EVENING NEWS.

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AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Saturday • October 17, 1885

ANOTHER ASSUMPTION.

THE Court of the Third District Court in this city is rapidly becoming, if it has not already become, a stage upon which the most sensational holds high and almost undisputed sway. It seems as if the determination to convert the temple of justice into a Coliseum or Pantheon, wherein such startling effects as please a morbid fancy are produced in rapid succession, transcends all other considerations. Certain it is that no one who has administered or practiced law anywhere or at any time, ever beheld within the same space so many, that was new, startling and peculiar as those which duty has called them to assist in or witness the transactions which have characterized the alleged administration of justice at the place first spoken of, during the last few months. One departure from previous experience has almost trodden upon another's heels, so fast have they come. It is out of the question to enumerate just now; we can only jot them down as they transpire, and leave the rest to the memory of the reader.

This morning, Aurelius Miner, a member of the bar, was called upon to receive sentence pursuant to his recent conviction on the charge of living with and supporting more than one woman as his wives and their offspring as his children. The usual formula was gone through, with the inevitable "Have you any promises to make?" with its prefixes and suffixes, being projected at the defendant with all the force which an outlined and premeditated determination somewhat enfeebled by constant repetition would permit. No, he had no promises to make, no assurances to give, no suggestions to offer. Having been found guilty by the jury, he was a prey to those who chose to feast it, and did not care at such a juncture about analyzing the flesh. His fate was already written on the records of those who had gone before, with a blank space for his name to be filled in that no doubt consistency only would not obliterate the entry. He made a little speech, however, defining his position, but this amounted to hardly a matter of formality, for the last that oratory or the skill of the line, however excellent or convincing, is nothing before a tribunal dedicated to sophistical hair-splitting on the other side. The customary edict—"You will be confined in the Penitentiary six months, and pay a fine of $300 and costs, and stand committed till the fine and costs are paid"—was recited with a celerity and dexterity which only steady and industrious practice can impart, and Mr. Miner sat down. But his troubles did not cease, even so far as the Court was concerned, at that point. His Honor proceeded at once to announce that it was a proper subject for a charge of violation of bar department, and fixed a day for hearing, the same—next Saturday, the object being, of course, to disbar the defendant. It thus appears that the honor, having reduced the grand jury to the position of a maid-in-waiting of the Court, now arrogates a function which is supposed to inhere in the bar itself—that of being its own purifier so far as preliminary work is concerned, leaving only the ratification of its conclusions and expressed wishes to the Court. Doubtless his honor is becoming impatient with the tardy-gaited manner in which his officers perform his well-known because frequently expressed will, and, in addition to the already onerous burdens which he is carrying, will take up that of the bar, the juries, the marshals, the clerks and the bailiffs if necessary, and if that is not enough he would doubtless be willing to light the fires, turn on the gas and sweep out, rather than have that superexcellent piece of mechanism which he controls so infinitely, squeak in a single joint or vary so much as an instant's span in its regular revolutions! It has got to go according to the diagram and up to the schedule; those who don't want to get hurt had better keep out of its way.

Seriously, is not Judge Zane undertaking a little too much? He succeeded excellently in his first grand departure from previous practice, but that does not necessarily prefigure constant success in the same direction. Greater and wiser men than he have fallen by the wayside because they did not stop early enough. Alexander, who a long time ago was the prince of that little province which is again bubbling with the heat of war, after conquering the world was conquered by his own passions. He was not satisfied with a staggeringly good thing, but, like Oliver Twist, wanted more. Hannibal's soul would have soared to the gods from an unconquered body had not his uncontrolled ambition led him to desire one more point—the subjugation of Scipio Africanus. Napoleon III. aired sumptuously on the reputation of his uncle, and even accomplished some little for himself without being a pensioner on the dead; but he was great to make his dynasty absolutely secure, impregnable, and to this supreme purpose imitated his model relative by provoking a war with Germany, he found the parallel between them ending at the Rhine, Bismarck gaining nothing and losing everything. Can, will not, Judge Zane profit by the examples of history, if per sonal considerations afford no restraint, and call a halt somewhere this side the summit of the declivity which leads to decadence and ruin?

SLIGHTLY ASTRAY.

