

THE CZAR'S FIRST PUBLIC APPEARANCE

Occasion Was the Blessing of the Waters, Commemorative of the Baptism of the Savior.

SCENE EXTREMELY IMPRESSIVE.

His Majesty's Entourage Was Magnificent—Diplomats and Ladies of the Court Present.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 19.—The czar made his first public appearance this season at today's solemn ceremony of blessing the waters. In the orthodox church this rite is commemorative of the baptism of the Savior. It took place in an open chapel built out on a quay extending far from the winter palace. It was preceded by a religious service within the palace, which was attended by the imperial family, with the exception of the czarina, whose condition was such as to prevent her being present, and the court officials, nobility and representatives of the foreign powers. The latter drove to the palace in great state with outriders wearing the traditional hunting knives, belts, caps and streaming plumes of the national colors.

The scene outside the chapel was extremely impressive. The thermometer registered below zero, and the atmosphere was clear. Along the quay the people were held back by a troop of mounted gendarmes. The bareheaded procession moved through double lines of imperial infantry and a sailor guard from the palace to the chapel, with the cross and gospels held aloft, preceded by the metropolitan and the higher clergy, bearing gold censers, followed by a scarlet-gowned choir, the chamberlains and other court officials. Then came the officers of crack regiments without their overcoats, thus permitting a gorgeous display of uniform, bearing the regiments of the empire. Next was the magnificent cavalry guard, in white uniforms with gold collars and double-eagled helmets; hussars and the red lancers, with sable-trimmed headgear and crimson facings.

The grand duke immediately preceded the czar, who carried himself easily. He wore a simple uniform, that of the famous Breobrajensky regiment, the cross of St. Andrew glittering on his breast. This was his only decoration.

The czar, who held his helmet in his hand, looked strong and well. A rocket screaming up from the middle of the river signaled his majesty's appearance. He was greeted with a salvo of artillery of 101 guns from the fortress of Saints Peter and Paul, punctuated by the simultaneous chiming of bells throughout the city. When the czar had taken up his position in the chapel and the ice below had been broken, the metropolitan blessed the shadowy waters and the cross was dipped three times.

The diplomatic corps and the ladies of the court witnessed the brief ceremony from the windows of the palace. United States Ambassador McCormick and Mrs. McCormick, Secy. Eddy of the embassy, Naval Attache Smith and the Japanese minister, M. Kurino, were among the present.

When the rite was finished thousands of people swarmed across the ice and dipped up water with which to sanctify their homes.

Similar ceremonies were observed throughout Russia.

The diplomats, exchanging views at the palace, unanimously agreed that the Russo-Japanese situation has much improved.

Little Miss McNabb Is Insane.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Miss Fannie McNabb, said to be a victim of the cigarette habit, has been adjudged insane by Judge Carter. She is 33 years old, and evidence was produced to show that she had smoked a package of cigarettes every day for years. Two years ago she was treated at a sanitarium, but she was supposed to have been cured, but the habit regained its hold on her. She was ordered sent to the Kankakee asylum.

Train's Remains Lie in State.

New York, Jan. 20.—The body of George Francis Train, who died early yesterday, has been removed from Milla street to a mortuary chapel, where it will lie in state until the funeral hour tomorrow. Thousands of children in whom Mr. Train displayed remarkable interest, are expected to take a farewell trip to the remains. The funeral will be private and the interment will be made in Greenwood.

Of his once considerable fortune, Mr. Train retained nothing personally except the interest he had in 3,000 lots he once owned in Omaha. Protracted litigation has taken place about them and will, it is said, be continued by his daughter.

Prince of Wales Involved.

New York, Jan. 20.—At Lambeth a coroner's jury has returned a verdict of accidental death in the case of a woman who fell downstairs, says the Times dispatch from London. The jury then refused to provide handrails, the lack of which caused the woman's death. The landlady in question is the Prince of Wales, as the house belongs to the Duke of Cornwall.

MORALE'S GOVERNMENT.

Special Representative Will Seek Recognition.

