

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

LONDON.—In the House of Commons, this evening, Gladstone announced that the Queen had solved the purchase problem by cancelling the royal warrant legalizing the purchase of commissions in the army. He declared that the House of Lords, though impugning the government plan for its abolition, had failed to sustain the purchase system, hence, her ministers had advised Her Majesty to take this action, which effectually disposed of the question in accordance with the manifest will of the country. This declaration was received with vehement cheers in the House, but Disraeli and the Tory members generally, were unable to dissemble their anger, and bitterly demonstrated the arbitrary course of the government. Gladstone was defiant, and challenged the opposition to move a vote of want of confidence.

Earl Granville, in the House of Lords, announced the determination of the ministry, and defended their policy. It is impossible to depict the scene in either House on the announcement of the fate of the purchase system. The Lords were deeply moved, but decorous in their demonstration. In the Commons the astonishment, anger and uncertainty were ill-concealed. The Tories were confounded and their leaders puzzled to suggest what action should be taken in an event which they were hardly prepared for, notwithstanding the obscure foreshadowings in the *Standard* of yesterday and to-day. The opinion of all is bold and even desperate, and popular feeling is led to anticipate far-reaching consequences in the demerit sense.

NEW YORK, 20.—At the Gideon Lodge of Orangemen last night, a resolution was adopted thanking Governor Hoffman and the military and police, for the protection offered during the parade last Wednesday.

At an indignation meeting of Irish-Americans in the 19th Ward, last night, Stephen J. Meany in a speech said: "How can we avenge the blood of the men which has been shed? How are we to secure proper protection in this country for men of our own race? Shall Orangemen and know-nothings rule this city? 'Never, never,' said the speaker. 'Shall the scenes of Wednesday last be permitted again?' He said when he saw the dead on Wednesday, his blood curdled in his soul, and he prayed God that he would live to see the day when the act would be avenged! A sentiment which was received with cheers. It was hard, he said, to see armed ruffians striking down innocent men and women for the crime of looking upon foolish Orangemen. Women had been made widows and children orphans, for the caprice of one man in Albany, who came to New York to revoke the order of the Mayor. A voice—'hang him to a lamp post,' many 'no, no!' 'My friends, I pledge myself that every drop of blood shed on that day shall be legally avenged, if there be law in New York. Never again shall such an occurrence be permitted in New York. Never again shall Orange ruffians be allowed to insult Irish citizens who have fought to uphold the Constitution of the United States.' (Cheers.) 'The legislature must prohibit such processions in future.' It is said a prospectus will soon be issued in Williamsburg to obtain names of native-born Americans, who are to be called the 'United Sons of America.' It cannot do less than the English House of Commons, which prohibits Orange processions in Ireland. When was an Orangeman found fighting the battles of the Union? Hibernians and Catholics kept aloof from the parade that day. If they had not done so, there would have been a different tale to tell. If the law does not vindicate them, I may say something else to you at another time. Governor Hoffman should never receive the votes of Irishmen, never, never!"

WASHINGTON.—The report of the Department of Agriculture, just published, shows that the potato crop will be a full average; hay crop, short; and apples about three-fourths of a good yield.

The following private dispatch, from Yorkville, S. C., dated July 24th, has been received by a gentleman in Washington. The sub-committee on Southern outrages arrived here yesterday evening. At the supper table of the hotel, Hon. James E. Stevenson of the committee and Hon. A. J. Wallace, representative of the district, were

assaulted, as they took their seats, by Major James Barry, a prominent citizen, and a pitcher of milk was thrown over them. Wallace drew a revolver, but Major Barry was surrounded by his friends and he left the hotel. At 9 o'clock the committee was serenaded by a negro band, and a crowd collected. As the band was retiring, an affray took place and one negro was shot. No arrests have been made.

The total losses by the explosion at the Washington arsenal are \$62,000.

One of our citizens has received a letter from Mrs. J. G. Wharton, sister-in-law of Mrs. E. G. Wharton, now in jail in Bulletin, on a charge of poisoning General Ketchum and attempting to poison Eugene Van Ness, in which she says: "My dear husband and child died, I did not know what was the reason of their death, but after my child's funeral, only a week, I believe, I was taken suddenly ill, and, at one time, was thought to be dying. I told the doctor I was poisoned the day I was taken sick, and then I suspected she had poisoned my husband and child. I told my brother and all my husband's family also. When it occurred, nearly four years ago, I was brought from her house, and have never had but one opinion, that she poisoned them, and that I barely escaped with my life. Mrs. Wharton owed my husband 2,500 dollars, which we had great difficulty in getting after his death."

NEW YORK.—Mace and Coburn signed articles, to-day, to fight on November 30th, within a hundred miles of New Orleans, for five thousand dollars.

In the Coroner's inquest, to-day, into the death of persons killed in the riot, after the examination of several witnesses, all of whom testified that the mob fired on the military first, though some of them stated that only one shot was fired, the Coroner said he had tried to obtain all the evidence he could which would throw light on the subject before them, but failed to obtain anything more than what had already been testified, and was ready to postpone the inquiry if the jury thought it necessary. The jury saw no necessity to postpone the investigation and retired at two o'clock, and returned the following verdict in five minutes: "We find that those parties came to their death on the twelfth instant, by gunshot wounds, at the hands of parties to us unknown." The jury, having signed the verdict in forty-two cases, were discharged.