The San Francisco *Post* of a recent date, in speaking of the scene in the Third District Court room here when Elder John Nicholson received his sentence, endeavors to be facetious by remarking that "a newspaper and one wife ought to be enough for any man." That paper and all others should know, as they doubtless do, that a newspaper alone is too much for some men, and that one wife is more than a great many deserve. But because of the inability on one hand and the lack of deserving qualities on the other, does it therefore follow that *all* are so situated? There are talented journalists whose work speaks through the columns of their journals day after day in tones which command attention and receive respect, making their publications powerful and influential and the proprietors wealthy; then there is the other class, all of whose efforts at making interesting pictures with white paper for canvas, printer's ink for paint and the pen for a brush, are at a glance so conclusively a waste of effort as well as destruction of the raw material, that we first pity and then despise if we endure. We don't say which class the *Post* belongs to, because it is unnecessary: but admitting for a moment that it is all its owners claim for it, it still follows that all are not like unto it, because some are better and many others worse; those, however that are much worse ought to be suppressed, for the reason that the *Post*, sprightly and able though it is in some respects, does not approximate high water mark by a great deal, as we shall show further on.

Then as to married men: Some are models either as husbands or citizens. They are honest, virtuous, industrious and happy; if their families are not the same, it is not for want of a good example. Such men when they enter the marriage state, enlarge the sphere of their usefulness by forming the compact by means of which alone society in its best estate is maintained, protected and cultivated. Being worthy themselves, they stimulate worthiness in others, and show how excellent a thing it is to begin right and continue right. But all men—we may say the overwhelming majority of men—are not thus; quite the reverse. Good husbands are not so numerous as those who form their conclusions fro n outside appearances imagine; one here and there is the rule. Now, since some are good, others indifferent, and a great many bad, where and how is the rule of ascension and declension to be fixed? if those who are bad are to have none—and they should—those who occupy medium ground should or should not, according to the individual circumstances in each case; and then we come to those who should in every instance take upon themselves the blessings and burdens of a household. Even in their ranks we shall find some better than others, more desirous, more deserving and more capable; and to say that all of them should be gauged by the deserts of one or two, is at once to destroy the principle of proportion and to set aside the beneficent rule of the eternal fitness of things. To judge of the good by the standard of the bad, or *vice versa*, would be to make judgments as unsound and unsupportable as many of those pronounced by the Judge of the Third District Court of Utah.

The *Post* goes on to speak of Elder Nicholson's address to the Court, saying, among other things: "He quoted the example of 'Moses and others of old,' but unfortunately for him the Old Testament is not admitted as an authority in our courts." The writer of that quotation is either contemptibly malicious or painfully ignorant. Both the Old and New Testaments are [illegible] in any court in the land, not only in this country but wherever enlightenment and Christianity are found in man. The Bible is the foundation and almost the limitation of all our principles of jurisprudence, as the *Post* man would know if he had informed himself on the subject before writing it. Let him "read up" on Moses, for instance, and then turn to the early chapters of the greatest modern expounder, Sir William Blackstone, and he will find a full recognition of Holy Writ as being not only the source of legal philosophy, but of the practice of law as well. Though a devout monarchist and inculcating the principle of "affectionate loyalty to the sovereign," he still realized and recognized a Ruler above the sovereign, for he says in one place: "If ever the laws of God and man are at variance, the *former are to be obeyed* in derogation of the latter. * * * The law of God is, under all circumstances, superior in obligation to that of man." Perhaps the *Post* will say that Blackstone is "not admitted as an authority in the courts," and it would not be far out of the way if it referred to Utah courts; but it is plainly to be seen that if one link in the chain which connects Divine authority with modern jurisprudence be taken away, its power to bind and restrain is gone, and only those laws which are favorably "construed by the courts" will be recognized. It is merely a question of judicial atheism against God-made and God-protected principles: and there is nothing for the righteous to fear in the spectacle of press, pulpit and bench going pell-mell to the support of the former.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

CREAM OF THE PRESS ELSEWHERE—CULLINGS AND COMMENTS.

A Missouri merchant has given Frank James a position as clerk. Frank ought to be able to stand and deliver equal to anybody.

The New York *Tribune* says "Judge Swan, of Suisun, Cal., resembles General Grant so much as to startle strangers." It would be enough to startle anybody, seeing that the resemblance is fixed in the present tense.

San Francisco *Alta*: "Goldsmith Maid is dead, aged 28. She was long the Maid of Honor on the turf. She began lowering the trotting record and pulled it down to 2:14¾. She was in 132 races and won 92 of them. Her earnings on the track were $240,000. She was an honor to her country." Does the honor refer to the Maid having acted well her part, or to the amount of money she won?