San Juan, P. R., Jan. 19.—Juan Franco Sanchez, special representative of the Morales government, has arrived here on his way to Washington, whether he goes with the object of soliciting recognition by the United States of the Morales government and the issuance of an executive order to the new constitutional government, or whether he goes to the United States to secure recognition of the Morales government, is not clear. Sanchez and Leon declare that Gen. Morales is sure to be victorious. San Domingo advises from a trustworthy source, which have reached here, laying control of certain Belgian claims against San Domingo with the intention of ultimately seizing Samana bay to enforce payment. These claims antedate those of the American company and aggregate \$100,000.

British Columbia Mineral Output.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 20.—A bulletin just issued by the bureau of provincial information for British Columbia, reviewing the industrial conditions of the past year, gives the output of the metalliferous mines of the province at 1,276,000 tons. The total value of the mining output was \$10,000,000, which was nearly two million dollars more than the output of the previous year. The output of the metalliferous mines in the past year, with the exception of the average, all other industries show large increase. The output of timber during the year was 10 per cent greater; the dairy output one-third; fruit marketed 10

JUMPING UP

Is a great deal harder than jumping down. And yet people who have been for years running down in health expect to jump back at once. It takes years generally to make a man a confirmed dyspeptic, and he cannot expect to be cured in a few days.

There is no quicker means of cure for dyspepsia or other forms of stomach trouble than by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and builds up the body with sound flesh and solid muscle.

"I was taken sick two years ago," writes Rev. W. H. Patterson of White Cloud, Ala. "With what the doctors thought was gastric trouble, indigestion or nervous dyspepsia, also constipation and inactive liver. I was in a deplorable condition. Tried several different doctors with but little result. I had gotten so feeble that I was almost past traveling ability; had lost down to 114 pounds. I then bought six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and got the 'Pellets' and began following the directions. When I had taken about five bottles I felt very much better and was greatly improved, and weighed one hundred and thirty-eight pounds. I will say that Dr. Pierce's medicines are a God-send to poor suffering humanity, and I advise any and all chronic sufferers to give them a fair trial and they will be satisfied."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache.

per cent increase; halibut and other fishery 40 per cent.

The value of the total productions of the province was about thirty million dollars. The value of exports was twenty-five million, a five million increase over the previous year.

Soldiers March on Santiago.

New York, Jan. 20.—Seven hundred government soldiers are on the march to Santiago, the rebel stronghold, says a Herald dispatch from Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo. It is believed this band will be the most important of the Jimenez revolution. The rebels are firmly entrenched in their capital, and it is assumed they will make a desperate resistance.

Details of the recapture of Puerto Plata a few days ago by the government forces show, according to the Herald's correspondent, that the commander of an American force, composed of eight men, with the Stars and Stripes, went to the firing line and demanded a suspension of hostilities. The commander of the United States and British warships, was accepted by the contending forces. President Morales' troops promptly respected the order to cease firing.

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Decision on Pearl Classification.

New York, Jan. 20.—A decision has been handed down in the United States circuit court by Judge Hazel sustaining the decision of the board of United States general appraisers in classifying two consignments of pearls as pearls set and strung, and accordingly assessable at 60 per cent ad valorem. The pearls are valued at \$123,804.

Jewelers and customs authorities throughout the country have been interested in the decision because it brought up for a final settlement the question as to whether pearls, placed in a box instead of paper, and arranged in graduated sizes, could be classified as being strung or set.

The board took the stand that the stones were so classified and levied the highest duty. This upheld is by Judge Hazel.

Pacific Coast Maneuvering Grounds

San Francisco, Jan. 20.—The Pacific coast will soon have fine military maneuvering grounds. They will be located in San Luis Obispo county, the choice of three tracts, each containing about 20,000 acres, is now under consideration by the government. The property has been favorably reported upon by Col. George H. Torney and Maj. William Stephenson, who were sent out here to look into the matter. They describe the lands as being entirely suitable as sites for a permanent military camp, where all the United States troops and state militia could meet and be put through all sorts of maneuvers and drills. For this camp Congress is willing to appropriate \$500,000. There are to be three other camps of a similar nature in different parts of the country.

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MAY CAUSE CHICAGO THEATERS TO CLOSE

New Ordinance Regulating Them Is Very Exacting in Its Requirements.

