

will be received by several prominent firms for the relief of the sufferers by the earthquake in Peru and Ecuador.

New York, 5.—The fourth national conference of the Unitarian and other christian churches commences to-morrow, at the Irving Hall, and will continue during the week. About eight hundred delegates will probably be present.

Oswego, N. Y.—The propeller *Perseverance*, of the Wellan and Philadelphia line, took fire at 2 o'clock this morning, 15 miles from Putneyville, and was burned to the water's edge. Nineteen persons were aboard, fourteen of whom including the captain, perished in the flames, which spread rapidly; all the boats but one were speedily enveloped in flames.

New York, 5.—The greatest mass meeting ever held in New York took place this evening at Tammany Hall. The Democratic torchlight procession had in its ranks, according to the estimate of an experienced police captain, over 90,000. The length of the procession exceeded ten miles. The scene in Union Square was grand in the extreme. The air was literally ablaze with rockets, calcium lights, &c. The throng was roughly estimated at 500,000 persons, and stretched compactly down to Broadway to 11th street. Tammany Hall was filled to repletion and many ladies were present. Gen. Badly Smith presided. Sanford E. Church and A. Hall made speeches. A letter was read from Gen. McClellan paying a high compliment to Grant as a soldier, but declaring that the Republican party can never restore peace nor a constitutional supremacy, and announcing his intention to support Seymour and Blair.

Chicago.—Later reports from Connecticut deny that there have been any Democratic gains. In town elections yesterday, from figures given, however, it appears as compared with the votes of last Fall, that the Democrats have made some gains. As compared with the votes of last Spring the Republicans have gained.

Washington, 6.—A statement of the public debt, issued late yesterday afternoon, shows the total debt, less cash in the Treasury, to be 253,464,371,895. The coin in the Treasury amounts to nearly 97,000,000; the currency in the Treasury 13,300,000. Four millions three hundred and twenty thousand in bonds have been issued during the month, to the Pacific railroad companies, including these bonds, the net decrease of the debt during the month is \$970,000.

Atlanta, 4.—In the legislature to-day, a committee was appointed to examine the eligibility of Beard, Bleacher and Davis; after a full investigation they found that Beard has in his veins more than one-eighth of negro blood. The report was adopted, and Beard was declared ineligible. The House adjourned *sine die*.

Buffalo.—The 20th annual convention of the Free Will Baptists of North America met this afternoon; about four hundred delegates were present from all parts of the country.

Philadelphia.—A public reception will be given to McClellan on Thursday by his old comrades in arms in this city; the reception committee is composed of 18 generals. It is announced that no political devices or inscriptions will be permitted in the line.

Montgomery.—The Governor has signed the registering bill. Both Houses have passed bills providing for an election. The senate bill makes it a misdemeanor for any person to challenge votes, punishable by fine and imprisonment. The Democrats strongly opposed the registration and election bills.

New York, 7.—A New Orleans dispatch to the *Tribune*, dated 5th, states that three men undertook to chastise Mr. Bently in the presence of his school. Bently's friends interfered, when he persuaded the latter to go away; he then had a warrant issued for the arrest of his assailants. Before the warrant was executed a band of armed men commenced slaughtering negroes.

New Orleans.—The *Bulletin* states that 100 negroes were killed and wounded. The office of the newspaper in the progress of the disturbance was gutted, and its type and presses thrown into the street, and Mr. Durant, one of its editors, lynched.

New Orleans.—The *Times*, of the 5th, says that 15 Republicans and 3 Democrats were killed at Threveport, and that armed patrols hold possession of the county.

San Francisco, 7.—Three distinct shocks of earthquake were felt at Silver Mountain, California, October 6th; the atmosphere was almost immediately afterward filled with smoke.

Troy, N. Y., 7.—A fire, to-day, destroyed property to the amount of \$200,000. P. A. Moore & Son were the principal sufferers, losing \$140,000; Hinamin & Schanaker lose \$23,000 and D. Weillard & Co. \$20,000.