Lord Vivian, an advanced Church of England man, recently discharged his entire yacht crew for not attending prayers. Then the crew sued him for a week's wages, and a verdict in their favor was rendered.

Philadelphia *Record*: "Americans are too busy with the living to build great monuments for the dead. Within seven weeks, since the burial of the greatest Union soldier, the contributions to his memorial fund are counted in dimes, with a prospect of a speedy cessation. The patriot's memory is honored none the less because of this reluctance to carve statues and erect great monoliths." We concur. It is useless to undertake the making of substance out of sentiment. General Grant needs no monument of any kind, and his friends should ask for no other than the one already in existence.

"It transpires," says a recent cable dispatch, "that the Conservative Premier of England, Lord Salisbury, is shaping his Eastern policy in perfect concert with that of Prince Bismarck." Neither Bismarck nor Salisbury seems to ever ponder over the words which caused Richelieu so much reflection: "In silence and at night, the conscience feels that life should soar to nobler ends than power."

A town over in Nevada has a mixture of troubles. One end of the village has a visitation of chicken-pox, and the other of chicken thieves.—*Ex.* If the two evils could only be united, they might produce some good.

Strange as it may seem, the Republican party of Maryland, upon one of the most important issues of the present hour, is more strongly in accord with President Cleveland than is the Democracy. That issue is civil service reform.—*Baltimore American.* Politics makes strange bedfellows, sure enough.

"How painful to part from those we love! This sentence is not absolutely original, but it is intended as a frontispiece for a few brief remarks in connection with the imprisonment of Mormons. There is not one of us that would not be grieved if we were torn away from the wife of our bosom and incarcerated in a gloomy prison." — *Boomerang.* It is frequently the case that wisdom is extracted from the frivolous mouthings of the clown; one has only to start in and conclude at the proper places. That is what we have done in above excerpt.

OUTSPOKEN SENTIMENTS

OF AN INTELLIGENT NON-"MORMON."

HUNTINGTON, Ind.,
October 11th, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

I have read and still read with a great deal of interest the proceedings of the United States authorities acting under the Edmund's law in your Territory.

I apprehend, in the first place, that there were not over half a dozen men in Congress, when the Edmunds law was passed, who really in their hearts desired to enact it (there being no special political hobby at that time before the people); and to those who viewed the situation from a disinterested point of observation — it took no deep insight to see, that it was

A JEALOUS AND FANATICAL SPIRIT

in a great many of the American church people, excited into a state of mind akin to that of frenzy because (in large measure,) of the unprecedented growth of the "Mormon" church in our country, that gave rise to such a law.

In the state of the public mind then existing those legislators in Congress seemed to fear that if they did not do something to quiet the fanatical clamor it might militate against their return to Congress at another time. Edmunds himself almost said the same, when he reported the bill, by expressing a doubt both as the constitutionality of the bill, and its probable effects upon "Mormondom."

I AM NO MORMON;

neither am I in favor of polygamy, but I dearly *love freedom*, constitutional lib rty, and religious toleration, and any infraction of those *sacred rights*, I must necessarily look upon with alarm and distrust, and doubtless there are thousands of others here and there through our country who share this feeling. When we see the brutality these so-called officers of the law exercise in the execution of the same, we tremble for our liberties, if a like course should be adopted throughout our country.

As to whether you will succeed or not in this struggle, very much depends upon how deeply seated in your minds is the conviction of the righteousness of your cause, and whether you will meekly endure persecution to the bitter end. If

THESE TWO CONDITIONS

are honestly held out and faithfully carried out by you, that will constitute your share of the battle to a *victorious issue*. Provided, that in the eyes of Divine Omniscience, your institutions, your methods of living, together with your sexual relations inside and outside of matrimony, are productive of more *human comfort and happiness* than falls to the lot of your opposing forces. It is

A LAMENTABLE FACT,

that the sexual relations of the Gentile people outside of matrimony, is productive of horrible and untold miseries, that afflict this, and will be transmitted to another generation. You are very well aware of one thing as seen in the past history of our race; that is, that no arm of flesh ever has, or can cope with a wide-spread *incredible conviction of right*, and especially if that conviction tends to increase religious liberty and add in the aggregate to human comfort and happiness.

