and other articles, they accept at the lowest price, without regard to quality, anything under the name of starch. Perhaps there is no article of general use the manufacture of which has received less skilled attention than starch. Processes in use a hundred years ago are still practised, producing starch peculiar to that period.

When starch is pure it is perfectly white, free from must, sourness or disagreeable odors, and when magnified 300 to 400 times, is seen to consist of distinct granules of ovate forms, varying in size and exhibiting peculiar marks according to the particular vegetable that produced it.

Starch is manufactured in different countries from those vegetable products that yield it most cheaply. In the United States, Indian corn and potatoes are most commonly used. The application of the former to this use was patented by James Colman in 1841. By this process starch was first made from corn in the United States.

Starch is sometimes adulterated with chalk, plaster of Paris, terra alba and other argillaceous substances. Much of the so-called starch in the market is composed to a great degree of these surrounding, weakening and discoloring properties, (as above mentioned) noticeable by a golden or yellow tinge, and sometimes by sourness, mustiness, small and weak crystals or pieces, crushing easily between the fingers, and dissolving thin and weak on the tongue.

The Glen Cove Starch Works, at Glen Cove, Long Island, (where the Duryeas' Satin Gloss and Improved Corn Starch is made) are the largest of the kind in the world. These works produce thirty tons of their starches daily, and their trade extends over the whole world. Particularly among the makers of laces and fine fabrics in Europe their goods find a large market. In every instance where their goods have been exhibited in the United States and Europe they have not only received the highest prize medal, but in most cases in addition a superlative report and diploma for their incontestable excellence.

Their goods, therefore, stand commended without comments of the makers as the best in the world. w42

SUCH is the purifying, healing operation of Glenn's Sulphur Soap that formidable abscesses and purulent ulcers, as well as the most absolute skin diseases, are cured by it. It expels proud flesh and is highly anti-putrescent.

Harmless as Summer Dew.

Yet in the highest degree disinfectant and preservative, Sezodont keeps the teeth always healthy and spotless, and the gums ruddy and free from canker.