Washington, D. C.—General Dyer, chief of ordnance, has been relieved from the charge of the ordnance bureau until the conclusion of the investigation of the court of inquiry in his case.

Washington.—The published statements, that owing to the revolution in Spain, this Government was interesting itself about the purchase of Cuba, are altogether untrue; the subject has not been mentioned in the Cabinet.

Boston.—The Republicans of the seventh district have renominated Boutwell for Congress.

Utica.—A State Convention of colored men was held to-day. A communication to secure the rights of colored women, was received from Susan Anthony. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the Republican National State tickets. A declaration of principles was adopted, and several addresses made, when the convention adjourned.

Springfield, Mass.—The National convention of French Canadians, in the United States, assembled to-day, after parading through the streets with music and banners.

Ithaca.—The dedication of Cornell University, to-day, was a success in every particular; over 300 students have arrived.

Pittsburg.—A serious riot occurred to-night at about 9 o'clock. The Republican torchlight procession was passing along Wide street, and when near the tunnel, was assailed by a mob. A fight ensued, in which stones and missiles flew in every direction; clubs were freely used. About forty shots were fired, several persons severely wounded.

Boston.—The Republicans had an immense meeting at Faneuil Hall to-night.

Newark, N. J.—A very large Republican demonstration was made here to-day.

New York.—A mass meeting of German Republicans at the Cooper Institute, this evening, was addressed by Governor Solomon, of Wisconsin, and John A. Griswold.

Toledo.—The Ohio Grand Lodge of Good Templars met to-day; over 500 delegates were present from all parts of the State. The order has now a membership in this State of 28,000, being an increase of over 10,000 since last year.

New York.—The *Times* and *Tribune* dispatches say that Judge Chase has come out in favor of Grant.

General Sherman has written to the authorities for more troops to aid in subjugating the Indians. He is said to complain bitterly of the delays in sending reinforcements, and states that unless he is promptly furnished with the troops he desires, nothing can prevent wide spread and disastrous conflicts with the discontented tribes.

FOREIGN.

London, 5.—A dispatch from Madrid says that Madose has resigned the presidency of the Junta, and Aguirre has been appointed his successor. Serrano is General-in-chief of the army.

New York, 5.—The *Herald's* Paris letter says the chasse-pot gun is a complete failure; it is pronounced one of the most dangerous weapons ever supplied to an army. It is believed the Emperor will change it for a better arm. A new series of experiments will be instituted with the view of a radical change in the small arms; it will require sometime to complete it. Peace may be considered tolerably secure unless some other nation makes war.

Paris, 5.—A dispatch from Madrid states that Clazaga, who was named minister of foreign affairs, declines the position in the new cabinet.

Madrid.—Gen. Prim is at Barcelona, and is expected to arrive here to-morrow.

Paris, 6.—The latest Rio dates report that Lopez had arrived at San Fernando with 10,000 men; 28,000 allied troops occupied Pilar, the chief port of Paraguay, to form a base of operations against the Paraguayans in position at the mouth of the Tebicuary river. It is said that the Brazilian iron-clads have gone to bombard that position.

Madrid, 6.—Gen. Prim has arrived and has been received with great enthusiasm.

Madrid.—The Provisional Junta has requested Marshal Utterano to take charge of affairs until the meeting of the Cortez; he has consented to act with Gen. Prim and Olasgoos, his colleague. The formation of the new cabinet has not yet been completed. Gen. Escalante, a Democrat, has been placed in com-

mand of the National Guard. It is daily becoming more and more evident that the great majority of the people are in favor of a Republican form of government for Spain. The Duke of Vittoria and Count Cheste have declared that they will support the existing Provisional Junta.

London, 5.—The new deep sea submarine telegraph, direct from Malta to Alexandria, Egypt, was successfully completed on Saturday.

Copenhagen, 6.—The King delivered a speech yesterday, at the opening of the Rigsdag. He said negotiations with Prussia in the matter of Schleswig Holstein had been thus far without result. It was the desire of Denmark to preserve peaceful relations with Prussia. The ratification of the treaty for the sale of St. Thomas and other West Indian Islands to the United States has been postponed by the Rigsdag for one year.