I have no means of knowing how much unhappiness prevails in your polygamous families; the tale of your enemies is all that comes to us; neither do I know how much happiness and contentment prevail in your rural districts among the common people, or the aggregate of their outward comforts, having never been there.

Upon these things largely hinge the final outcome of the present struggle. Happiness, real or anticipated, mental or material, (though we may not realize it), is that which actuates ninety-nine per cent. of all human actions—a God-implanted appetite, which should always be regulated for the greatest good to the greatest number.

E. G. T.

BY TELEGRAPH

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE

AMERICAN.

LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

New British Railway.

OTTAWA, 17.—Sir A. T. Galt will give the necessary notice in the *Official Gazette* to-morrow that he will apply to Parliament next session for a charter to construct a railway from the coal fields in Manitoba to the international boundary line in the direction of Fort Benton, Montana. Up to the present time Parliament has refused to ratify any railway charter which would admit of a railway being constructed beyond 80 miles north of the international boundary, but now that the Canadian Pacific, whose interests government was endeavoring to protect, is about completed. It is understood government will offer no opposition to Galt's scheme.

Stocks.

NEW YORK, 17.—Threes, 3½; 4½'s, 13; 4's, 23½; Pacific Sixes, 28½; Central Pacific, 43¾; Burlington, 82; Northern Pacific, 24½; Preferred, 51¾; Northwestern, 7¾; New York Central, 1; Oregon Navigation, 91¾; Transcontinental 25½; Pacific Mail 54; Panama, 98; St. Louis & San Francisco, 20¾; Texas Pacific, 21¾; Union Pacific, 52¾; Wells, Fargo Express, 17; Western Union, 74¾.

Republican Frauds to be Prosecuted.

CINCINNATI, 17.—Three Democratic clubs held meetings last night and adopted resolutions charging gross frauds by Republicans in the recent election in Hamilton County; in debauching judges and clerks, and in purchasing votes. They declared in favor of prompt prosecution of the offenders. To this end the Jefferson Club appropriated $2,500, the Duckworth Club $3,500, and the West End Club $1,500.

FOREIGN.

LATEST TRANS-ATLANTIC DISPATCHES.

The Hope of Peace.

BERLIN, 17.—The *North German Gazette* to-day, commenting on the situation in the Balkans, says: "The hope that diplomacy will succeed in peacefully settling the Roumelian difficulty has increased in view of the fact that the Bulgarian authorities have arrested the leaders of several bands of Servian emigrants who have been trying to stir up a revolt against the King of Milan, thus depriving Servia of her pretext for recrimination.

Paris, 17.—A better feeling prevails at the Bourse to-day, and 3 per cent. rentes advanced 26¾ centimes on the strength of the denial telegraphed from Nissa this morning, that the Servian troops had made any advance.

Honey Dew.—Brother David Crafts, of Ingersoll, Millard County, sends us a sample of the honey dew found in that region upon the cane brakes and other swamp vegetation, and ventures the opinion that it would be good for bees. Without having had any experience in the matter of feeding bees upon such material, we concur in his belief, for the "honey dew" appears to be almost honey itself; it forms a complete crust or coating, in some instances a quarter of an inch in thickness around the stems of shrubs and grass, is very sweet and has the appearance of granulated honey or sugar. It not only seems reasonable that it should serve well as a food for bees, but that it might be utilized in the making of syrup or sugar, as it is susceptible of being dissolved in water.

Honey dew is of two kinds; one "is a saccharine fluid discharged from the tubes at the extremity of the body in the *aphides*, or plant lice; these herd together in plants, and become so gorged with sap that they are obliged to eject the honeyed fluid; this falls on the leaves and dries, forming honey dew, eagerly sought after by bees and ants; the same name has been given to a sweet exudation of the sap from the leaves of plants in dry weather." The sample before us appears to be of the first mentioned variety.

THE NEWSOM CASE.

MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL OVERRULED—THREE AND A HALF YEARS IMPRISONMENT AND $800 AND COSTS FINE.

This afternoon, in the Newsom case, Mr. Kirkpatrick moved for a new trial on the first count in the indictment—polygamy—on the ground of newly discovered evidence, which could not with reasonable diligence have been introduced in the former trial.

A number of affidavits were read, as follows:

Wm. D Newsom, the defendant, affirms: That he was married to Lucy Devereux in November, 1881, and that since the day of his trial he had discovered evidence before unknown to him, and bearing on the question.