SAN DIEGO, 24.—The Tucson, Arizona Citizen, of July 8th, has the following; Capt. H. M. Smith and Co., with a supply train en route to camp Bowie, when 30 miles east of Tucson, were attacked by a hundred Indians. The Captain and nearly all of the company were a mile ahead of the wagons. The rear wagons were attacked, and word being sent forward, Lieut. Theler returned to fight. Half the company and the wagon men had a spirited fight, killed 13 warriors, with a loss on their side of one soldier killed and 30 wounded, and a few horses killed.

Gen. Crook, with his command, including guides, scouts and 300 soldiers, in the mountains eastward, has not been heard from for several days.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

NORTH OGDEN.—Bishop Henry Holmes, of that place, writing under date of the 17th, says: "Our crops are most excellent here this season, and harvesting is now being actively carried on. The weather is extremely hot, but the people are healthy."

PREPARATORY.—In view of the visit of President Grant to this city next month, at a meeting of the City Council last evening a committee was appointed to make preparations to give him a fitting reception. We have no doubt that the preparations will be ample and the reception worthy the occasion. It will be the first time our city has been visited by the Chief Executive of the nation and doubtless he will be welcomed in excellent style when he does come. It is expected he will leave the Eastern States for the West about the 15th of August.

"LADY OF THE LAKE"—This is the name of a small steamer recently purchased in the east, by John W. Young, Esq., and shipped to this city. It arrived last night by the same train that brought W. W. Cluff's company of emigrants. The little vessel is ten by thirty feet and draws twenty-two inches of water when loaded, and will be used exclusively for the accommodation of excursion parties. If it is found that she can navigate on the Jordan River, she will ply between some point on it and the Lake, and if not will sail entirely on the Lake.

SMALL POX.—A case of this much dreaded and loathsome disease made its appear-

ance at the Small Pox Hospital on the Bench. The gentleman who is seized with the disease is a resident of Little Cottonwood, and contracted it while in that canyon. He has not been exposed any more to this disease probably than many more, who have been up there, and who are moving about among the people. Thorough measures are necessary to check the spread of this disease, and upon its first appearance in any quarter the quarantine physician, Dr. Clinton, should be immediately informed, and stringent measures be taken to prevent its further spread. Numbers of men have been traveling to and from this canyon since the small-pox infection has been there, and those who have been exposed in the least degree should be careful where they go, and also to take proper remedies. We have just been informed that the person who is now at the Hospital says that there were hundreds of men who were more exposed than he was. Every man who has been within reach of the infection, owes it to the community to keep himself as much as possible from coming in contact with others until he is fully satisfied that he is free from all danger of the disease. We understand that the County authorities have taken steps to quarantine Little Cottonwood canyon. This is right, and such promptness is commendable. Energetic measures should be taken by the proper officers to check the spread of small-pox, and these measures should be sustained by the community at large, and every one feel interested in eradicating the infection. We understand that the first case in Little Cottonwood was that of a man who brought the disease from Brooklyn, New York. Should any person be taken with the disease, and be carried to the hospital, it should be remembered that the Insane Hospital on the bench is not the Small-Pox Hospital; the latter building is about a mile beyond the former, in an isolated spot, with a good spring of water.

SCANDINAVIAN COMPANY ARRIVED.—A company of emigrants from Scandinavia, under the guidance of Bishop W. W. Cluff, who for the past fourteen months has been president in Scandinavia, arrived at the terminus at Ogden last evening. This morning we were very much gratified to greet Bro. Wm. in the sanctum, and from him gained the following items:

He left here on the 13th of May 1870, and reached his new field of labor on the 18th of the following month. The work prospered in that land under his administration, one thousand members having been added thereto by baptism, during the last twelve months, with very flattering prospects for further and continued additions. Greater progress is being made in Sweden and Norway than in Denmark.

The company which has just arrived numbers four hundred and fifteen or sixteen, all above the four hundred having joined the company at New York and Omaha. They left Copenhagen on the 23rd of June, and Liverpool on the 28th, and arrived in New York the evening before the riot between the Orangemen and Hibernians. Their journey was a prosperous one, only one death occurring by the way, that of an elderly woman who was sick before leaving home.

The following missionaries also returned with the company: John Holmberg and John Ehrhagen of this City; Peter Madsen of Provo, and Mikkle C. Christensen of Mount Pleasant.

Elder Canute Petersen, brother Cluff's successor in Scandinavia, and all the Valley elders laboring with him, were feeling first rate when the company left. Another installment of this season's emigration from Scandinavia is expected in September.

Bishop Cluff says his mission has been very pleasant to him, and his appearance bespeaks it, for we never saw him looking so jolly and robust and he says he is twenty pounds heavier than when he left home, fourteen months ago.

ÆSOP'S fable of the dog crossing the stream with a piece of beef in his mouth and dropping it to grasp its shadow in the water, receives a new illustration in the conduct of the Federal Judiciary of Utah. They had positions, but they thought they saw something greater, and threw away the reality to grasp the shadow.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY.