New York, 6.—The *Ocean Queen* brings the following news: Wm. Parker, Superintendent of the Panama Railroad, was assassinated, Sep. 27, by J. Baldwin, civil engineer in the employ of the Railroad; the latter suffering from delirium tremens, shot himself, and will probably die.

San Francisco, 6.—Honolulu advices to Sept. 16th say, commercial matters are unusually dull.

The whaleship *Milo*, from the Arctic ocean, to July 17th, reports thirty-nine vessels damaged by ice. The catch of the whaling fleet this season is poor.

Heavy shocks of earthquake were felt at Hilo and other places early in September.

Robert G. Lawrence, of the firm of James Robinson & Co., died Sept. 12th. He was a resident of Honolulu since 1822.

E. Perkins has assumed the duties of the American Consulate at Honolulu.

Surveys are being prepared for building a light house on the reef at the entrance of the harbor at Honolulu.

Paris.—Advices from Rio Janeiro mention a rumor that President Lopez has been defeated by the allies and obliged to retire from his position at San Bernardo.

Paris.—A report from Spain says the Carlists are agitating in the Basque provinces and Aragon, and some of the local Juntas have issued protests against the supremacy of Marshal Serrano.

London.—Advices from China state that the Emperor has opened the port of Chifo, in the Gulf of Pechele, to foreign trade.

Pesth.—The Ambassadors of the various powers resident at Vienna, and Mr. Bancroft, the American representative at Berlin, have united in an address to Moleke, which will be presented on the occasion of his banquet.

London.—It is said that the committee appointed by the last House of Commons on the subject of the Land Laws in Ireland, will report to the next session at an early day. It is thought the ministers will bring in a bill to adjust the question as soon as possible.

ITEMS.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY.

AROUND.—We noticed Col. Head's residence, this morning, respectably besieged with a large delegation of Little Soldier's band of braves. It comes as natural for an Indian to ascertain where the agent lives as it does for water to run down hill or any thing else that's natural. The Colonel's liberality towards the noblereds have made him immortal in their book of fame.

ANOTHER CHALLENGE.—I propose to fight Con Orem or Jimmy Dwyer "or any other man," on the following terms, viz, to wit, and so forth. I shall expect the party accepting my challenge to deposit in Godard's cellar one hundred bushels of potatoes or as many more as they can stand and leave the same to my credit. Not being acquainted with the new rules of the London prize ring, and being of a religious turn of mind, I shall fight according to the rules laid down in the Bible—regulating pugilistic encounters. That is I shall have the privilege of striking my opponent (with a pair of brass knuckles) on one side of the face, after which he shall turn the other and so continue until our claims to best manhood shall be thoroughly satisfied. Any other little arrangements that are necessary to be understood and provided for, can be arranged through the City Police.

MAMMOTH.—George W. Thurmond, writing from Lehi, on the 3rd, tells of a mammoth squash, which he considers sufficiently large to take a position alongside the Bear Lake monsters and hugo "Dixie" peaches. The squash in question was grown by Billie Dawson, of that ward, and its dimensions were two feet nine inches long, four feet nine inches in circumference in the middle, and 1004 pounds, in weight. The seed came from California, and the grower has more of the same kind.

The general health in Lehi is good; and

the spirit of progress is apparent among the people.

Bro. Thurmond corrects an error which he made in a previous communication, by saying that the name of the Sunday School superintendent is James Taylor and not Joseph as was previously stated.

MORE EMIGRANTS.—By the courtesy of President Young we are enabled to publish the following telegram:

New York, Oct. 5, 1868.
President Young.—Forty-three adults, sixty-one souls, started from here on Saturday, and will be at the terminus in nine days. I leave on Wednesday evening. All well.

H. B. CLAWSON.

CONFERENCE.—Conference commenced this morning at 10 o'clock. Notwithstanding the fact that many who would otherwise be present are at work on the grading of the U. P. R. R., there is a very large attendance. From the number of brethren in town from the extreme settlements, we should judge that the representation from distant points is unusually large.