Lucy Devereux—That in November, 1881, she went to the Endowment House with Sarah A. Denney; that she saw there O. S. Walsh, to whom she afterwards admitted she was married, but did not tell to whom.

Mrs. Fanny Austin—That in the latter part of November, 1881, Lucy Devereux was living at her house, and obtained permission to be absent for a day, and afterward stated she had been at the Endowment House, but did not say for what purpose.

Robert Swain—That he had, about November, 1881, loaned to Newsom a suit of Endowment clothes, but did not know for what purpose the defendant used them.

Sarah Ann Denney—That she had known Lucy Devereux since September, 1881; that she accompanied her to the Endowment House about the last of November, 1881, about 9 a. m. in the day, but did not see her afterwards.

Mrs. Newsom—During 1882, she saw conduct between the defendant and Lucy that caused her to suspect they were married.

O. S. Walsh—That Lucy Devereux came to Utah with him in 1881; in November, of that year, he saw her at the Endowment House, and that she admitted a month later having been married, but did not tell to whom.

Ann Morris—In November, 1881, she saw Newsom and Lucy Devereux in the Endowment House, and the circumstances convinced her that they were married.

Richard Smyth'—Early in 1882, he met Newsom and Lucy Devereux on the street, and was introduced to Lucy as Newsom's plural wife; the defendant had stated to affiant about January, 1882, that he had a plural wife.

Thomas Jones—In November, 1881, he saw Newsom and Lucy Devereux come out of the Endowment House, and leave the enclosure together; it was his belief that they were then married.

Mr. Kirkpatrick argued in support of his motion, and was followed by Mr. Varian in opposition.

The Court overruled the motion and sentenced the defendant to three years' imprisonment and $500 fine, for polygamy, and six months' imprisonment and a $300 fine for cohabitation.

Mr. Newsom was taken out to the penitentiary this evening.

Deseret University.—The second term and winter semester of the University of Deseret will commence on the 26th inst. In addition to the usual studies of the winter course, classes will be commenced upon that date in book-keeping, zoology, medical history and phonography. No better time can be found by those who can afford to take a course of studies in that deservedly popular institution for commencing than the date indicated, and we trust the University will then receive a large addition to its present attendance.

Idaho Prosecutions.—"A Prisoner," writing to us from Blackfoot, Idaho, under date of the 15th inst., says: "There are ten of us here, charged with unlawful cohabitation" (with their own wives, of course; that is the only kind of u. c. that men are being prosecuted for now). "We are feeling well and happy. I do do not think any of us will go back on our religion. Most of us are camped here with wagons. Outsiders that visit our camp say that we are the happiest crowd they have ever seen. We have our prayers every night and morning, and next Sunday we propose to hold meeting here in the open air. Our party numbers about twenty, (prisoners and witnesses) including quite a number of sisters."

By telegram from Brother W. F. Rigby, one of the accused, to-day, we learn that the grand jury has failed to find a bill against him, and that his bondsmen are released.

CORRESPONDENCE.

MISSIONARY WORK IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

PARIS, Spartanburg Co.,
S. C., October 7th, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

Trusting a few words from this section may find room in your valuable paper, we submit the following:

The five Elders, W. G. Cragun, F. A. Fraughton, Heber Wright, Wm. H. Gardner and Jos. Thorup, now laboring in this State and W. E. Bingham met at this point October 3, to welcome the President of the mission and be instructed by him in relation to our duties as the servants of God.

During his stay of two days we held three meetings, and the appreciation of the visit can best be understood by those who have experienced similar meetings.

The majority of this branch is made up of Catawba Lamanites, and it is gratifying to hear them bear testimonies to the truth of the Gospel and sing the songs of Zion, thus establishing the fact that the time for the redemption has come.

Proselyting here to use a southern phrase is "just sorta," but the mobocratic spirit has abated "right smart," and, full of encouragement occasioned by our President's visit, we feel confident that some of the seed now being scattered will fall upon good soil,

HEBER WRIGHT,
Secretary *pro tem.*

For Rent.

Ground Floor Offices for rent in the Contributor Building, No. 40 Main Street. dtf.

FINE STOCK.