ALL MUST HAVE STEEL CURTAINS

Automatic Sprinkler System to be Installed and Doors and Exits To be Widened.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—The city council tonight took action that will, in all probability, result in the closing of nearly all of the theaters in Chicago for the remainder of the present theatrical season. Last night the council passed an ordinance setting forth what must be done by the theaters of this city before they will be allowed to remain in continuous operation. It convened tonight to consider the passage of an enabling act that would allow the theaters to operate for the remainder of this season without being compelled to fulfill all the requirements of the ordinance, as some of the conditions are of a nature that will require the practical reconstruction of a number of the playhouses.

After a long debate the council decided on the following essentials which the theaters must meet before they will be allowed to reopen their doors:

"A steel curtain.
"An automatic sprinkler system.
"A bond of \$25,000 guaranteeing the performance, by Aug. 1, 1904, of all the requirements of the ordinance.

"The widening of doors and exits.
"All of the above to be performed under such conditions, terms and restrictions as shall be imposed by the mayor of the city, the commissioner of buildings and a sub-committee of three to be appointed by the mayor."

The managers of the theaters declared tonight that it would be impossible for them to meet the demands of the enabling act in sufficient time to do business during the remainder of this season, and several of them declared they had no intention of trying to reopen their doors. The manager of one theater declared that he thought he could be in shape by Feb. 1, but was not sure of it. He felt certain, however, that he would be able to reopen the doors of his playhouse long before the close of the Chicago playhouses. This is the passage of the ordinance. Last night two of the downtown theaters out of business, as their condition is such that they will be unable to comply with the law without tearing down the buildings in which they are located, and erecting entirely new structures. All of the other houses will be able to meet the demands of the law, but it will be a great expense for several of them.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Nearly two months of work and \$500,000 expenditure for repairs will be required, under the new theater building ordinance for the opening of the Chicago playhouses. This is the estimate of theater managers and it does not include the amount which will be expended for the entire rebuilding of at least one theater.

Three theaters are closed certainly and five others have almost admitted that they would be forced to suspend. The number which will not be able to open has been estimated at from one-half to six-sevenths. There are few theaters which will be able to use more than two floors for many months, and many, even of the best, may abandon the gallery permanently.

The price of theater tickets is almost certain to be increased. It is said that \$2 and \$2.50 as a standard price for seats is likely to be advocated by the managers and that the low priced houses will make corresponding increases.

A PROTECTORATE

Movement on Foot to Have U. S. Establish One at San Domingo.

New York, Jan. 20.—It is reported here, says a Herald dispatch from St. Thomas, D. W. I., that the Dominican minister of foreign affairs, accompanied by a delegation, has left San Domingo for Washington, to attempt to make arrangements with the United States to establish a protectorate over the republic of Santo Domingo.

Vigorous bombardment of the capital continues by the forces of Gen. Jimenez. Many refugees, including several deputies, have arrived here on the French steamer from Port au Prince, Hayti.

A dispatch last night from San Juan, P. R., correspondent of the Associated Press, announced the arrival there of a delegate on his way to Washington with the object of soliciting and the issuance of Morales government, and the issuance of an executive order to the consul general in New York. No mention was made of a desire for a protectorate.

HERPICLE'S MISSION.

It Takes Away the Dread of Bithodora. Nothing is more annoying to men and women of middle age than to see those unmistakable signs of age—thin hair and grayness—approaching. But science has discovered that these conditions are hereditary, and that the only way to prevent them is to use a hair restorer of old age, for the dandruff germ theory proves that even very young people may suffer hair loss, while those fortunate enough to escape the ravages of the scalp germ, retain their abundant locks to a ripe old age. Newbro's Herpicide kills the dandruff germ and removes the risk of appearing old before your time. Save your hair and your feelings, by using the genuine Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

NEW PORTRAIT OF LINCOLN.

One by Travis Discovered in the Sub-Basement of the Capitol.

IT IS WONDERFULLY LIFELIKE.

Had Lain There For Years—A Secret Service Story—Government Making Maccaroni.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Showered away in an obscure room in the sub-basement of the Capitol are 40 or 50 boxes, which have lain in the dust for 30 years or more. These boxes contain works of art of more or less merit. Some of them are entitled to rank with the best brush productions to be found in the Capitol. It would be difficult to find the owners of these pictures. Nearly every one was sent to the Capitol years ago in the hope that Congress would authorize the purchase of the canvases to add to the gallery of portraits and pictures which adorn, or disfigure the walls of the building—according to the point of view.