PROMPT REPRESSIVE MEASURES.—In our last issue we noticed the development in Cottonwood Canyon of a case of genuine small pox. We are pleased to be able to state, to-day, on the authority of the energetic quarantine physician of this city, Dr. Clinton, that measures of the most efficient character have been taken, under his supervision, to prevent the spread and development of the disease in this city, and if the citizens will adopt every sanitary precaution within their power, and thus co-operate with the city authorities we see no cause to fear.

"RED CLOUD" DEPOSED.—"Red Cloud," the notorious Indian warrior and chief has talked in such high terms of what he saw at Washington that his people, convinced that the whites had blown dust in his eyes, have deposed him, as they will not have a man for chief who is so much

in favor of everything connected with the pale faces. "Sitting Bull," who vows eternal animosity to the whites and to all Indians who trade with them, has been elected "Red Cloud's" successor, and reigns in his stead. This statement is credited to Lt. Quinton, of Fort Shaw, Ma.

EXTRAORDINARY CONDUCT OF A U. S. JUDGE.—Last night, about 12 o'clock, Dr. Clinton, the quarantine physician for this city, was waited upon by parties who informed him they had good reasons for believing that Judge Strickland was affected with small-pox. In accordance with this information the Doctor visited the residence of the Judge before sunrise this morning, but, notwithstanding he explained to Mrs. Strickland that his visit was solely in accordance with his duties as quarantine physician, he was positively refused admittance to the Judge's room, and was informed that he would not be admitted unless accompanied by Judge Strickland's physician, Dr. Fowler. Dr. Clinton then found the latter and they went to the house together, when the two obtained admittance. Dr. C. stated that he was firmly of the belief that the sick man had small-pox, but, not being positive, requested the privilege of calling upon the Judge during the course of the day, in order to watch the development of the disease. The Judge told him, however, that he would not be allowed to enter the house unless he was accompanied by his physicians, mentioning Dr. Fowler and another medical gentleman. Dr. C. explained that gentlemen of the medical profession were frequently called away, and it might be difficult for him to find either of the gentlemen named when he desired to make the visit. The Judge, however, blankly refused to allow Dr. Clinton to visit him and addressed him in an angry tone, saying "You are my enemy. Get out of my house or I'll make it d—d thin for you." The Doctor informed him he had a duty to attend to and that he should sustain him in its performance instead of taking the course he was pursuing. At this the Judge repeated the abusive language and made an attempt to get out of bed with the intention, apparently, of attempting to eject the Dr. from the room. Mrs. Strickland, however, made a gesture of remonstrance and he became quiet. Dr. Clinton then left. He requested Dr. Fowler to obtain the assistance of Dr. W. F. Anderson and the physician at the military post of Camp Douglas, saying that if those gentlemen decided the disease affecting the Judge was not small-pox he would be satisfied, but desired the responsibility of the case to be taken from his shoulders. Doctors Anderson and Vollum, some time during the day, visited the Judge and decided that he was affected with, at least, varioloid (the milder form of small-pox) which is as contagious as the disease in a more virulent form.

APPRECIATIVE AND WORTHY OF RECORD.—We learned a day or two ago, of an incident which we think so creditable to the parties concerned, as to be worthy of record. It will be remembered by many that, during the late Celebration on the Fourth, in this city, the music of the Tenth Ward brass band was of such excellence as to excite remark among many of its friends, from the fact that the band, composed entirely of amateurs, has been for a considerable period of time in all but a disorganized condition for want of a leader. Determined if possible to sustain previously acquired reputation the band obtained the services of Mr. Thomas Croft, an excellent cornet player, and a musician of considerable experience for many years in London, and to his instruction, at three or four rehearsals, and the natural aptness and ability of the band must their capital music during the Celebration be attributed. To show their appreciation, and also as a testimonial of the gratitude for the instruction received, the members of the band subscribed and presented to their teacher, who has but recently come to live in this city, that most indispensable article to comfort in house keeping in this country, a splendid new cooking stove, a No. 7 Charter Oak. Such an act, though of no interest or importance to any but those immediately concerned, is highly creditable to them, showing an appreciation of talent and gratitude for services rendered, worthy of imitation by others under similar circumstances.

FISH FISH.—The following is a copy of a telegram received this morning:

OMAHA, July 25th.

A. M. Musser.—I am en route with shad, eels and catfish. Design to leave at eleven o'clock.

A. P. Rockwood.

RETURNED.—Elder H. Pearce, of St. George, who left last December on a mission to the Southern States, has just reached home again. His labors during his absence, have been confined to a half dozen counties in the northern part of Mississippi. His preaching has been listened to attentively, but has been fruitless so far as converts are concerned, except four of his relations, whom he baptized. He found about a dozen members of the church in Mississippi. He left that State for home on the 17th inst.

RELEASED.—The *Millennial Star* of the 4th inst. says:

Elders Lot Smith, Joseph Argyle, A. P. Shumway and Albert Dewey are released to return home with the company that will leave Liverpool on the 26th of July.