EARLY AT IT.—Our friends of the butchering conjunctiveness were in the market "bright and early" this morning, awakening the echoes around chop blocks at 3 a.m. Having mercilessly dealt death, in all its horrid reality, to various and sundry sheep, beees, calves, and members of the porcine family, they viewed their work of death with equable tempers, and invited all to "have a cut" before the hour for commencing services in the Tabernacle. They calculated to re-commence operations at a quarter past four this afternoon; which, it is their intention" so to do during Conference.

FULL.—East Temple Street to-day presented one of those crowded scenes daily witnessed on Broadway, N. Y. A perfect sea of human beings, including all colors, from the gay and festive Caucasian in his stove-pipe hat and broadcloth, to the picturesque Pinte squaw as she gaily rides along, astride of her well-packed pony.

PROGRESSING.—A gentleman from Sharp & Young's camp, at Devil's Gate, Weber Cañon, reports the mountains in that vicinity gradually disappearing. He says the men have three square meals a day, and are thoroughly fitted for tackling anything earthy. Six casualties have happened to one old black mare who runs the cart on an eighty feet dump. Six times she has gone over the embankment—cart and all, and from human appearances is capable of enduring many more.

CALLED.—Judge Wright, of Brigham City, called and "swapped a few stories" with us to-day. His Honor, though not so robust in stature as we have seen him, enjoys better health than for years previous, is very comfortable in spirit, and says he don't think he could improve the world's wagging if he was chief engineer himself.

ALL RIGHT.—We understand the mail service between the world and Bear Lake has been resumed, the contract having been awarded by the P. O. Department to Gen. C. C. Rich for one year via Franklin, Cache county, instead of the former route from Huntsville. The promptness of Delegate Hooper in this matter will be appreciated by his constituents in Rich county.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY.

CALLS.—We have been honored with calls from our brethren from the Muddy to Bear Lake, a list of whom would fill a column. The general remark with all is that things in their respective localities are moving along admirably. Crops are better everywhere than could have been expected. Gentlemen, we thank you for giving us a call, and hope you may all live longer and fatter and better than your enemies.

NEW BOOKS.—Messrs O. H. Elliott & Co., of Hooper's corner, have laid on our table a copy of Bancroft's New Law and Form Book, now in its third edition, a general law book for the Pacific Coast. It is sold only by canvassing agents, and contains instructions in all ordinary business transactions, with forms of practical, every-day use, for lawyers and business men in matters of homestead, wills, leases, attachments, husband and wife, marriage and divorce, mines, corporations, jurors, schools, notaries, partnerships, deeds, mortgages, notes and bills, mechanics' liens, arbitration, apprentices, pre-emption, licenses, coroners, clerks, estrays and bonds. We quote the following from its announcement:

The success and popularity of the first and second editions of the Law and Form Book, unprecedented in the annals of book making upon the Pacific Coast, induced the publishers to subject the work to a careful revision, throwing out all antiquated and superfluous matter, inserting changes which have occurred, noting new decisions, adding references to the new and important laws of Nevada and Oregon, and bringing it all down to the present time.

The plan embraces a wide range of subjects; each division containing not only a practical treatise upon the subject, with appropriate forms, but also selections from the statutes and the adjudications of the Supreme Court, it being the design, not only to furnish the necessary matters of law requisite in the preparation of forms, but also to present an outline of our legal system, so far as useful to citizens generally in their various business pursuits.

STILL THEY COME.—As Conference progresses, the tide of human beings seems to ebb and flow through a stronger current. The roads to the city present a continuous line of vehicles from early morn till late in the evening, while the business parts of the city are jammed and crammed. The stores must be doing a heavy business, as everybody, no doubt, has some money, or something coming to them, or owes some one, or some one owes them, or trust, or tick, or credit, or some other *modus operandi* of doing a little business by way of laying in their winter's supply of staple articles.