A day or two ago one of these boxes was opened. A canvas 54 1/2 feet was revealed. It was so thoroughly covered with the accumulated dust of three decades that a glance failed to show that a brush mark had ever been made upon it. It was carried to the little room in the terrace where Mr. Duckstein, the official custodian of all the Capitol paintings, has a workshop or studio. A careful application of a saturated sponge brought out a portrait of Lincoln. The beauty of the work revealed under the dust caused exclamations of astonishment from everyone who was given the opportunity to view the picture. It proved to be the work of Travis, a celebrated artist of the sixties. The portrait is a superb work. It is by many degrees the most perfect likeness of the first martyred president ever seen in Washington. There are still living in this city a number of men who knew Lincoln in life. All of them who have seen this portrait join in declaring that it is by far the best countenance presented out of Mr. Lincoln to be found anywhere. The owner of the picture proves to be a Washington man who is now trying to get Congress to buy it. A resolution to this effect passed the senate some years ago, but it failed in the house and for years the portrait has remained boxed up and forgotten.

PORTRAIT OF CONKLING.

In that same room in the sub-basement is a life sized, full-length portrait of Roscoe Conkling. Like the picture of Lincoln the Conkling canvas has been buried for an age. Its history is forgotten and its owner unknown. Still another box contains a picture of the "First Homestead in America." That too, is without a known owner, and although evidently the work of an expert, with the brush it is stored away amid dust and cobwebs, and there it is likely to repose for another decade or more.

A SECRET SERVICE STORY.

A sensational story appeared in a local paper, a few days ago, to the effect that a negro had been captured while trying to pawn a book containing copies of all United States notes and secret service agents were supplied with these books, and that one of them had evidently been lost or mislaid and that it had found its way into improper hands. Chief Wilke, of the secret service division of the treasury, was asked today what there is to the story. He replied: "Some 15 years ago an official of the department obtained permission to have printed at the bureau of engraving and printing copies of all United States notes. These faces and backs were reproduced on cardboard and were bound into books. The object being to furnish a means

of enabling bankers, and other large users of money, to detect counterfeit. The scheme was a good one, from one standpoint, but a bad one from every other. In 1891 Congress enacted a law absolutely prohibiting the ownership by any individual of any portion of a printed or engraved obligation of the United States which had not been properly issued. Under the act of 1891 the secret service officials seized several carloads of these card reproductions of notes and certificates. All those seized were destroyed. But the secret service of course failed to find all that had been sold. Every one of the copies of the books turned up somewhere and its discovery is invariably followed by all sorts of publications relative to 'stolen plates,' 'counterfeits' and so forth.

"The agents of the secret service are not supplied with half printed notes. None of these are issued to anyone and the only copies of faces and backs known to be in existence are the few which are framed and are hanging on the walls of the treasury department and some of its bureaus."

MANUFACTURE OF MACCARONI.

It is not generally known that the United States is largely engaged in the manufacture of maccaroni and spaghetti. We are inclined to think that such articles are made only by Europeans, but this is not the case for according to expert testimony spaghetti and maccaroni are made in almost every state in the union and thousands of men, boys and girls are employed in their manufacture.

While this industry is still in its infancy in the United States, many thousands of dollars have been expended in machinery, equipment and apparatus to bring about the production of this article of food. At the present time it has been estimated that 2,500 barrels of flour are consumed in the daily manufacture of maccaroni and spaghetti in the United States, the manufacturers engaged in this business being found all over the United States, from the lake to the gulf and from the Atlantic to the Pacific. It is confidently expected that with the continuation of existing conditions and with the present state of tariff that the output of maccaroni and spaghetti will be doubled within the next five years.

Maccaroni is now considered more of a staple article of diet than before and thousands are now using it where before this product was unknown.

During the past season when potatoes and beans had reached an unusually high price, maccaroni was substituted for these articles, and it was then demonstrated that at a very small cost a

REXALL

TRADE NAME

Scrawny Girls

With Hollow Cheeks and Sallow Complexions May Again Be Plump and Rosy

Many girls have grown old and homely with the best part of life still before them.