The registered Jersey Bull, "Perfect Brick," will stand the remainder of the season at Mr. Fred Heath's, corner of West Temple and Sixth South Streets. "Perfect Brick" is a fine steel grey, with black points, coming from a fine butter strain. His dam, "Monte Lee," owned by Moses Ellis, of Framington, Massachusetts, made seventeen pounds of unsalted butter in seven days, on grass, three months after calving.

The fine registered herd are in charge of Bolivar Roberts during Dr. Bridge's absence. For price, pedigree and particulars, inquire at

ROBERTS & NELDEN'S
Drug Store.
d262eod tf

SEAL OF NORTH CAROLINA SMOKING TOBACCO

s the best. Why? Because it is made of the Finest Old Leaf; does not bite the Tongue and always gives satisfaction Try it and be convinced. S.

How to Consult Dr. Foote, Sr., by Mail.

Dr. Foote, Senior, author of "Plain Home Talk," "Medical Common Sense," etc., etc., would say to those who would like to consult him by mail that they can have a list of questions and a circular of gratuitous advice by addressing box 414, Salt Lake City. The doctor has arranged to have information supplied in this way to save time. Receiving such printed matter the correspondent can describe his or her case fully and direct to the doctor, in New York. Dr. Foote is successfully treating all forms of chronic diseases, a specialty to which he has devoted thirty years of study and practice. Evidences of his success can also be had by addressing Box 414, as above, but all letters of consultation and orders for remedies should be addressed to Dr. E. B. Foote, Sr., 129 Lexington Avenue, New York City, N. Y. Consultation free.

An advertisement of Dr. Foote, Sr. in another place, deserves attention.

MARRIAGES.

HANSEN—LYON.—In the Logan Temple, October 14, 1885, Mr. P. Hansen, of Ashley, Uintah County, to Miss S. H. Lyon of the same place.

DEATHS.

WOODRUFF.—In this city, October 16, 1885, at 3 p.m., of bronchitis, Brigham L., infant son of James J. and Fanny Woodruff, aged 2 years and 5 days.

Funeral from residence of parents on Sunday, Oct. 18, at 10 a.m. Friends of the family kindly invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

THE EVENT OF THE SEASON!

THREE NIGHTS ONLY!

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
OCTOBER 15th, 16th and 17th

GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY, AT 2 P. M.

—THE—
BALDWIN THEATRE CO.
OF SAN FRANCISCO, also
JOSEPH R. GRISMER,
—AND—
PHOEBE DAVIES.

SATURDAY, OCT. 17.—A new comedy-drama by Lester Wallack, author of Rosedale,
THE VETERAN.
All presented with Special Scenery and Novel Mechanical Effects.

Box Office open on Wednesday, at 10 a. m. No extra for Reserves. Prices as usual. Doors open at 7:30. Performance at 8.

UNIVERSITY OF DESERET.

WINTER SEMESTER.

THE SECOND TERM AND WINTER Semester of the University will begin OCTOBER 26th inst. The studies of the Winter Course will include Writing, Reading and Elocution, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography and English Composition including Orthography and Punctuation.

Besides these studies in the Winter Course, beginning classes will be organized in Book keeping, Zoology, Medieval History and in Phonography or Short-hand Writing.

For further, or special information apply by letter, or personally to

JOHN R. PARK,
d276 1w President.

H. S. HILL, FLORA S. HILL,
TEACHERS OF MUSIC,
26 S. WEST TEMPLE,
COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1885.

Our Terms will be—

PRIVATE LESSONS.
Per Month, Two Lessons a Week, $ 6.00.
Three Months, One Lesson a Week, 15.00.

CLASS OF TWO:
Per Month, Two Lessons a Week, $ 3.50.
Three Months, One Lesson a Week, 6.00

Telegraph Lessons same as Music.
Office, 26 S. West Temple. d 1m

WANTED.

GRADED MARES AND HORSES.
Describe fully, stating prices.
D. H. TALBOT,
d259 1m Sioux City, Ia.

NEW MILCH COW.

A GOOD, NEWLY-CALVED MILCH Cow for sale. Apply to
MRS. PENROSE,
d270 Ninth Ward, Salt Lake City.

WANTED

AGENTS WANTED FOR "WONDERS OF THE POLAR WORLD," in every town. The fastest selling book published. Full account of the Greeley Expedition. The most interesting book of Travel and Adventure ever published. Send 75 cents for Outfit.
G. W. BORELAND, PUB. CO.,
d278 Steod 103 State St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE!

A NEW STEREOPTICON.

