

Our march has been onward and upward. In the arts and sciences; in the growth of wealth, of education and intelligence, we have rivaled if not outstripped all competitors.

President Harrison, a successor of Washington and of a stock historic with martyrdom for liberty, has patriotically and fitly appointed this day as one of thankful and grateful commemoration—commemoration of the inauguration of his illustrious predecessor—of Washington as ranking first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen—of Washington as the father of his country.

Responsive to his appointment and the kindred considerations introductory to its notice here, I move you, Mr. Chairman, that the commission do now adjourn to meet at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesday the 1st day of May.

The motion, seconded by Commissioner Carlton, and put to vote by Chairman Godfrey, was carried.

THE SPORTS.

The afternoon yesterday was passed in various ways. Many people visited Liberty Park and the pleasure gardens in and near the city.

At Washington Square, the Famous, of this city, and the Athletics, of Ogden, played an interesting game of base ball. It was taken up in the eighth innings, however, by the Ogden boys having to leave to catch the train. The score stood 14 to 14, with the Ogden's one innings and the Salt Lakers two, to complete the nine.

Garfield Beach was the scene of the greatest attraction in the way of pleasure, and thousands of people gathered at that resort. Of the races, that for men, 75 yards, was won by J. A. Anderson; the boys' footrace was won by Robert Nielsen; girls' race, Emma Wyquist; the boat race was won by Messrs. Osborne and Webber, and the skiff race by Mr. Webber.

CURRENT EVENTS.

Released From Prison.

Bishop Henry Tingey, of Brigham City, was liberated from the Penitentiary April 23, having served his sentence of four months for unlawful cohabitation. The fine in his case was \$200 and costs, for which thirty days were served.

William Watterson, of Cache County, was likewise set at liberty April 23, upon the expiration of his term of three months, for a similar offense. He paid a fine of \$300 and \$47 costs.

On Apr. 24 E. H. Day, of Fairview and O. C. Larson, of Ephraim, Sanpete County, were released from the Penitentiary, where they have served a term of imprisonment for living with more than one wife. They were also held thirty days for the fines imposed. Mr. Day was taken before Commissioner Norrell, and Mr. Larson before Commissioner Wolcott. Both were discharged.

George B. Bailey, of Mill Creek, was released from the penitentiary April 27, having completed a six months' term, for living with his wives, to which he was sentenced by Judge Sandford.

Raid on Pleasant Grove.

At midnight of Saturday, April 27th, the whole First District Court marshal corps raided Pleasant Grove in another search for B. W. Driggs.

A posse surrounded his residences, and searched from garret to basement. Men were stationed around the houses to prevent any one escaping, saying they heard Mr. Driggs was in town and they would have him if they had to search every house in town. They threatened to arrest any one who attempted to leave the premises.

When their efforts proved fruitless they canvassed other portions of the town, but without success. Eight of the deputies surrounded the residence of E. Mayhew, Esq., remarking to the inmates that they were after Mr. Driggs, and were going to have him, as they had heard he had been at their house. Their efforts were all without avail.

"It was I who scared him from his nest.

So deal with me as you think best."

was the remark of one of the children.

They disappeared from view with the approaching twilight, Sunday morning, without any prey.

Edmunds Law Prosecutions.

Thomas Wilson, of Ogden, was arrested on April 23, on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. An indictment was found against him in 1885. He gave bonds to appear for trial.

The following business was transacted in the Third District Court on April 26:

Joseph Dean, who was under indictment for unlawful cohabitation, changed his plea of not guilty to guilty. Mr. Moyle asked that sentence be deferred for one month, owing to the circumstances of defendant's family. Mr. Peters thought the time too long. The court fixed the time of passing sentence for Monday, May 20, at 10 a. m.

John Hill came forward and pleaded not guilty to an indictment for unlawful cohabitation. In this case a segregated indictment had been found under the Zane-Dickson regime, and several counts included. Mr. Hill was called for trial on the first count.

A jury was impaneled as follows: John B. Cornwell, George Cullen, John Knapp, Julius Malsh, J. E. Foster, James L. Berry, George Robinson, Isalah Anderston, Reuben N. Ivory, John McDonald, Wm. Sloan and J. M. Kennelley.

Mrs. Sarah Hill was the first witness. She testified—I am the lawful wife of John Hill; have lived with him ever since our marriage, a great many years ago; I know Harriet Hill.

Mr. Young, of counsel for defendant, objected to the legal wife being

compelled to testify against the objection of the husband, who was on trial. Mr. Young understood the law to give the defendant the right to make the objection.

Mr. Peters insisted that it was the privilege of the witness only to make the objection. He said it had been the uniform rule.

Judge Anderson said he would not like to set aside a uniform rule, in the absence of a decision of the Territorial Supreme Court, but he had a doubt about the correctness of that rule, if it had been followed. He would follow the rule for the present. He instructed the witness that she might refuse to testify if she so desired. Mrs. Hill did not claim her privilege, and further testified—I do not know exactly where Mr. Hill was in the winter of 1883-4; I suppose he was home; during that winter Harriet Hill lived near my house; her house is about a quarter of a mile distant from mine; my husband lived with me all the time.

Mrs. Harriet Hill testified—I live at West Jordan; live at present on Mr. Hill's farm; I have been sealed to Mr. Hill for eternity; I bear his name; was sealed 30 years ago, am now sixty-nine; he never visits me; never has done; during the past thirty years he has never lived with me; he has not visited me at my house; until about six years ago I lived at my son's, about three miles from the defendant's; I was not married to the defendant for this life, and never lived with him as his wife.

Mr. Hiles—What is the obligation of the sealing?

Witness—He must provide for me, if I cannot provide for myself.

Mr. Hiles—What is the ceremony?

Witness—I could not repeat it.

Mr. Hiles—Why do you go by his name?

Witness—Because I was sealed to him.

Mr. Hiles—Did you ever go to church with him?

Witness—No, sir.

Mr. Hiles—Who has supported you for the past six years?

Witness—I live on Mr. Hill's farm. I am provided for by my sons and myself.

Deputy Marshal Boman Cannon testified—I arrested the defendant; Deputy Franks was with me; Mr. Hill called Harriet Hill his second wife; we had raided his place a number of times before we found him; Franks asked him, "Do you acknowledge her as your second wife?" he replied, "She is my second wife."

Deputy E. A. Franks testified—Mr. Hill agreed to give bonds for his second wife as a witness.

Mr. Hiles—We don't think the government has made out a case on the evidence. We ask that the jury be instructed to acquit the defendant.

The court said that he agreed with the prosecutor that no case had been made out, and instructed the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty, which was done.

Proceedings before Judge Judd on Saturday, April 27:

The sentence of Shadrach Driggs,