Something has gone wrong with the seat of life—the stomach. Foods do not digest and consequently there is no new blood. The body becomes a furnace without fuel. It begins to eat itself. The tissues, the muscles, the strength built up in the past, now go to support life. The once beautiful and healthy girl becomes emaciated, angular, hollow cheeked and stoop shouldered. Her complexion is yellow and wrinkled. She is a soured old woman.

Dyspepsia does all this.

This terrible disease was always difficult to overcome, but we have at last found a positive and permanent cure—Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets.

Our new remedy supplies the one element, the lack of which in the gastric juices is the sole cause of dyspepsia. It stimulates the digestive organs to perfect action and enables them to extract the last particle of blood and health and strength from the food eaten.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets will tone up your system, quiet your nerves, make you sleep sound, show you the bright side of life, clear your complexion and give you the firm, plump flesh nature intended you to have. We give you back your money if they fail to cure you.

Price 25 cents. Sold only at our store or by mail.

SMITH DRUG CO.
DRUEHL & FRANKEN, Druggists.

dish could be provided containing more nutrition, perhaps, than any other food product that could be produced for a like sum.

The average price obtained by American producers of maccaroni is a trifle under four cents per pound, and while but little profit has been realized by the manufacturers this is due entirely to the large quantities of paste goods imported from France and Italy. American manufacturers have cause to be encouraged when it is realized that American labor cannot be had as cheaply as labor in France and Italy, when it is realized that considerable more money has to be expended by the producers in this country because of the fact that in European countries where maccaroni is made, it is dried in the open air, but in America, where the climate is not so warm and dry, additional expense is incurred in purchasing the necessary artificial means of drying these products. Notwithstanding all the difficulties with which American producers have to contend the manufacture of maccaroni and spaghetti bids fair to become a most profitable one.

Reference to statistics shows that the annual importation of maccaroni and other paste articles amounts to about 600,000 cases, each averaging about 25 pounds, making a total importation of 15,000,000 pounds per year.

Richard Starr Dana Dead.

New York, Jan. 20.—Richard Starr Dana, a retired banker, who for many years was heavily interested in the China trade, is dead at his home here. He established in the early sixties a mercantile house in Hongkong and built up a large business with the interior, being the first white man to conduct a commission business in China.

During the Tai-Ping rebellion, he was made a captain of volunteers and served as a member of the staff of "Chinese" Gordon whose close friend he was.

Fire Alarm Was False.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Following an alarm of fire in the temporary main postoffice on the lake front hereby 30 clams of note matter and 22 stamp cancelling machines, weighing half a ton each, have been carried out of the building in four minutes. Then the army of clerks learned that the alarm was a false one sent in to test the efficacy of the fire drill. Two hundred persons were buying stamps or posting letters when Custodian Nagel sent in the fire alarm.

In less than three minutes after the sounding of the gong seven lines of hose had been attached and streams of water

were being directed along the floor much to the discomfort of the spectators.

J. A. Stinson Found Guilty.

New York, Jan. 20.—Joseph A. Stinson, formerly of Chicago, who was arrested some time ago on a charge of attempted extortion, made by the International Mercantile agency, has been found guilty and remanded for sentence later.

The evidence showed that the agency employed Stinson on the recommendation of several prominent eastern politicians, and that while connected with the Chicago agency, he took valuable papers for the restoration of which he demanded \$5,000.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wheatwood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS

ONLY THREE DAYS MORE of the Great Sale, and plenty of remarkable Bargains to keep up the enthusiasm. \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00 SUITS and OVERCOATS, as good values as we have ever shown at those prices, for \$10.00. As fine \$2.00 soft SHIRTS as you ever saw now going at \$1.00. And many other equally great Bargains. If you haven't already shared the wonderful Money-saving, don't put off coming any longer.

There's still good assortments in all lines, and as good values as any that have gone out during the SALE.

Come any time before Saturday night and you'll find BARGAINS such as you never saw before.

J. P. Gardner,

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY FILLED.

ONE PRICE.

136-138 Main Street.

NEARLY THE END!

Three days More in which to Buy \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS for—

\$10.00

\$10.00

\$10.00

\$10.00

\$10.00

\$10.00