With a complete outfit of views; never been used. Just the thing for an entertaining man. Cost $32[illegible] in New York, June, 1885.

For further particulars apply to
THOMAS BUTLER,
Second Hand Dealer, 56 S. West Temple St., half block South of Valley House.
d265 tu

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One bay HORSE, about 10 years old, star in forehead, one white foot, saddle marked, branded L E on left thigh, illegible brand on left shoulder.

One brown HORSE, about 5 years old, white on two feet, saddle marked, branded [illegible] on left thigh. Y on left shoulder.

If not claimed and taken away within ten days from the date hereof, will be sold to the highest responsible bidder, at the Brighton Estray Pound, on Wednesday, October 28, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m.

THEO. McKEAN, JR.
District Poundkeeper.
Brighton, October 17, 1885.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
SLATES,
School Satchels
AND ALL
SCHOOL SUPPLIES
Wholesale and Retail,
AT PEMBROKE'S,
72 MAIN STREET.

NOTICE!

One Two-Horse Power
VERTICAL ENGINE,
Built by the Silver Iron Works,
FOR SALE.
Enquire at
GENERAL TITHING OFFICE.
Price, $150.00. dtf

DIPHTHERIA

JUST RECEIVED
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
ROBERTS'
HESPERIAN TONIC!

A Certain Cure for this fatal scourge, DIPHTHERIA.

FOR SALE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
BY
A. C. SMITH & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
CORNER MAIN & SECOND SOUTH STS., S. L. CITY.

NEW ARRIVALS
AT
GEO. F. BROOKS':
Extra Fine Salt Salmon,
Extra Boneless Codfish,
Whole Codfish,
Genuine Imported Holland Herring,
No. 1 Mess Mackerel,
White Fish,
Halibut,
Buckwheat Flour,
Oatmeal,
Corn Meal,
Cracked Wheat,
Graham Flour,
Split Peas,
Hominy,
Beans,
Pickles, Etc., Etc.

Also, a General Assortment of
STAPLE GROCERIES.
OUR WM. HUMS BRAND OF
CANNED SALMON
TAKES THE LEAD.
GEO. F. BROOKS.

BANKS.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK.
SALT LAKE CITY.

PAID UP CAPITAL, - - $200,000
SURPLUS, - - - 200,000

H. S. ELDREDGE, President,
WM. JENNINGS, Vice Pres't.
FERAMORZ LITTLE,
JOHN SHARP,
WM. W. RITER,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier,
JAS. T. LITTLE Asst. Cashier } DIRECTORS

RECEIVES DEPOSITS PAYABLE ON DEMAND

Buys and Sells Exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal Continental Cities.

Makes collections, remitting proceeds promptly.

BOARDERS WANTED.

IN A PRIVATE FAMILY; GOOD ACcommodations. Terms, $4 per week for board and lodging; gentlemen preferred. Apply at 60 E. First North Street.
MRS. V. P. ELDREDGE.
d270 tf

NOTICE.

SALT LAKE CITY BREWING CO.

WE BEG TO INFORM OUR MANY patrons and the public generally that Williams & Gerrans, our duly authorized agents, Post Office, and Hill & Trowbridge, Tribune Office, are duly authorized to receive orders for our popular Lager Beer. We have no other agents there. Orders may also be sent to our brewery Office, by telephone No. 56.

Goods promptly delivered in any part of the city.
JACOB MOLTZ,
d 1f & w 1 Superintendent.

CENTENNIAL

Arcade Restaurant!

I am now prepared to furnish

Booth's Select Oysters,
50 CENTS PER CAN.

Open Day and Night.

SECOND TO NONE.

Transplanted Shell Oysters kept constantly on hand. Game and everything in season.

J. GALLACHER, Proprietor.
d266 1f 127 MAIN STREET.

JUST ARRIVED! ONE MORE CAR load of FULL BLOODED AMERICAN MERINO RAMS, at the Deseret Stables. Come and see them. Don't delay until too late.
CHAS. CRANE,
d & stf Clift House.

NOTICE.

SOUTH JORDAN CANAL COMPANY.

Principal Place of Business Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the Trustees, held July 31st, 1885, an assessment of One Dollar per share was levied upon the capital stock of the Corporation, payable on or before the 9th day of October, 1885, to Jesse W. Fox, Jr., at the Company's office, East Temple Street.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 9th day of October, 1885, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 29th day of October, 1885, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses for sale.
JESSE W. FOX, JR.,
Secretary.

By the action of the Board of Trustees, made October 7th, 1885, the time before unpaid assessments became delinquent was extended from October 9th, 1885, to November 9th, 1885.
JESSE W. FOX, JR.,
d&s 270 30 days Secretary.

Startling News

I have Reduced the Price of Cabinet Photos to $5.00 per dozen. Carte de Visites $3.00; other Sizes in proportion.

THE FIRST TON OF CHEAP BOOKS HAS ARRIVED.

Birthday Gifts and Wedding Presents, New and Cheap.
ALBUMS AT NEW YORK PRICES.
A lot of Hand Satchels, Closing Out at Less than Cost!
A Full line of Stationery & Fancy Goods.
Wood, Velvet and Plush Frames in Great Variety.
PICTURE MOLDINGS—Latest Styles.
New and Beautiful Views of Mountain Scenery.
Everything as CHEAP as the Cheapest.
C. R. SAVAGE, ART BAZAR, S. L. CITY.

DRIED APRICOTS

CROP 1885.

BEST MARKET PRICE
GIVEN AT
TEASDEL'S.

City Patrons can have Delivery Wagons call for them by leaving their address
d & s

ON TIME STOVES

ARE RECOGNIZED AS THE
STANDARD of EXCELLENCE.

A FULL LINE OF
STOVES, RANGES
—AND—
HEATERS,
At C. WANLESS',
West of Opera House.

COME AND SEE STOVES AND PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

Z. C. M. I.

OFFER THE PUBLIC AT
BOTTOM PRICES,
—THE—
LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE LINE
—OF—
MERCHANDISE
WEST OF CHICAGO!
—CONSISTING OF—
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES AND KNIT GOODS.

LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDRENS'
CLOAKS, DOLMANS, NEWMARKETS,
ETC., A SPECIALTY.

Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, RUGS,
MATS, WALL PAPER, Etc., Etc.
BOOTS & SHOES, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE.
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.
CHARTER OAK & MONITOR STOVES! STOVES!

H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

F. AUERBACH & BRO

Ladies should not fail to examine our superb assortment of
Plush, Bouclé, Brocade, Frizee, Damassé & Berlin Beaded
"SHORT WRAPS!"
THE FASHIONABLE GARMENT of the SEASON.
Prices and Styles are Sure To Please.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF TAILOR-MADE
NEWMARKETS, JACKETS,
JERSEYS and MISSES' CLOAKS,
From Cheap to Fine at POPULAR PRICES.

SILKS, VELVETS,
Brocades, Frizee, Plushes, Satine,
Rhadame and Pure Dye Gros Grain,
MOSTLY OF OUR OWN EUROPEAN IMPORTATION,
AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

ALL THE NOVELTIES IN
French Dress Goods at New York Prices!

Paris Wool All Overs,
WITH LACES TO MATCH.
SILVER and GOLD MIXED LACES, FEATHER and FUR TRIMMINGS, in fact every Novelty of the Season at most REASONABLE PRICES!

OUR HOSIERY and LADIES' WOOL UNDERWEAR STOCK,
Is full of the Best Makes and contains more REAL BARGAINS than were ever offered in this city.

MILLINERY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

OUR CARPET and UPHOLSTERY,
Ladies' and Children's Shoes, Gents', Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats and Caps,
Gents' Suits to Order, Boots and Shoes, Furnishing Goods and Fancy Goods,
In fact all our Departments are crammed full of NEW GOODS, purchased before the late advance in prices.

We will Sell them all at the Smallest Possible Profit, compatible with fair dealing, taking Quality and Style of our goods into consideration. They will always be found as Cheap, and frequently Cheaper than Goods sold elsewhere, as we are determined to live up to our Motto,

"WE ARE NEVER UNDERSOLD."

WHOLESALE BUYERS
Will find the Four Floors of our Mammoth House, 175 & 177 Main St., completely filled with Desirable Goods at Desirable Prices.

COME AND SEE US! MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED!

ESTABLISHED 1864.

F. AUERBACH & BRO

TEASDEL'S

IMMENSE ARRIVALS!

MEN'S, BOYS' and YOUTHS'
CLOTHING
For Fall and Winter!
—ALSO,—
BOOTS & SHOES
IN EVERY VARIETY.

TEASDEL'S!